



# ASE 2020-21 Sunday Notes

Lecture Notes by Dylan Yu\*

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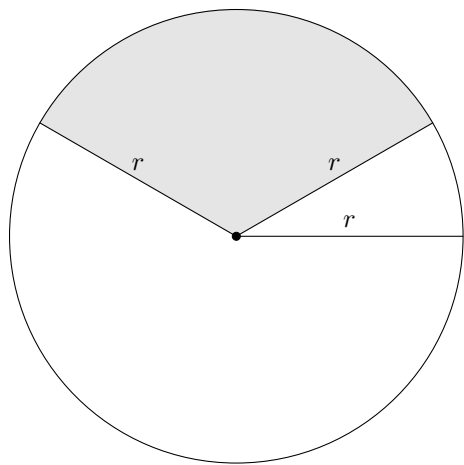
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## § 1 Geometry Formulas

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\*The ASE playlist can be found [here](#).

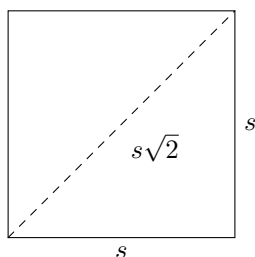
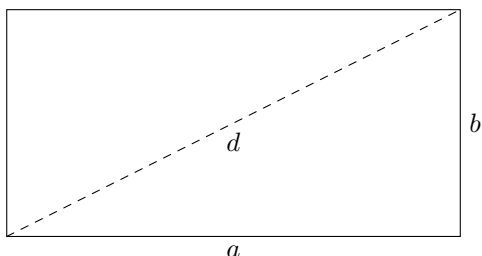
## § 1.1 Circles



Everyone's seen a circle before. There are a few important properties about it.

1. The diameter of a circle with radius  $r$  is  $d = 2r$ .
2. The area of a circle with radius  $r$  is  $A = \pi r^2$ .
3. The circumference (perimeter) of a circle with radius  $r$  is  $C = 2\pi r$ .
4. The arc of a sector with degree  $\theta$  has length  $S = \frac{\pi r \theta}{180}$ .
5. The area of a sector with degree  $\theta$  is  $A = \frac{\pi r^2 \theta}{360}$ .

## § 1.2 Square & Rectangle



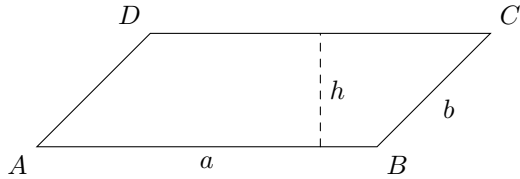
Squares and rectangles have very nice properties.

1. The angles in a rectangle are  $90^\circ$ .
2. The perimeter of a rectangle with length  $a$  and width  $b$  is  $2(a + b)$ .
3. The area of a rectangle with length  $a$  and width  $b$  is  $ab$ .
4. The diagonal of a rectangle has length  $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$  (Pythagorean Theorem).

Squares are considered regular polygons.

1. Everything above applies to squares.
2. The side lengths are all the same.
3. The perimeter of a square with length  $s$  is  $4s$ .
4. The area of a square with length  $s$  is  $s^2$ .
5. The diagonal of a square has length  $s\sqrt{2}$ .

### § 1.3 Rhombus & Parallelogram



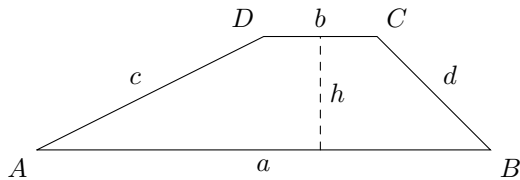
A rhombus is a parallelogram with equal side lengths. For parallelograms:

1.  $\angle A = \angle C, \angle B = \angle D$ .
2.  $\angle A + \angle D = \angle B + \angle C = 180^\circ$ .
3.  $2(AB^2 + BC^2) = AC^2 + BD^2$ .
4.  $[ABCD] = ah$ .

For rhombi:

1. Everything above applies to rhombi.
2.  $a = b$ .

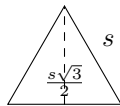
### § 1.4 Trapezoid



A trapezoid has one set of parallel sides.

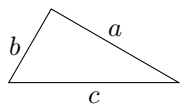
1.  $\angle A + \angle D = 180^\circ$ .
2.  $\angle B + \angle C = 180^\circ$ .
3. If  $a > b$ ,  $a = \sqrt{c^2 - h^2} + \sqrt{d^2 - h^2} + b$ . Using this, if we know  $a, b, c, d$  we can solve for  $h$ .
4.  $[ABCD] = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$ .

