



Anti-Counterfeit Medicine Tracking System

Leveraging Blockchain for Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Integrity

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Chapter 1 / Problem & Solution

The Problem: Counterfeit Drugs

- ❖ **Counterfeit drugs pose a major global health risk** due to unverified, ineffective, or harmful ingredients.
- ❖ Manufacturers face **substantial financial losses** and damage to consumer trust.
- ❖ Existing solutions, such as **holograms** and **barcodes**, have failed to fully verify authenticity or address these challenges.
- ❖ **Current tracking systems and supply chain management** remain fragmented and lack transparency, making them difficult to secure.

The Solution: Blockchain Traceability

We propose a decentralized, immutable ledger system to track every drug batch.



Registration

Manufacturers anchor drug batches on the chain.



Transfer Confirmation

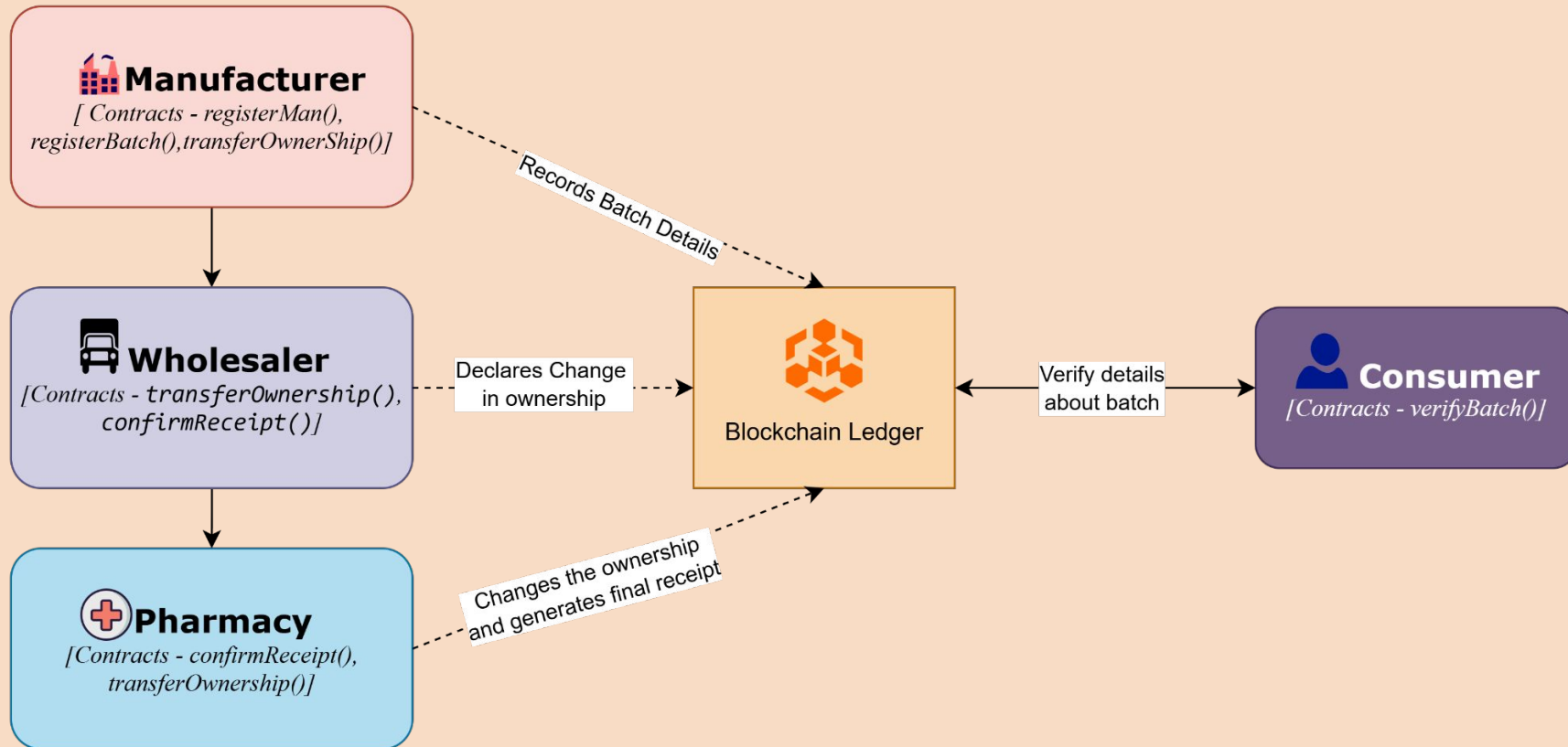
Wholesalers and pharmacies confirm secure handoffs.



