Assignment - Classification Algorithm

- 1. The problem statement for this task is to develop a predictive model that can accurately estimate the **chronic kidney disease** (CKD) based on several input parameters.
- 2. The total number of rows of the dataset is 399 and the total number of columns is 25. For the model, Classification ais taken as a predictive value or output parameter and the remaining attributes are the input parameters.
- 3. I'm using One Hot Encoding method to convert the categorical (nominal) data, sg, rbc, pc, pcc, ba, htn, dm, cad, appet, pe, ane, and classification into numerical values.

4. Finalized Model 1:

Logistic Regression - Phase 01 - Model Creation

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-

 $\frac{Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2. Machine \% 20 Learning \% 20 Classification/Assignments/Final \% 20 Assignment/Grid-Logistic-$

Final%20Model.ipynb

Logistic Regression - Phase 02 - Deployment

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-

<u>Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning</u>%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-Logistic-Deployment-Final%20Model.ipynb

Finalized Model 1:

SVM Classification - Phase 01 - Model Creation

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-

<u>Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20</u> Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Final%20Model.ipynb

SVM Classification - Phase 02 - Deployment

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-

<u>Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20</u> <u>Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Deployment-Final%20Model.ipynb</u>

Logistic Regression

```
In [13]:
    from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
    f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
    print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}:".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
           The f1_macro value for best parameter {'penalty': '12', 'solver': 'newton-cg'}: 0.9924946382275899
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
            [[51 0]
[ 1 81]]
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
           The report:
                               precision
                                              recall f1-score support
                                   0.98
                                                1.00
                                                            0 99
                                   1.00
                                                0.99
                                                            0.99
                                                                            82
                                                            0.99
                                                                          133
                 accuracy
                                   0.99
                                                0.99
                                                            0.99
               macro avg
                                                                           133
           weighted avg
                                   0.99
                                                0.99
                                                            0.99
                                                                           133
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
           #Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
           roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,1])
           # (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[16]: 1.0
```

SVM Classification

```
In [13]:
    from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
    f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
    print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}:".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
             The f1_macro value for best parameter {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'auto', 'kernel': 'sigmoid'}: 0.9924946382275899
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
             The confusion Matrix:
              [[51 0]
              [ 1 81]]
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
             The report:
                                  precision
                                                  recall f1-score support
                                       1.00
                                                     0.99
                                                                   0.99
                                                                                    82
                  accuracy
                                                                   0.99
                                                                                  133
                                                     0.99
            macro avg
weighted avg
                                       0.99
                                                                   0.99
                                                                                  133
                                       0.99
                                                     0.99
                                                                   0.99
In [16]: #Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve #if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
             roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[16]: 1.0
```

Decision Tree Classification

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
          f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}:".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
           The f1_macro value for best parameter {'class_weight': 'balanced', 'criterion': 'gini', 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'splitter': 'ra ndom'}: 0.955283779067923
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
           [[51 0]
[ 6 76]]
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
           The report:
                            precision recall f1-score support
                                0.89
                                           1.00
                                        0.93
                                1.00
                                                        0.96
                                                                     82
               accuracy
                                                        0.95
                                                                    133
               macro avg
                                0.95
                                            0.96
                                                        0.95
                                                                     133
           weighted avg
                                0.96
                                            0.95
                                                        0.96
In [16]: #Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve #If the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
           roc\_auc\_score(y\_test, \ grid.predict\_proba(X\_test)[:,1])
           # (: = rows) & (1 = Column
           #grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[16]: 0.9634146341463414
```

Random Forest Classification

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
          f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}:".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
           The f1_macro value for best parameter {'class_weight': 'balanced', 'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 10}: 0.9924946382275899
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
            [[51 0]
[ 1 81]]
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
           The report:
                            precision recall f1-score support
                                        1.00
0.99
                                0 98
                                                       0 99
                                1.00
                                                                     82
                                                        0.99
                                                        0.99
                                                                    133
               accuracy
                                0.99
              macro avg
                                           0.99
                                                        0.99
                                                                     133
           weighted avg
                                0.99
                                            0.99
                                                        0.99
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
           #Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
           \verb|roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,1])|\\
           \# (: = rows) \& (1 = Column)
           #grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[16]: 0.9998804399808703
```

K - Nearest Neighbor Classification

```
In [13]:
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}:".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
            The f1_macro value for best parameter {'algorithm': 'auto', 'metric': 'minkowski', 'metric_params': None, 'n_neighbors': 3, 'we ights': 'uniform'}: 0.9626932787797391
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
            The confusion Matrix:
             [[51 0]
[577]]
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
            The report:
                               precision
                                             recall f1-score support
                                             1.00
0.94
                                   1.00
                                                            0.97
                                                                           82
                                                            0.96
                                                                          133
                accuracy
                                             0.97
                macro avg
                                   0.96
                                                            0.96
                                                                           133
            weighted avg
                                  0.97
                                               0.96
                                                            0.96
In [16]: #Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve #if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
            roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,1])
            #grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

Navies' Bayes - Gaussian Classification

