

# Gestion des ressources de communication pour satellites dans une fédération de constellations d'observation de la Terre

## Journées Francophones de Programmation par Contraintes

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Dijon - 2 juillet 2025 -

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## 1 Introduction

## 2 Constraints and objectives

## 3 Experiments

## 4 Experimental results

## 5 Conclusion

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# Earth Observation mission

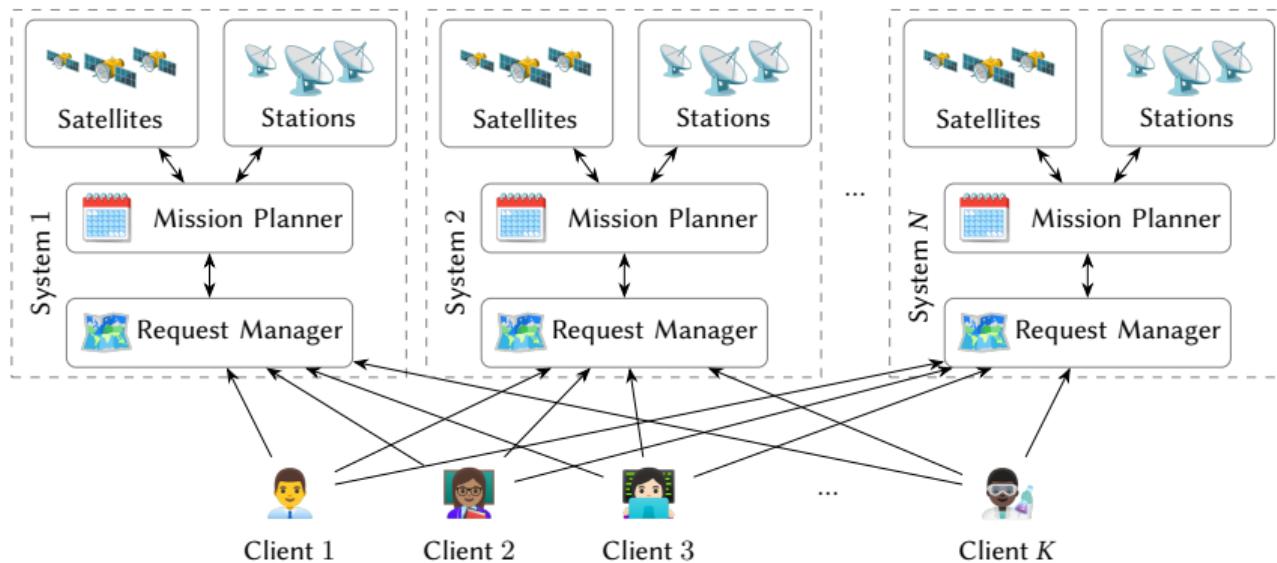


Figure: Conventional architecture

# GSaaS

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Third-party communication stations adopting the Ground Station as a Service (GSaaS) model [1], such as KSAT (<https://www.ksat.no/ground-network-services/>) and AWS (<https://aws.amazon.com/ground-station/>)

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## Project objective

By using collaboration between missions and the GSaaS'es, increase the available data transfer per day and observations quality.