Verification

Consumers scan and verify authenticity and provenance.

Chapter 2 / Stakeholders and Contracts



Chapter 3 / Smart Contracts [Exp 6]

DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS

At Address Load contract from Address

Transactions recorded 2 i >

Deployed Contracts 1

MANUFACTURERREGISTRY AT 0x5B38Da6a701c56854dCfC8B75F56beddC4

Balance: 0 ETH

registerManu... Cipla

setRegistration... uint256 newFee

isRegistered address manufacturer

manufacturers address

owner

0: address: 0x5B38Da6a701c56854dCfC8B75F56beddC4

registrationFee

0: uint256: 0

Low level interactions

CALLDATA

Transact

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^0.8.19;
3
4 contract ManufacturerRegistry {
5     address public owner;
6     uint256 public registrationFee;
7
8     struct Manufacturer {
9         string name;
10        bool registered;
11        uint256 registeredAt;
12    }
13
14    mapping(address => Manufacturer) public manufacturers;
15
16    event ManufacturerRegistered(address indexed manufacturer, string name);
17    event RegistrationFeeChanged(uint256 oldFee, uint256 newFee);
18
19    modifier onlyOwner() {
20        require(msg.sender == owner, "Only owner can call");
21        _;
22    }
23
24    constructor(uint256 _fee) {
25        owner = msg.sender;
26        registrationFee = _fee;
27    }
28
29    function registerManufacturer(string calldata name) external payable {
```

Explain contract

[call] from: 0x5B38Da6a701c56854dCfC8B75F56beddC4 to: ManufacturerRegistry.registrationFee() data: 0x14c...44e09

ManufacturerRegistry.sol

DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS

At Address Load contract from Address

Transactions recorded 4 i >

Deployed Contracts 3

MANUFACTURERREGISTRY AT 0x5B38Da6a701c56854dCfC8B75F56beddC4

SUPPLYCHAIN AT 0x5D6E855D12E759a21C09eF703b0C8a1DC9a88D

CUSTOMERPORTAL AT 0x789...

Balance: 0 ETH

supplyChain

0: address: 0x5D6E855D12E759a21C09eF703b0C8a1DC9a88D

verifyDrug BATCH001

0: string: productName

1: address: manufacturer 0x00

2: address: currentOwner 0x00

3: bool: isValid false

Low level interactions

CALLDATA

Transact

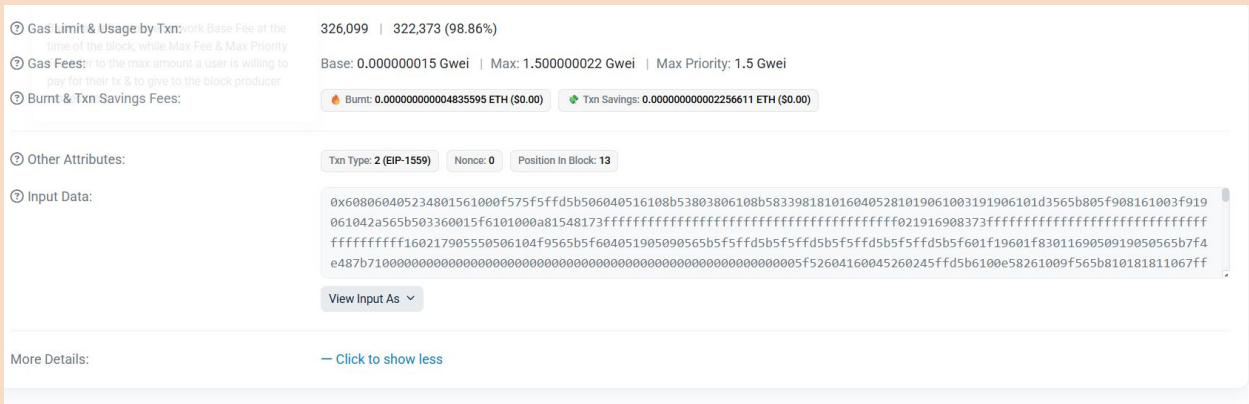
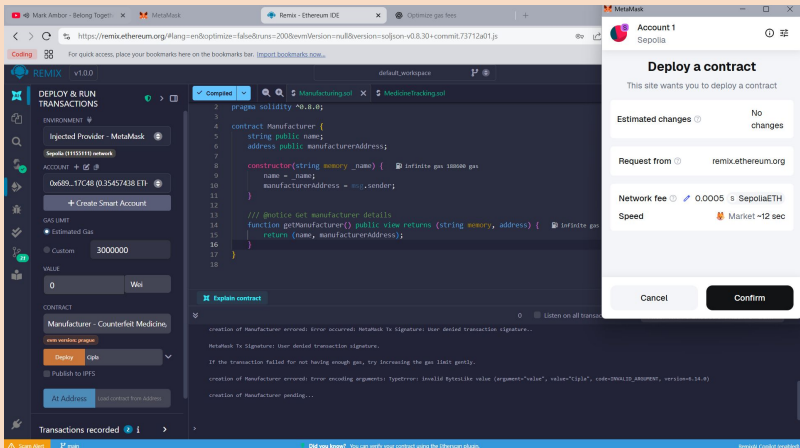
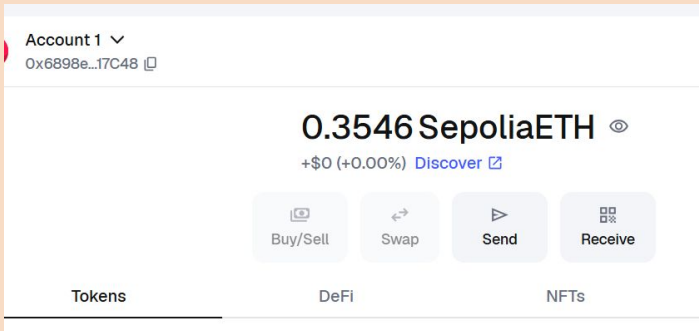
```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^0.8.19;
3
