pika Release 0.10.0

Contents

1	Installing Pika	3
2	Using Pika	5
3	Indices and tables	115
Pv	thon Module Index	117

Pika is a pure-Python implementation of the AMQP 0-9-1 protocol that tries to stay fairly independent of the underlying network support library.

If you have not developed with Pika or RabbitMQ before, the *Introduction to Pika* documentation is a good place to get started.

Contents 1

2 Contents

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Installing Pika

Pika is available for download via PyPI and may be installed using easy_install or pip:

pip install pika

or:

easy_install pika

To install from source, run "python setup.py install" in the root source directory.

CHAPTER 2

Using Pika

Introduction to Pika

IO and Event Looping

As AMQP is a two-way RPC protocol where the client can send requests to the server and the server can send requests to a client, Pika implements or extends IO loops in each of its asynchronous connection adapters. These IO loops are blocking methods which loop and listen for events. Each asynchronous adapters follows the same standard for invoking the IO loop. The IO loop is created when the connection adapter is created. To start an IO loop for any given adapter, call the connection.ioloop.start() method.

If you are using an external IO loop such as Tornado's IOLOOP, you invoke it as you normally would and then add the adapter to it.

Example:

```
import pika

def on_open(connection):
    # Invoked when the connection is open
    pass

# Create our connection object, passing in the on_open method
connection = pika.SelectConnection(on_open_callback=on_open)

try:
    # Loop so we can communicate with RabbitMQ
    connection.ioloop.start()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    # Gracefully close the connection
    connection.close()
    # Loop until we're fully closed, will stop on its own
    connection.ioloop.start()
```

Continuation-Passing Style

Interfacing with Pika asynchronously is done by passing in callback methods you would like to have invoked when a certain event has completed. For example, if you are going to declare a queue, you pass in a method that will be called when the RabbitMQ server returns a Queue.DeclareOk response.

In our example below we use the following four easy steps:

- 1. We start by creating our connection object, then starting our event loop.
- 2. When we are connected, the *on_connected* method is called. In that method we create a channel.
- 3. When the channel is created, the *on_channel_open* method is called. In that method we declare a queue.
- 4. When the queue is declared successfully, *on_queue_declared* is called. In that method we call channel. basic_consume telling it to call the handle_delivery for each message RabbitMQ delivers to us.
- 5. When RabbitMQ has a message to send us, it call the handle_delivery method passing the AMQP Method frame, Header frame and Body.

Note: Step #1 is on line #28 and Step #2 is on line #6. This is so that Python knows about the functions we'll call in Steps #2 through #5.

Example:

```
import pika
# Create a global channel variable to hold our channel object in
channel = None
# Step #2
def on_connected(connection):
    """Called when we are fully connected to RabbitMQ"""
    # Open a channel
    connection.channel(on_channel_open)
# Step #3
def on_channel_open(new_channel):
    """Called when our channel has opened"""
   global channel
   channel = new_channel
   channel.queue_declare(queue="test", durable=True, exclusive=False, auto_
→delete=False, callback=on_queue_declared)
# Step #4
def on_queue_declared(frame):
    """Called when RabbitMQ has told us our Queue has been declared, frame is the
→response from RabbitMQ"""
   channel.basic_consume(handle_delivery, queue='test')
# Step #5
def handle_delivery(channel, method, header, body):
    """Called when we receive a message from RabbitMQ"""
   print (body)
# Step #1: Connect to RabbitMO using the default parameters
parameters = pika.ConnectionParameters()
connection = pika.SelectConnection(parameters, on_connected)
```

```
try:
    # Loop so we can communicate with RabbitMQ
    connection.ioloop.start()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    # Gracefully close the connection
    connection.close()
    # Loop until we're fully closed, will stop on its own
    connection.ioloop.start()
```

Credentials

The pika.credentials module provides the mechanism by which you pass the username and password to the ConnectionParameters class when it is created.

Example:

```
import pika
credentials = pika.PlainCredentials('username', 'password')
parameters = pika.ConnectionParameters(credentials=credentials)
```

Connection Parameters

There are two types of connection parameter classes in Pika to allow you to pass the connection information into a connection adapter, ConnectionParameters and URLParameters. Both classes share the same default connection values.

TCP Backpressure

As of RabbitMQ 2.0, client side Channel.Flow has been removed¹. Instead, the RabbitMQ broker uses TCP Backpressure to slow your client if it is delivering messages too fast. If you pass in backpressure_detection into your connection parameters, Pika attempts to help you handle this situation by providing a mechanism by which you may be notified if Pika has noticed too many frames have yet to be delivered. By registering a callback function with the <code>add_backpressure_callback</code> method of any connection adapter, your function will be called when Pika sees that a backlog of 10 times the average frame size you have been sending has been exceeded. You may tweak the notification multiplier value by calling the <code>set_backpressure_multiplier</code> method passing any integer value.

Example:

Core Class and Module Documentation

For the end user, Pika is organized into a small set of objects for all communication with RabbitMQ.

A connection adapter is used to connect to RabbitMQ and manages the connection.

^{1 &}quot;more effective flow control mechanism that does not require cooperation from clients and reacts quickly to prevent the broker from exhausing memory - see http://www.rabbitmq.com/extensions.html#memsup" from http://lists.rabbitmq.com/pipermail/rabbitmq-announce/attachments/20100825/2c672695/attachment.txt

- Connection parameters are used to instruct the Connection object how to connect to RabbitMQ.
- Authentication Credentials are used to encapsulate all authentication information for the ConnectionParameters class.
- A Channel object is used to communicate with RabbitMQ via the AMQP RPC methods.
- Exceptions are raised at various points when using Pika when something goes wrong.

Connection Adapters

Pika uses connection adapters to provide a flexible method for adapting pika's core communication to different IOLoop implementations. In addition to asynchronous adapters, there is the <code>BlockingConnection</code> adapter that provides a more idomatic procedural approach to using Pika.

Adapters

BlockingConnection

The blocking connection adapter module implements blocking semantics on top of Pika's core AMQP driver. While most of the asynchronous expectations are removed when using the blocking connection adapter, it attempts to remain true to the asynchronous RPC nature of the AMQP protocol, supporting server sent RPC commands.

The user facing classes in the module consist of the BlockingConnection and the BlockingChannel classes.

Be sure to check out examples in *Usage Examples*.

The BlockingConnection creates a layer on top of Pika's asynchronous core providing methods that will block until their expected response has returned. Due to the asynchronous nature of the *Basic.Deliver* and *Basic.Return* calls from RabbitMQ to your application, you can still implement continuation-passing style asynchronous methods if you'd like to receive messages from RabbitMQ using <code>basic_consume</code> or if you want to be notified of a delivery failure when using <code>basic_publish</code>.

For more information about communicating with the blocking_connection adapter, be sure to check out the <code>BlockingChannel</code> class which implements the <code>Channel</code> based communication for the blocking_connection adapter.

To prevent recursion/reentrancy, the blocking connection and channel implementations queue asynchronously-delivered events received in nested context (e.g., while waiting for *BlockingConnection.channel* or *BlockingChannel.queue_declare* to complete), dispatching them synchronously once nesting returns to the desired context. This concerns all callbacks, such as those registered via *BlockingConnection.add_timeout*, *BlockingConnection.add_on_connection_blocked_callback*, *BlockingConnection.add_on_connection_unblocked_callback*, *BlockingConnection.add_on_connect*

Blocked Connection deadlock avoidance: when RabbitMQ becomes low on resources, it emits Connection.Blocked (AMQP extension) to the client connection when client makes a resource-consuming request on that connection or its channel (e.g., Basic.Publish); subsequently, RabbitMQ suspsends processing requests from that connection until the affected resources are restored. See http://www.rabbitmq.com/connection-blocked. html. This may impact BlockingConnection and BlockingChannel operations in a way that users might not be expecting. For example, if the user dispatches BlockingChannel.basic_publish in non-publisher-confirmation mode while RabbitMQ is in this low-resource state followed by a synchronous request (e.g., BlockingConnection.channel, BlockingChannel.consume, BlockingChannel.basic_consume, etc.), the synchronous request will block indefinitely (until Connection.Unblocked) waiting for RabbitMQ to reply. If the blocked

state persists for a long time, the blocking operation will appear to hang. In this state, *BlockingConnection* instance and its channels will not dispatch user callbacks. SOLUTION: To break this potential deadlock, applications may configure the *blocked_connection_timeout* connection parameter when instantiating *BlockingConnection*. Upon blocked connection timeout, this adapter will raise ConnectionClosed exception with first exception arg of *pika.connection.InternalCloseReasons.BLOCKED_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT*. See *pika.connection.ConnectionParameters* documentation to learn more about *blocked_connection_timeout* configuration.

add on connection blocked callback (callback method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a *Connection.Blocked* frame indicating that RabbitMQ is low on resources. Publishers can use this to voluntarily suspend publishing, instead of relying on back pressure throttling. The callback will be passed the *Connection.Blocked* method frame.

See also ConnectionParameters.blocked_connection_timeout.

Parameters callback_method (method) – Callback to call on *Connection.Blocked*, having the signature *callback_method(pika.frame.Method)*, where the method frame's *method* member is of type *pika.spec.Connection.Blocked*

add on connection unblocked callback (callback method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a *Connection.Unblocked* frame letting publishers know it's ok to start publishing again. The callback will be passed the *Connection.Unblocked* method frame.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Unblocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked

add timeout (deadline, callback method)

Create a single-shot timer to fire after deadline seconds. Do not confuse with Tornado's timeout where you pass in the time you want to have your callback called. Only pass in the seconds until it's to be called.

NOTE: the timer callbacks are dispatched only in the scope of specially-designated methods: see *BlockingConnection.process_data_events* and *BlockingChannel.start_consuming*.

Parameters

- deadline (float) The number of seconds to wait to call callback
- callback_method (callable) The callback method with the signature callback_method()

Returns opaque timer id

basic nack

Specifies if the server supports basic.nack on the active connection.

Return type bool

basic_nack_supported

Specifies if the server supports basic.nack on the active connection.

Return type bool

channel (channel number=None)

Create a new channel with the next available channel number or pass in a channel number to use. Must be non-zero if you would like to specify but it is recommended that you let Pika manage the channel numbers.

Return type pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel

close (reply_code=200, reply_text='Normal shutdown')

Disconnect from RabbitMQ. If there are any open channels, it will attempt to close them prior to fully

disconnecting. Channels which have active consumers will attempt to send a Basic.Cancel to RabbitMQ to cleanly stop the delivery of messages prior to closing the channel.

Parameters

- reply_code (int) The code number for the close
- **reply_text** (*str*) The text reason for the close

consumer_cancel_notify

Specifies if the server supports consumer cancel notification on the active connection.

Return type bool

consumer_cancel_notify_supported

Specifies if the server supports consumer cancel notification on the active connection.

Return type bool

exchange_exchange_bindings

Specifies if the active connection supports exchange to exchange bindings.

Return type bool

exchange_exchange_bindings_supported

Specifies if the active connection supports exchange to exchange bindings.

Return type bool

is closed

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

is_closing

Returns True if connection is in the process of closing due to client-initiated *close* request, but closing is not yet complete.

is_open

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

process_data_events(time_limit=0)

Will make sure that data events are processed. Dispatches timer and channel callbacks if not called from the scope of BlockingConnection or BlockingChannel callback. Your app can block on this method.

Parameters time_limit (float) – suggested upper bound on processing time in seconds. The actual blocking time depends on the granularity of the underlying ioloop. Zero means return as soon as possible. None means there is no limit on processing time and the function will block until I/O produces actionalable events. Defaults to 0 for backward compatibility. This parameter is NEW in pika 0.10.0.

publisher confirms

Specifies if the active connection can use publisher confirmations.

Return type bool

publisher_confirms_supported

Specifies if the active connection can use publisher confirmations.

Return type bool

remove_timeout (timeout_id)

Remove a timer if it's still in the timeout stack

Parameters timeout id – The opaque timer id to remove

sleep (duration)

A safer way to sleep than calling time.sleep() directly that would keep the adapter from ignoring frames sent from the broker. The connection will "sleep" or block the number of seconds specified in duration in small intervals.

Parameters duration (float) – The time to sleep in seconds

```
class pika.adapters.blocking connection.BlockingChannel (channel impl, connection)
```

The BlockingChannel implements blocking semantics for most things that one would use callback-passing-style for with the *Channel* class. In addition, the *BlockingChannel* class implements a generator that allows you to *consume messages* without using callbacks.

Example of creating a BlockingChannel:

```
import pika

# Create our connection object
connection = pika.BlockingConnection()

# The returned object will be a synchronous channel
channel = connection.channel()
```

add_on_cancel_callback (callback)

Pass a callback function that will be called when Basic.Cancel is sent by the broker. The callback function should receive a method frame parameter.

Parameters callback (callable) – a callable for handling broker's Basic.Cancel notification with the call signature: callback(method_frame) where method_frame is of type pika.frame.Method with method of type spec.Basic.Cancel

add_on_return_callback (callback)

Pass a callback function that will be called when a published message is rejected and returned by the server via *Basic.Return*.

Parameters callback (*callable*) – The method to call on callback with the signature callback(channel, method, properties, body), where channel: pika.Channel method: pika.spec.Basic.Return properties: pika.spec.BasicProperties body: str, unicode, or bytes (python 3.x)

basic_ack (delivery_tag=0, multiple=False)

Acknowledge one or more messages. When sent by the client, this method acknowledges one or more messages delivered via the Deliver or Get-Ok methods. When sent by server, this method acknowledges one or more messages published with the Publish method on a channel in confirm mode. The acknowledgement can be for a single message or a set of messages up to and including a specific message.

Parameters

- **delivery-tag** (*int*) The server-assigned delivery tag
- multiple (bool) If set to True, the delivery tag is treated as "up to and including", so that multiple messages can be acknowledged with a single method. If set to False, the delivery tag refers to a single message. If the multiple field is 1, and the delivery tag is zero, this indicates acknowledgement of all outstanding messages.

basic_cancel (consumer_tag)

This method cancels a consumer. This does not affect already delivered messages, but it does mean the server will not send any more messages for that consumer. The client may receive an arbitrary number of messages in between sending the cancel method and receiving the cancel-ok reply.

NOTE: When cancelling a no_ack=False consumer, this implementation automatically Nacks and suppresses any incoming messages that have not yet been dispatched to the consumer's callback. However,

when cancelling a no_ack=True consumer, this method will return any pending messages that arrived before broker confirmed the cancellation.

Parameters consumer_tag (str) – Identifier for the consumer; the result of passing a consumer_tag that was created on another channel is undefined (bad things will happen)

Returns

(NEW IN pika 0.10.0) empty sequence for a no_ack=False consumer; for a no_ack=True consumer, returns a (possibly empty) sequence of pending messages that arrived before broker confirmed the cancellation (this is done instead of via consumer's callback in order to prevent reentrancy/recursion. Each message is four-tuple: (channel, method, properties, body)

channel: BlockingChannel method: spec.Basic.Deliver properties: spec.BasicProperties body: str or unicode

Sends the AMQP command Basic.Consume to the broker and binds messages for the consumer_tag to the consumer callback. If you do not pass in a consumer_tag, one will be automatically generated for you. Returns the consumer tag.

NOTE: the consumer callbacks are dispatched only in the scope of specially-designated methods: see *BlockingConnection.process_data_events* and *BlockingChannel.start_consuming*.

For more information about Basic.Consume, see: http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#basic.consume

Parameters

- **consumer_callback** (*callable*) The function for dispatching messages to user, having the signature: consumer_callback(channel, method, properties, body)
 - channel: BlockingChannel method: spec.Basic.Deliver properties: spec.BasicProperties body: str or unicode
- queue (str or unicode) The queue to consume from
- no_ack (bool) Tell the broker to not expect a response (i.e., no ack/nack)
- exclusive (bool) Don't allow other consumers on the queue
- consumer_tag (str or unicode) You may specify your own consumer tag; if left empty, a consumer tag will be generated automatically
- **arguments** (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the consumer

Returns consumer tag

Return type str

Raises pika.exceptions.DuplicateConsumerTag — if consumer with given consumer_tag is already present.

basic_get (queue=None, no_ack=False)

Get a single message from the AMQP broker. Returns a sequence with the method frame, message properties, and body.

Parameters

- queue (str or unicode) Name of queue to get a message from
- no_ack (bool) Tell the broker to not expect a reply

Returns a three-tuple; (None, None, None) if the queue was empty; otherwise (method, properties, body); NOTE: body may be None

Return type (None, None, None)|(spec.Basic.GetOk, spec.BasicProperties, str or unicode or None)

basic_nack (delivery_tag=None, multiple=False, requeue=True)

This method allows a client to reject one or more incoming messages. It can be used to interrupt and cancel large incoming messages, or return untreatable messages to their original queue.

Parameters

- **delivery-tag** (int) The server-assigned delivery tag
- multiple (bool) If set to True, the delivery tag is treated as "up to and including", so that multiple messages can be acknowledged with a single method. If set to False, the delivery tag refers to a single message. If the multiple field is 1, and the delivery tag is zero, this indicates acknowledgement of all outstanding messages.
- **requeue** (bool) If requeue is true, the server will attempt to requeue the message. If requeue is false or the requeue attempt fails the messages are discarded or dead-lettered.