### § 1.5 Triangle



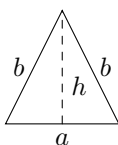
For equilateral triangles:

1. The angles are equal to  $60^\circ$  and the sides are equal.
2. The height of an equilateral triangle with side length  $s$  is  $\frac{s\sqrt{3}}{2}$ .
3. The area is  $\frac{s^2\sqrt{3}}{4}$ .



For right triangles:

1. The area of a right triangle with legs  $a$  and  $b$  is  $\frac{ab}{2}$ .
2. The hypotenuse is  $c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ .



For isosceles triangles:

1. The height from the vertex opposite the base bisects the base.
2. If  $\triangle ABC$  is isosceles such that  $AB = BC$ , then the height from the vertex opposite the base bisects  $\angle ABC$ .

For all triangles:

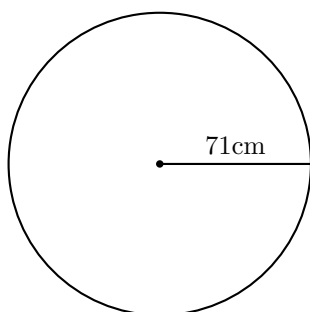
1. If the side lengths are  $a, b, c$ , then  $a + b > c, b + c > a, c + a > b$ .
2. If the semiperimeter is  $s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$ , then the area is  $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ .

## § 1.6 Other Formulas

1. Area of a pentagon: if the side length is  $s$ , then  $\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{5(5+2\sqrt{5})}s^2$ .
2. Volume of a sphere: if the radius is  $r$ , then  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ .
3. Surface area of a sphere: if the radius is  $r$ , then  $4\pi r^2$ .
4. Volume of a cylinder: if the radius is  $r$  and height is  $h$ , then  $\pi r^2 h$ .
5. Surface area of a cylinder: if the radius is  $r$  and height is  $h$ , then  $2\pi r(r + h)$ .
6. Volume of a cone: if the radius is  $r$  and height is  $h$ , then  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ .
7. Surface area of a cone: if the radius is  $r$  and height is  $h$ , then  $\pi r(r + \sqrt{r^2 + h^2})$ .
8. Volume of a pyramid: if the area of the base is  $A$  and the height is  $h$ , then  $\frac{1}{3}Ah$ . For example, if the base is a square with side length  $s$ , then  $A = s^2$ .

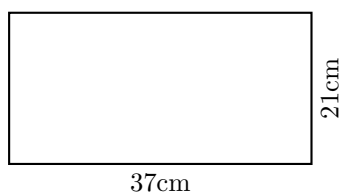
## § 1.7 Novice Problems

1.



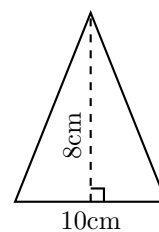
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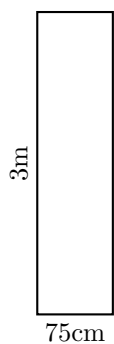
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3.



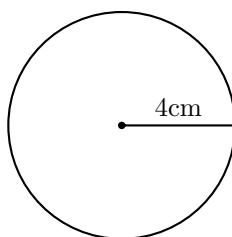
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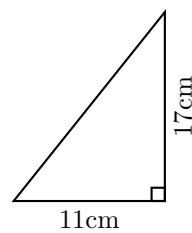
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5.



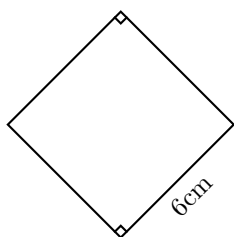
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6.



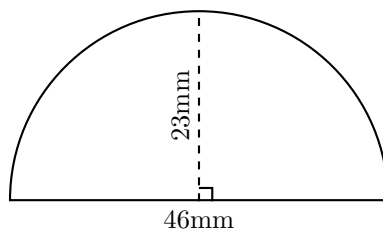
Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

7.



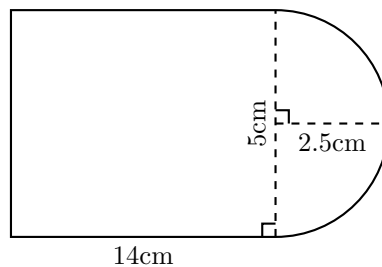
Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

8.