# DOMINO-E European project

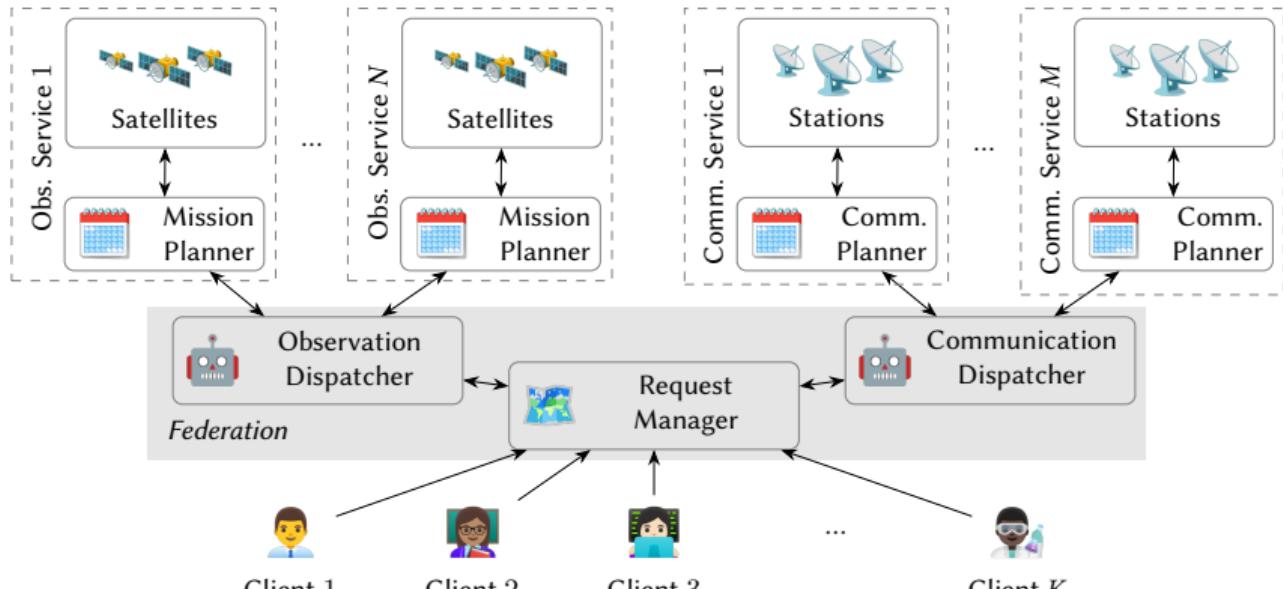


Figure: Multi mission federation [2]

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# Communication contact

Possible communication for satellite  $i$  when entering the visibility mask of a station:

- $s_{i,l}$  its site on ground and
- $[\underline{u}_{i,l}, \bar{u}_{i,l}]$  its time window, of duration  $d_{i,l}$ .

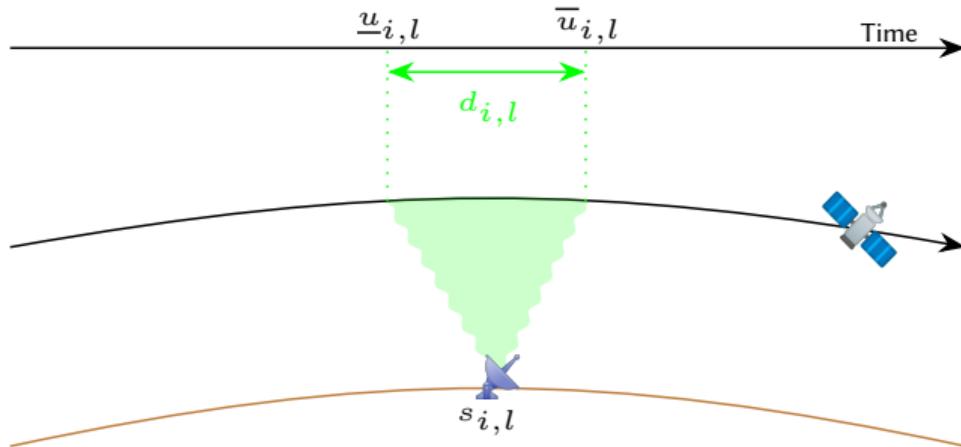


Figure: Communication contact

# Communication need

## Global Need

- a communication duration  $D_{i,k}$ ,
- a time window  $[\underline{t}_{i,k}, \bar{t}_{i,k}]$ ,
- a radio communication band: S or X, and
- a site list  $\mathcal{S}_{i,k}$ .