Publish to the channel with the given exchange, routing key and body. Returns a boolean value indicating the success of the operation.

This is the legacy BlockingChannel method for publishing. See also *BlockingChannel.publish* that provides more information about failures.

For more information on basic_publish and what the parameters do, see:

http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#basic.publish

NOTE: mandatory and immediate may be enabled even without delivery confirmation, but in the absence of delivery confirmation the synchronous implementation has no way to know how long to wait for the Basic.Return or lack thereof.

Parameters

- exchange (str or unicode) The exchange to publish to
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to bind on
- body (str or unicode) The message body; empty string if no body
- properties (pika.spec.BasicProperties) message properties
- mandatory (bool) The mandatory flag
- immediate (bool) The immediate flag

Returns True if delivery confirmation is not enabled (NEW in pika 0.10.0); otherwise returns False if the message could not be delivered (Basic.nack and/or Basic.Return) and True if the message was delivered (Basic.ack and no Basic.Return)

basic_qos (*prefetch_size=0*, *prefetch_count=0*, *all_channels=False*)

Specify quality of service. This method requests a specific quality of service. The QoS can be specified for the current channel or for all channels on the connection. The client can request that messages be sent in advance so that when the client finishes processing a message, the following message is already held locally, rather than needing to be sent down the channel. Prefetching gives a performance improvement.

Parameters

• **prefetch_size** (*int*) – This field specifies the prefetch window size. The server will send a message in advance if it is equal to or smaller in size than the available prefetch size

(and also falls into other prefetch limits). May be set to zero, meaning "no specific limit", although other prefetch limits may still apply. The prefetch-size is ignored if the no-ack option is set in the consumer.

- **prefetch_count** (*int*) Specifies a prefetch window in terms of whole messages. This field may be used in combination with the prefetch-size field; a message will only be sent in advance if both prefetch windows (and those at the channel and connection level) allow it. The prefetch-count is ignored if the no-ack option is set in the consumer.
- all_channels (bool) Should the QoS apply to all channels

basic_recover (requeue=False)

This method asks the server to redeliver all unacknowledged messages on a specified channel. Zero or more messages may be redelivered. This method replaces the asynchronous Recover.

Parameters requeue (bool) – If False, the message will be redelivered to the original recipient. If True, the server will attempt to requeue the message, potentially then delivering it to an alternative subscriber.

basic_reject (delivery_tag=None, requeue=True)

Reject an incoming message. This method allows a client to reject a message. It can be used to interrupt and cancel large incoming messages, or return untreatable messages to their original queue.

Parameters

- **delivery-tag** (*int*) The server-assigned delivery tag
- **requeue** (bool) If requeue is true, the server will attempt to requeue the message. If requeue is false or the requeue attempt fails the messages are discarded or dead-lettered.

cancel()

Cancel the queue consumer created by *BlockingChannel.consume*, rejecting all pending ackable messages.

NOTE: If you're looking to cancel a consumer issued with BlockingChannel.basic_consume then you should call BlockingChannel.basic_cancel.

Return int The number of messages requeued by Basic.Nack. NEW in 0.10.0: returns 0

channel number

Channel number

close (reply_code=0, reply_text='Normal Shutdown')

Will invoke a clean shutdown of the channel with the AMQP Broker.

Parameters

- reply_code (int) The reply code to close the channel with
- reply_text (str) The reply text to close the channel with

confirm_delivery()

Turn on RabbitMQ-proprietary Confirm mode in the channel.

For more information see: http://www.rabbitmq.com/extensions.html#confirms

connection

The channel's BlockingConnection instance

consume (queue, no_ack=False, exclusive=False, arguments=None, inactivity_timeout=None)

Blocking consumption of a queue instead of via a callback. This method is a generator that yields each message as a tuple of method, properties, and body. The active generator iterator terminates when the consumer is cancelled by client or broker.

Example:

for method, properties, body in channel.consume('queue'): print body channel.basic_ack(method.delivery_tag)

You should call *BlockingChannel.cancel()* when you escape out of the generator loop.

If you don't cancel this consumer, then next call on the same channel to *consume()* with the exact same (queue, no_ack, exclusive) parameters will resume the existing consumer generator; however, calling with different parameters will result in an exception.

Parameters

- queue (str or unicode) The queue name to consume
- no_ack (bool) Tell the broker to not expect a ack/nack response
- exclusive (bool) Don't allow other consumers on the queue
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the consumer
- inactivity_timeout (float) if a number is given (in seconds), will cause the method to yield None after the given period of inactivity; this permits for pseudo-regular maintenance activities to be carried out by the user while waiting for messages to arrive. If None is given (default), then the method blocks until the next event arrives. NOTE that timing granularity is limited by the timer resolution of the underlying implementation. NEW in pika 0.10.0.

Yields tuple(spec.Basic.Deliver, spec.BasicProperties, str or unicode)

Raises ValueError – if consumer-creation parameters don't match those of the existing queue consumer generator, if any. NEW in pika 0.10.0

exchange_bind (*destination=None*, *source=None*, *routing_key=''*, *arguments=None*) Bind an exchange to another exchange.

Parameters

- destination (str or unicode) The destination exchange to bind
- source (str or unicode) The source exchange to bind to
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to bind on
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

Returns Method frame from the Exchange.Bind-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Exchange.BindOk

exchange_declare (exchange=None, exchange_type='direct', passive=False, durable=False, auto delete=False, internal=False, arguments=None)

This method creates an exchange if it does not already exist, and if the exchange exists, verifies that it is of the correct and expected class.

If passive set, the server will reply with Declare-Ok if the exchange already exists with the same name, and raise an error if not and if the exchange does not already exist, the server MUST raise a channel exception with reply code 404 (not found).

- **exchange** (str or unicode) The exchange name consists of a non-empty sequence of these characters: letters, digits, hyphen, underscore, period, or colon.
- **exchange_type** (str) The exchange type to use
- passive (bool) Perform a declare or just check to see if it exists
- durable (bool) Survive a reboot of RabbitMQ

- auto_delete (bool) Remove when no more queues are bound to it
- internal (bool) Can only be published to by other exchanges
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the exchange

Returns Method frame from the Exchange. Declare-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Exchange.DeclareOk

exchange_delete (exchange=None, if_unused=False)

Delete the exchange.

Parameters

- exchange (str or unicode) The exchange name
- **if_unused** (bool) only delete if the exchange is unused

Returns Method frame from the Exchange. Delete-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Exchange.DeleteOk

exchange_unbind (destination=None, source=None, routing_key='', arguments=None) Unbind an exchange from another exchange.

Parameters

- destination (str or unicode) The destination exchange to unbind
- source (str or unicode) The source exchange to unbind from
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to unbind
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

Returns Method frame from the Exchange. Unbind-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Exchange.UnbindOk

flow (active)

Turn Channel flow control off and on.

NOTE: RabbitMQ doesn't support active=False; per https://www.rabbitmq.com/specification.html: "active=false is not supported by the server. Limiting prefetch with basic.qos provides much better control"

For more information, please reference:

http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#channel.flow

Parameters active (bool) - Turn flow on (True) or off (False)

Returns True if broker will start or continue sending; False if not

Return type bool

get_waiting_message_count()

Returns the number of messages that may be retrieved from the current queue consumer generator via *BlockingChannel.consume* without blocking. NEW in pika 0.10.0

Return type int

is closed

Returns True if the channel is closed.

Return type bool

is_closing

Returns True if client-initiated closing of the channel is in progress.

Return type bool

is_open

Returns True if the channel is open.

Return type bool

publish (exchange, routing_key, body, properties=None, mandatory=False, immediate=False)

Publish to the channel with the given exchange, routing key, and body. Unlike the legacy *BlockingChannel.basic publish*, this method provides more information about failures via exceptions.

For more information on basic_publish and what the parameters do, see:

http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#basic.publish

NOTE: mandatory and immediate may be enabled even without delivery confirmation, but in the absence of delivery confirmation the synchronous implementation has no way to know how long to wait for the Basic.Return.

Parameters

- exchange (str or unicode) The exchange to publish to
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to bind on
- body (str or unicode) The message body; empty string if no body
- properties (pika.spec.BasicProperties) message properties
- mandatory (bool) The mandatory flag
- immediate (bool) The immediate flag

Raises

- *UnroutableError* raised when a message published in publisher-acknowledgments mode (see *BlockingChannel.confirm_delivery*) is returned via *Basic.Return* followed by *Basic.Ack*.
- **NackError** raised when a message published in publisher-acknowledgements mode is Nack'ed by the broker. See *BlockingChannel.confirm_delivery*.

queue_bind (*queue*, *exchange*, *routing_key=None*, *arguments=None*)

Bind the queue to the specified exchange

Parameters

- queue (str or unicode) The queue to bind to the exchange
- exchange (str or unicode) The source exchange to bind to
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to bind on
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

Returns Method frame from the Queue.Bind-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Queue.BindOk

queue_declare (queue='', passive=False, durable=False, exclusive=False, auto_delete=False, arguments=None)

Declare queue, create if needed. This method creates or checks a queue. When creating a new queue the client can specify various properties that control the durability of the queue and its contents, and the level of sharing for the queue.

Leave the queue name empty for a auto-named queue in RabbitMQ

Parameters

- queue (str or unicode; if empty string, the broker will create a unique queue name;)—The queue name
- passive (bool) Only check to see if the queue exists
- **durable** (bool) Survive reboots of the broker
- **exclusive** (bool) Only allow access by the current connection
- auto_delete (bool) Delete after consumer cancels or disconnects
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value arguments for the queue

Returns Method frame from the Queue.Declare-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Queue.DeclareOk

```
\verb"queue=-"if_unused=False", if_unused=False", if_empty=False")
```

Delete a queue from the broker.

Parameters

- queue (str or unicode) The queue to delete
- if_unused (bool) only delete if it's unused
- **if_empty** (bool) only delete if the queue is empty

Returns Method frame from the Queue. Delete-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Queue.DeleteOk

```
queue_purge (queue='')
```

Purge all of the messages from the specified queue

Parameters queue (str or unicode) - The queue to purge

Returns Method frame from the Queue.Purge-ok response

Return type *pika.frame.Method* having *method* attribute of type *spec.Queue.PurgeOk*

queue_unbind (queue='', exchange=None, routing_key=None, arguments=None) Unbind a queue from an exchange.

Parameters

- queue (str or unicode) The queue to unbind from the exchange
- exchange (str or unicode) The source exchange to bind from
- routing key (str or unicode) The routing key to unbind
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

Returns Method frame from the Queue.Unbind-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Queue.UnbindOk

start consuming()

Processes I/O events and dispatches timers and basic_consume callbacks until all consumers are cancelled.

NOTE: this blocking function may not be called from the scope of a pika callback, because dispatching *basic_consume* callbacks from this context would constitute recursion.

Raises pika.exceptions.RecursionError – if called from the scope of a Blocking-Connection or BlockingChannel callback

stop_consuming(consumer_tag=None)

Cancels all consumers, signalling the *start_consuming* loop to exit.

NOTE: pending non-ackable messages will be lost; pending ackable messages will be rejected.

tx commit()

Commit a transaction.

Returns Method frame from the Tx.Commit-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Tx.CommitOk

tx_rollback()

Rollback a transaction.

Returns Method frame from the Tx.Commit-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Tx.CommitOk

tx_select()

Select standard transaction mode. This method sets the channel to use standard transactions. The client must use this method at least once on a channel before using the Commit or Rollback methods.

Returns Method frame from the Tx.Select-ok response

Return type pika.frame.Method having method attribute of type spec.Tx.SelectOk

Select Connection Adapter

A connection adapter that tries to use the best polling method for the platform pika is running on.

```
class pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection(parameters=None,
```

on_open_callback=None, on_open_error_callback=None, on_close_callback=None, stop_ioloop_on_close=True, custom_ioloop=None)

An asynchronous connection adapter that attempts to use the fastest event loop adapter for the given platform.

add_backpressure_callback (callback_method)

Call method "callback" when pika believes backpressure is being applied.

Parameters callback_method (method) - The method to call

add on close callback (callback method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has closed. The callback will be passed the connection, the reply_code (int) and the reply_text (str), if sent by the remote server.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on close

add_on_connection_blocked_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection.Blocked frame indicating that RabbitMQ is low on resources. Publishers can use this to voluntarily suspend publishing, instead of relying on back pressure throttling. The callback will be passed the Connection.Blocked method frame.

See also ConnectionParameters.blocked_connection_timeout.

Parameters callback_method (method) – Callback to call on *Connection.Blocked*, having the signature *callback_method*(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Blocked

add on connection unblocked callback (callback method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection. Unblocked frame letting publishers know it's ok to start publishing again. The callback will be passed the Connection. Unblocked method frame.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Unblocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked

add_on_open_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has opened.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call when open

add_on_open_error_callback (callback_method, remove_default=True)

Add a callback notification when the connection can not be opened.

The callback method should accept the connection object that could not connect, and an optional error message.

Parameters

- callback_method (method) Callback to call when can't connect
- remove_default (bool) Remove default exception raising callback

add_timeout (deadline, callback_method)

Add the callback_method to the IOLoop timer to fire after deadline seconds. Returns a handle to the timeout

Parameters

- **deadline** (*int*) The number of seconds to wait to call callback
- callback_method (method) The callback method

Return type str

basic nack

Specifies if the server supports basic.nack on the active connection.

Return type bool

channel (on_open_callback, channel_number=None)

Create a new channel with the next available channel number or pass in a channel number to use. Must be non-zero if you would like to specify but it is recommended that you let Pika manage the channel numbers.

Parameters

- on open callback (method) The callback when the channel is opened
- **channel_number** (*int*) The channel number to use, defaults to the next available.

Return type pika.channel.Channel

close (reply_code=200, reply_text='Normal shutdown')

Disconnect from RabbitMQ. If there are any open channels, it will attempt to close them prior to fully disconnecting. Channels which have active consumers will attempt to send a Basic.Cancel to RabbitMQ to cleanly stop the delivery of messages prior to closing the channel.

- **reply_code** (*int*) The code number for the close
- reply_text (str) The text reason for the close

connect()

Invoke if trying to reconnect to a RabbitMQ server. Constructing the Connection object should connect on its own.

consumer_cancel_notify

Specifies if the server supports consumer cancel notification on the active connection.

Return type bool

exchange exchange bindings

Specifies if the active connection supports exchange to exchange bindings.

Return type bool

is closed

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

is_closing

Returns True if connection is in the process of closing due to client-initiated *close* request, but closing is not yet complete.

is open

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

publisher_confirms

Specifies if the active connection can use publisher confirmations.

Return type bool

remove_timeout (timeout_id)

Remove the timeout from the IOLoop by the ID returned from add timeout.

Return type str

set_backpressure_multiplier(value=10)

Alter the backpressure multiplier value. We set this to 10 by default. This value is used to raise warnings and trigger the backpressure callback.

Parameters value (int) – The multiplier value to set

Tornado Connection Adapter

Use pika with the Tornado IOLoop

Be sure to check out the asynchronous examples including the Tornado specific consumer example.

```
class pika.adapters.tornado connection.TornadoConnection(parameters=None,
```

on_open_callback=None, on_open_error_callback=None, on_close_callback=None, stop_ioloop_on_close=False, custom_ioloop=None)

The TornadoConnection runs on the Tornado IOLoop. If you're running the connection in a web app, make sure you set stop_ioloop_on_close to False, which is the default behavior for this adapter, otherwise the web app will stop taking requests.

- parameters (pika.connection.Parameters) Connection parameters
- on_open_callback (method) The method to call when the connection is open

- on_open_error_callback (method) Method to call if the connection cant be opened
- stop_ioloop_on_close (bool) Call ioloop.stop() if disconnected
- custom_ioloop Override using the global IOLoop in Tornado

add_backpressure_callback (callback_method)

Call method "callback" when pika believes backpressure is being applied.

Parameters callback method (method) - The method to call

add_on_close_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has closed. The callback will be passed the connection, the reply_code (int) and the reply_text (str), if sent by the remote server.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on close

add_on_connection_blocked_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection.Blocked frame indicating that RabbitMQ is low on resources. Publishers can use this to voluntarily suspend publishing, instead of relying on back pressure throttling. The callback will be passed the Connection.Blocked method frame.

See also ConnectionParameters.blocked_connection_timeout.

Parameters callback_method (method) – Callback to call on Connection.Blocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Blocked

add_on_connection_unblocked_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection. Unblocked frame letting publishers know it's ok to start publishing again. The callback will be passed the Connection. Unblocked method frame.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Unblocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked

add_on_open_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has opened.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call when open

add on open error callback (callback method, remove default=True)

Add a callback notification when the connection can not be opened.

The callback method should accept the connection object that could not connect, and an optional error message.

Parameters

- callback_method (method) Callback to call when can't connect
- remove_default (bool) Remove default exception raising callback

add_timeout (deadline, callback_method)

Add the callback_method to the IOLoop timer to fire after deadline seconds. Returns a handle to the timeout. Do not confuse with Tornado's timeout where you pass in the time you want to have your callback called. Only pass in the seconds until it's to be called.

