Assignment 3

Gautham Bellamkonda - CS20BTECH11017

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/GauthamBellamkonda/AI1103/tree/main/ Assignment3/Codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/GauthamBellamkonda/AI1103/tree/main/ Assignment3

1 Problem

(GATE 45) Consider a discrete-time channel Y = X + Z, where the additive noise Z is signal dependent. In particular, given the transmitted symbol $X \in \{-a, a\}$ at any instant, the noise sample Z is chosen indepedently from a Gaussian distribution with mean βX and unit variance. Assume a threshold detector with zero threshold at the receiver. When $\beta = 0$, the BER was found to be $Q(a) = 1 \times 10^{-8}$.

$$\left(Q(v) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{v}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}} du, \text{ and for } v > 1, \text{ use } Q(v) = e^{\frac{-v^2}{2}}\right)$$
(1.0.1)

When $\beta = -0.3$, BER is closest to

- (A) 10^{-7}
- (B) 10^{-6}
- (C) 10^{-4}
- (D) 10^{-2}

2 Solution

Given that $X \in \{-a, +a\}$ is a random variable.

$$Pr(X = a) = \frac{n(X = a)}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (2.0.1)

$$Pr(X = -a) = \frac{n(X = -a)}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (2.0.2)

Also, Z is chosen from Gaussian Distribution with mean βX and unit variance.

$$\therefore \Pr(Z=p) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(p-\beta X)^2}{2}\right) \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \Pr(Y = p + X) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(p - \beta X)^2}{2}\right)$$
 (2.0.4)

$$\Leftrightarrow \Pr(Y = u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u - X - \beta X)^2}{2}\right) \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u - X(1+\beta))^2}{2}\right) \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\therefore \Pr(Y = u | X = a) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u - a(1 + \beta))^2}{2}\right) \quad (2.0.7)$$

&
$$\Pr(Y = u|X = -a) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u + a(1+\beta))^2}{2}\right)$$
 (2.0.8)

Since $X \in \{-a, +a\}$ is also a random variable,

$$\Pr(Y = u) = \Pr(Y = u | X = a) \Pr(X = a)$$

$$+ \Pr(Y = u | X = -a) \Pr(X = -a)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u - a(1 + \beta))^2}{2}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u + a(1 + \beta))^2}{2}\right) \quad (2.0.10)$$

Therefore, the resultant signal Y = X + Z is comprised of X which can take either positive or negative value, and some noise Z. The detector (which has zero threshold) can give us incorrect bits when X = +a and Y < 0 (BER_{+a}) or X = -a and Y < 0 (BER_{-a}), as shown in the graph below.

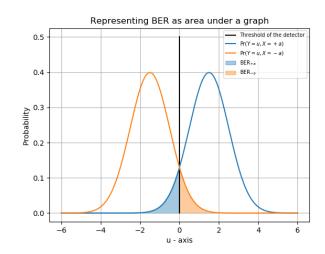


Fig. 1: The PDF of Y

$$\therefore BER = BER_{+a} + BER_{-a}$$

$$= \Pr(Y < 0, X = a) + \Pr(Y > 0, X = -a)$$

$$= \Pr(Y < 0 | X = a) \Pr(X = a)$$

$$+ \Pr(Y > 0 | X = -a) \Pr(X = -a)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{0} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \Pr(Y = u | X = a) du$$

$$+ \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \Pr(Y = u | X = -a) du$$
(2.0.13)

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On substituting the values of Pr(Y = u|X = a) and Pr(Y = u|X = -a) from ?? and ??,

BER =
$$\int_{-\infty}^{0} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u-a(1+\beta))^{2}}{2}\right) du$$
+
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u+a(1+\beta))^{2}}{2}\right) du \qquad (2.0.15)$$
=
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u+a(1+\beta))^{2}}{2}\right) du$$
+
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u+a(1+\beta))^{2}}{2}\right) du \qquad (2.0.16)$$
=
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(u+a(1+\beta))^{2}}{2}\right) du \qquad (2.0.17)$$

From the definition of Q(v), it is easy to see that the expression in ?? is equal to $Q(a(1+\beta))$

: BER =
$$Q(a(1 + \beta))$$
 (2.0.18)

When $\beta = 0$, it is given that

BER =
$$Q(a) = 10^{-8}$$
 (2.0.19)

$$\Leftrightarrow e^{-a^2/2} = 10^{-8} \tag{2.0.20}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow a \approx 6.069 \tag{2.0.21}$$

When $\beta = -0.3$,

BER =
$$Q(a(1 + \beta)) = Q(6.069 \times (1 - 0.3))$$
 (2.0.22)

$$= Q(6.069 \times 0.7) \tag{2.0.23}$$

$$= Q(4.249) \tag{2.0.24}$$

$$\approx \exp(-\frac{4.249^2}{2}) \qquad (2.0.25)$$

\approx 1.2 \times 10^{-4} \quad (2.0.26)

$$\approx 1.2 \times 10^{-4} \tag{2.0.26}$$

Therefore, when $\beta = -0.3$, BER is closest to 10^{-4} and option ?? is correct.