# Communication need

## Global Need

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## Localized need

- an observation area,
- maximum delay

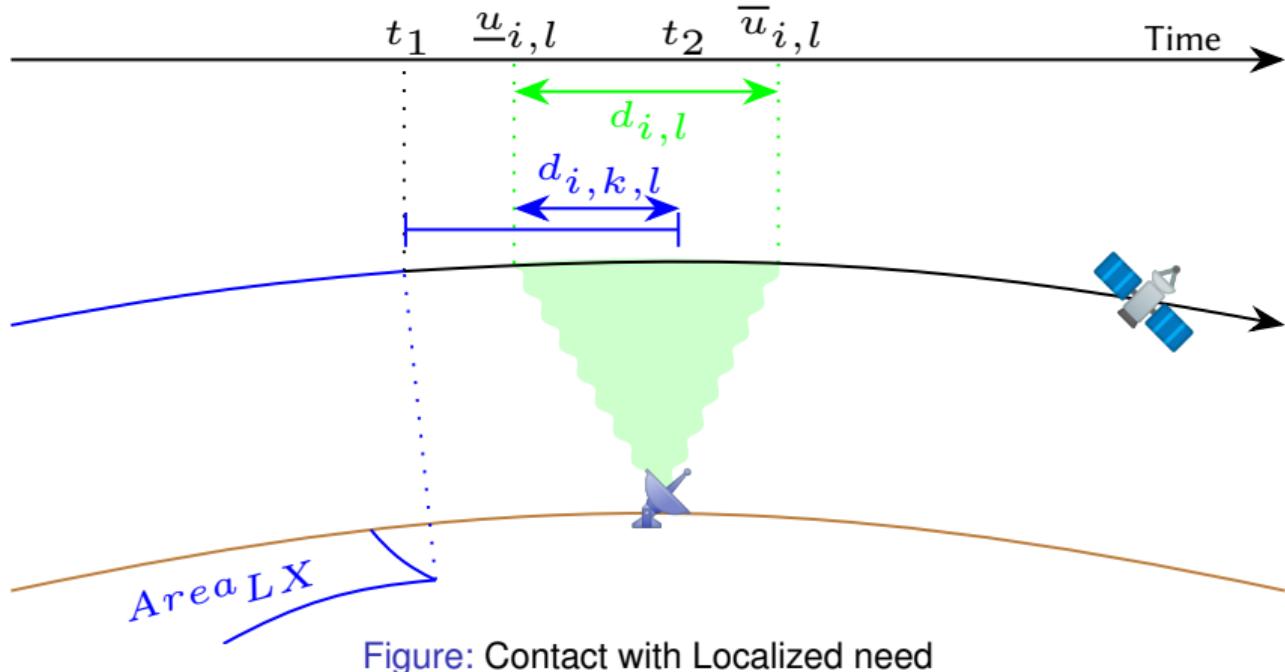
# Fulfillment

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Quantity of effective communication time allocated to a need  $k$  during a contact:

- needs on different band do not interfere with each other
- global need fulfillment by contact is  $d_{i,k,I} = d_{i,I}$
- localized need fulfillment  $d_{i,k,I}$  depends on the overlap with the specialized constraint

# Fulfillment



# Allocation

Boolean  $x_{i,l}$  for contact  $l$  of satellite  $i$ .

Find an assignment to  $x$  for each contact which respects the constraints.

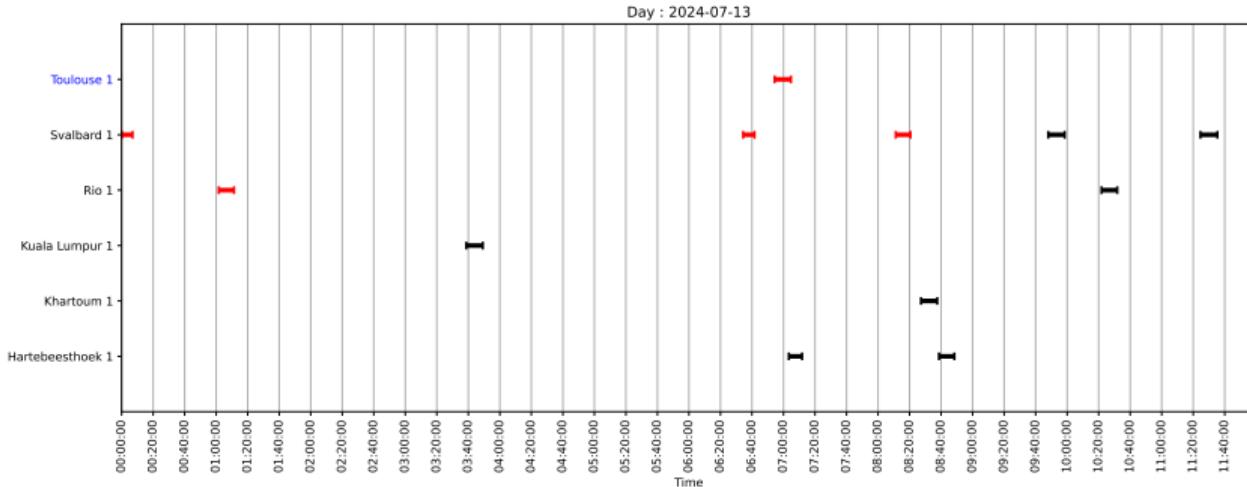
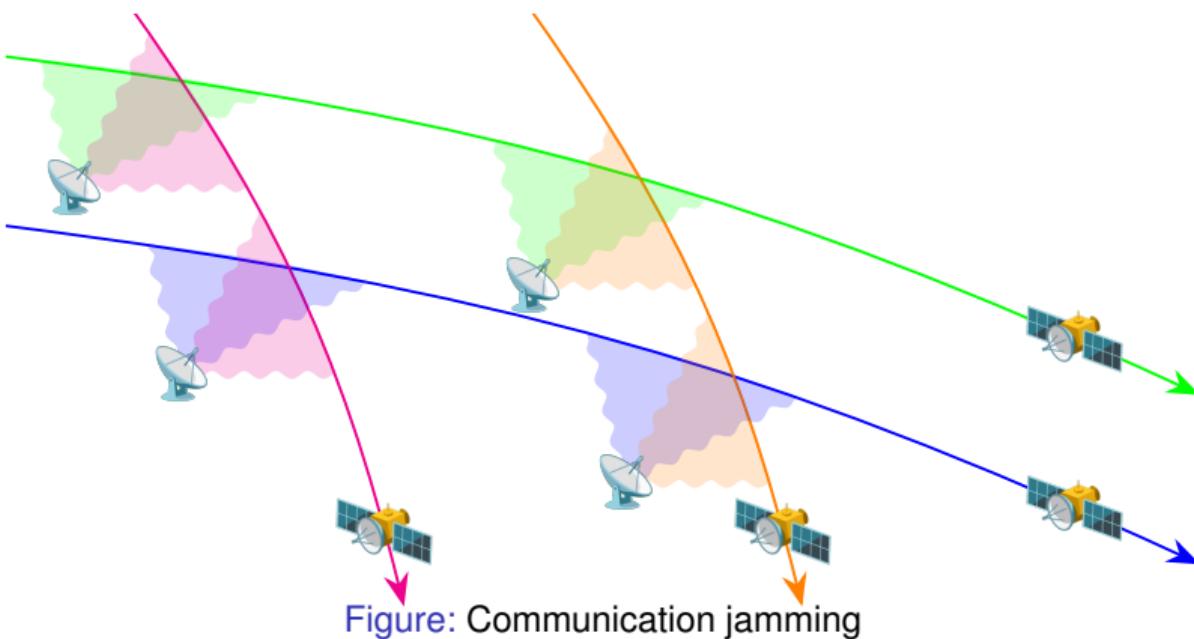