- **deadline** (*int*) The number of seconds to wait to call callback
- callback method (method) The callback method

Return type str

basic nack

Specifies if the server supports basic.nack on the active connection.

Return type bool

channel (on_open_callback, channel_number=None)

Create a new channel with the next available channel number or pass in a channel number to use. Must be non-zero if you would like to specify but it is recommended that you let Pika manage the channel numbers.

Parameters

- on_open_callback (method) The callback when the channel is opened
- **channel_number** (*int*) The channel number to use, defaults to the next available.

Return type pika.channel.Channel

close (reply_code=200, reply_text='Normal shutdown')

Disconnect from RabbitMQ. If there are any open channels, it will attempt to close them prior to fully disconnecting. Channels which have active consumers will attempt to send a Basic.Cancel to RabbitMQ to cleanly stop the delivery of messages prior to closing the channel.

Parameters

- reply_code (int) The code number for the close
- reply_text (str) The text reason for the close

connect()

Invoke if trying to reconnect to a RabbitMQ server. Constructing the Connection object should connect on its own.

consumer_cancel_notify

Specifies if the server supports consumer cancel notification on the active connection.

Return type bool

exchange_exchange_bindings

Specifies if the active connection supports exchange to exchange bindings.

Return type bool

is closed

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

is_closing

Returns True if connection is in the process of closing due to client-initiated *close* request, but closing is not yet complete.

is_open

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

publisher_confirms

Specifies if the active connection can use publisher confirmations.

Return type bool

remove_timeout (timeout_id)

Remove the timeout from the IOLoop by the ID returned from add_timeout.

Return type str

set backpressure multiplier (value=10)

Alter the backpressure multiplier value. We set this to 10 by default. This value is used to raise warnings and trigger the backpressure callback.

Parameters value (int) – The multiplier value to set

Twisted Connection Adapter

Using Pika with a Twisted reactor.

Supports two methods of establishing the connection, using TwistedConnection or TwistedProtocolConnection. For details about each method, see the docstrings of the corresponding classes.

The interfaces in this module are Deferred-based when possible. This means that the connection.channel() method and most of the channel methods return Deferreds instead of taking a callback argument and that basic_consume() returns a Twisted DeferredQueue where messages from the server will be stored. Refer to the docstrings for TwistedConnection.channel() and the TwistedChannel class for details.

A standard Pika connection adapter. You instantiate the class passing the connection parameters and the connected callback and when it gets called you can start using it.

The problem is that connection establishing is done using the blocking socket module. For instance, if the host you are connecting to is behind a misconfigured firewall that just drops packets, the whole process will freeze until the connection timeout passes. To work around that problem, use TwistedProtocolConnection, but read its docstring first.

Objects of this class get put in the Twisted reactor which will notify them when the socket connection becomes readable or writable, so apart from implementing the BaseConnection interface, they also provide Twisted's IReadWriteDescriptor interface.

add_backpressure_callback (callback_method)

Call method "callback" when pika believes backpressure is being applied.

Parameters callback_method (method) - The method to call

add_on_close_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has closed. The callback will be passed the connection, the reply_code (int) and the reply_text (str), if sent by the remote server.

Parameters callback method (method) - Callback to call on close

add_on_connection_blocked_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection.Blocked frame indicating that RabbitMQ is low on resources. Publishers can use this to voluntarily suspend publishing, instead of relying on back pressure throttling. The callback will be passed the Connection.Blocked method frame.

See also $ConnectionParameters.blocked_connection_timeout.$

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Blocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Blocked

add_on_connection_unblocked_callback(callback_method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection. Unblocked frame letting pub-

lishers know it's ok to start publishing again. The callback will be passed the Connection. Unblocked method frame.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Unblocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked

add on open callback (callback method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has opened.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call when open

add_on_open_error_callback (callback_method, remove_default=True)

Add a callback notification when the connection can not be opened.

The callback method should accept the connection object that could not connect, and an optional error message.

Parameters

- callback_method (method) Callback to call when can't connect
- remove_default (bool) Remove default exception raising callback

add_timeout (deadline, callback_method)

Add the callback_method to the IOLoop timer to fire after deadline seconds. Returns a handle to the timeout

Parameters

- **deadline** (int) The number of seconds to wait to call callback
- callback_method (method) The callback method

Return type str

basic nack

Specifies if the server supports basic.nack on the active connection.

Return type bool

channel (channel_number=None)

Return a Deferred that fires with an instance of a wrapper around the Pika Channel class.

```
close (reply_code=200, reply_text='Normal shutdown')
```

Disconnect from RabbitMQ. If there are any open channels, it will attempt to close them prior to fully disconnecting. Channels which have active consumers will attempt to send a Basic.Cancel to RabbitMQ to cleanly stop the delivery of messages prior to closing the channel.

Parameters

- reply_code (int) The code number for the close
- reply_text (str) The text reason for the close

connect()

Invoke if trying to reconnect to a RabbitMQ server. Constructing the Connection object should connect on its own.

consumer_cancel_notify

Specifies if the server supports consumer cancel notification on the active connection.

Return type bool

exchange_exchange_bindings

Specifies if the active connection supports exchange to exchange bindings.

Return type bool

is closed

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

is_closing

Returns True if connection is in the process of closing due to client-initiated *close* request, but closing is not yet complete.

is open

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

publisher_confirms

Specifies if the active connection can use publisher confirmations.

Return type bool

remove_timeout (timeout_id)

Remove the timeout from the IOLoop by the ID returned from add_timeout.

Return type str

set_backpressure_multiplier(value=10)

Alter the backpressure multiplier value. We set this to 10 by default. This value is used to raise warnings and trigger the backpressure callback.

Parameters value (int) – The multiplier value to set

class pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection (parameters,

on_close_callback=None)

A hybrid between a Pika Connection and a Twisted Protocol. Allows using Twisted's non-blocking connectTCP/connectSSL methods for connecting to the server.

It has one caveat: TwistedProtocolConnection objects have a ready instance variable that's a Deferred which fires when the connection is ready to be used (the initial AMQP handshaking has been done). You *have* to wait for this Deferred to fire before requesting a channel.

Since it's Twisted handling connection establishing it does not accept connect callbacks, you have to implement that within Twisted. Also remember that the host, port and ssl values of the connection parameters are ignored because, yet again, it's Twisted who manages the connection.

add_backpressure_callback (callback_method)

Call method "callback" when pika believes backpressure is being applied.

 $\textbf{Parameters callback_method} \, (\textit{method}) \, - \, \text{The method to call}$

add on close callback (callback method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has closed. The callback will be passed the connection, the reply_code (int) and the reply_text (str), if sent by the remote server.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on close

add_on_connection_blocked_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection. Blocked frame indicating that RabbitMQ is low on resources. Publishers can use this to voluntarily suspend publishing, instead of relying on back pressure throttling. The callback will be passed the Connection. Blocked method frame.

See also ConnectionParameters.blocked_connection_timeout.

Parameters callback_method (method) – Callback to call on *Connection.Blocked*, having the signature *callback_method(pika.frame.Method)*, where the method frame's *method* member is of type *pika.spec.Connection.Blocked*

add on connection unblocked callback (callback method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection. Unblocked frame letting publishers know it's ok to start publishing again. The callback will be passed the Connection. Unblocked method frame.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Unblocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked

add_on_open_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has opened.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call when open

add_on_open_error_callback (callback_method, remove_default=True)

Add a callback notification when the connection can not be opened.

The callback method should accept the connection object that could not connect, and an optional error message.

Parameters

- callback_method (method) Callback to call when can't connect
- remove_default (bool) Remove default exception raising callback

add_timeout (deadline, callback_method)

Add the callback_method to the IOLoop timer to fire after deadline seconds. Returns a handle to the timeout

Parameters

- **deadline** (*int*) The number of seconds to wait to call callback
- callback_method (method) The callback method

Return type str

basic nack

Specifies if the server supports basic.nack on the active connection.

Return type bool

channel (channel_number=None)

Create a new channel with the next available channel number or pass in a channel number to use. Must be non-zero if you would like to specify but it is recommended that you let Pika manage the channel numbers.

Return a Deferred that fires with an instance of a wrapper around the Pika Channel class.

Parameters channel_number (int) - The channel number to use, defaults to the next available.

close (reply_code=200, reply_text='Normal shutdown')

Disconnect from RabbitMQ. If there are any open channels, it will attempt to close them prior to fully disconnecting. Channels which have active consumers will attempt to send a Basic.Cancel to RabbitMQ to cleanly stop the delivery of messages prior to closing the channel.

Parameters

- reply_code (int) The code number for the close
- reply_text (str) The text reason for the close

consumer_cancel_notify

Specifies if the server supports consumer cancel notification on the active connection.

Return type bool

exchange_exchange_bindings

Specifies if the active connection supports exchange to exchange bindings.

Return type bool

is closed

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

is_closing

Returns True if connection is in the process of closing due to client-initiated *close* request, but closing is not yet complete.

is_open

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

publisher_confirms

Specifies if the active connection can use publisher confirmations.

Return type bool

remove_timeout (timeout_id)

Remove the timeout from the IOLoop by the ID returned from add_timeout.

Return type str

set_backpressure_multiplier(value=10)

Alter the backpressure multiplier value. We set this to 10 by default. This value is used to raise warnings and trigger the backpressure callback.

Parameters value (int) – The multiplier value to set

```
class pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedChannel(channel)
```

A wrapper wround Pika's Channel.

Channel methods that normally take a callback argument are wrapped to return a Deferred that fires with whatever would be passed to the callback. If the channel gets closed, all pending Deferreds are errbacked with a ChannelClosed exception. The returned Deferreds fire with whatever arguments the callback to the original method would receive.

The basic_consume method is wrapped in a special way, see its docstring for details.

basic consume(*args, **kwargs)

Consume from a server queue. Returns a Deferred that fires with a tuple: (queue_object, consumer_tag). The queue object is an instance of ClosableDeferredQueue, where data received from the queue will be stored. Clients should use its get() method to fetch individual message.

basic publish(*args, **kwargs)

Make sure the channel is not closed and then publish. Return a Deferred that fires with the result of the channel's basic_publish.

queue_delete(*args, **kwargs)

Wraps the method the same way all the others are wrapped, but removes the reference to the queue object after it gets deleted on the server.

Channel

The Channel class provides a wrapper for interacting with RabbitMQ implementing the methods and behaviors for an AMQP Channel.

Channel

class pika.channel.Channel (connection, channel number, on open callback)

A Channel is the primary communication method for interacting with RabbitMQ. It is recommended that you do not directly invoke the creation of a channel object in your application code but rather construct the a channel by calling the active connection's channel() method.

add_callback (callback, replies, one_shot=True)

Pass in a callback handler and a list replies from the RabbitMQ broker which you'd like the callback notified of. Callbacks should allow for the frame parameter to be passed in.

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call
- replies (list) The replies to get a callback for
- one_shot (bool) Only handle the first type callback

add on cancel callback(callback)

Pass a callback function that will be called when the basic_cancel is sent by the server. The callback function should receive a frame parameter.

Parameters callback (callable) - The callback to call on Basic.Cancel from broker

add_on_close_callback (callback)

Pass a callback function that will be called when the channel is closed. The callback function will receive the channel, the reply_code (int) and the reply_text (int) describing why the channel was closed.

If the channel is closed by broker via Channel.Close, the callback will receive the reply_code/reply_text provided by the broker.

If channel closing is initiated by user (either directly of indirectly by closing a connection containing the channel) and closing concludes gracefully without Channel.Close from the broker and without loss of connection, the callback will receive 0 as reply_code and empty string as reply_text.

If channel was closed due to loss of connection, the callback will receive reply_code and reply_text representing the loss of connection.

Parameters callback (callable) – The callback, having the signature: callback(Channel, int reply_code, str reply_text)

add_on_flow_callback (callback)

Pass a callback function that will be called when Channel.Flow is called by the remote server. Note that newer versions of RabbitMQ will not issue this but instead use TCP backpressure

Parameters callback (callable) - The callback function

add_on_return_callback (callback)

Pass a callback function that will be called when basic_publish as sent a message that has been rejected and returned by the server.

Parameters callback (*callable*) – The function to call, having the signature callback(channel, method, properties, body) where channel: pika.Channel method: pika.spec.Basic.Return properties: pika.spec.BasicProperties body: str, unicode, or bytes (python 3.x)

basic_ack (delivery_tag=0, multiple=False)

Acknowledge one or more messages. When sent by the client, this method acknowledges one or more messages delivered via the Deliver or Get-Ok methods. When sent by server, this method acknowledges one or more messages published with the Publish method on a channel in confirm mode. The acknowledgement can be for a single message or a set of messages up to and including a specific message.

Parameters

- **delivery_tag** (integer) int/long The server-assigned delivery tag
- multiple (bool) If set to True, the delivery tag is treated as "up to and including", so that multiple messages can be acknowledged with a single method. If set to False, the delivery tag refers to a single message. If the multiple field is 1, and the delivery tag is zero, this indicates acknowledgement of all outstanding messages.

basic_cancel (callback=None, consumer_tag='', nowait=False)

This method cancels a consumer. This does not affect already delivered messages, but it does mean the server will not send any more messages for that consumer. The client may receive an arbitrary number of messages in between sending the cancel method and receiving the cancel-ok reply. It may also be sent from the server to the client in the event of the consumer being unexpectedly cancelled (i.e. cancelled for any reason other than the server receiving the corresponding basic.cancel from the client). This allows clients to be notified of the loss of consumers due to events such as queue deletion.

Parameters

- callback (callable) Callback to call for a Basic.CancelOk response; MUST be None when nowait=True. MUST be callable when nowait=False.
- **consumer_tag** (str) Identifier for the consumer
- nowait (bool) Do not expect a Basic.CancelOk response

Raises ValueError -

basic_consume (consumer_callback, queue='', no_ack=False, exclusive=False, consumer tag=None, arguments=None)

Sends the AMQP command Basic.Consume to the broker and binds messages for the consumer_tag to the consumer callback. If you do not pass in a consumer_tag, one will be automatically generated for you. Returns the consumer tag.

For more information on basic_consume, see: http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#basic.consume

Parameters

• **consumer_callback** (*callable*) – The function to call when consuming with the signature consumer_callback(channel, method, properties,

```
body), where
```

channel: pika.Channel method: pika.spec.Basic.Deliver properties: pika.spec.BasicProperties body: str, unicode, or bytes (python 3.x)

- queue (str or unicode) The queue to consume from
- no_ack (bool) Tell the broker to not expect a response
- **exclusive** (bool) Don't allow other consumers on the queue
- consumer_tag (str or unicode) Specify your own consumer tag
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the consumer

Return type str

basic_get (callback=None, queue='', no_ack=False)

Get a single message from the AMQP broker. If you want to be notified of Basic.GetEmpty, use the Channel.add_callback method adding your Basic.GetEmpty callback which should expect only one parameter, frame. Due to implementation details, this cannot be called a second time until the callback is executed. For more information on basic_get and its parameters, see:

http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#basic.get

Parameters

- **callback** (*callable*) The callback to call with a message that has the signature callback(channel, method, properties, body), where: channel: pika.Channel method: pika.spec.Basic.GetOk properties: pika.spec.BasicProperties body: str, unicode, or bytes (python 3.x)
- queue (str or unicode) The queue to get a message from
- no_ack (bool) Tell the broker to not expect a reply

basic_nack (delivery_tag=None, multiple=False, requeue=True)

This method allows a client to reject one or more incoming messages. It can be used to interrupt and cancel large incoming messages, or return untreatable messages to their original queue.

Parameters

- **delivery-tag** (*integer*) int/long The server-assigned delivery tag
- multiple (bool) If set to True, the delivery tag is treated as "up to and including", so that multiple messages can be acknowledged with a single method. If set to False, the delivery tag refers to a single message. If the multiple field is 1, and the delivery tag is zero, this indicates acknowledgement of all outstanding messages.
- **requeue** (bool) If requeue is true, the server will attempt to requeue the message. If requeue is false or the requeue attempt fails the messages are discarded or deadlettered.

basic_publish(exchange, routing_key, body, properties=None, mandatory=False, immediate=False)

Publish to the channel with the given exchange, routing key and body. For more information on basic_publish and what the parameters do, see:

http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#basic.publish

Parameters

- exchange (str or unicode) The exchange to publish to
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to bind on
- body (str or unicode) The message body
- properties (pika.spec.BasicProperties) Basic.properties
- mandatory (bool) The mandatory flag
- immediate (bool) The immediate flag

basic_qos (callback=None, prefetch_size=0, prefetch_count=0, all_channels=False)

Specify quality of service. This method requests a specific quality of service. The QoS can be specified for the current channel or for all channels on the connection. The client can request that messages be sent in advance so that when the client finishes processing a message, the following message is already held locally, rather than needing to be sent down the channel. Prefetching gives a performance improvement.

- callback (callable) The callback to call for Basic.QosOk response
- **prefetch_size** (*int*) This field specifies the prefetch window size. The server will send a message in advance if it is equal to or smaller in size than the available prefetch size (and also falls into other prefetch limits). May be set to zero, meaning

"no specific limit", although other prefetch limits may still apply. The prefetch-size is ignored if the no-ack option is set.

