# **DF Pracs StudyDoc**

# Expt8 Code

#### DistributedLoadBalancer.java

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
// Represents a node in the distributed system
class Node {
  private int id;
  private int workload;
  public Node(int id) {
    this.id = id;
    this.workload = 0;
  }
  public int getId() {
    return id;
  }
  public int getWorkload() {
    return workload;
  }
  public void assignTask(int taskWorkload) {
    this.workload += taskWorkload;
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
```

```
return "Node" + id + " (Workload: " + workload + ")";
  }
}
// Represents a task to be executed in the distributed system
class Task {
  private int workload;
  public Task(int workload) {
    this.workload = workload;
  }
  public int getWorkload() {
    return workload;
  }
}
// Load balancing algorithm for distributing tasks among nodes
class LoadBalancer {
  private List<Node> nodes;
  public LoadBalancer(List<Node> nodes) {
    this.nodes = nodes;
  }
  // Assigns a task to the least loaded node
  public void assignTask(Task task) {
    Node leastLoadedNode = nodes.get(0);
    for (Node node: nodes) {
      if (node.getWorkload() < leastLoadedNode.getWorkload()) {
        leastLoadedNode = node;
      }
```

```
}
    leastLoadedNode.assignTask(task.getWorkload());
    System.out.println("\n");
    System.out.println("Assigned Task with Workload" + task.getWorkload() + " to " +
leastLoadedNode);
    System.out.println("\n");
 }
}
public class DistributedLoadBalancer {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Create nodes
    List<Node> nodes = new ArrayList<>();
    for (int i = 1; i \le 3; i++) {
      nodes.add(new Node(i));
    }
    // Initialize load balancer
    LoadBalancer loadBalancer = new LoadBalancer(nodes);
    // Create tasks
    List<Task> tasks = new ArrayList<>();
    tasks.add(new Task(30));
    tasks.add(new Task(40));
    tasks.add(new Task(55));
    tasks.add(new Task(75));
    // Assign tasks to nodes using load balancer
    for (Task task : tasks) {
      loadBalancer.assignTask(task);
    }
  }
```

```
}
```

**Commands:** 

javac DistributedLoadBalancer.java

java DistributedLoadBalancer

# Expt7 Code

ChandyMisraHaassWithDeadlockManagement.java

```
import java.util.*;
class Process {
  int id;
  boolean is Waiting; // Track if process is waiting for a resource
  List<Process> waitingFor; // List of processes this process is waiting on
  Set<Integer> visitedProbes; // Set to track visited probes to detect cycles
  public Process(int id) {
    this.id = id;
    this.isWaiting = false;
    this.waitingFor = new ArrayList<>();
    this.visitedProbes = new HashSet<>();
  }
  // Add dependency: process is waiting for another process
  public void addDependency(Process p) {
    this.waitingFor.add(p);
    this.isWaiting = true;
  }
  // Abort the process (deadlock management)
```

```
public void abort() {
    System.out.println("Aborting Process " + this.id + " to resolve deadlock.");
    this.isWaiting = false;
    this.waitingFor.clear();
  }
}
class DeadlockDetector {
  private Map<Integer, Process> processes; // Store all processes
  public DeadlockDetector() {
    this.processes = new HashMap<>();
  }
  // Add process to system
  public void addProcess(int id) {
    processes.put(id, new Process(id));
  }
  // Create a dependency: Pi waits for Pj
  public void addDependency(int from, int to) {
    if (processes.containsKey(from) && processes.containsKey(to)) {
      processes.get(from).addDependency(processes.get(to));
    }
  }
  // Start deadlock detection
  public boolean detectDeadlock() {
    System.out.println("Starting deadlock detection...");
    for (Process process : processes.values()) {
      if (process.isWaiting) {
```

```
Set<Integer> visited = new HashSet<>();
      if (isCyclic(process, visited)) {
         return true;
      }
    }
  }
  return false;
}
// Helper method to simulate probe message propagation and check for cycles
private boolean isCyclic(Process process, Set<Integer> visited) {
  if (visited.contains(process.id)) {
    // Cycle detected (deadlock)
    System.out.println("Deadlock detected! Process " + process.id + " is in a cycle.");
    // Deadlock management: Abort the process involved in the cycle
    process.abort();
    return true;
  }
  // Mark the current process as visited
  visited.add(process.id);
  for (Process dependent : process.waitingFor) {
    // Simulate sending a probe to the dependent process
    System.out.println("Process " + process.id + " sends a probe to Process " + dependent.id);
    if (isCyclic(dependent, new HashSet<>(visited))) {
      return true;
    }
  }
  return false;
}
```