```
In [11]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
            The confusion Matrix:
              [[149 1]
[ 4 245]]
In [12]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
            The report:
                                precision recall f1-score support
                                     1.00
                                                 0.98
                                                                0.99
                                                                               249
                                                                0.99
                                                                               399
                 accuracy
            macro avg
weighted avg
                                     0 98
                                                  0.99
                                                                0.99
0.99
                                                                                399
                                     0.99
                                                  0.99
In [13]:
    from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
    f1_macro = f1_score(dependent, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
    print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
            The f1_macro value 0.9874927342358296
In [14]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score #Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve #if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
            roc_auc_score(dependent, grid.predict_proba(independent)[:,1])
            # (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[14]: 0.996532797858099
```

Navies' Bayes - Multinomial Classification

```
In [11]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
            [[145 5]
[ 39 210]]
In [12]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
           The report:
                             precision recall f1-score support
                                0.79 0.97 0.87
0.98 0.84 0.91
                        1
                                                                      249
                accuracy
           accuracy 0.89
macro avg 0.88 0.91 0.89
weighted avg 0.91 0.89 0.89
                                                           0.89
                                                                         399
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
           f1_macro = f1_score(dependent, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
           The f1 macro value 0.8912968721618211
In [14]: 
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
           roc_auc_score(dependent, grid.predict_proba(independent)[:,1])
           #grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[14]: 0.9623025435073628
```

Navies' Bayes - Complement Classification

```
In [11]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
           [[145 5]
[ 39 210]]
In [12]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
          The report:
                            precision recall f1-score support
                              0.79 0.97 0.87
0.98 0.84 0.91
          accuracy 0.89 0.89 0.91 0.89 weighted avg 0.91 0.89 0.89
                                                                  399
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
          f1_macro = f1_score(dependent, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
          The f1_macro value 0.8912968721618211
In [14]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
          ##Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
          roc_auc_score(dependent, grid.predict_proba(independent)[:,1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
          #grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[14]: 0.9623025435073628
```

Navies' Bayes - Bernoulli Classification

```
In [11]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
           [[149 1]
[ 7 242]]
In [12]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
          The report:
                            precision recall f1-score support
                                                       0.98
               accuracy
                               0.98 0.98
0.98 0.98
              macro avg
                                                       0.98
                                                                     399
           weighted avg
                                                       0.98
                                                                    399
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
          f1_macro = f1_score(dependent, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
          The f1_macro value 0.9800241876810629
In [14]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
          #Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
          roc_auc_score(dependent, grid.predict_proba(independent)[:,1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
          #grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[14]: 0.994016064257028
```

Navies' Bayes - Categorical Classification

```
In [20]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
             The confusion Matrix:
               [[150
               [ 1 248]]
In [21]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
             The report:
                                   precision recall f1-score support
                                                    1.00
1.00
                                                                      1.00
                                                                     1.00
                   accuracy
                                                                                      399
                  macro avg
                                    1.00
                                                    1.00
             weighted avg
                                                                    1.00
                                                                                      399
In [22]:
    from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
    f1_macro = f1_score(dependent, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
    print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
             The f1_macro value 0.9974953761738116
In [23]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
             roc_auc_score(dependent, grid.predict_proba(independent)[:,1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[23]: 1 0
```

6. Final Model

```
In [13]:
    from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
    f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
    print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}:".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
           The f1_macro value for best parameter {'penalty': '12', 'solver': 'newton-cg'}: 0.9924946382275899
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
            [[51 0]
[ 1 81]]
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
           The report:
                              precision recall f1-score support
                                  0.98 1.00
1.00 0.99
                                                             0.99
           macro avg 0.99 0.99 0.99 weighted avg 0.99 0.99 0.99
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
           #Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
           roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,1])
          # (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[16]: 1.0
```

Model 1: Logistic Regression

Logistic Regression - Phase 01 - Model Creation

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-

<u>Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-Logistic-Final%20Model.ipynb</u>

Logistic Regression - Phase 02 - Deployment

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
          f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}:".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
          The f1_macro value for best parameter {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'auto', 'kernel': 'sigmoid'}: 0.9924946382275899
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
           The confusion Matrix:
           [ 1 81]]
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
           The report:
                            precision recall f1-score support
                                                        a 99
               accuracy
                                                        0.99
                                                                     133
          macro avg 0.99
weighted avg 0.99
                                                                     133
                                           0.99
                                                        0.99
                                                                     133
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score #Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve
           #if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
           roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,1])
           # (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
Out[16]: 1.0
```

Model 2: SVM Classification

SVM Classification - Phase 01 - Model Creation

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-

<u>Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20</u> <u>Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Final%20Model.ipynb</u>

SVM Classification - Phase 02 - Deployment

https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20 Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Deployment-Final%20Model.ipynb

These two models are the final models, because both models have the same and highest **Precision** value, **Recall** value, **F1-score** value, **Accuracy** value, **Macro average** value and **Weighted average** value. Especially both models have the highest Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve Score (**roc auc score**).