

Advanced Embedded Systems

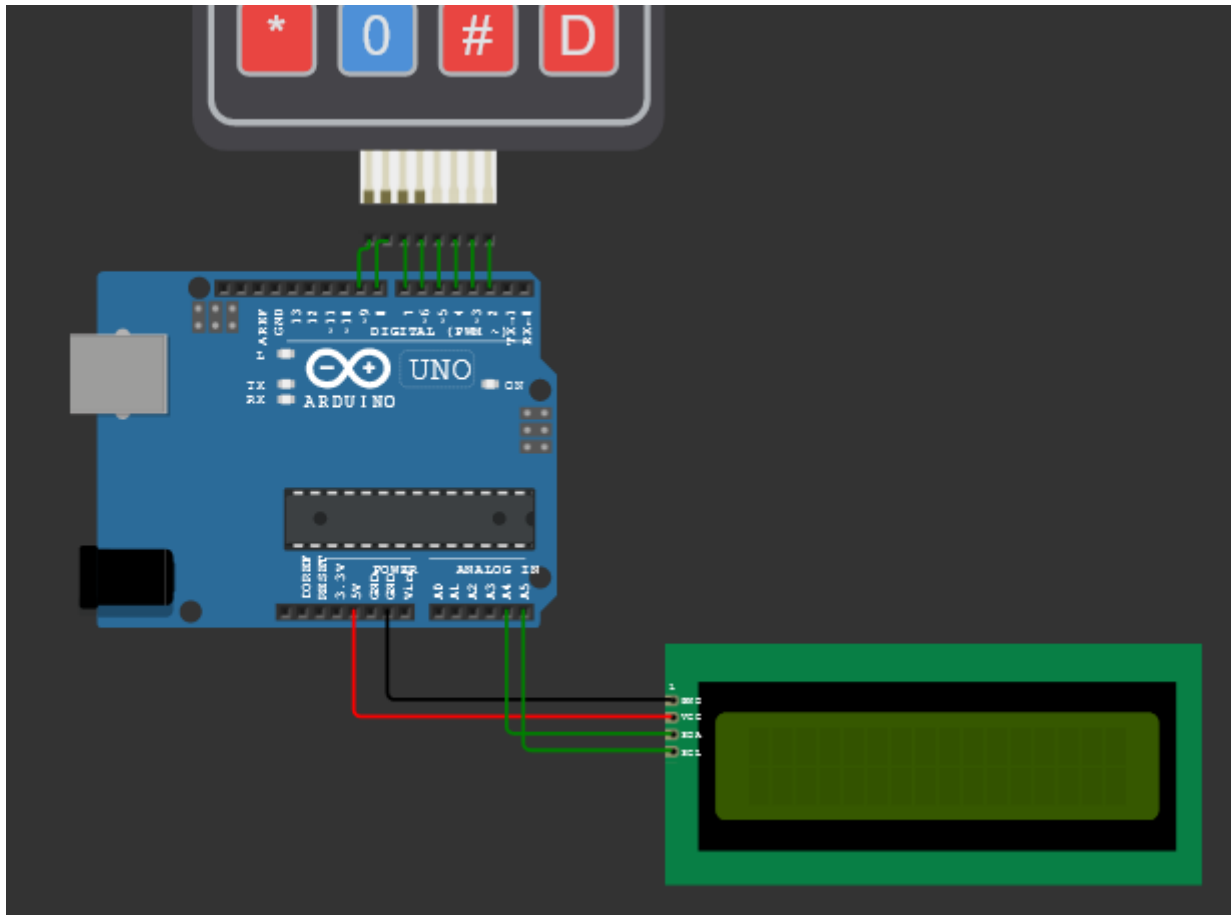
Mini Project

Aim: Using a LCD monitor and a 4 x 4 Keypad with Arduino.

Components:

- ❖ Arduino UNO (1x).
- ❖ USB 2.0 Cable Type A/B (1x).
- ❖ LCD I2C (16 rows, 2 columns) (1x).
- ❖ Keypad (4 x 4) (1x).
- ❖ Jump Wires (Male / Female) (12x).

Circuit Diagram:



Connections:

Groups	Pins	
	From	To
Arduino to Keypad	2	C4
	3	C3
	4	C2
	5	C1
	6	R4
	7	R3
	8	R2
	9	R1

Arduino to LCD	5V	V _{CC}
	GND	GND
	A4	SDA
	A5	SCL

Source Code:

```
#include <Keypad.h>
```

```
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
```

```
const int ROW_COUNT    = 4; // four rows
```

```
const int COLUMN_COUNT = 4; // four columns
```

```
char keyMap[ROW_COUNT][COLUMN_COUNT] = {
    {'1','2','3', 'A'},
    {'4','5','6', 'B'},
    {'7','8','9', 'C'},
    {'*','0','#', 'D'}
};
```

```
byte pinRows[ROW_COUNT] = {9, 8, 7, 6};    // connect to the row
pinouts of the keypad
```

```
byte pinColumns[COLUMN_COUNT] = {5, 4, 3, 2}; // connect to the column
pinouts of the keypad
```

```
Keypad keypad = Keypad(makekeyMap(keyMap), pinRows, pinColumns,
ROW_COUNT, COLUMN_COUNT);
```

```
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcdDisplay(0x27, 16, 2); // I2C address 0x27, 16 column  
and 2 rows
```

```
int cursorColumn = 0;
```

```
void setup(){  
    // initialize the LCD.  
    lcdDisplay.init();  
    lcdDisplay.backlight();  
}
```

```
void loop(){  
    char key = keypad.getKey();  
  
    if (key) {  
        lcdDisplay.setCursor(cursorColumn, 0); // move cursor to  
(cursorColumn, 0)  
        lcdDisplay.print(key);                // print key at  
(cursorColumn, 0)  
  
        cursorColumn++;                        // move cursor to next position  
        if(cursorColumn == 16) {              // if all columns are used, clear the  
lcd  
            lcdDisplay.clear();  
            cursorColumn = 0;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

}

Note: The project link can be found [here](#).