- **prefetch_count** (*int*) Specifies a prefetch window in terms of whole messages. This field may be used in combination with the prefetch-size field; a message will only be sent in advance if both prefetch windows (and those at the channel and connection level) allow it. The prefetch-count is ignored if the no-ack option is set.
- all_channels (bool) Should the QoS apply to all channels

basic_reject (delivery_tag, requeue=True)

Reject an incoming message. This method allows a client to reject a message. It can be used to interrupt and cancel large incoming messages, or return untreatable messages to their original queue.

Parameters

- **delivery-tag** (*integer*) int/long The server-assigned delivery tag
- **requeue** (bool) If requeue is true, the server will attempt to requeue the message. If requeue is false or the requeue attempt fails the messages are discarded or deadlettered.

Raises TypeError

basic_recover (callback=None, requeue=False)

This method asks the server to redeliver all unacknowledged messages on a specified channel. Zero or more messages may be redelivered. This method replaces the asynchronous Recover.

Parameters

- callback (callable) Callback to call when receiving Basic.RecoverOk
- **requeue** (bool) If False, the message will be redelivered to the original recipient. If True, the server will attempt to requeue the message, potentially then delivering it to an alternative subscriber.

close (reply_code=0, reply_text='Normal Shutdown')

Invoke a graceful shutdown of the channel with the AMQP Broker.

If channel is OPENING, transition to CLOSING and suppress the incoming Channel.OpenOk, if any.

Parameters

- reply_code (int) The reason code to send to broker
- reply_text (str) The reason text to send to broker

Raises

- ChannelClosed if channel is already closed
- *ChannelAlreadyClosing* if channel is already closing

confirm_delivery (callback=None, nowait=False)

Turn on Confirm mode in the channel. Pass in a callback to be notified by the Broker when a message has been confirmed as received or rejected (Basic.Ack, Basic.Nack) from the broker to the publisher.

For more information see: http://www.rabbitmq.com/extensions.html#confirms

Parameters

• **callback** (*callable*) – The callback for delivery confirmations that has the following signature: callback(pika.frame.Method), where method_frame contains either method *spec.Basic.Ack* or *spec.Basic.Nack*.

• **nowait** (bool) – Do not send a reply frame (Confirm.SelectOk)

consumer_tags

Property method that returns a list of currently active consumers

Return type list

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{exchange_bind} (callback=None, \ destination=None, \ source=None, \ routing_key='`, \ nowait=False, \\ arguments=None) \end{tabular}$

Bind an exchange to another exchange.

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call on Exchange.BindOk; MUST be None when nowait=True
- destination (str or unicode) The destination exchange to bind
- source (str or unicode) The source exchange to bind to
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to bind on
- nowait (bool) Do not wait for an Exchange.BindOk
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

exchange_declare (callback=None, exchange=None, exchange_type='direct', passive=False, durable=False, auto_delete=False, internal=False, nowait=False, arguments=None)

This method creates an exchange if it does not already exist, and if the exchange exists, verifies that it is of the correct and expected class.

If passive set, the server will reply with Declare-Ok if the exchange already exists with the same name, and raise an error if not and if the exchange does not already exist, the server MUST raise a channel exception with reply code 404 (not found).

Parameters

- callback (callable) Call this method on Exchange.DeclareOk; MUST be None when nowait=True
- exchange (str or unicode sequence of these characters: letters, digits, hyphen, underscore, period, or colon.) The exchange name consists of a non-empty
- exchange_type (str) The exchange type to use
- **passive** (bool) Perform a declare or just check to see if it exists
- durable (bool) Survive a reboot of RabbitMQ
- auto_delete (bool) Remove when no more queues are bound to it
- **internal** (bool) Can only be published to by other exchanges
- **nowait** (bool) Do not expect an Exchange.DeclareOk response
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the exchange

exchange_delete (callback=None, exchange=None, if_unused=False, nowait=False) Delete the exchange.

Parameters

• callback (callable) – The function to call on Exchange.DeleteOk; MUST be None when nowait=True.

- exchange (str or unicode) The exchange name
- **if_unused** (bool) only delete if the exchange is unused
- nowait (bool) Do not wait for an Exchange.DeleteOk

exchange_unbind (callback=None, destination=None, source=None, routing_key='', nowait=False, arguments=None)

Unbind an exchange from another exchange.

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call on Exchange. UnbindOk; MUST be None when nowait=True.
- destination (str or unicode) The destination exchange to unbind
- source (str or unicode) The source exchange to unbind from
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to unbind
- nowait (bool) Do not wait for an Exchange. UnbindOk
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

flow (callback, active)

Turn Channel flow control off and on. Pass a callback to be notified of the response from the server. active is a bool. Callback should expect a bool in response indicating channel flow state. For more information, please reference:

http://www.rabbitmq.com/amqp-0-9-1-reference.html#channel.flow

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call upon completion
- active (bool) Turn flow on or off

is closed

Returns True if the channel is closed.

Return type bool

is_closing

Returns True if client-initiated closing of the channel is in progress.

Return type bool

is_open

Returns True if the channel is open.

Return type bool

open()

Open the channel

queue_bind (*callback*, *queue*, *exchange*, *routing_key=None*, *nowait=False*, *arguments=None*) Bind the queue to the specified exchange

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call on Queue.BindOk; MUST be None when nowait=True.
- queue (str or unicode) The queue to bind to the exchange
- exchange (str or unicode) The source exchange to bind to

- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to bind on
- nowait (bool) Do not wait for a Queue.BindOk
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

queue_declare (callback, queue='', passive=False, durable=False, exclusive=False, auto delete=False, nowait=False, arguments=None)

Declare queue, create if needed. This method creates or checks a queue. When creating a new queue the client can specify various properties that control the durability of the queue and its contents, and the level of sharing for the queue.

Leave the queue name empty for a auto-named queue in RabbitMQ

Parameters

- callback (callable) callback(pika.frame.Method) for method Oueue.DeclareOk; MUST be None when nowait=True.
- queue (str or unicode) The queue name
- passive (bool) Only check to see if the queue exists
- durable (bool) Survive reboots of the broker
- exclusive (bool) Only allow access by the current connection
- auto_delete (bool) Delete after consumer cancels or disconnects
- nowait (bool) Do not wait for a Queue.DeclareOk
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value arguments for the queue

queue_delete (callback=None, queue='', if_unused=False, if_empty=False, nowait=False)

Delete a queue from the broker.

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call on Queue.DeleteOk; MUST be None when nowait=True.
- queue (str or unicode) The queue to delete
- **if_unused** (bool) only delete if it's unused
- **if_empty** (bool) only delete if the queue is empty
- nowait (bool) Do not wait for a Queue.DeleteOk

queue_purge (callback=None, queue='', nowait=False)

Purge all of the messages from the specified queue

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call on Queue.PurgeOk; MUST be None
 when nowait=True.
- queue (str or unicode) The queue to purge
- nowait (bool) Do not expect a Queue.PurgeOk response

queue_unbind (callback=None, queue='', exchange=None, routing_key=None, arguments=None) Unbind a queue from an exchange.

Parameters

- callback (callable) The callback to call on Queue. UnbindOk
- queue (str or unicode) The queue to unbind from the exchange

- exchange (str or unicode) The source exchange to bind from
- routing_key (str or unicode) The routing key to unbind
- arguments (dict) Custom key/value pair arguments for the binding

tx_commit (callback=None)

Commit a transaction

Parameters callback (callable) - The callback for delivery confirmations

tx rollback(callback=None)

Rollback a transaction.

Parameters callback (callable) - The callback for delivery confirmations

tx select (callback=None)

Select standard transaction mode. This method sets the channel to use standard transactions. The client must use this method at least once on a channel before using the Commit or Rollback methods.

Parameters callback (callable) – The callback for delivery confirmations

Connection

The Connection class implements the base behavior that all connection adapters extend.

class pika.connection.Connection(parameters=None,

 $on_open_callback = None,$

on_open_error_callback=None, on_close_callback=None) This is the core class that implements communication with RabbitMQ. This class should not be invoked directly but rather through the use of an adapter such as SelectConnection or BlockingConnection.

Parameters

- parameters (pika.connection.Parameters) Connection parameters
- on_open_callback (method) Called when the connection is opened
- $on_open_error_callback (method) Called if the connection cant be opened$
- on_close_callback (method) Called when the connection is closed

add_backpressure_callback (callback_method)

Call method "callback" when pika believes backpressure is being applied.

Parameters callback_method (method) - The method to call

add on close callback (callback method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has closed. The callback will be passed the connection, the reply_code (int) and the reply_text (str), if sent by the remote server.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on close

 $\verb"add_on_connection_blocked_callback" (callback_method)$

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection.Blocked frame indicating that RabbitMQ is low on resources. Publishers can use this to voluntarily suspend publishing, instead of relying on back pressure throttling. The callback will be passed the Connection.Blocked method frame.

See also $ConnectionParameters.blocked_connection_timeout.$

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Blocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Blocked

add_on_connection_unblocked_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback to be notified when RabbitMQ has sent a Connection. Unblocked frame letting publishers know it's ok to start publishing again. The callback will be passed the Connection. Unblocked method frame.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call on Connection.Unblocked, having the signature callback_method(pika.frame.Method), where the method frame's method member is of type pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked

add_on_open_callback (callback_method)

Add a callback notification when the connection has opened.

Parameters callback_method (method) - Callback to call when open

add_on_open_error_callback (callback_method, remove_default=True)

Add a callback notification when the connection can not be opened.

The callback method should accept the connection object that could not connect, and an optional error message.

Parameters

- callback_method (method) Callback to call when can't connect
- remove_default (bool) Remove default exception raising callback

add_timeout (deadline, callback_method)

Adapters should override to call the callback after the specified number of seconds have elapsed, using a timer, or a thread, or similar.

Parameters

- **deadline** (*int*) The number of seconds to wait to call callback
- callback_method (method) The callback method

basic nack

Specifies if the server supports basic.nack on the active connection.

Return type bool

channel (on_open_callback, channel_number=None)

Create a new channel with the next available channel number or pass in a channel number to use. Must be non-zero if you would like to specify but it is recommended that you let Pika manage the channel numbers.

Parameters

- on open callback (method) The callback when the channel is opened
- channel_number (int) The channel number to use, defaults to the next available.

Return type pika.channel.Channel

close (reply_code=200, reply_text='Normal shutdown')

Disconnect from RabbitMQ. If there are any open channels, it will attempt to close them prior to fully disconnecting. Channels which have active consumers will attempt to send a Basic.Cancel to RabbitMQ to cleanly stop the delivery of messages prior to closing the channel.

Parameters

- reply_code (int) The code number for the close
- reply_text (str) The text reason for the close

connect()

Invoke if trying to reconnect to a RabbitMQ server. Constructing the Connection object should connect on its own.

consumer_cancel_notify

Specifies if the server supports consumer cancel notification on the active connection.

Return type bool

exchange_exchange_bindings

Specifies if the active connection supports exchange to exchange bindings.

Return type bool

is closed

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

is closing

Returns True if connection is in the process of closing due to client-initiated *close* request, but closing is not yet complete.

is open

Returns a boolean reporting the current connection state.

publisher_confirms

Specifies if the active connection can use publisher confirmations.

Return type bool

remove_timeout (timeout_id)

Adapters should override: Remove a timeout

Parameters $timeout_id(str)$ – The timeout id to remove

set_backpressure_multiplier(value=10)

Alter the backpressure multiplier value. We set this to 10 by default. This value is used to raise warnings and trigger the backpressure callback.

Parameters value (int) – The multiplier value to set

Authentication Credentials

The credentials classes are used to encapsulate all authentication information for the ConnectionParameters class.

The PlainCredentials class returns the properly formatted username and password to the Connection.

To authenticate with Pika, create a PlainCredentials object passing in the username and password and pass it as the credentials argument value to the ConnectionParameters object.

If you are using *URLParameters* you do not need a credentials object, one will automatically be created for you.

If you are looking to implement SSL certificate style authentication, you would extend the ExternalCredentials class implementing the required behavior.

PlainCredentials

class pika.credentials.PlainCredentials (username, password, erase_on_connect=False)
 A credentials object for the default authentication methodology with RabbitMQ.

If you do not pass in credentials to the ConnectionParameters object, it will create credentials for 'guest' with the password of 'guest'.

If you pass True to erase_on_connect the credentials will not be stored in memory after the Connection attempt has been made.

Parameters

- username(str) The username to authenticate with
- password(str) The password to authenticate with
- erase_on_connect (bool) erase credentials on connect.

```
erase_credentials()
```

Called by Connection when it no longer needs the credentials

```
response_for (start)
```

Validate that this type of authentication is supported

```
\textbf{Parameters start} \ (\texttt{spec.Connection.Start}) - \textbf{Connection.Start} \ \textbf{method}
```

Return type tuple(strlNone, strlNone)

ExternalCredentials

```
class pika.credentials.ExternalCredentials
```

The ExternalCredentials class allows the connection to use EXTERNAL authentication, generally with a client SSL certificate.

```
erase_credentials()
```

Called by Connection when it no longer needs the credentials

```
response for (start)
```

Validate that this type of authentication is supported

```
Parameters start (spec.Connection.Start) - Connection.Start method
```

Return type tuple(str or None, str or None)

Exceptions

Pika specific exceptions

```
exception pika.exceptions.AMQPConnectionError
exception pika.exceptions.AMQPError
exception pika.exceptions.AMQPError
exception pika.exceptions.AuthenticationError
exception pika.exceptions.BodyTooLongError
exception pika.exceptions.ChannelAlreadyClosing
Raised when Channel.close is called while channel is already closing
exception pika.exceptions.ChannelClosed
exception pika.exceptions.ChannelError
exception pika.exceptions.ConnectionClosed
exception pika.exceptions.ConnectionClosed
```

```
exception pika.exceptions.DuplicateConsumerTag
exception pika.exceptions.DuplicateGetOkCallback
exception pika.exceptions.IncompatibleProtocolError
exception pika.exceptions.InvalidChannelNumber
exception pika.exceptions.InvalidFieldTypeException
exception pika.exceptions.InvalidFrameError
exception pika.exceptions.InvalidMaximumFrameSize
     DEPRECATED; pika.connection.Parameters.frame_max property setter now raises the standard ValueError ex-
     ception when the value is out of bounds.
exception pika.exceptions.InvalidMinimumFrameSize
     DEPRECATED; pika.connection.Parameters.frame_max property setter now raises the standard ValueError ex-
     ception when the value is out of bounds.
exception pika.exceptions.MethodNotImplemented
exception pika.exceptions.NackError (messages)
     This exception is raised when a message published in publisher-acknowledgements mode is Nack'ed by the
     broker.
     Used by BlockingChannel.
exception pika.exceptions.NoFreeChannels
exception pika.exceptions.ProbableAccessDeniedError
exception pika.exceptions.ProbableAuthenticationError
exception pika.exceptions.ProtocolSyntaxError
exception pika.exceptions.ProtocolVersionMismatch
exception pika.exceptions.RecursionError
     The requested operation would result in unsupported recursion or reentrancy.
     Used by BlockingConnection/BlockingChannel
exception pika.exceptions.ShortStringTooLong
exception pika.exceptions.UnexpectedFrameError
exception pika.exceptions.UnroutableError (messages)
     Exception containing one or more unroutable messages returned by broker via Basic.Return.
     Used by BlockingChannel.
     In publisher-acknowledgements mode, this is raised upon receipt of Basic.Ack from broker; in the event of
     Basic.Nack from broker, NackError is raised instead
exception pika.exceptions.UnspportedAMQPFieldException
     Deprecated version of UnsupportedAMQPFieldException
exception pika.exceptions.UnsupportedAMQPFieldException
```

Connection Parameters

To maintain flexibility in how you specify the connection information required for your applications to properly connect to RabbitMQ, pika implements two classes for encapsulating the information, <code>ConnectionParameters</code> and <code>URLParameters</code>.

ConnectionParameters

The classic object for specifying all of the connection parameters required to connect to RabbitMQ, ConnectionParameters provides attributes for tweaking every possible connection option.

Example:

```
class pika.connection.ConnectionParameters (host=<class</pre>
                                                                       'pika.connection. DEFAULT'>,
                                                                       'pika.connection. DEFAULT'>,
                                                      port=<class
                                                      virtual host=<class
                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                                                             creden-
                                                      tials=<class
                                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                      channel max=<class
                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                      frame_max=<class
                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                                                              heart-
                                                      beat=<class
                                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                      ssl = < class
                                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                      ssl_options=<class
                                                       'pika.connection. DEFAULT'>,
                                                      connection_attempts=<class
                                                       'pika.connection. DEFAULT'>,
                                                       retry_delay=<class
                                                       'pika.connection. DEFAULT'>,
                                                      socket timeout=<class
                                                       'pika.connection. DEFAULT'>,
                                                       cale=<class
                                                                       'pika.connection. DEFAULT'>,
                                                      backpressure detection=<class
                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                       blocked_connection_timeout=<class
                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>,
                                                      client_properties=<class
                                                       'pika.connection._DEFAULT'>, **kwargs)
```

Connection parameters object that is passed into the connection adapter upon construction.

backpressure_detection

Returns boolean indicatating whether backpressure detection is enabled. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_BACKPRESSURE_DETECTION*.

blocked_connection_timeout

Returns None or float blocked connection timeout. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_BLOCKED_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT*.

channel max

Returns max preferred number of channels. Defaults to DEFAULT CHANNEL MAX.

