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# 18BCS6201-CV Practical-8 (A) (Gauri Prabhakar) (AI-ML-2)(B)
# Aim: To implement face detection and mesh using mediapipe in python and OpenCV.

# Importing necessary modules.
import cv2
import mediapipe as mp

# We will use 'drawing_utils' to draw the key points.
mp_drawing = mp.solutions.drawing_utils
mp_drawing_styles = mp.solutions.drawing_styles
# We will use 'face_mesh' to draw the mesh points.
mp_face_mesh = mp.solutions.face_mesh

#drawing_spec = mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(thickness=1, circle_radius=1)
# Creating a variable to store the video using the '.VideoCapture()' function.
cap = cv2.VideoCapture(r"C:\Users\gauri\Desktop\OpenCV Media\To Plan or Not to Plan_.mp4")

# Specifying the detection and tracking confidence uisng 'mp_face_mesh.FaceMesh()'.
with mp_face_mesh.FaceMesh(
    max_num_faces=1,
    min_detection_confidence=0.5,
    min_tracking_confidence=0.5) as face_mesh:
# While the video is running.
while cap.isOpened():
    # Capturing the video frame by frame using the '.read()' method.
    success, image = cap.read()

    # If there are empty frames.
    if not success:
        print("Ignoring empty camera frame.")
        # If loading a video, use 'break' instead of 'continue'.
        continue

    # To improve performance, marking the video as not writable and passing by reference.
    image.flags.writeable = False
    # Reading the frames and converting them to RGB.
    image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    # Detecting faces in the frame using the function 'face_mesh.process()'.
    results = face_mesh.process(image)

    # Drawing the face mesh annotations on the image.
    image.flags.writeable = True
    # Reading the frames and converting them to RGB.
    image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_RGB2BGR)
    # If faces are detected that is 'results.multi_face_landmarks' returns true:
    if results.multi_face_landmarks:
        # For 'face_landmarks' variable in 'results.multi_face_landmarks':
        for face_landmarks in results.multi_face_landmarks:
            # Connecting the key points using the function 'mp_drawing.draw_landmarks()'.
            # Face Mesh Tessellation.
            mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(
                image=image,
                landmark_list=face_landmarks,
                connections=mp_face_mesh.FACEMESH_TESSELATION,
                landmark_drawing_spec=None,
                connection_drawing_spec=mp_drawing_styles.get_default_face_mesh_tessellation_style())

            # Connecting the key points using the function 'mp_drawing.draw_landmarks()'.
            # Face Mesh Contours.
            mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(
                image=image,
                landmark_list=face_landmarks,
                connections=mp_face_mesh.FACEMESH_CONTOURS,
                landmark_drawing_spec=None,
                connection_drawing_spec=mp_drawing_styles.get_default_face_mesh_contours_style())

    # Rendering the video with effective face tracking to the console by using the function '.imshow()'.
    cv2.imshow('Face Mesh using Mediapipe', image)

# Setting up '.waitkey()' to wait for a specific time until any key is pressed and break the loop.
# '.waitkey(1)' displays a frame for 1ms after which it moves to the next frame in the video.
# Setting 'x' as the quitting button.
    if cv2.waitKey(5) & 0xFF == ord('x'):
        break

# Releasing the variable/object 'cap'.
cap.release()

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