Figure: Allocation example

# Objective: Jamming (Secure)



# Objective: Cost (Mini)

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- Pay per Use (PU): cost per minute  $c_s^t$
- Pay per Pass (PP): fixed cost for the contact  $c_s^0$
- Pay per Pass with Commitment (PPC): fixed cost  $c_s^0$  for contacts after a threshold  $Y_s$

$$C = \sum_{s \in PU} \sum_{\substack{l=1 \\ |s|=cm(i,l)}}^{L_i} c_s^t d_{i,l} x_{i,l} + \sum_{s \in PP} \sum_{\substack{l=1 \\ |s|=cm(i,l)}}^{L_i} c_s^0 x_{i,l} + \sum_{s \in PPC} c_s^0 \max(0, \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{\substack{l=1 \\ |s|=cm(i,l)}}^{L_i} x_{i,l} - Y_s)$$

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# Simulation

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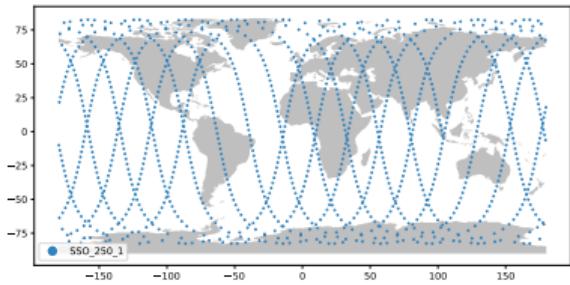
Data:

- satellite constellations,
- constellation and satellite needs requirements,
- GSaaS localizations and bands,
- GSaaS cost models

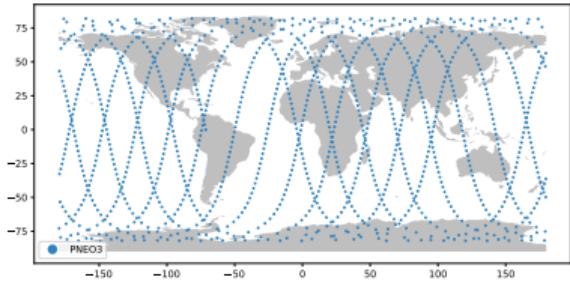
Objective: every day, find a communication plan for the federation for the next 10 days, during 60 days