Return type int

client_properties

Returns None or dict of client properties used to override the fields in the default client poperties reported to RabbitMQ via *Connection.StartOk* method. Defaults to *DE-FAULT CLIENT PROPERTIES*.

connection_attempts

Returns number of socket connection attempts. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_CONNECTION_ATTEMPTS*.

credentials

Return type one of the classes from *pika.credentials.VALID_TYPES*. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_CREDENTIALS*.

frame_max

Returns desired maximum AMQP frame size to use. Defaults to *DEFAULT_FRAME_MAX*.

heartbeat

Returns desired connection heartbeat timeout for negotiation or None to accept broker's value. 0 turns heartbeat off. Defaults to *DEFAULT_HEARTBEAT_TIMEOUT*.

Return type integer, float, or None

host

Returns hostname or ip address of broker. Defaults to *DEFAULT_HOST*.

Return type str

locale

Returns locale value to pass to broker; e.g., 'en_US'. Defaults to *DEFAULT_LOCALE*.

Return type str

retry_delay

Returns interval between socket connection attempts; see also *connection_attempts*. Defaults to *DEFAULT_RETRY_DELAY*.

Return type float

socket timeout

Returns socket timeout value. Defaults to *DEFAULT_SOCKET_TIMEOUT*.

Return type float

ssl

Returns boolean indicating whether to connect via SSL. Defaults to *DEFAULT_SSL*.

ssl_options

Returns None or a dict of options to pass to *ssl.wrap_socket*. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_SSL_OPTIONS*.

port

Returns port number of broker's listening socket. Defaults to *DEFAULT_PORT*.

Return type int

virtual host

Returns rabbitmq virtual host name. Defaults to DEFAULT_VIRTUAL_HOST.

URLParameters

The *URLParameters* class allows you to pass in an AMQP URL when creating the object and supports the host, port, virtual host, ssl, username and password in the base URL and other options are passed in via query parameters.

Example:

```
import pika

# Set the connection parameters to connect to rabbit-server1 on port 5672
# on the / virtual host using the username "guest" and password "guest"
parameters = pika.URLParameters('amqp://guest:guest@rabbit-server1:5672/%2F')
```

class pika.connection.URLParameters (url)

Connect to RabbitMQ via an AMQP URL in the format:

```
amqp://username:password@host:port/<virtual_host>[?query-string]
```

Ensure that the virtual host is URI encoded when specified. For example if you are using the default "/" virtual host, the value should be %2f.

See Parameters for default values.

Valid query string values are:

- •backpressure_detection: DEPRECATED in favor of *Connection.Blocked* and *Connection.Unblocked*. See *Connection.add_on_connection_blocked_callback*.
- •channel_max: Override the default maximum channel count value
- •client_properties: dict of client properties used to override the fields in the default client poperties reported to RabbitMQ via *Connection.StartOk* method
- •connection_attempts: Specify how many times pika should try and reconnect before it gives up
- •frame max: Override the default maximum frame size for communication
- •heartbeat: Specify the number of seconds between heartbeat frames to ensure that the link between RabbitMQ and your application is up
- •locale: Override the default *en_US* locale value
- •ssl: Toggle SSL, possible values are t, f
- •ssl_options: Arguments passed to ssl.wrap_socket()
- •retry_delay: The number of seconds to sleep before attempting to connect on connection failure.
- •socket_timeout: Override low level socket timeout value
- •blocked_connection_timeout: Set the timeout, in seconds, that the connection may remain blocked (triggered by Connection.Blocked from broker); if the timeout expires before connection becomes unblocked, the connection will be torn down, triggering the connection's on_close_callback

Parameters url (str) – The AMQP URL to connect to

ssl

Returns boolean indicating whether to connect via SSL. Defaults to *DEFAULT_SSL*.

host

Returns hostname or ip address of broker. Defaults to *DEFAULT_HOST*.

Return type str

port

Returns port number of broker's listening socket. Defaults to *DEFAULT PORT*.

Return type int

credentials

Return type one of the classes from *pika.credentials.VALID_TYPES*. Defaults to *DE-FAULT CREDENTIALS*.

virtual_host

Returns rabbitmq virtual host name. Defaults to DEFAULT_VIRTUAL_HOST.

backpressure_detection

Returns boolean indicatating whether backpressure detection is enabled. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_BACKPRESSURE_DETECTION*.

blocked_connection_timeout

Returns None or float blocked connection timeout. Defaults to *DE-FAULT BLOCKED CONNECTION TIMEOUT*.

channel max

Returns max preferred number of channels. Defaults to *DEFAULT_CHANNEL_MAX*.

Return type int

client_properties

Returns None or dict of client properties used to override the fields in the default client poperties reported to RabbitMQ via *Connection.StartOk* method. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_CLIENT_PROPERTIES*.

connection_attempts

Returns number of socket connection attempts. Defaults to *DE-FAULT_CONNECTION_ATTEMPTS*.

frame_max

Returns desired maximum AMQP frame size to use. Defaults to *DEFAULT_FRAME_MAX*.

heartbeat

Returns desired connection heartbeat timeout for negotiation or None to accept broker's value. 0 turns heartbeat off. Defaults to *DEFAULT_HEARTBEAT_TIMEOUT*.

Return type integer, float, or None

locale

Returns locale value to pass to broker; e.g., 'en_US'. Defaults to *DEFAULT_LOCALE*.

Return type str

retry_delay

Returns interval between socket connection attempts; see also *connection_attempts*. Defaults to *DEFAULT RETRY DELAY*.

```
Return type float

socket_timeout

Returns socket timeout value. Defaults to DEFAULT_SOCKET_TIMEOUT.

Return type float

ssl_options

Returns None or a dict of options to pass to ssl.wrap_socket. Defaults to DE-FAULT_SSL_OPTIONS.
```

pika.spec

AMQP Specification

This module implements the constants and classes that comprise AMQP protocol level constructs. It should rarely be directly referenced outside of Pika's own internal use.

Note: Autogenerated code by codegen.py, do not edit directly. Pull requests

to this file without accompanying utils/codegen.py changes will be rejected.

```
class pika.spec.Connection
     INDEX = 10
     NAME = 'Connection'
     class Start (version_major=0, version_minor=9, server_properties=None, mechanisms='PLAIN', lo-
                  cales='en_US')
          INDEX = 655370
          NAME = 'Connection.Start'
          synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
          encode()
          get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
          get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Connection.StartOk (client_properties=None, mechanism='PLAIN', response=None, lo-
                                   cale='en US')
           INDEX = 655371
```

synchronous

NAME = 'Connection.StartOk'

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
               Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
               Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection.Secure (challenge=None)
     INDEX = 655380
     NAME = 'Connection.Secure'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
               Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
               Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection.SecureOk (response=None)
     INDEX = 655381
     NAME = 'Connection.SecureOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
               Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
               Return type pika.frame.Properties
{\bf class} \; {\tt Connection.Tune} \; ({\it channel\_max}{=}0, {\it frame\_max}{=}0, {\it heartbeat}{=}0)
     INDEX = 655390
     NAME = 'Connection.Tune'
     synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection.TuneOk (channel_max=0, frame_max=0, heartbeat=0)
     INDEX = 655391
     NAME = 'Connection.TuneOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection.Open (virtual_host='/', capabilities='', insist=False)
     INDEX = 655400
     NAME = 'Connection.Open'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection.OpenOk (known_hosts='')
     INDEX = 655401
     NAME = 'Connection.OpenOk'
     synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection.Close (reply_code=None, reply_text='', class_id=None, method_id=None)
     INDEX = 655410
     NAME = 'Connection.Close'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection. CloseOk
     INDEX = 655411
     NAME = 'Connection.CloseOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Connection.Blocked(reason='')
     INDEX = 655420
     NAME = 'Connection.Blocked'
     synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Connection . Unblocked
           INDEX = 655421
           NAME = 'Connection.Unblocked'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika.spec.Channel
     INDEX = 20
     NAME = 'Channel'
     class Open (out_of_band='')
           INDEX = 1310730
           NAME = 'Channel.Open'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
```

```
class Channel . OpenOk (channel_id='')
     INDEX = 1310731
     NAME = 'Channel.OpenOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Channel.Flow (active=None)
     INDEX = 1310740
     NAME = 'Channel.Flow'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Channel.FlowOk (active=None)
     INDEX = 1310741
     NAME = 'Channel.FlowOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
```

```
INDEX = 1310760
          NAME = 'Channel.Close'
          synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
          get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Channel.CloseOk
           INDEX = 1310761
          NAME = 'Channel.CloseOk'
          synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika.spec.Access
     INDEX = 30
     NAME = 'Access'
     class Request (realm='/data', exclusive=False, passive=True, active=True, write=True, read=True)
          INDEX = 1966090
          NAME = 'Access.Request'
          synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
          encode()
           get body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
```

class Channel.Close (reply_code=None, reply_text='', class_id=None, method_id=None)

```
Return type strlunicode
          get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Access.RequestOk (ticket=1)
           INDEX = 1966091
          NAME = 'Access.RequestOk'
           synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika.spec.Exchange
     INDEX = 40
     NAME = 'Exchange'
     class Declare (ticket=0,
                                exchange=None,
                                                   type='direct',
                                                                   passive=False,
                                                                                    durable=False,
                     auto_delete=False, internal=False, nowait=False, arguments={})
           INDEX = 2621450
          NAME = 'Exchange.Declare'
          synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Exchange.DeclareOk
           INDEX = 2621451
          NAME = 'Exchange.DeclareOk'
           synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Exchange.Delete(ticket=0, exchange=None, if_unused=False, nowait=False)
     INDEX = 2621460
     NAME = 'Exchange.Delete'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Exchange.DeleteOk
     INDEX = 2621461
     NAME = 'Exchange.DeleteOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Exchange.Bind (ticket=0, destination=None, source=None, routing_key='', nowait=False, ar-
                       guments={})
     INDEX = 2621470
     NAME = 'Exchange.Bind'
     synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Exchange.BindOk
     INDEX = 2621471
     NAME = 'Exchange.BindOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Exchange. Unbind (ticket=0, destination=None, source=None, routing_key='', nowait=False,
                          arguments = \{\})
     INDEX = 2621480
     NAME = 'Exchange.Unbind'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Exchange.UnbindOk
     INDEX = 2621491
     NAME = 'Exchange.UnbindOk'
     synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika. spec. Queue
     INDEX = 50
     NAME = 'Queue'
                                                                   durable=False,
     class Declare (ticket=0,
                                   queue="',
                                                passive=False,
                                                                                       exclusive=False,
                      auto delete=False, nowait=False, arguments={})
           INDEX = 3276810
           NAME = 'Queue.Declare'
           synchronous
           decode(encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
     {\bf class} \ {\tt Queue}. {\bf DeclareOk} \ ({\it queue=None, message\_count=None, consumer\_count=None})
           INDEX = 3276811
           NAME = 'Queue.DeclareOk'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                     Return type pika.frame.Properties
```

```
class Queue.Bind (ticket=0, queue='', exchange=None, routing_key='', nowait=False, argu-
                   ments=\{\})
     INDEX = 3276820
     NAME = 'Queue.Bind'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Queue.BindOk
     INDEX = 3276821
     NAME = 'Queue.BindOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Queue . Purge (ticket=0, queue='', nowait=False)
     INDEX = 3276830
     NAME = 'Queue.Purge'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
```

```
class Queue . PurgeOk (message_count=None)
     INDEX = 3276831
     NAME = 'Queue.PurgeOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Queue.Delete (ticket=0, queue='', if_unused=False, if_empty=False, nowait=False)
     INDEX = 3276840
     NAME = 'Queue.Delete'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Queue . DeleteOk (message_count=None)
     INDEX = 3276841
     NAME = 'Queue.DeleteOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
```

```
class Queue . Unbind (ticket=0, queue="', exchange=None, routing_key="', arguments={})
           INDEX = 3276850
          NAME = 'Queue.Unbind'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Queue. UnbindOk
           INDEX = 3276851
          NAME = 'Queue.UnbindOk'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika.spec.Basic
     INDEX = 60
     NAME = 'Basic'
     class Qos (prefetch_size=0, prefetch_count=0, global_=False)
           INDEX = 3932170
          NAME = 'Basic.Qos'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
```

```
Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.QosOk
     INDEX = 3932171
     NAME = 'Basic.QosOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Consume (ticket=0, queue="', consumer_tag="', no_local=False, no_ack=False, exclu-
                       sive=False, nowait=False, arguments={})
     INDEX = 3932180
     NAME = 'Basic.Consume'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.ConsumeOk (consumer_tag=None)
     INDEX = 3932181
     NAME = 'Basic.ConsumeOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
```

```
Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Cancel (consumer_tag=None, nowait=False)
     INDEX = 3932190
     NAME = 'Basic.Cancel'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.CancelOk (consumer_tag=None)
     INDEX = 3932191
     NAME = 'Basic.CancelOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Publish (ticket=0, exchange='', routing_key='', mandatory=False, immediate=False)
     INDEX = 3932200
     NAME = 'Basic.Publish'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
```

```
Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Return (reply_code=None, reply_text='', exchange=None, routing_key=None)
     INDEX = 3932210
     NAME = 'Basic.Return'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Deliver (consumer_tag=None,
                                               delivery_tag=None,
                                                                     redelivered=False,
                                                                                           ex-
                       change=None, routing_key=None)
     INDEX = 3932220
     NAME = 'Basic.Deliver'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Get (ticket=0, queue='', no_ack=False)
     INDEX = 3932230
     NAME = 'Basic.Get'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
```

```
Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.GetOk (delivery_tag=None, redelivered=False, exchange=None, routing_key=None,
                    message_count=None)
     INDEX = 3932231
     NAME = 'Basic.GetOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.GetEmpty (cluster_id='')
     INDEX = 3932232
     NAME = 'Basic.GetEmpty'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic . Ack (delivery_tag=0, multiple=False)
     INDEX = 3932240
     NAME = 'Basic.Ack'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
```

```
Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Reject (delivery_tag=None, requeue=True)
     INDEX = 3932250
     NAME = 'Basic.Reject'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.RecoverAsync (requeue=False)
     INDEX = 3932260
     NAME = 'Basic.RecoverAsync'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Basic.Recover (requeue=False)
     INDEX = 3932270
     NAME = 'Basic.Recover'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
```

```
Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Basic.RecoverOk
           INDEX = 3932271
          NAME = 'Basic.RecoverOk'
           synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Basic.Nack (delivery_tag=0, multiple=False, requeue=True)
           INDEX = 3932280
          NAME = 'Basic.Nack'
           synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika.spec.Tx
     INDEX = 90
     NAME = Tx
     class Select
           INDEX = 5898250
          NAME = 'Tx.Select'
           synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Tx.SelectOk
     INDEX = 5898251
     NAME = 'Tx.SelectOk'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Tx.Commit
     INDEX = 5898260
     NAME = 'Tx.Commit'
     synchronous
     decode (encoded, offset=0)
     encode()
     get_body()
          Return the message body if it is set.
              Return type strlunicode
     get_properties()
          Return the properties if they are set.
              Return type pika.frame.Properties
class Tx. CommitOk
     INDEX = 5898261
     NAME = 'Tx.CommitOk'
     synchronous
```

```
decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class \mathbb{T} \times . Rollback
           INDEX = 5898270
           NAME = 'Tx.Rollback'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Tx.RollbackOk
           INDEX = 5898271
           NAME = 'Tx.RollbackOk'
           synchronous
           decode (encoded, offset=0)
           encode()
           get_body()
                Return the message body if it is set.
                    Return type strlunicode
           get_properties()
                Return the properties if they are set.
                    Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika.spec.Confirm
     INDEX = 85
     NAME = 'Confirm'
```

```
class Select (nowait=False)
          INDEX = 5570570
          NAME = 'Confirm.Select'
          synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
          encode()
          get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
          get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
     class Confirm.SelectOk
          INDEX = 5570571
          NAME = 'Confirm.SelectOk'
          synchronous
          decode (encoded, offset=0)
          encode()
          get_body()
               Return the message body if it is set.
                   Return type strlunicode
          get_properties()
               Return the properties if they are set.
                   Return type pika.frame.Properties
class pika.spec.BasicProperties(content_type=None, content_encoding=None, headers=None,
                                     delivery_mode=None, priority=None, correlation_id=None,
                                     reply_to=None, expiration=None, message_id=None, times-
                                     tamp=None, type=None, user_id=None, app_id=None, clus-
                                     ter id=None)
     CLASS
          alias of Basic
     INDEX = 60
     NAME = 'BasicProperties'
     FLAG_CONTENT_TYPE = 32768
     FLAG_CONTENT_ENCODING = 16384
     FLAG_{HEADERS} = 8192
     FLAG_DELIVERY_MODE = 4096
     FLAG_PRIORITY = 2048
```