```
// Getter method for processes
  public Map<Integer, Process> getProcesses() {
    return processes;
  }
}
public class ChandyMisraHaassWithDeadlockManagement {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Step 1: Initialize the deadlock detector
    DeadlockDetector detector = new DeadlockDetector();
    // Step 2: Add processes to the system
    detector.addProcess(1);
    detector.addProcess(2);
    detector.addProcess(3);
    detector.addProcess(4);
    // Step 3: Establish dependencies (resource waits)
    detector.addDependency(1, 2); // Process 1 waits for Process 2
    detector.addDependency(2, 3); // Process 2 waits for Process 3
    detector.addDependency(3, 4); // Process 3 waits for Process 4
    detector.addDependency(4, 1); // Process 4 waits for Process 1 (creating a cycle)
    // Step 4: Detect deadlock
    if (detector.detectDeadlock()) {
      System.out.println("Deadlock detected and resolved.");
    } else {
      System.out.println("No deadlock detected.");
    }
    // Step 5: Verify if deadlock was resolved
```

```
System.out.println("\nAfter deadlock management:");
System.out.println("Processes in the system:");
for (Process process : detector.getProcesses().values()) {
    System.out.println("Process " + process.id + " - Waiting: " + process.isWaiting);
}
}
}
```

#### **Commands:**

javac ChandyMisraHaassWithDeadlockManagement.java

 $java\ Chandy Misra Haass With Deadlock Management$ 

# Expt6 Code

#### MaekawaLamport.java

NOTE: Make Sure to check which algo u want for mutex (choose one), get rid of fns with one of the names.

```
import java.util.Arrays;

class Process {
  int processId;
  boolean requested;
  boolean held;
  int timestamp;
  int vote;

public Process(int id) {
    this.processId = id;
    this.requested = false;
    this.held = false;
    this.timestamp = 0;
```

```
this.vote = 0;
  }
}
public class MaekawaLamport {
  private static final int NUM PROCESSES = 5;
  private static Process[] processes = new Process[NUM_PROCESSES];
  private static int[][] intersectionSets = new int[NUM_PROCESSES][NUM_PROCESSES];
  private static int logicalClock = 0;
  public static void initializeProcesses() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PROCESSES; i++) {</pre>
       processes[i] = new Process(i);
    }
    int[][] exampleSets = {
       \{0, 1, 2, -1, -1\},\
       \{0, 1, 3, -1, -1\},\
       \{0, 2, 4, -1, -1\},\
       \{1, 3, 4, -1, -1\},\
       {2, 3, 4, -1, -1}
    };
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PROCESSES; i++) {</pre>
       intersectionSets[i] = Arrays.copyOf(exampleSets[i], NUM PROCESSES);
    }
  }
  public static void requestCriticalSection(int processId) {
    processes[processId].requested = true;
    processes[processId].timestamp++;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PROCESSES; i++) {
  if (intersectionSets[processId][i] == -1) break;
  int targetProcessId = intersectionSets[processId][i];
  System.out.println("Process" + processId + "sending request to Process" + targetProcessId);
  if (processes[targetProcessId].vote == 0 && !processes[targetProcessId].requested) {
    processes[targetProcessId].vote = 1;
    System.out.println("Process" + targetProcessId + " granting vote to Process" + processId);
  } else {
    System.out.println("Process" + targetProcessId + "denying vote to Process" + processId);
  }
}
int votesReceived = 0;
int setSize = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PROCESSES; i++) {
  if (intersectionSets[processId][i] == -1) break;
  int targetProcessId = intersectionSets[processId][i];
  setSize++;
  if (processes[targetProcessId].vote == 1) {
    votesReceived++;
  }
}
if (votesReceived == setSize) {
  processes[processId].held = true;
  System.out.println("Process" + processId + "entering critical section");
  processes[processId].held = false;
  processes[processId].requested = false;
  System.out.println("Process " + processId + " exiting critical section");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PROCESSES; i++) {
         if (intersectionSets[processId][i] == -1) break;
         int targetProcessId = intersectionSets[processId][i];
         processes[targetProcessId].vote = 0;
      }
    } else {
      System.out.println("Process " + processId + " waiting for votes");
    }
  }
  public static int max(int a, int b) {
    return Math.max(a, b);
  }
  public static void lamportEvent(int processId) {
    logicalClock++;
    System.out.println("Process" + processId + ": Event occurred at time " + logicalClock);
  }
  public static void lamportSendMessage(int senderId, int receiverId) {
    logicalClock++;
    System.out.println("Process" + senderId + "sending message to Process" + receiverId + "at
time " + logicalClock);
    lamportReceiveMessage(receiverId, logicalClock);
  }
  public static void lamportReceiveMessage(int receiverId, int messageTimestamp) {
    logicalClock = max(logicalClock, messageTimestamp) + 1;
    System.out.println("Process" + receiverId + "received message at time" + logicalClock);
  }
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Maekawa's Algorithm:");
    initializeProcesses();
    requestCriticalSection(0);
    requestCriticalSection(1);
    System.out.println("\nLamport's Algorithm:");
    lamportEvent(0);
    lamportSendMessage(0, 1);
    lamportEvent(1);
    lamportReceiveMessage(0, logicalClock);
    lamportEvent(1);
    lamportSendMessage(1, 2);
    lamportReceiveMessage(2, logicalClock);
 }
}
Commands:
javac MaekawaLamport.java
java MaekawaLamport
Expt5 Code
BullyAlgorithmExample.java
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
// Class representing a node in the distributed system
class Node {
  private int nodeld;
```

