

Assignment - Classification Algorithm

1. The problem statement for this task is to develop a predictive model that can accurately estimate the **chronic kidney disease** (CKD) based on several input parameters.
2. The total number of rows of the dataset is 399 and the total number of columns is 25. For the model, Classification is taken as a predictive value or output parameter and the remaining attributes are the input parameters.
3. I'm using One Hot Encoding method to convert the categorical (nominal) data, sg, rbc, pc, pcc, ba, htn, dm, cad, appet, pe, ane, and classification into numerical values.

4. Finalized Model 1:

Logistic Regression - Phase 01 - Model Creation

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-Logistic-Final%20Model.ipynb>

Logistic Regression - Phase 02 - Deployment

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-Logistic-Deployment-Final%20Model.ipynb>

Finalized Model 1:

SVM Classification - Phase 01 - Model Creation

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Final%20Model.ipynb>

SVM Classification - Phase 02 - Deployment

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Deployment-Final%20Model.ipynb>

5.

Logistic Regression

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value for best parameter {'penalty': 'l2', 'solver': 'newton-cg'}: 0.9924946382275899
```

```
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

```
The confusion Matrix:
[[51  0]
 [ 1 81]]
```

```
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

```
The report:
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.98	1.00	0.99	51
1	1.00	0.99	0.99	82
accuracy			0.99	133
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133

```
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct

roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

```
Out[16]: 1.0
```

SVM Classification

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value for best parameter {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'auto', 'kernel': 'sigmoid'}: 0.9924946382275899
```

```
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

```
The confusion Matrix:
[[51  0]
 [ 1 81]]
```

```
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

```
The report:
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.98	1.00	0.99	51
1	1.00	0.99	0.99	82
accuracy			0.99	133
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133

```
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct

roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

```
Out[16]: 1.0
```

Decision Tree Classification

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
```

The f1_macro value for best parameter {'criterion': 'gini', 'max_features': 'log2', 'splitter': 'random'}: 0.9624731911379498

```
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

The confusion Matrix:
[[49 2]
[3 79]]

```
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	0.96	0.95	51
1	0.98	0.96	0.97	82
accuracy			0.96	133
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	133
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	133

```
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve
#If the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct

roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

Out[16]: 0.9620994739359159

Random Forest Classification

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
```

The f1_macro value for best parameter {'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 100}: 0.9849624060150376

```
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

The confusion Matrix:
[[50 1]
[1 81]]

```
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.98	0.98	0.98	51
1	0.99	0.99	0.99	82
accuracy			0.98	133
macro avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	133
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	133

```
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve
#If the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct

roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

Out[16]: 0.9997608799617408

K – Nearest Neighbor Classification

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
```

The f1_macro value for best parameter {'algorithm': 'auto', 'metric': 'minkowski', 'metric_params': None, 'n_neighbors': 3, 'weights': 'uniform'}: 0.9626932787797391

```
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

The confusion Matrix:
[[51 0]
 [5 77]]

```
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.91	1.00	0.95	51
1	1.00	0.94	0.97	82
accuracy			0.96	133
macro avg	0.96	0.97	0.96	133
weighted avg	0.97	0.96	0.96	133

```
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct

roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

Out[16]: 0.998804399808704

Navies' Bayes – Gaussian Classification

```
In [12]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

The confusion Matrix:
[[51 0]
 [3 79]]

```
In [13]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	1.00	0.97	51
1	1.00	0.96	0.98	82
accuracy			0.98	133
macro avg	0.97	0.98	0.98	133
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	133

```
In [15]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
```

The f1_macro value 0.9775556904684072

```
In [18]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct

roc_auc_score(y_test, classifier.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

Out[18]: 1.0

Navies' Bayes – Multinomial Classification

```
In [11]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

```
The confusion Matrix:  
[[50  1]  
 [23 59]]
```

```
In [12]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

```
The report:
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.68	0.98	0.81	51
1	0.98	0.72	0.83	82
accuracy			0.82	133
macro avg	0.83	0.85	0.82	133
weighted avg	0.87	0.82	0.82	133

