

Q3. a)

```
1. A <- [x : (P[i], W[i]), 0 <= i < size(P)] // Group into a (p, w) tuple
for each ball
2. B <- [x : groupBy(A, 0)] // Group weights by price to
get [p0: [w0..wn], .. pn: [w0..wn]]
3. sort(B) // Sort B by price (key)
4. result <- [] // Initialize result list
5. low // Declare lowest weight int
6. for i <- 0 to size(B)-1 do {
7.     subset = [] // Set of balls to be added
to result
8.     if i == 0 {
9.         subset = B[pi] // Add all balls with lowest
price
10.    } else {
11.        // Add all balls with weight lower than previous low
12.        subset = [x : (pi, B[pi][y]), 0 <= y < size(B[pi]), B[pi][y] <=
low]
13.    }
14.    low <- min(subset) // Get new lowest weight
15.    result += subset // Add to result
16. }
```

Sorting complexity: $\theta(n \log n)$, loop complexity: $\theta(n)$

Therefore, solution complexity: $\theta(n \log n)$

Q3. b)

```

1. B <- [1: [], .. 200: []]           // Intialize list of lists with
given price range
2. for i <- 0 to size(W)-1 do
3.     B[P[i]] += W[i]                 // Add all weights to B to get [p0:
[w0..wn], .. pn: [w0..wn]]
4. removeEmptyLists(B)                // Remove keys with no weights
5. result <- [], low                   // Declare result list and lowest
weight int
6. for i <- 0 to size(B)-1 do {
7.     subset = []                     // Set of balls to be added to
result
8.     if i == 0 {
9.         subset = B[pi]               // Add all balls with lowest price
10.    } else {
11.        // Add all balls with weight lower than previous low
12.        subset = [x : (pi, B[pi][y]), 0 <= y < size(B[pi]), B[pi][y] <=
low]
13.    }
14.    low <- min(subset)               // Get new lowest weight
15.    result += subset                 // Add to result
16. }

```

Loop complexity for all loops: $\theta(n)$

Therefore, solution complexity: $\theta(n)$