```
private boolean isCoordinator;
public Node(int nodeId) {
  this.nodeld = nodeld;
  this.isCoordinator = false;
}
public int getNodeld() {
  return nodeld;
}
public boolean isCoordinator() {
  return isCoordinator;
}
public void setCoordinator(boolean coordinator) {
  isCoordinator = coordinator;
}
// Method to initiate an election
public void initiateElection(List<Node> nodes) {
  System.out.println("Node " + nodeld + " initiates election.");
  for (Node node: nodes) {
    if (node.getNodeId() > this.nodeId) {
      // Send election message to higher priority nodes
      node.receiveElectionMessage(this);
    }
  }
  // Assume election process completes after initiating
```

```
becomeCoordinator();
 }
 // Method to receive election message from another node
  public void receiveElectionMessage(Node sender) {
    System.out.println("Node" + nodeId + " receives election message from Node" +
sender.getNodeId());
   // Respond if current node has higher priority
    if (this.nodeld > sender.getNodeld()) {
      System.out.println("Node" + nodeld + "responds to Node" + sender.getNodeld());
      sender.receiveResponse(this);
    }
  }
 // Method to receive response and acknowledge as coordinator
  public void receiveResponse(Node sender) {
    System.out.println("Node" + nodeld + "receives response from Node" + sender.getNodeld());
  }
 // Method to become the coordinator
  public void becomeCoordinator() {
    System.out.println("Node" + nodeld + " becomes the coordinator.");
    this.isCoordinator = true;
 }
public class BullyAlgorithmExample {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Create nodes
```

```
Node node1 = new Node(1);
    Node node2 = new Node(2);
    Node node3 = new Node(3);
    Node node4 = new Node(4);
    Node node5 = new Node(5);
   // List of nodes in the distributed system
    List<Node> nodes = new ArrayList<>();
    nodes.add(node1);
    nodes.add(node2);
    nodes.add(node3);
    nodes.add(node4);
    nodes.add(node5);
    // Simulate failure of current coordinator (Node 3)
    node3.setCoordinator(false);
    // Assume Node 3 detects coordinator failure and initiates election
    node3.initiateElection(nodes);
 }
}
Commands:
javac BullyAlgorithmExample.java
java BullyAlgorithmExample
Expt4 Code
Note: Again there are 2 approaches here, may choose what suits best
Approach 1
TimeServer.java
import java.io.*;
```

```
import java.net.*;
public class TimeServer {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try (ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(8080)) {
       System.out.println("Time server started. Listening on port 8080...");
       while (true) {
        // Accept client connections
         Socket clientSocket = serverSocket.accept();
         System.out.println("Client connected: " + clientSocket);
         long currentTime = System.currentTimeMillis(); // Gets the time
         PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(clientSocket.getOutputStream(), true);
         out.println(currentTime);
         out.close();
         clientSocket.close();
      }
    } catch (IOException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
}
TimeClient.java
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Date;
public class TimeClient {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
```

```
long clientLocalTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
      System.out.println("Client's Local Time: " + formatDate(clientLocalTime));
      Socket socket = new Socket("localhost", 8080);
      BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));
      String currentTimeStr = in.readLine();
      long serverTime = Long.parseLong(currentTimeStr);
      System.out.println("Server Time: " + formatDate(serverTime));
      long roundTripTime = System.currentTimeMillis() - serverTime;
      System.out.println("Round-trip Time: " + roundTripTime + " milliseconds");
      // Adjusting local clock by half of the round-trip time
      long adjustedTime = System.currentTimeMillis() + (roundTripTime / 2);
      System.out.println("Adjusted Local Time: " + formatDate(adjustedTime));
      socket.close();
    } catch (IOException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
 //To get time in human-readable format
  private static String formatDate(long time) {
    SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("dd-MM-YYYY HH:mm:ss.SSS");
    return sdf.format(new Date(time));
  }
Cristians Algorithm Main. java
public class CristiansAlgorithmMain {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Creating time server in a separate thread
```

}