# Satellites

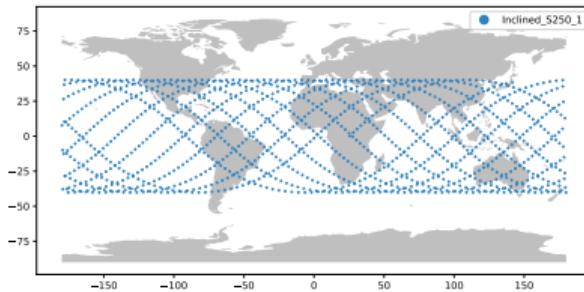
SSO\_250\_1



PNE03



Inclined\_S250\_1



- **SSO:** 4 S250 satellites on the same SSO orbit in quadrant phases
- **Inclined:** 2 pairs of S250 in phase opposition
- **PNEO:** 2 S950 satellites on the same SSO orbit in phase opposition

# Day 1 satellite communication requirements

constellation/satellite	band	duration (min)
PNEO_S950	S	5
PNEO_S950	X	50
SSO_S250	S	5
SSO_S250	X	70
SSO_S250_1	X	60
Inclined_S250	S	5
Inclined_S250	X	50
Inclined_S250_1	X	50

Table: Initial routine needs per period

# Need evolution

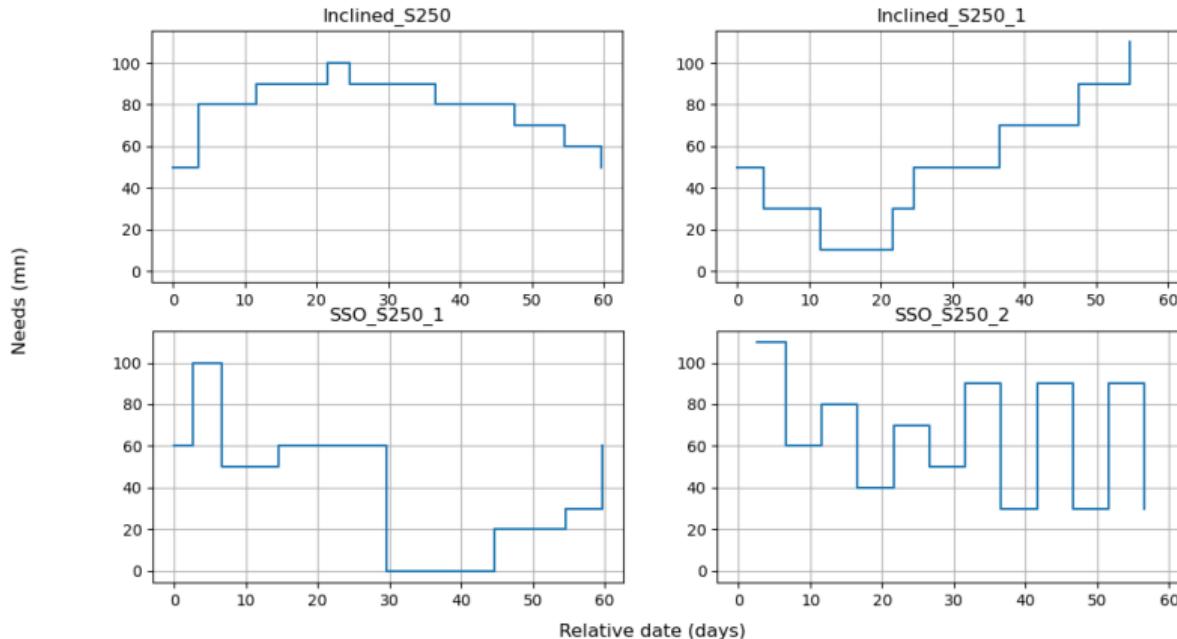


Figure: Evolution of needs in X band