4 import "../SupplyChain.sol";
5
6 contract CustomerPortal {
7     SupplyChain public supplyChain;
8
9     constructor(address _supplyChain) {
10        supplyChain = SupplyChain(_supplyChain);
11    }
12
13    function verifyDrug(string memory batchId) public view {
14        return (
15            string memory productName,
16            address manufacturer,
17            address currentOwner,
18            bool isValid
19        );
20    }
21
22    {
23        SupplyChain.Batch memory batch = supplyChain.getBatch(batchId);
24        return (
25            batch.productName,
26            batch.manufacturer,
27            batch.currentOwner,
28            batch.exists
29        );
30    }
31 }
```

Explain contract

[call] from: 0x5B38Da6a701c56854dCfC8B75F56beddC4 to: CustomerPortal.verifyDrug(string) data: 0x3b7...00000

CustomerPortal.sol

Chapter 4 / Using Sepolia TestNet [Exp 7]



Chapter 5 / Using Ganache [Exp 8]

The screenshot shows the Ganache desktop application. The top navigation bar includes links for ACCOUNTS, BLOCKS, TRANSACTIONS, CONTRACTS, EVENTS, and LOGS. A search bar is located on the right. Below the navigation bar, a status bar displays various network metrics: CURRENT BLOCK (219), GAS PRICE (20000000000), GAS LIMIT (6721975), HARDFORK (MERGE), NETWORK ID (5777), RPC SERVER (HTTP://127.0.0.1:7545), MINING STATUS (AUTOMINING), and WORKSPACE (PIQUANT-ROLL). The main content area is titled "BLOCK 0" and shows details for the current block: GAS USED (0), GAS LIMIT (6721975), MINED ON (2024-11-29 14:58:15), and BLOCK HASH (0xf3f38904b892888efe4e6e439a608a047f7c99644668562a14234d55894de88c).

The screenshot shows the Remix IDE interface. On the left, the "DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS" panel is active, displaying "Transactions recorded" and "Deployed Contracts". The "REGISTERBATCH" contract is selected, and its parameters are visible: `_name: Paracetamol`, `_batchId: 1767225599`, and `_expiryDate: 1767225599`. The "Run" button is highlighted. The main editor area shows the Solidity code for the `MedicineTracking` contract, including functions like `registerBatch`, `transferOwnership`, and `verifyBatch`. The bottom panel displays the transaction details for the `registerBatch` transaction, including the block hash, transaction hash, and the gas used.