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score  
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average = 'weighted')  
print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value 0.8215780250262184
```

```
In [14]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score  
#Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve  
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct  
  
roc_auc_score(y_test, classifier.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])  
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)  
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

```
Out[14]: 0.9151123864179818
```

Navies' Bayes – Complement Classification

```
In [11]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

```
The confusion Matrix:  
[[50  1]  
 [23 59]]
```

```
In [12]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

```
The report:
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.68	0.98	0.81	51
1	0.98	0.72	0.83	82
accuracy			0.82	133
macro avg	0.83	0.85	0.82	133
weighted avg	0.87	0.82	0.82	133

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score  
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average = 'weighted')  
print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value 0.8215780250262184
```

```
In [14]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score  
#Receiver Operating Characteristic_Area Under Curve  
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct  
  
roc_auc_score(y_test, classifier.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])  
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)  
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

```
Out[14]: 0.9151123864179818
```

Navies' Bayes – Bernoulli Classification

```
In [12]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

```
The confusion Matrix:  
[[51  0]  
 [ 3 79]]
```

```
In [13]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

```
The report:
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	1.00	0.97	51
1	1.00	0.96	0.98	82
accuracy			0.98	133
macro avg	0.97	0.98	0.98	133
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	133

```
In [14]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score  
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average = 'weighted')  
print("The f1_macro value", f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value 0.9775556904684072
```

```
In [15]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score  
#Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve  
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct  
  
roc_auc_score(y_test, classifier.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])  
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)  
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

```
Out[15]: 1.0
```

6. Final Model

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value for best parameter {'penalty': 'l2', 'solver': 'newton-cg'}: 0.9924946382275899
```

```
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

```
The confusion Matrix:
[[51  0]
 [ 1 81]]
```

```
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

```
The report:
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.98        1.00        0.99         51
     1       1.00        0.99        0.99         82

 accuracy          0.99         0.99         133
 macro avg         0.99         0.99         133
 weighted avg      0.99         0.99         133
```

```
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#if the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct

roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

```
Out[16]: 1.0
```

Model 1: Logistic Regression

Logistic Regression - Phase 01 - Model Creation

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-Logistic-Final%20Model.ipynb>

Logistic Regression - Phase 02 - Deployment

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-Logistic-Deployment-Final%20Model.ipynb>

```
In [13]: from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
f1_macro = f1_score(y_test, grid_predictions, average = 'weighted')
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_), f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value for best parameter {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'auto', 'kernel': 'sigmoid'}: 0.9924946382275899
```

```
In [14]: print("The confusion Matrix:\n", cm)
```

```
The confusion Matrix:
[[51  0]
 [ 1 81]]
```

```
In [15]: print("The report:\n", clf_report)
```

```
The report:
              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.98        1.00        0.99         51
     1       1.00        0.99        0.99         82

 accuracy          0.99          0.99          0.99          133
 macro avg         0.99          0.99          0.99          133
 weighted avg      0.99          0.99          0.99          133
```

```
In [16]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
#Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve
#If the curve is L shape then the classification is 100% correct
roc_auc_score(y_test, grid.predict_proba(X_test)[:,:1])
# (: = rows) & (1 = Column)
#grid.predict_proba(X_test)->inbuilt function(probability compulsory)
```

```
Out[16]: 1.0
```

Model 2: SVM Classification

SVM Classification - Phase 01 - Model Creation

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Final%20Model.ipynb>

SVM Classification - Phase 02 - Deployment

<https://github.com/GauthamOfficial/2.Machine-Learning/blob/f344bfba992f5c5934d34509cde6da16d925b9a5/2.Machine%20Learning%20Classification/Assignments/Final%20Assignment/Grid-SVM-Deployment-Final%20Model.ipynb>

These two models are the final models, because both models have the same and highest **Precision** value, **Recall** value, **F1-score** value, **Accuracy** value, **Macro average** value and **Weighted average** value. Especially both models have the highest Receiver Operating Characteristic Area Under Curve Score (**roc_auc_score**).