# Stations

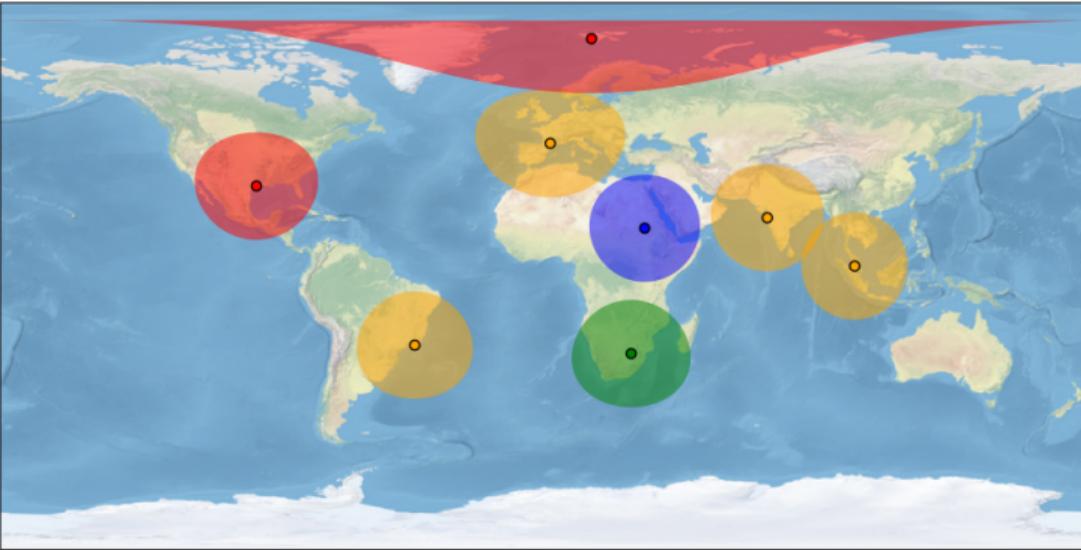


Figure: Stations and their respective visibility circles at 500km altitude: blue is Owned, green is Preferred, yellow is Normal, red is Expensive.

# Cost models

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Station	Type	Cost
Owned	PP	0
Preferred	PPC w. 6	50
Normal	PP	200
Expensive	PU	400

Table: Different levels of service for each provider

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## 3 Experiments

## 4 Experimental results

## 5 Conclusion

# Cost comparison for the 60 days scenario

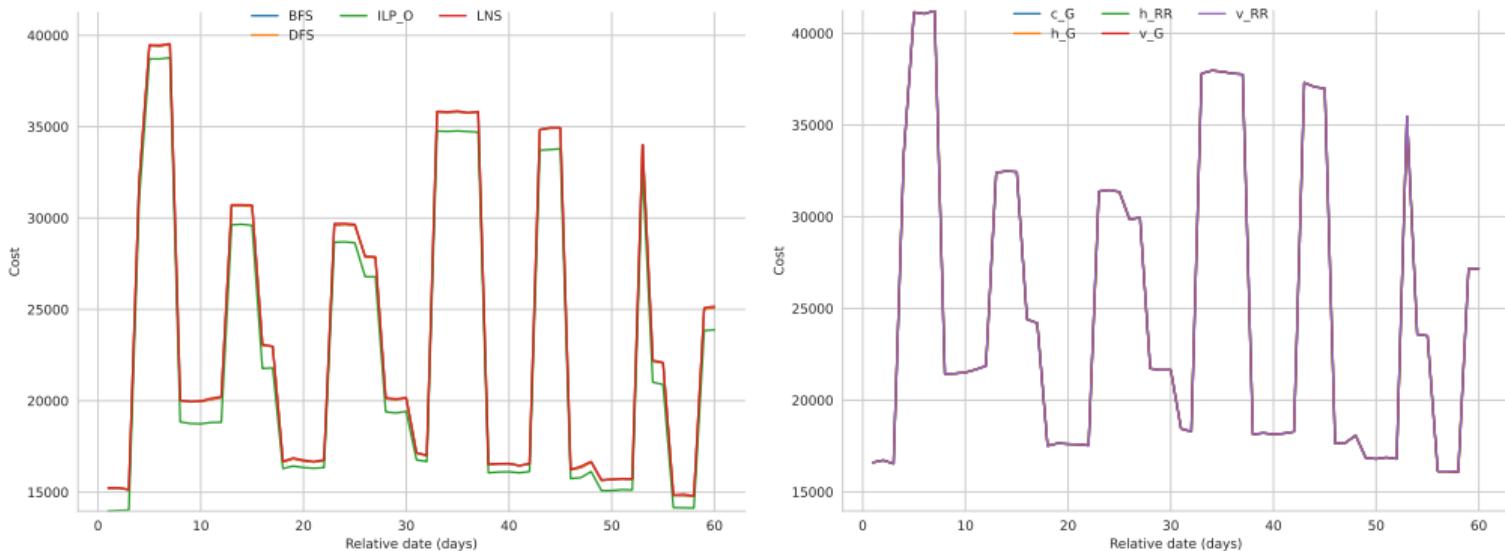


Figure: Solution cost all along the successive scenarios for all the solvers for MINI strategy