```
FLAG_CORRELATION_ID = 1024

FLAG_REPLY_TO = 512

FLAG_EXPIRATION = 256

FLAG_MESSAGE_ID = 128

FLAG_TIMESTAMP = 64

FLAG_TYPE = 32

FLAG_USER_ID = 16

FLAG_APP_ID = 8

FLAG_CLUSTER_ID = 4

decode (encoded, offset=0)

encode()

pika.spec.has_content (methodNumber)
```

Usage Examples

Pika has various methods of use, between the synchronous BlockingConnection adapter and the various asynchronous connection adapter. The following examples illustrate the various ways that you can use Pika in your projects.

Using URLParameters

Pika has two methods of encapsulating the data that lets it know how to connect to RabbitMQ, pika.connection. ConnectionParameters and pika.connection.URLParameters.

Note: If you're connecting to RabbitMQ on localhost on port 5672, with the default virtual host of / and the default username and password of *guest* and *guest*, you do not need to specify connection parameters when connecting.

Using pika.connection.URLParameters is an easy way to minimize the variables required to connect to RabbitMQ and supports all of the directives that pika.connection.ConnectionParameters supports.

The following is the format for the URLParameters connection value:

```
scheme://username:password@host:port/virtual_host?key=value&key=value
```

As you can see, by default, the scheme (amqp, amqps), username, password, host, port and virtual host make up the core of the URL and any other parameter is passed in as query string values.

Example Connection URLS

The default connection URL connects to the / virtual host as guest using the guest password on localhost port 5672. Note the forwardslash in the URL is encoded to %2F:

```
amqp://guest:guest@localhost:5672/%2F
```

Connect to a host rabbit1 as the user www-data using the password rabbit_pwd on the virtual host web_messages:

```
amgp://www-data:rabbit_pwd@rabbit1/web_messages
```

Connecting via SSL is pretty easy too. To connect via SSL for the previous example, simply change the scheme to *amaps*. If you do not specify a port, Pika will use the default SSL port of 5671:

```
amqps://www-data:rabbit_pwd@rabbit1/web_messages
```

If you're looking to tweak other parameters, such as enabling heartbeats, simply add the key/value pair as a query string value. The following builds upon the SSL connection, enabling heartbeats every 30 seconds:

```
amqps://www-data:rabbit_pwd@rabbit1/web_messages?heartbeat=30
```

Options that are available as query string values:

- backpressure_detection: Pass in a value of t to enable backpressure detection, it is disabled by default.
- channel_max: Alter the default channel maximum by passing in a 32-bit integer value here
- connection_attempts: Alter the default of 1 connection attempt by passing in an integer value here \(^1\).
- frame_max: Alter the default frame maximum size value by passing in a long integer value².
- heartbeat: Pass a value greater than zero to enable heartbeats between the server and your application. The integer value you pass here will be the number of seconds between heartbeats.
- locale: Set the locale of the client using underscore delimited posix Locale code in ll_CC format (en_US, pt_BR, de_DE).
- retry_delay: The number of seconds to wait before attempting to reconnect on a failed connection, if connection_attempts is > 0.
- socket_timeout: Change the default socket timeout duration from 0.25 seconds to another integer or float value. Adjust with caution.
- ssl_options: A url encoded dict of values for the SSL connection. The available keys are:
 - ca_certs
 - cert_reqs
 - certfile
 - keyfile
 - ssl version

For an information on what the ssl_options can be set to reference the official Python documentation. Here is an example of setting the client certificate and key:

The following example demonstrates how to generate the ssl_options string with Python's urllib:

The pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection adapter does not respect the connection_attempts parameter.

² The AMQP specification states that a server can reject a request for a frame size larger than the value it passes during content negotiation.

Connecting to RabbitMQ with Callback-Passing Style

When you connect to RabbitMQ with an asynchronous adapter, you are writing event oriented code. The connection adapter will block on the IOLoop that is watching to see when pika should read data from and write data to RabbitMQ. Because you're now blocking on the IOLoop, you will receive callback notifications when specific events happen.

Example Code

In the example, there are three steps that take place:

- 1. Setup the connection to RabbitMQ
- 2. Start the IOLoop
- 3. Once connected, the on_open method will be called by Pika with a handle to the connection. In this method, a new channel will be opened on the connection.
- 4. Once the channel is opened, you can do your other actions, whether they be publishing messages, consuming messages or other RabbitMQ related activities.:

```
import pika
# Step #3
def on_open(connection):
    connection.channel(on channel open)
# Step #4
def on_channel_open(channel):
    channel.basic_publish('exchange_name',
                          'routing_key',
                          'Test Message',
                          pika.BasicProperties(content_type='text/plain',
                                               type='example'))
# Step #1: Connect to RabbitMQ
connection = pika.SelectConnection(on_open_callback=on_open)
try:
    # Step #2 - Block on the IOLoop
    connection.ioloop.start()
# Catch a Keyboard Interrupt to make sure that the connection is closed cleanly
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    # Gracefully close the connection
    connection.close()
    # Start the IOLoop again so Pika can communicate, it will stop on its own.
→when the connection is closed
    connection.ioloop.start()
```

Using the Blocking Connection to get a message from RabbitMQ

The BlockingChannel.basic_get method will return a tuple with the members.

If the server returns a message, the first item in the tuple will be a pika.spec.Basic.GetOk object with the current message count, the redelivered flag, the routing key that was used to put the message in the queue, and the

exchange the message was published to. The second item will be a *BasicProperties* object and the third will be the message body.

If the server did not return a message a tuple of None, None, None will be returned.

Example of getting a message and acknowledging it:

```
import pika

connection = pika.BlockingConnection()
channel = connection.channel()
method_frame, header_frame, body = channel.basic_get('test')
if method_frame:
    print(method_frame, header_frame, body)
    channel.basic_ack(method_frame.delivery_tag)
else:
    print('No message returned')
```

Using the Blocking Connection to consume messages from RabbitMQ

The BlockingChannel.basic_consume method assign a callback method to be called every time that RabbitMQ delivers messages to your consuming application.

When pika calls your method, it will pass in the channel, a pika.spec.Basic.Deliver object with the delivery tag, the redelivered flag, the routing key that was used to put the message in the queue, and the exchange the message was published to. The third argument will be a pika.spec.BasicProperties object and the last will be the message body.

Example of consuming messages and acknowledging them:

```
def on_message(channel, method_frame, header_frame, body):
    print(method_frame.delivery_tag)
    print(body)
    print()
    channel.basic_ack(delivery_tag=method_frame.delivery_tag)

connection = pika.BlockingConnection()
    channel = connection.channel()
    channel.basic_consume(on_message, 'test')

try:
    channel.start_consuming()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    channel.stop_consuming()
connection.close()
```

Using the BlockingChannel.consume generator to consume messages

The BlockingChannel.consume method is a generator that will return a tuple of method, properties and body.

When you escape out of the loop, be sure to call consumer.cancel() to return any unprocessed messages.

Example of consuming messages and acknowledging them:

```
import pika
connection = pika.BlockingConnection()
channel = connection.channel()
# Get ten messages and break out
for method_frame, properties, body in channel.consume('test'):
    # Display the message parts
   print(method_frame)
   print (properties)
   print (body)
    # Acknowledge the message
   channel.basic_ack(method_frame.delivery_tag)
    # Escape out of the loop after 10 messages
    if method_frame.delivery_tag == 10:
        break
# Cancel the consumer and return any pending messages
requeued_messages = channel.cancel()
print('Requeued %i messages' % requeued_messages)
# Close the channel and the connection
channel.close()
connection.close()
```

If you have pending messages in the test queue, your output should look something like:

```
(pika) gmr-0x02:pika gmr$ python blocking_nack.py
<Basic.Deliver(['consumer_tag=ctag1.0', 'redelivered=True', 'routing_key=test',</pre>
→'delivery_tag=1', 'exchange=test'])>
<BasicProperties(['delivery_mode=1', 'content_type=text/plain'])>
Hello World!
<Basic.Deliver(['consumer_tag=ctag1.0', 'redelivered=True', 'routing_key=test',</pre>
→'delivery_tag=2', 'exchange=test'])>
<BasicProperties(['delivery_mode=1', 'content_type=text/plain'])>
Hello World!
<Basic.Deliver(['consumer_tag=ctag1.0', 'redelivered=True', 'routing_key=test',</pre>
→'delivery_tag=3', 'exchange=test'])>
<BasicProperties(['delivery_mode=1', 'content_type=text/plain'])>
Hello World!
<Basic.Deliver(['consumer_tag=ctag1.0', 'redelivered=True', 'routing_key=test',</pre>
→'delivery_tag=4', 'exchange=test'])>
<BasicProperties(['delivery_mode=1', 'content_type=text/plain'])>
Hello World!
<Basic.Deliver(['consumer_tag=ctag1.0', 'redelivered=True', 'routing_key=test',</pre>
→'delivery_tag=5', 'exchange=test'])>
<BasicProperties(['delivery_mode=1', 'content_type=text/plain'])>
Hello World!
<Basic.Deliver(['consumer_tag=ctag1.0', 'redelivered=True', 'routing_key=test',</pre>
→'delivery_tag=6', 'exchange=test'])>
<BasicProperties(['delivery_mode=1', 'content_type=text/plain'])>
Hello World!
<Basic.Deliver(['consumer_tag=ctag1.0', 'redelivered=True', 'routing_key=test',</pre>
→'delivery_tag=7', 'exchange=test'])>
<BasicProperties(['delivery_mode=1', 'content_type=text/plain'])>
```

Comparing Message Publishing with BlockingConnection and SelectConnection

For those doing simple, non-asynchronous programing, pika.adapters.blocking_connection. BlockingConnection() proves to be the easiest way to get up and running with Pika to publish messages.

In the following example, a connection is made to RabbitMQ listening to port 5672 on *localhost* using the username *guest* and password *guest* and virtual host /. Once connected, a channel is opened and a message is published to the *test_exchange* exchange using the *test_routing_key* routing key. The BasicProperties value passed in sets the message to delivery mode 1 (non-persisted) with a content-type of *text/plain*. Once the message is published, the connection is closed:

In contrast, using <code>pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection()</code> and the other asynchronous adapters is more complicated and less pythonic, but when used with other asynchronous services can have tremendous performance improvements. In the following code example, all of the same parameters and values are used as were used in the previous example:

```
import pika

# Step #3
def on_open(connection):
    connection.channel(on_channel_open)

# Step #4
def on_channel_open(channel):
```

```
channel.basic_publish('test_exchange',
                            'test_routing_key',
                            'message body value',
                            pika.BasicProperties(content_type='text/plain',
                                                 delivery_mode=1))
   connection.close()
# Step #1: Connect to RabbitMQ
parameters = pika.URLParameters('amqp://guest:guest@localhost:5672/%2F')
connection = pika.SelectConnection(parameters=parameters,
                                   on_open_callback=on_open)
try:
    # Step #2 - Block on the IOLoop
    connection.ioloop.start()
# Catch a Keyboard Interrupt to make sure that the connection is closed cleanly
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    # Gracefully close the connection
   connection.close()
    # Start the IOLoop again so Pika can communicate, it will stop on its own when,
→the connection is closed
   connection.ioloop.start()
```

Using Delivery Confirmations with the BlockingConnection

The following code demonstrates how to turn on delivery confirmations with the BlockingConnection and how to check for confirmation from RabbitMQ:

```
import pika
# Open a connection to RabbitMQ on localhost using all default parameters
connection = pika.BlockingConnection()
# Open the channel
channel = connection.channel()
# Declare the queue
channel.queue_declare(queue="test", durable=True, exclusive=False, auto_delete=False)
# Turn on delivery confirmations
channel.confirm_delivery()
# Send a message
if channel.basic_publish(exchange='test',
                         routing_key='test',
                         body='Hello World!',
                         properties=pika.BasicProperties(content_type='text/plain',
                                                         delivery_mode=1)):
   print('Message publish was confirmed')
```

```
else:
    print('Message could not be confirmed')
```

Ensuring message delivery with the mandatory flag

The following example demonstrates how to check if a message is delivered by setting the mandatory flag and checking the return result when using the BlockingConnection:

```
import pika
# Open a connection to RabbitMQ on localhost using all default parameters
connection = pika.BlockingConnection()
# Open the channel
channel = connection.channel()
# Declare the queue
channel.queue_declare(queue="test", durable=True, exclusive=False, auto_delete=False)
# Enabled delivery confirmations
channel.confirm_delivery()
# Send a message
if channel.basic_publish(exchange='test',
                         routing_key='test',
                         body='Hello World!',
                         properties=pika.BasicProperties(content_type='text/plain',
                                                          delivery_mode=1),
                         mandatory=True):
   print('Message was published')
else:
   print('Message was returned')
```

Asynchronous consumer example

The following example implements a consumer that will respond to RPC commands sent from RabbitMQ. For example, it will reconnect if RabbitMQ closes the connection and will shutdown if RabbitMQ cancels the consumer or closes the channel. While it may look intimidating, each method is very short and represents a individual actions that a consumer can do.

consumer.py:

```
If RabbitMQ closes the connection, it will reopen it. You should
look at the output, as there are limited reasons why the connection may
be closed, which usually are tied to permission related issues or
socket timeouts.
If the channel is closed, it will indicate a problem with one of the
commands that were issued and that should surface in the output as well.
EXCHANGE = 'message'
EXCHANGE_TYPE = 'topic'
QUEUE = 'text'
ROUTING_KEY = 'example.text'
def __init__(self, amqp_url):
    """Create a new instance of the consumer class, passing in the AMQP
    URL used to connect to RabbitMQ.
    :param str amqp_url: The AMQP url to connect with
    self._connection = None
    self._channel = None
    self._closing = False
    self._consumer_tag = None
    self._url = amqp_url
def connect(self):
    """This method connects to RabbitMQ, returning the connection handle.
    When the connection is established, the on_connection_open method
    will be invoked by pika.
    :rtype: pika.SelectConnection
    .....
    LOGGER.info('Connecting to %s', self._url)
    return pika. SelectConnection (pika. URLParameters (self._url),
                                 self.on_connection_open,
                                 stop_ioloop_on_close=False)
def on_connection_open(self, unused_connection):
    """This method is called by pika once the connection to RabbitMQ has
    been established. It passes the handle to the connection object in
    case we need it, but in this case, we'll just mark it unused.
    :type unused_connection: pika.SelectConnection
    LOGGER.info('Connection opened')
    self.add_on_connection_close_callback()
    self.open_channel()
def add_on_connection_close_callback(self):
    """This method adds an on close callback that will be invoked by pika
    when RabbitMQ closes the connection to the publisher unexpectedly.
```

```
LOGGER.info('Adding connection close callback')
    self._connection.add_on_close_callback(self.on_connection_closed)
def on_connection_closed(self, connection, reply_code, reply_text):
    """This method is invoked by pika when the connection to RabbitMQ is
    closed unexpectedly. Since it is unexpected, we will reconnect to
    RabbitMQ if it disconnects.
    :param pika.connection.Connection connection: The closed connection obj
    :param int reply_code: The server provided reply_code if given
    :param str reply_text: The server provided reply_text if given
    n n n
    self._channel = None
    if self._closing:
        self._connection.ioloop.stop()
    else:
        LOGGER.warning('Connection closed, reopening in 5 seconds: (%s) %s',
                       reply_code, reply_text)
        self._connection.add_timeout(5, self.reconnect)
def reconnect(self):
    """Will be invoked by the IOLoop timer if the connection is
    closed. See the on_connection_closed method.
    # This is the old connection IOLoop instance, stop its ioloop
    self._connection.ioloop.stop()
    if not self._closing:
        # Create a new connection
        self._connection = self.connect()
        # There is now a new connection, needs a new ioloop to run
        self._connection.ioloop.start()
def open_channel(self):
    """Open a new channel with RabbitMQ by issuing the Channel.Open RPC
    command. When RabbitMQ responds that the channel is open, the
    on_channel_open callback will be invoked by pika.
    LOGGER.info('Creating a new channel')
    self._connection.channel(on_open_callback=self.on_channel_open)
def on_channel_open(self, channel):
    """This method is invoked by pika when the channel has been opened.
    The channel object is passed in so we can make use of it.
    Since the channel is now open, we'll declare the exchange to use.
    :param pika.channel.Channel channel: The channel object
    LOGGER.info('Channel opened')
    self._channel = channel
    self.add_on_channel_close_callback()
```

