Math Formulas: Integrals of Rational Functions

Integrals involving ax + b

1.
$$\int (ax+b)^n dx = \frac{(ax+b)^{n+1}}{a(n+1)}, \quad (\text{for } n \neq 1)$$
2.
$$\int \frac{1}{ax+b} dx = \frac{1}{a} \ln |ax+b|$$
3.
$$\int x(ax+b)^n dx = \frac{a(n+1)x-b}{a^2(n+1)(n+2)} (ax+b)^{n+1}, \quad (\text{for } n \neq -1, n \neq -2)$$
4.
$$\int \frac{x}{ax+b} dx = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{b}{a^2} \ln |ax+b|$$
5.
$$\int \frac{x}{(ax+b)^2} dx = \frac{b}{a^2(ax+b)} - \frac{1}{a^2} \ln |ax+b|$$
6.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{ax+b} dx = \frac{1}{a^3} \left(\frac{(ax+b)^2}{2} - 2b(ax+b) + b^2 \ln |ax+b| \right)$$
7.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(ax+b)^2} dx = \frac{1}{a^3} \left(ax+b-2b \ln |ax+b| - \frac{b^2}{ax+b} \right)$$
8.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(ax+b)^3} dx = \frac{1}{a^3} \left(\ln |ax+b| + \frac{2b}{ax+b} - \frac{b^2}{2(ax+b)^2} \right)$$
9.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(ax+b)^n} dx = \frac{1}{a^3} \left(-\frac{(ax+b)^{3-n}}{n-3} + \frac{2b(a+b)^{2-n}}{n-2} - \frac{b^2(ax+b)^{1-n}}{n-1} \right)$$
10.
$$\int \frac{1}{x(ax+b)} dx = -\frac{1}{b} \ln \left| \frac{ax+b}{x} \right|$$
11.
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(ax+b)^2} dx = -a \left(\frac{1}{b^2(ax+b)} + \frac{1}{ab^2x} - \frac{2}{b^3} \ln \left| \frac{ax+b}{x} \right| \right)$$

Integrals involving $ax^2 + bx + c$

13.
$$\frac{1}{x^2 + a^2} dx = \frac{1}{a} \arctan \frac{x}{a}$$
14.
$$\frac{1}{x^2 - a^2} dx = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| \frac{x - a}{x + a} \right|$$
15.
$$\int \frac{1}{ax^2 + bx + c} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}} \arctan \frac{2ax + b}{\sqrt{4ac - b^2}} & \text{for } 4ac - b^2 > 0 \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \ln \left| \frac{2ax + b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2ax + b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}} \right| & \text{for } 4ac - b^2 < 0 \\ -\frac{2}{2ax + b} & \text{for } 4ac - b^2 = 0 \end{cases}$$
16.
$$\int \frac{x}{ax^2 + bx + c} dx = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left| ax^2 + bx + c \right| - \frac{b}{2a} \int \frac{dx}{ax^2 + bx + c}$$
17.
$$\int \frac{1}{(ax^2 + bx + c)^n} dx = \frac{2ax + b}{(n - 1)(4ac - b^2)(ax + bx + c)^{n - 1}} + \frac{2(2n - 3)a}{(n - 1)(4ac - b^2)} \int \frac{dx}{(ax^2 + bx + c)^{n - 1}}$$

18.
$$\int \frac{1}{x(ax^2 + bx + c)} dx = \frac{1}{2c} \ln \left| \frac{x^2}{ax^2 + bx + c} \right| - \frac{b}{2c} \int \frac{1}{ax^2 + bx + c} dx$$