# Cost comparison for the 60 days scenario

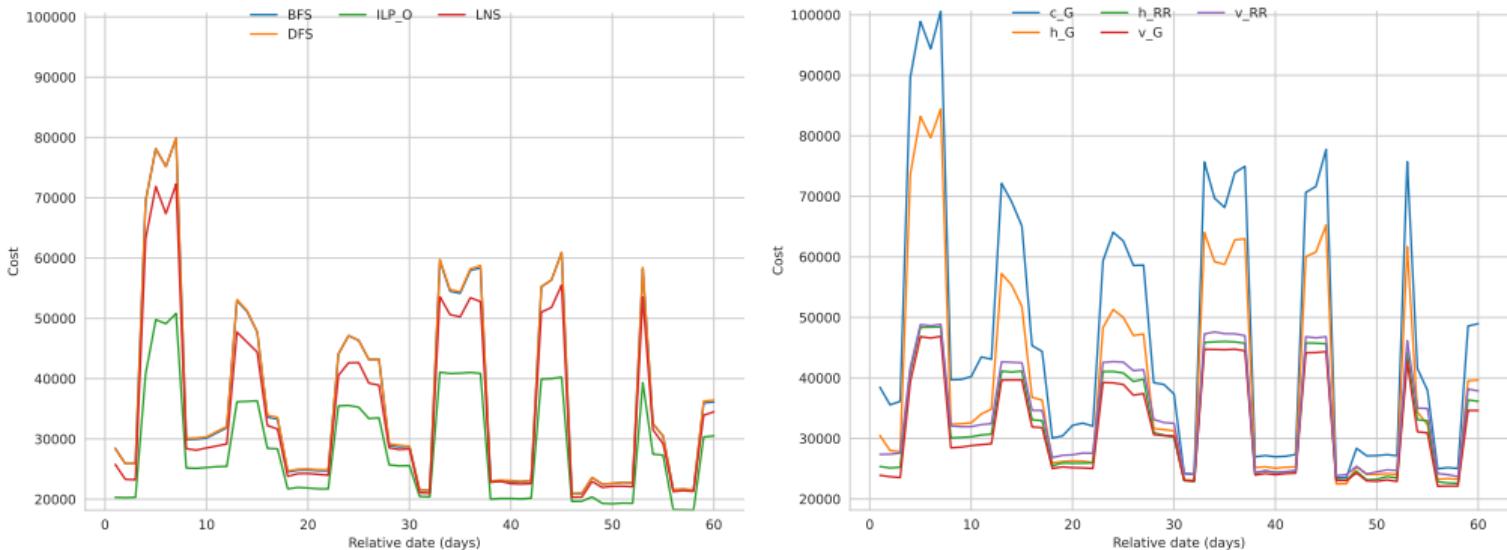


Figure: Solution cost all along the successive scenarios for all the solvers for SECURE strategy

# Jamming comparison for the 60 days scenario

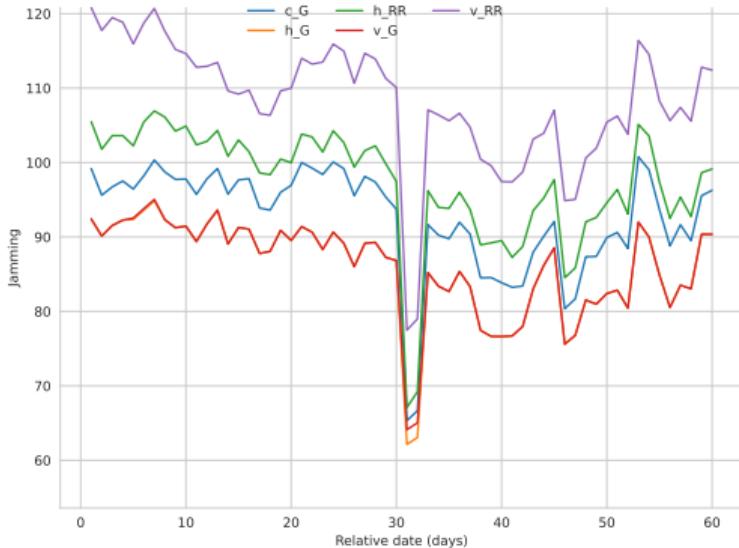
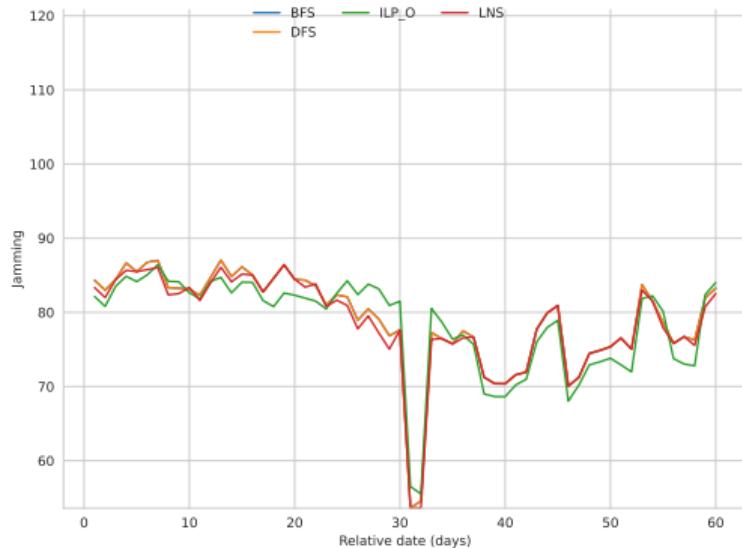