```
Thread serverThread = new Thread(() -> TimeServer.main(null));
    serverThread.start();
    //Adding wait
    try {
      Thread.sleep(1000);
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
    // Start the time client
    TimeClient.main(null);
 }
}
Commands:
javac TimeServer.java
javac TimeClient.java
javac CristiansAlgorithmMain.java
java CristiansAlgorithmMain
java TimeClient.java
Approach 2
BerkeleyAlgorithm.java
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
public class BerkeleyAlgorithm {
```

```
private static final int NUM_CLIENTS = 5; // Define number of clients
 // ---- Time Server Class ----
  static class TimeServer {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
      try {
        ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(8080);
        System.out.println("Time server started. Listening on port 8080...");
        List<Long> clientAdjustments = new ArrayList<>();
        List<Socket> clientSockets = new ArrayList<>();
        int completedClients = 0;
        while (completedClients < NUM_CLIENTS) {
           Socket clientSocket = serverSocket.accept();
           clientSockets.add(clientSocket);
           long currentTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
           PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(clientSocket.getOutputStream(), true);
           out.println(currentTime); // Send current time to client
           BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(clientSocket.getInputStream()));
           long adjustment = Long.parseLong(in.readLine()); // Receive time difference from client
           clientAdjustments.add(adjustment);
           System.out.println("Time server: Received clock adjustment from client.");
           completedClients++;
        }
```

// Calculate average time adjustment

```
for (long adjustment : clientAdjustments) {
         totalAdjustment += adjustment;
      }
       long averageAdjustment = totalAdjustment / NUM_CLIENTS;
       long serverTime = System.currentTimeMillis() + averageAdjustment;
       SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("dd-MM-yyyy HH:mm:ss.SSS");
       String adjustedTime = sdf.format(new Date(serverTime));
       System.out.println("Time server: Average clock adjustment calculated.");
       System.out.println("Server adjusted time: " + adjustedTime + "\n");
      // Send adjusted time to all clients
       for (Socket clientSocket : clientSockets) {
         PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(clientSocket.getOutputStream(), true);
         out.println(averageAdjustment);
         out.close();
         clientSocket.close();
      }
       serverSocket.close();
    } catch (IOException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
}
// ---- Time Client Class ----
static class TimeClient {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
```

long totalAdjustment = 0;

```
Socket socket = new Socket("localhost", 8080);
        BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));
        // Receive server time
        long serverTime = Long.parseLong(in.readLine());
        long localTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeDifference = localTime - serverTime; // Calculate offset
        PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(socket.getOutputStream(), true);
        out.println(timeDifference); // Send offset to server
        // Receive adjustment from server
        long adjustment = Long.parseLong(in.readLine());
        long adjustedTime = localTime - adjustment;
        SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("dd-MM-yyyy HH:mm:ss.SSS");
        String adjustedTimeStr = sdf.format(new Date(adjustedTime));
        System.out.println("Client: Adjusted local time -> " + adjustedTimeStr);
        in.close();
        out.close();
        socket.close();
      } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
 // ---- Main Method to Start Server and Clients ----
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Thread serverThread = new Thread(() -> TimeServer.main(null));
  serverThread.start();
  try {
    Thread.sleep(1000); // Wait for server to start
  } catch (InterruptedException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM_CLIENTS; i++) {
    new Thread(() -> TimeClient.main(null)).start();
    try {
       Thread.sleep(1000); // Stagger client connections
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
  try {
    Thread.sleep(10000); // Wait for all clients to finish
  } catch (InterruptedException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
  }
  System.out.println("All clients have completed their work. Program terminated.");
  System.exit(0);
}
```

#### **Commands:**

}

Javac BerkeleyAlgorithm.java

#### Java BerkeleyAlgorithm

# Expt3 Code

```
ChatClientInterface.java
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
public interface ChatClientInterface extends Remote {
  void receiveMessage(String message) throws RemoteException;
}
ChatClient.java
import java.rmi.Naming;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ChatClient extends UnicastRemoteObject implements ChatClientInterface {
  private static ChatInterface chat;
  protected ChatClient() throws RemoteException {
    super();
  }
  @Override
  public void receiveMessage(String message) throws RemoteException {
    System.out.println("New message: " + message);
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
      chat = (ChatInterface) Naming.lookup("rmi://localhost/ChatServer");
```