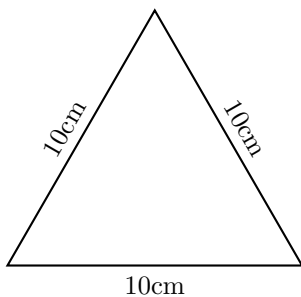
Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

9.



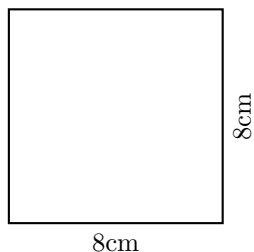
Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

10.



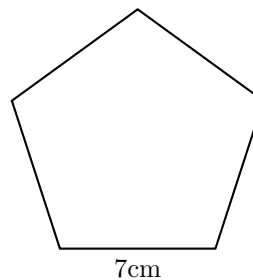
Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

11.



Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

12.



Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

13. What is the volume and surface area of a sphere with diameter 6?

14. What is the area of a triangle with sides 13, 14, and 15?

15. What is the volume and surface area of a cylinder with radius 3 and height 6?

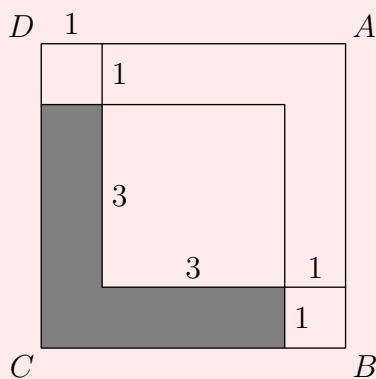
16. What is the volume and surface area of a cone with radius 3 and height 6?

17. What is the area of a square pyramid with a square base with side length of 3 and height of 6?

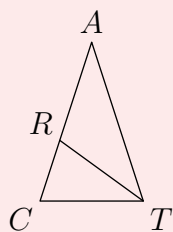
### § 1.8 Advanced Problems

These problems require more skills than the formulas above. This is just to practice for AMC 8.

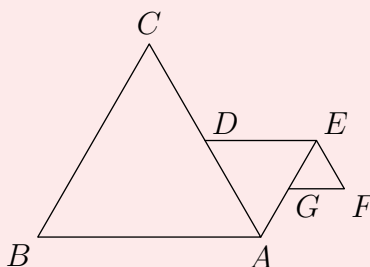
**Problem 1 (AMC 8 2000/6).** Figure  $ABCD$  is a square. Inside this square three smaller squares are drawn with the side lengths as labeled. The area of the shaded  $L$ -shaped region is



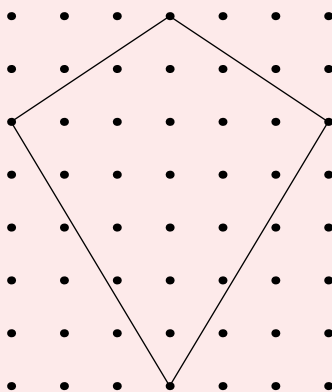
**Problem 2 (AMC 8 2000/13).** In triangle  $CAT$ , we have  $\angle ACT = \angle ATC$  and  $\angle CAT = 36^\circ$ . If  $\overline{TR}$  bisects  $\angle ATC$ , then  $\angle CRT =$



**Problem 3 (AMC 8 2000/15).** Triangles  $ABC$ ,  $ADE$ , and  $EFG$  are all equilateral. Points  $D$  and  $G$  are midpoints of  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{AE}$ , respectively. If  $AB = 4$ , what is the perimeter of figure  $ABCDEFG$ ?



**3 Part Question** To promote her school's annual Kite Olympics, Genevieve makes a small kite and a large kite for a bulletin board display. The kites look like the one in the diagram below. For her small kite Genevieve draws the kite on a one-inch grid. For the large kite she triples both the height and width of the entire grid.

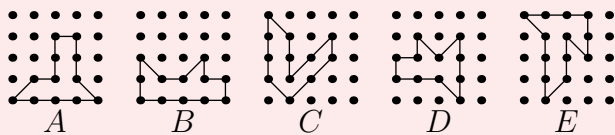


**Problem 4 (AMC 8 2001/7).** What is the number of square inches in the area of the small kite?

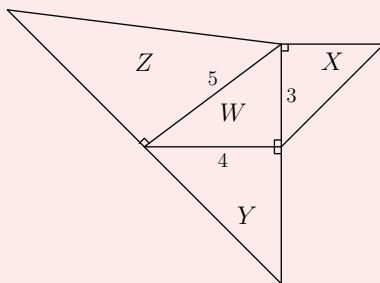
**Problem 5 (AMC 8 2001/8).** Genevieve puts bracing on her large kite in the form of a cross connecting opposite corners of the kite. How many inches of bracing material does she need?