Figure: Solution Jamming all along the successive scenarios for all the solvers for MINI strategy

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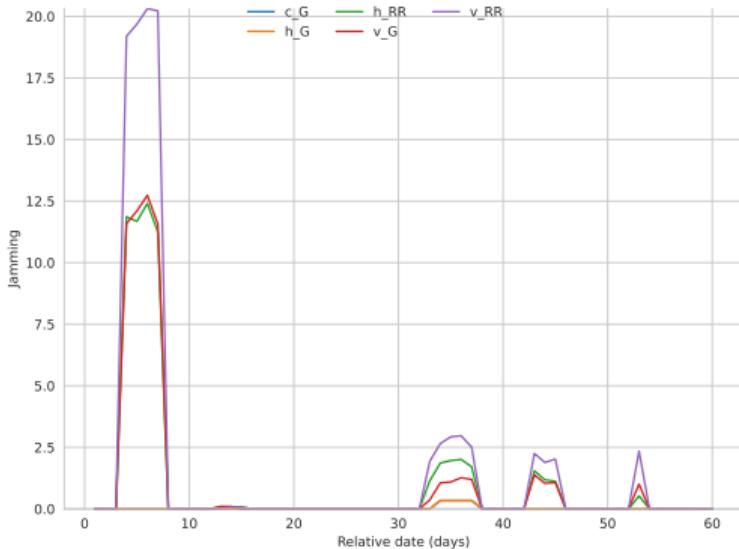
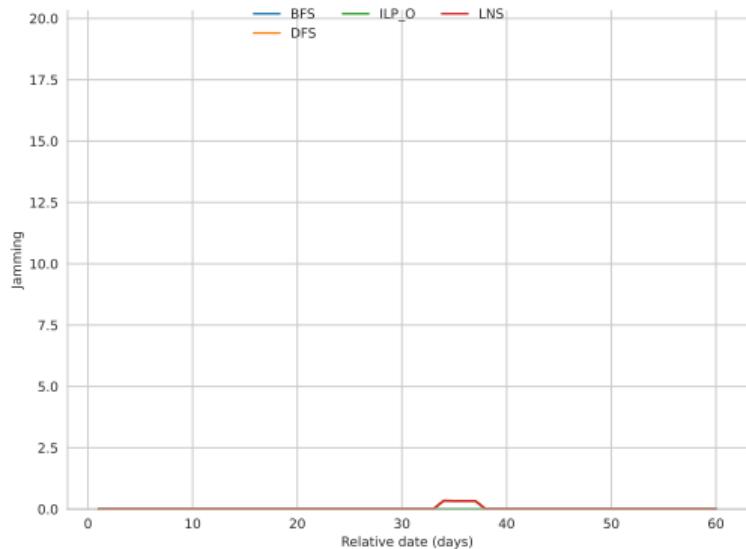


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## 3 Experiments

## 4 Experimental results

## 5 Conclusion

# Conclusion and perspectives

## Summary

- formalization of communication needs and available cost models for the federation
- comparison of standard heuristics
- perform MILO formulation

## Perspectives

- Model the uncertainty of acceptance from GSaaS
- Closed loop simulation
- Correlation with the estimated charge of the station w.r.t near satellites

**Thank you for your attention !**

**Any questions ?**

[www.onera.fr](http://www.onera.fr)

# References

- [1] E. Carcaillon and B. Bancquart,  
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- [2] J.-L. Farges, F. S. Perotto, C. Pralet, G. Picard, C. de Lussy, J. Guerra, P. Pavero and  
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