```
ChatClient client = new ChatClient();
      // Register client with the server
      chat.registerClient(client);
      Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.println("Enter messages (type 'exit' to quit):");
      while (true) {
        System.out.print(">");
        String message = scanner.nextLine();
        if (message.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) break;
        chat.sendMessage(message);
      }
      scanner.close();
    } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("Client failed: " + e);
    }
  }
}
ChatInterface.java
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.util.List;
public interface ChatInterface extends Remote {
  void sendMessage(String message) throws RemoteException;
  List<String> getMessages() throws RemoteException;
```

```
void registerClient(ChatClientInterface client) throws RemoteException;
}
ChatServer.java
import java.rmi.Naming;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
public class ChatServer extends UnicastRemoteObject implements ChatInterface {
  private List<String> messages;
  private List<ChatClientInterface> clients;
  protected ChatServer() throws RemoteException {
    super();
    messages = new ArrayList<>();
    clients = new ArrayList<>();
  }
  @Override
  public void sendMessage(String message) throws RemoteException {
    messages.add(message);
    System.out.println("Received: " + message);
    // Notify all clients
    for (ChatClientInterface client : clients) {
      client.receiveMessage(message);
    }
  }
  @Override
```

```
public List<String> getMessages() throws RemoteException {
    return messages;
  }
  @Override
  public void registerClient(ChatClientInterface client) throws RemoteException {
    clients.add(client);
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
      ChatServer server = new ChatServer();
      Naming.rebind("rmi://localhost/ChatServer", server);
      System.out.println("Chat Server is running...");
    } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("Server failed: " + e);
    }
  }
}
Commands:
compile all files (javac *.java)
Start-Process rmiregistry (or for linux os "rmiregistry &")
java ChatServer
java ChatClient (per client)
Expt2 Code
1. RMI_Chat_Interface.java -
import java.rmi.Remote;
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
public interface RMI_Chat_Interface extends Remote {
```

```
public void sendToServer(String message) throws RemoteException;
}
2. RMI_Server.java -
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.rmi.registry.Registry;
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
public class RMI Server extends UnicastRemoteObject implements
RMI_Chat_Interface {
public RMI Server() throws RemoteException {
super();
}
@Override
public void sendToServer(String message) throws RemoteException {
System.out.println("Client says: " + message);
}
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
Registry rmiregistry = LocateRegistry.createRegistry(6000);
rmiregistry.bind("chat", new RMI_Server());
System.out.println("Chat server is running...");
}
}
3. RMI Client.java -
import java.rmi.Naming;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class RMI_Client {
static Scanner input = null;
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
RMI_Chat_Interface chatapi = (RMI_Chat_Interface)
```

```
Naming.lookup("rmi://localhost:6000/chat");
input = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Connected to server...");
System.out.println("Type a message for sending to server...");
String message = input.nextLine();
while (!message.equals("Bye")) {
chatapi.sendToServer(message);
message = input.nextLine();
}
}
}
Commands:
compile all files as usual (javac *.java)
java RMI_Server.java
java RMI_Client.java
Expt1 Code
Producer.java
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.RandomAccessFile;
import java.nio.MappedByteBuffer;
import java.nio.channels.FileChannel;
public class Producer {
  public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    RandomAccessFile rd = new RandomAccessFile("D:/Code/Exp 1/mapped.txt", "rw");
    FileChannel fc = rd.getChannel();
    MappedByteBuffer mem = fc.map(FileChannel.MapMode.READ WRITE, 0, 1000);
    try {
```

```
Thread.sleep(10000);
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
    for (int i = 1; i \le 10; i++) {
      mem.put((byte) i);
      System.out.println("Process 1: " + (byte) i);
      Thread.sleep(1); // time to allow CPU cache refreshed
    }
    // Close resources
    fc.close();
    rd.close();
 }
Consumer.java
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.RandomAccessFile;
import java.nio.MappedByteBuffer;
import java.nio.channels.FileChannel;
* Consumer process reading data from the memory-mapped file
*/
public class Consumer {
  public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    RandomAccessFile rd = new RandomAccessFile("D:/Code/Exp 1/mapped.txt", "r");
    FileChannel fc = rd.getChannel();
    MappedByteBuffer mem = fc.map(FileChannel.MapMode.READ_ONLY, 0, 1000);
```

}

```
// Assuming that the producer has already written the data
    for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
      byte value = mem.get();
      System.out.println("Process 2: " + value);
    }
    // Close resources
    fc.close();
    rd.close();
 }
}
Commands:
```

javac \*.java

Java producer

Java consumer