**Problem 6 (AMC 8 2001/9).** The large kite is covered with gold foil. The foil is cut from a rectangular piece that just covers the entire grid. How many square inches of waste material are cut off from the four corners?

**Problem 7 (AMC 8 2002/15).** Which of the following polygons has the largest area?

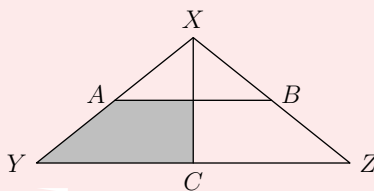


**Problem 8 (AMC 8 2002/16).** Right isosceles triangles are constructed on the sides of a 3-4-5 right triangle, as shown. A capital letter represents the area of each triangle. Which one of the following is true?



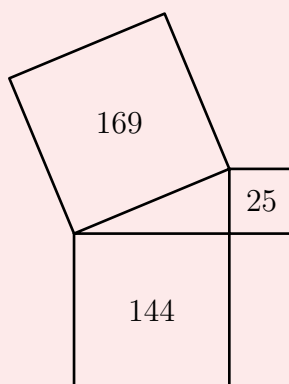
- (A)  $X + Z = W + Y$       (B)  $W + X = Z$       (C)  $3X + 4Y = 5Z$       (D)  $X + W = \frac{1}{2}(Y + Z)$       (E)  $X + Y = Z$

**Problem 9 (AMC 8 2002/20).** The area of triangle  $XYZ$  is 8 square inches. Points  $A$  and  $B$  are midpoints of congruent segments  $\overline{XY}$  and  $\overline{XZ}$ . Altitude  $\overline{XC}$  bisects  $\overline{YZ}$ . The area (in square inches) of the shaded region is

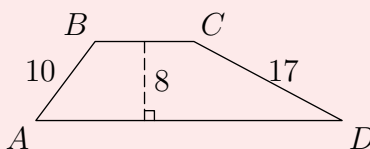




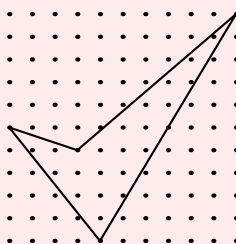
**Problem 10 (AMC 8 2003/6).** Given the areas of the three squares in the figure, what is the area of the interior triangle?



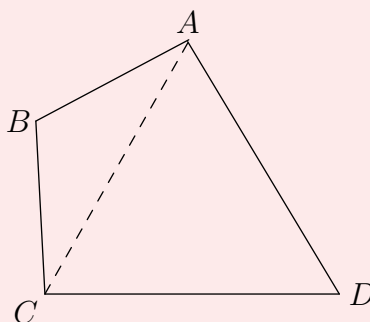
**Problem 11 (AMC 8 2003/21).** The area of trapezoid  $ABCD$  is  $164 \text{ cm}^2$ . The altitude is 8 cm,  $AB$  is 10 cm, and  $CD$  is 17 cm. What is  $BC$ , in centimeters?



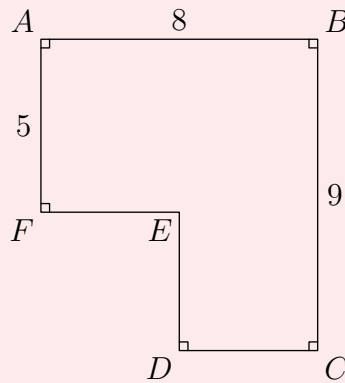
**Problem 12 (AMC 8 2004/14).** What is the area enclosed by the geoboard quadrilateral below?



**Problem 13.** In quadrilateral  $ABCD$ , sides  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{BC}$  both have length 10, sides  $\overline{CD}$  and  $\overline{DA}$  both have length 17, and the measure of angle  $ADC$  is  $60^\circ$ . What is the length of diagonal  $\overline{AC}$ ?



**Problem 14.** The area of polygon  $ABCDEF$  is 52 with  $AB = 8$ ,  $BC = 9$  and  $FA = 5$ . What is  $DE + EF$ ?



**Problem 15.** What is the perimeter of trapezoid  $ABCD$ ?