```
self.setup_exchange(self.EXCHANGE)
def add_on_channel_close_callback(self):
    """This method tells pika to call the on_channel_closed method if
    RabbitMQ unexpectedly closes the channel.
    LOGGER.info('Adding channel close callback')
    self._channel.add_on_close_callback(self.on_channel_closed)
def on_channel_closed(self, channel, reply_code, reply_text):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ unexpectedly closes the channel.
    Channels are usually closed if you attempt to do something that
    violates the protocol, such as re-declare an exchange or queue with
    different parameters. In this case, we'll close the connection
    to shutdown the object.
    :param pika.channel.Channel: The closed channel
    :param int reply_code: The numeric reason the channel was closed
    :param str reply_text: The text reason the channel was closed
    LOGGER.warning('Channel %i was closed: (%s) %s',
                   channel, reply_code, reply_text)
    self._connection.close()
def setup_exchange(self, exchange_name):
    """Setup the exchange on RabbitMQ by invoking the Exchange.Declare RPC
    command. When it is complete, the on_exchange_declareok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param str/unicode exchange_name: The name of the exchange to declare
    LOGGER.info('Declaring exchange %s', exchange_name)
    self._channel.exchange_declare(self.on_exchange_declareok,
                                   exchange_name,
                                   self.EXCHANGE_TYPE)
def on_exchange_declareok(self, unused_frame):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ has finished the Exchange.Declare RPC
    command.
    :param pika.Frame.Method unused_frame: Exchange.DeclareOk response frame
    LOGGER.info('Exchange declared')
    self.setup_queue(self.QUEUE)
def setup_queue(self, queue_name):
    """Setup the queue on RabbitMQ by invoking the Queue.Declare RPC
    command. When it is complete, the on_queue_declareok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param str/unicode queue_name: The name of the queue to declare.
    LOGGER.info('Declaring queue %s', queue_name)
```

```
self._channel.queue_declare(self.on_queue_declareok, queue_name)
def on_queue_declareok(self, method_frame):
    """Method invoked by pika when the Queue.Declare RPC call made in
    setup_queue has completed. In this method we will bind the queue
    and exchange together with the routing key by issuing the Queue. Bind
    RPC command. When this command is complete, the on_bindok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param pika.frame.Method method_frame: The Queue.DeclareOk frame
    .....
    LOGGER.info('Binding %s to %s with %s',
                self.EXCHANGE, self.QUEUE, self.ROUTING_KEY)
    self._channel.queue_bind(self.on_bindok, self.QUEUE,
                             self.EXCHANGE, self.ROUTING_KEY)
def on_bindok(self, unused_frame):
    """Invoked by pika when the Queue. Bind method has completed. At this
    point we will start consuming messages by calling start_consuming
    which will invoke the needed RPC commands to start the process.
    :param pika.frame.Method unused_frame: The Queue.BindOk response frame
    .....
    LOGGER.info('Queue bound')
    self.start_consuming()
def start_consuming(self):
    """This method sets up the consumer by first calling
    add_on_cancel_callback so that the object is notified if RabbitMQ
    cancels the consumer. It then issues the Basic.Consume RPC command
    which returns the consumer tag that is used to uniquely identify the
    consumer with RabbitMQ. We keep the value to use it when we want to
    cancel consuming. The on message method is passed in as a callback pika
    will invoke when a message is fully received.
    .....
    LOGGER.info('Issuing consumer related RPC commands')
    self.add_on_cancel_callback()
    self._consumer_tag = self._channel.basic_consume(self.on_message,
                                                      self.QUEUE)
def add_on_cancel_callback(self):
    """Add a callback that will be invoked if RabbitMQ cancels the consumer
    for some reason. If RabbitMQ does cancel the consumer,
    on_consumer_cancelled will be invoked by pika.
    LOGGER.info('Adding consumer cancellation callback')
    self._channel.add_on_cancel_callback(self.on_consumer_cancelled)
def on_consumer_cancelled(self, method_frame):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ sends a Basic. Cancel for a consumer
    receiving messages.
    :param pika.frame.Method method_frame: The Basic.Cancel frame
```

```
LOGGER.info('Consumer was cancelled remotely, shutting down: %r',
               method frame)
    if self._channel:
       self._channel.close()
def on_message(self, unused_channel, basic_deliver, properties, body):
    """Invoked by pika when a message is delivered from RabbitMQ. The
    channel is passed for your convenience. The basic_deliver object that
    is passed in carries the exchange, routing key, delivery tag and
    a redelivered flag for the message. The properties passed in is an
    instance of BasicProperties with the message properties and the body
    is the message that was sent.
    :param pika.channel.Channel unused_channel: The channel object
    :param pika.Spec.Basic.Deliver: basic_deliver method
    :param pika.Spec.BasicProperties: properties
    :param str/unicode body: The message body
    LOGGER.info('Received message # %s from %s: %s',
                basic_deliver.delivery_tag, properties.app_id, body)
    self.acknowledge_message(basic_deliver.delivery_tag)
def acknowledge_message(self, delivery_tag):
    """Acknowledge the message delivery from RabbitMQ by sending a
    Basic.Ack RPC method for the delivery tag.
    :param int delivery_tag: The delivery tag from the Basic.Deliver frame
    LOGGER.info('Acknowledging message %s', delivery_tag)
    self._channel.basic_ack(delivery_tag)
def stop_consuming(self):
    """Tell RabbitMQ that you would like to stop consuming by sending the
    Basic.Cancel RPC command.
    if self._channel:
        LOGGER.info('Sending a Basic.Cancel RPC command to RabbitMQ')
        self._channel.basic_cancel(self.on_cancelok, self._consumer_tag)
def on_cancelok(self, unused_frame):
    """This method is invoked by pika when RabbitMQ acknowledges the
    cancellation of a consumer. At this point we will close the channel.
    This will invoke the on_channel_closed method once the channel has been
    closed, which will in-turn close the connection.
    :param pika.frame.Method unused_frame: The Basic.CancelOk frame
    LOGGER.info('RabbitMQ acknowledged the cancellation of the consumer')
    self.close_channel()
def close_channel(self):
    """Call to close the channel with RabbitMQ cleanly by issuing the
    Channel.Close RPC command.
```

```
LOGGER.info('Closing the channel')
        self._channel.close()
   def run(self):
        """Run the example consumer by connecting to RabbitMQ and then
        starting the IOLoop to block and allow the SelectConnection to operate.
        self._connection = self.connect()
        self._connection.ioloop.start()
    def stop(self):
        """Cleanly shutdown the connection to RabbitMQ by stopping the consumer
        with RabbitMQ. When RabbitMQ confirms the cancellation, on_cancelok
        will be invoked by pika, which will then closing the channel and
        connection. The IOLoop is started again because this method is invoked
        when CTRL-C is pressed raising a KeyboardInterrupt exception. This
        exception stops the IOLoop which needs to be running for pika to
        communicate with RabbitMQ. All of the commands issued prior to starting
        the IOLoop will be buffered but not processed.
        LOGGER.info('Stopping')
        self._closing = True
        self.stop_consuming()
        self._connection.ioloop.start()
        LOGGER.info('Stopped')
   def close_connection(self):
        """This method closes the connection to RabbitMQ."""
       LOGGER.info('Closing connection')
        self._connection.close()
def main():
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=LOG_FORMAT)
    example = ExampleConsumer('amqp://guest:guest@localhost:5672/%2F')
   try:
       example.run()
   except KeyboardInterrupt:
        example.stop()
if __name__ == '__main__':
   main()
```

Asynchronous publisher example

The following example implements a publisher that will respond to RPC commands sent from RabbitMQ and uses delivery confirmations. It will reconnect if RabbitMQ closes the connection and will shutdown if RabbitMQ closes the channel. While it may look intimidating, each method is very short and represents a individual actions that a publisher can do.

publisher.py:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import logging
import pika
import json
LOG_FORMAT = ('%(levelname) -10s %(asctime)s %(name) -30s %(funcName) '
                '-35s %(lineno) -5d: %(message)s')
LOGGER = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class ExamplePublisher(object):
    """This is an example publisher that will handle unexpected interactions
    with RabbitMQ such as channel and connection closures.
    If RabbitMQ closes the connection, it will reopen it. You should
   look at the output, as there are limited reasons why the connection may
   be closed, which usually are tied to permission related issues or
   socket timeouts.
   It uses delivery confirmations and illustrates one way to keep track of
   messages that have been sent and if they've been confirmed by RabbitMQ.
   EXCHANGE = 'message'
   EXCHANGE_TYPE = 'topic'
   PUBLISH_INTERVAL = 1
   QUEUE = 'text'
   ROUTING_KEY = 'example.text'
   def __init__(self, amqp_url):
        """Setup the example publisher object, passing in the URL we will use
        to connect to RabbitMQ.
        :param str amqp_url: The URL for connecting to RabbitMQ
        self._connection = None
        self._channel = None
        self._deliveries = None
        self._acked = None
        self._nacked = None
        self._message_number = None
       self._stopping = False
        self._url = amqp_url
   def connect(self):
        """This method connects to RabbitMQ, returning the connection handle.
        When the connection is established, the on_connection_open method
        will be invoked by pika. If you want the reconnection to work, make
        sure you set stop_ioloop_on_close to False, which is not the default
        behavior of this adapter.
        :rtype: pika.SelectConnection
```

```
LOGGER.info('Connecting to %s', self._url)
    return pika. SelectConnection (pika. URLParameters (self._url),
                                 on_open_callback=self.on_connection_open,
                                 on_close_callback=self.on_connection_closed,
                                 stop_ioloop_on_close=False)
def on_connection_open(self, unused_connection):
    """This method is called by pika once the connection to RabbitMQ has
    been established. It passes the handle to the connection object in
    case we need it, but in this case, we'll just mark it unused.
    :type unused_connection: pika.SelectConnection
    LOGGER.info('Connection opened')
    self.open_channel()
def on_connection_closed(self, connection, reply_code, reply_text):
    """This method is invoked by pika when the connection to RabbitMQ is
    closed unexpectedly. Since it is unexpected, we will reconnect to
    RabbitMQ if it disconnects.
    :param pika.connection.Connection connection: The closed connection obj
    :param int reply_code: The server provided reply_code if given
    :param str reply_text: The server provided reply_text if given
    self._channel = None
    if self._stopping:
        self._connection.ioloop.stop()
    else:
        LOGGER.warning('Connection closed, reopening in 5 seconds: (%s) %s',
                       reply_code, reply_text)
        self._connection.add_timeout(5, self._connection.ioloop.stop)
def open_channel(self):
    """This method will open a new channel with RabbitMQ by issuing the
    Channel.Open RPC command. When RabbitMQ confirms the channel is open
    by sending the Channel. OpenOK RPC reply, the on_channel_open method
    will be invoked.
    n n n
    LOGGER.info('Creating a new channel')
    self._connection.channel(on_open_callback=self.on_channel_open)
def on_channel_open(self, channel):
    """This method is invoked by pika when the channel has been opened.
    The channel object is passed in so we can make use of it.
    Since the channel is now open, we'll declare the exchange to use.
    :param pika.channel.Channel channel: The channel object
    LOGGER.info('Channel opened')
    self._channel = channel
    self.add_on_channel_close_callback()
    self.setup_exchange(self.EXCHANGE)
```

```
def add_on_channel_close_callback(self):
    """This method tells pika to call the on_channel_closed method if
    RabbitMQ unexpectedly closes the channel.
    LOGGER.info('Adding channel close callback')
    self._channel.add_on_close_callback(self.on_channel_closed)
def on_channel_closed(self, channel, reply_code, reply_text):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ unexpectedly closes the channel.
    Channels are usually closed if you attempt to do something that
    violates the protocol, such as re-declare an exchange or queue with
    different parameters. In this case, we'll close the connection
    to shutdown the object.
    :param pika.channel.Channel channel: The closed channel
    :param int reply_code: The numeric reason the channel was closed
    :param str reply_text: The text reason the channel was closed
    LOGGER.warning('Channel was closed: (%s) %s', reply_code, reply_text)
    self._channel = None
    if not self._stopping:
        self._connection.close()
def setup_exchange(self, exchange_name):
    """Setup the exchange on RabbitMQ by invoking the Exchange.Declare RPC
    command. When it is complete, the on_exchange_declareok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param str/unicode exchange_name: The name of the exchange to declare
    LOGGER.info('Declaring exchange %s', exchange_name)
    self._channel.exchange_declare(self.on_exchange_declareok,
                                   exchange_name,
                                   self.EXCHANGE_TYPE)
def on_exchange_declareok(self, unused_frame):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ has finished the Exchange.Declare RPC
    command.
    :param pika.Frame.Method unused_frame: Exchange.DeclareOk response frame
    LOGGER.info('Exchange declared')
    self.setup_queue(self.QUEUE)
def setup_queue(self, queue_name):
    """Setup the queue on RabbitMQ by invoking the Queue.Declare RPC
    command. When it is complete, the on_queue_declareok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param str/unicode queue_name: The name of the queue to declare.
    LOGGER.info('Declaring queue %s', queue_name)
```

```
self._channel.queue_declare(self.on_queue_declareok, queue_name)
def on_queue_declareok(self, method_frame):
    """Method invoked by pika when the Queue.Declare RPC call made in
    setup_queue has completed. In this method we will bind the queue
    and exchange together with the routing key by issuing the Queue. Bind
    RPC command. When this command is complete, the on_bindok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param pika.frame.Method method_frame: The Queue.DeclareOk frame
    .....
    LOGGER.info('Binding %s to %s with %s',
                self.EXCHANGE, self.QUEUE, self.ROUTING_KEY)
    self._channel.queue_bind(self.on_bindok, self.QUEUE,
                             self.EXCHANGE, self.ROUTING_KEY)
def on_bindok(self, unused_frame):
    """This method is invoked by pika when it receives the Queue.BindOk
    response from RabbitMQ. Since we know we're now setup and bound, it's
    time to start publishing."""
    LOGGER.info('Queue bound')
    self.start_publishing()
def start_publishing(self):
    """This method will enable delivery confirmations and schedule the
    first message to be sent to RabbitMQ
    LOGGER.info('Issuing consumer related RPC commands')
    self.enable_delivery_confirmations()
    self.schedule_next_message()
def enable_delivery_confirmations(self):
    """Send the Confirm. Select RPC method to RabbitMQ to enable delivery
    confirmations on the channel. The only way to turn this off is to close
    the channel and create a new one.
    When the message is confirmed from RabbitMQ, the
    on_delivery_confirmation method will be invoked passing in a Basic.Ack
    or Basic. Nack method from RabbitMQ that will indicate which messages it
    is confirming or rejecting.
    .....
    LOGGER.info('Issuing Confirm.Select RPC command')
    self._channel.confirm_delivery(self.on_delivery_confirmation)
def on_delivery_confirmation(self, method_frame):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ responds to a Basic.Publish RPC
    command, passing in either a Basic.Ack or Basic.Nack frame with
    the delivery tag of the message that was published. The delivery tag
    is an integer counter indicating the message number that was sent
    on the channel via Basic.Publish. Here we're just doing house keeping
    to keep track of stats and remove message numbers that we expect
    a delivery confirmation of from the list used to keep track of messages
    that are pending confirmation.
    :param pika.frame.Method method_frame: Basic.Ack or Basic.Nack frame
```

```
confirmation_type = method_frame.method.NAME.split('.')[1].lower()
    LOGGER.info('Received %s for delivery tag: %i',
                confirmation_type,
                method_frame.method.delivery_tag)
    if confirmation_type == 'ack':
        self._acked += 1
    elif confirmation_type == 'nack':
        self._nacked += 1
    self._deliveries.remove(method_frame.method.delivery_tag)
    LOGGER.info('Published %i messages, %i have yet to be confirmed, '
                '%i were acked and %i were nacked',
                self._message_number, len(self._deliveries),
                self._acked, self._nacked)
def schedule_next_message(self):
    """If we are not closing our connection to RabbitMQ, schedule another
    message to be delivered in PUBLISH_INTERVAL seconds.
   LOGGER.info('Scheduling next message for %0.1f seconds',
                self.PUBLISH_INTERVAL)
    self._connection.add_timeout(self.PUBLISH_INTERVAL,
                                 self.publish_message)
def publish_message(self):
    """If the class is not stopping, publish a message to RabbitMQ,
    appending a list of deliveries with the message number that was sent.
    This list will be used to check for delivery confirmations in the
    on_delivery_confirmations method.
    Once the message has been sent, schedule another message to be sent.
    The main reason I put scheduling in was just so you can get a good idea
    of how the process is flowing by slowing down and speeding up the
    delivery intervals by changing the PUBLISH_INTERVAL constant in the
    class.
    if self._channel is None or not self._channel.is_open:
    message = \{u'': u'',
              u'': u'',
               u'': u''}
    properties = pika.BasicProperties(app_id='example-publisher',
                                      content_type='application/json',
                                      headers=message)
    self._channel.basic_publish(self.EXCHANGE, self.ROUTING_KEY,
                                json.dumps(message, ensure_ascii=False),
                                properties)
    self._message_number += 1
    self._deliveries.append(self._message_number)
    LOGGER.info('Published message # %i', self._message_number)
    self.schedule_next_message()
def run(self):
```

```
"""Run the example code by connecting and then starting the IOLoop.
        while not self._stopping:
            self._connection = None
            self._deliveries = []
            self.\_acked = 0
            self.\_nacked = 0
            self._message_number = 0
            try:
                self._connection = self.connect()
                self._connection.ioloop.start()
            except KeyboardInterrupt:
                self.stop()
                if (self._connection is not None and
                        not self._connection.is_closed):
                    # Finish closing
                    self._connection.ioloop.start()
        LOGGER.info('Stopped')
   def stop(self):
        """Stop the example by closing the channel and connection. We
        set a flag here so that we stop scheduling new messages to be
        published. The IOLoop is started because this method is
        invoked by the Try/Catch below when KeyboardInterrupt is caught.
        Starting the IOLoop again will allow the publisher to cleanly
        disconnect from RabbitMQ.
       LOGGER.info('Stopping')
        self._stopping = True
        self.close_channel()
        self.close_connection()
    def close_channel(self):
        """Invoke this command to close the channel with RabbitMQ by sending
        the Channel.Close RPC command.
        if self._channel is not None:
            LOGGER.info('Closing the channel')
            self._channel.close()
   def close_connection(self):
        """This method closes the connection to RabbitMQ."""
        if self._connection is not None:
            LOGGER.info('Closing connection')
            self._connection.close()
def main():
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG, format=LOG_FORMAT)
    # Connect to localhost:5672 as guest with the password guest and virtual host "/".
→ (%2F)
   example = ExamplePublisher('amqp://guest:guest@localhost:5672/%2F?connection_
→attempts=3&heartbeat_interval=3600')
```

```
example.run()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Twisted Consumer Example

Example of writing a consumer using the Twisted connection adapter:

```
# -*- coding:utf-8 -*-
import pika
from pika import exceptions
from pika.adapters import twisted_connection
from twisted.internet import defer, reactor, protocol,task
@defer.inlineCallbacks
def run(connection):
   channel = yield connection.channel()
   exchange = yield channel.exchange_declare(exchange='topic_link',type='topic')
   queue = yield channel.queue_declare(queue='hello', auto_delete=False,_
⇔exclusive=False)
   yield channel.queue_bind(exchange='topic_link',queue='hello',routing_key='hello.
→world')
   yield channel.basic_qos(prefetch_count=1)
   queue_object, consumer_tag = yield channel.basic_consume(queue='hello',no_
→ack=False)
   1 = task.LoopingCall(read, queue_object)
   1.start(0.01)
@defer.inlineCallbacks
def read(queue_object):
   ch, method, properties, body = yield queue_object.get()
   if body:
       print (body)
   yield ch.basic_ack(delivery_tag=method.delivery_tag)
parameters = pika.ConnectionParameters()
cc = protocol.ClientCreator(reactor, twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection,_
→parameters)
d = cc.connectTCP('hostname', 5672)
```

```
d.addCallback(lambda protocol: protocol.ready)
d.addCallback(run)
reactor.run()
```

Tornado Consumer

The following example implements a consumer using the *Tornado adapter* for the Tornado framework that will respond to RPC commands sent from RabbitMQ. For example, it will reconnect if RabbitMQ closes the connection and will shutdown if RabbitMQ cancels the consumer or closes the channel. While it may look intimidating, each method is very short and represents a individual actions that a consumer can do.

consumer.py:

```
from pika import adapters
import pika
import logging
LOG_FORMAT = ('%(levelname) -10s %(asctime)s %(name) -30s %(funcName) '
              '-35s %(lineno) -5d: %(message)s')
LOGGER = logging.getLogger(__name__)
class ExampleConsumer(object):
    """This is an example consumer that will handle unexpected interactions
    with RabbitMQ such as channel and connection closures.
   If RabbitMQ closes the connection, it will reopen it. You should
   look at the output, as there are limited reasons why the connection may
   be closed, which usually are tied to permission related issues or
   socket timeouts.
    If the channel is closed, it will indicate a problem with one of the
    commands that were issued and that should surface in the output as well.
   EXCHANGE = 'message'
   EXCHANGE TYPE = 'topic'
   QUEUE = 'text'
   ROUTING_KEY = 'example.text'
   def __init__(self, amgp_url):
        """Create a new instance of the consumer class, passing in the AMOP
        URL used to connect to RabbitMQ.
        :param str amqp_url: The AMQP url to connect with
        self._connection = None
        self._channel = None
        self._closing = False
        self._consumer_tag = None
        self._url = amqp_url
    def connect(self):
        """This method connects to RabbitMQ, returning the connection handle.
        When the connection is established, the on connection open method
```

```
will be invoked by pika.
    :rtype: pika.SelectConnection
    LOGGER.info('Connecting to %s', self._url)
    return adapters.TornadoConnection(pika.URLParameters(self._url),
                                      self.on_connection_open)
def close_connection(self):
    """This method closes the connection to RabbitMQ."""
    LOGGER.info('Closing connection')
    self._connection.close()
def add_on_connection_close_callback(self):
    """This method adds an on close callback that will be invoked by pika
    when RabbitMQ closes the connection to the publisher unexpectedly.
    LOGGER.info('Adding connection close callback')
    self._connection.add_on_close_callback(self.on_connection_closed)
def on_connection_closed(self, connection, reply_code, reply_text):
    """This method is invoked by pika when the connection to RabbitMQ is
    closed unexpectedly. Since it is unexpected, we will reconnect to
    RabbitMQ if it disconnects.
    :param pika.connection.Connection connection: The closed connection obj
    :param int reply_code: The server provided reply_code if given
    :param str reply_text: The server provided reply_text if given
    self._channel = None
    if self._closing:
        self._connection.ioloop.stop()
    else:
        LOGGER.warning('Connection closed, reopening in 5 seconds: (\$s) \$s',
                       reply_code, reply_text)
        self._connection.add_timeout(5, self.reconnect)
def on_connection_open(self, unused_connection):
    """This method is called by pika once the connection to RabbitMQ has
    been established. It passes the handle to the connection object in
    case we need it, but in this case, we'll just mark it unused.
    :type unused_connection: pika.SelectConnection
    LOGGER.info('Connection opened')
    self.add_on_connection_close_callback()
    self.open_channel()
def reconnect(self):
    """Will be invoked by the IOLoop timer if the connection is
    closed. See the on_connection_closed method.
    if not self._closing:
```

```
# Create a new connection
        self. connection = self.connect()
def add_on_channel_close_callback(self):
    """This method tells pika to call the on_channel_closed method if
    RabbitMQ unexpectedly closes the channel.
    LOGGER.info('Adding channel close callback')
    self._channel.add_on_close_callback(self.on_channel_closed)
def on_channel_closed(self, channel, reply_code, reply_text):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ unexpectedly closes the channel.
    Channels are usually closed if you attempt to do something that
    violates the protocol, such as re-declare an exchange or queue with
    different parameters. In this case, we'll close the connection
    to shutdown the object.
    :param pika.channel.Channel: The closed channel
    :param int reply_code: The numeric reason the channel was closed
    :param str reply_text: The text reason the channel was closed
    LOGGER.warning('Channel %i was closed: (%s) %s',
                   channel, reply_code, reply_text)
    self._connection.close()
def on_channel_open(self, channel):
    """This method is invoked by pika when the channel has been opened.
    The channel object is passed in so we can make use of it.
    Since the channel is now open, we'll declare the exchange to use.
    :param pika.channel.Channel channel: The channel object
    0.00
    LOGGER.info('Channel opened')
    self._channel = channel
    self.add_on_channel_close_callback()
    self.setup_exchange(self.EXCHANGE)
def setup_exchange(self, exchange_name):
    """Setup the exchange on RabbitMQ by invoking the Exchange.Declare RPC
    command. When it is complete, the on_exchange_declareok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param str/unicode exchange_name: The name of the exchange to declare
    0.00
    LOGGER.info('Declaring exchange %s', exchange_name)
    self._channel.exchange_declare(self.on_exchange_declareok,
                                   exchange_name,
                                   self.EXCHANGE_TYPE)
def on_exchange_declareok(self, unused_frame):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ has finished the Exchange.Declare RPC
    command.
```

```
:param pika.Frame.Method unused_frame: Exchange.DeclareOk response frame
    LOGGER.info('Exchange declared')
    self.setup_queue(self.QUEUE)
def setup_queue(self, queue_name):
    """Setup the queue on RabbitMQ by invoking the Queue. Declare RPC
    command. When it is complete, the on_queue_declareok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param str/unicode queue_name: The name of the queue to declare.
    LOGGER.info('Declaring queue %s', queue_name)
    self._channel.queue_declare(self.on_queue_declareok, queue_name)
def on_queue_declareok(self, method_frame):
    """Method invoked by pika when the Queue.Declare RPC call made in
    setup_queue has completed. In this method we will bind the queue
    and exchange together with the routing key by issuing the Queue. Bind
    RPC command. When this command is complete, the on_bindok method will
    be invoked by pika.
    :param pika.frame.Method method_frame: The Queue.DeclareOk frame
    LOGGER.info('Binding %s to %s with %s',
                self.EXCHANGE, self.QUEUE, self.ROUTING_KEY)
    self._channel.queue_bind(self.on_bindok, self.QUEUE,
                             self.EXCHANGE, self.ROUTING_KEY)
def add_on_cancel_callback(self):
    """Add a callback that will be invoked if RabbitMQ cancels the consumer
    for some reason. If RabbitMQ does cancel the consumer,
    on_consumer_cancelled will be invoked by pika.
    LOGGER.info('Adding consumer cancellation callback')
    self._channel.add_on_cancel_callback(self.on_consumer_cancelled)
def on_consumer_cancelled(self, method_frame):
    """Invoked by pika when RabbitMQ sends a Basic.Cancel for a consumer
    receiving messages.
    :param pika.frame.Method method_frame: The Basic.Cancel frame
    LOGGER.info('Consumer was cancelled remotely, shutting down: %r',
               method_frame)
    if self._channel:
        self._channel.close()
def acknowledge_message(self, delivery_tag):
    """Acknowledge the message delivery from RabbitMQ by sending a
    Basic.Ack RPC method for the delivery tag.
```

```
:param int delivery_tag: The delivery tag from the Basic.Deliver frame
    LOGGER.info('Acknowledging message %s', delivery_tag)
    self._channel.basic_ack(delivery_tag)
def on_message(self, unused_channel, basic_deliver, properties, body):
    """Invoked by pika when a message is delivered from RabbitMQ. The
    channel is passed for your convenience. The basic_deliver object that
    is passed in carries the exchange, routing key, delivery tag and
    a redelivered flag for the message. The properties passed in is an
    instance of BasicProperties with the message properties and the body
    is the message that was sent.
    :param pika.channel.Channel unused_channel: The channel object
    :param pika.Spec.Basic.Deliver: basic_deliver method
    :param pika.Spec.BasicProperties: properties
    :param str/unicode body: The message body
    LOGGER.info('Received message # %s from %s: %s',
                basic_deliver.delivery_tag, properties.app_id, body)
    self.acknowledge_message(basic_deliver.delivery_tag)
def on_cancelok(self, unused_frame):
    """This method is invoked by pika when RabbitMQ acknowledges the
    cancellation of a consumer. At this point we will close the channel.
    This will invoke the on_channel_closed method once the channel has been
    closed, which will in-turn close the connection.
    :param pika.frame.Method unused_frame: The Basic.CancelOk frame
    LOGGER.info('RabbitMQ acknowledged the cancellation of the consumer')
    self.close_channel()
def stop_consuming(self):
    """Tell RabbitMQ that you would like to stop consuming by sending the
    Basic.Cancel RPC command.
    if self._channel:
        LOGGER.info('Sending a Basic.Cancel RPC command to RabbitMQ')
        self._channel.basic_cancel(self.on_cancelok, self._consumer_tag)
def start_consuming(self):
    """This method sets up the consumer by first calling
    add on cancel callback so that the object is notified if RabbitMQ
    cancels the consumer. It then issues the Basic.Consume RPC command
    which returns the consumer tag that is used to uniquely identify the
    consumer with RabbitMQ. We keep the value to use it when we want to
    cancel consuming. The on_message method is passed in as a callback pika
    will invoke when a message is fully received.
    LOGGER.info('Issuing consumer related RPC commands')
    self.add_on_cancel_callback()
    self._consumer_tag = self._channel.basic_consume(self.on_message,
```

```
self.QUEUE)
   def on_bindok(self, unused_frame):
        """Invoked by pika when the Queue. Bind method has completed. At this
        point we will start consuming messages by calling start_consuming
        which will invoke the needed RPC commands to start the process.
        :param pika.frame.Method unused_frame: The Queue.BindOk response frame
        .....
        LOGGER.info('Queue bound')
        self.start_consuming()
    def close_channel(self):
        """Call to close the channel with RabbitMQ cleanly by issuing the
        Channel.Close RPC command.
        LOGGER.info('Closing the channel')
        self._channel.close()
   def open_channel(self):
        """Open a new channel with RabbitMQ by issuing the Channel. Open RPC
        command. When RabbitMQ responds that the channel is open, the
        on_channel_open callback will be invoked by pika.
        LOGGER.info('Creating a new channel')
        self._connection.channel(on_open_callback=self.on_channel_open)
    def run(self):
        """Run the example consumer by connecting to RabbitMQ and then
        starting the IOLoop to block and allow the SelectConnection to operate.
        self._connection = self.connect()
        self._connection.ioloop.start()
    def stop(self):
        """Cleanly shutdown the connection to RabbitMQ by stopping the consumer
        with RabbitMQ. When RabbitMQ confirms the cancellation, on_cancelok
        will be invoked by pika, which will then closing the channel and
        connection. The IOLoop is started again because this method is invoked
        when CTRL-C is pressed raising a KeyboardInterrupt exception. This
        exception stops the IOLoop which needs to be running for pika to
        communicate with RabbitMQ. All of the commands issued prior to starting
        the IOLoop will be buffered but not processed.
        LOGGER.info('Stopping')
        self._closing = True
        self.stop_consuming()
        self._connection.ioloop.start()
        LOGGER.info('Stopped')
def main():
    logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format=LOG_FORMAT)
```

```
example = ExampleConsumer('amqp://guest:guest@localhost:5672/%2F')
try:
        example.run()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
        example.stop()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Frequently Asked Questions

• Is Pika thread safe?

Pika does not have any notion of threading in the code. If you want to use Pika with threading, make sure you have a Pika connection per thread, created in that thread. It is not safe to share one Pika connection across threads.

How do I report a bug with Pika?

The main Pika repository is hosted on Github and we use the Issue tracker at https://github.com/pika/pika/issues.

• Is there a mailing list for Pika?

Yes, Pika's mailing list is available on Google Groups and the email address is pika-python@googlegroups.com, though traditionally questions about Pika have been asked on the RabbitMQ-Discuss mailing list.

• How can I contribute to Pika?

You can fork the project on Github and issue Pull Requests when you believe you have something solid to be added to the main repository.

Contributors

The following people have directly contributes code by way of new features and/or bug fixes to Pika:

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Version History

Next Release

- Connection failures that occur after the socket is opened and before the AMQP connection is ready to go are now reported by calling the connection error callback. Previously these were not consistently reported.
- In BaseConnection.close, call _handle_ioloop_stop only if the connection is already closed to allow the asynchronous close operation to complete gracefully.
- Pass error information from failed socket connection to user callbacks on_open_error_callback and on close callback with result code=-1.
- ValueError is raised when a completion callback is passed to an asynchronous (nowait) Channel operation. It's
 an application error to pass a non-None completion callback with an asynchronous request, because this callback
 can never be serviced in the asynchronous scenario.
- Channel.basic_reject fixed to allow delivery_tag to be of type long as well as int. (by quantum5)
- Implemented support for blocked connection timeouts in *pika.connection.Connection*. This feature is available to all pika adapters. See *pika.connection.ConnectionParameters* docstring to learn more about *blocked_connection_timeout* configuration.
- Deprecated the *heartbeat_interval* arg in *pika.ConnectionParameters* in favor of the *heartbeat* arg for consistency with the other connection parameters classes *pika.connection.Parameters* and *pika.URLParameters*.
- When the *port* arg is not set explicitly in *ConnectionParameters* constructor, but the *ssl* arg is set explicitly, then set the port value to to the default AMQP SSL port if SSL is enabled, otherwise to the default AMQP plaintext port.

- *URLParameters* will raise ValueError if a non-empty URL scheme other than {amqp | amqps | http | https} is specified.
- InvalidMinimumFrameSize and InvalidMaximumFrameSize exceptions are deprecated. pika.connection.Parameters.frame_max property setter now raises the standard ValueError exception when the value is out of bounds.
- Removed deprecated parameter *type* in *Channel.exchange_declare* and *BlockingChannel.exchange_declare* in favor of the *exchange_type* arg that doesn't overshadow the builtin *type* keyword.
- Channel.close() on OPENING channel transitions it to CLOSING instead of raising ChannelClosed.
- Channel.close() on CLOSING channel raises ChannelAlreadyClosing; used to raise ChannelClosed.
- Connection.channel() raises ConnectionClosed if connection is not in OPEN state.
- When performing graceful close on a channel and Channel. Close from broker arrives while waiting for CloseOk, don't release the channel number until CloseOk arrives to avoid race condition that may lead to a new channel receiving the CloseOk that was destined for the closing channel.
- The backpressure_detection option of ConnectionParameters and URLParameters property is DEPRECATED in favor of Connection.Blocked and Connection.Unblocked. See Connection.add_on_connection_blocked_callback.

0.10.0 2015-09-02

- LibevConnection: Fixed dict chgd size during iteration (Michael Laing)
- SelectConnection: Fixed KeyError exceptions in IOLoop timeout executions (Shinji Suzuki)
- BlockingConnection: Add support to make BlockingConnection a Context Manager (@reddec)

0.10.0b2 2015-07-15

• f72b58f - Fixed failure to purge _ConsumerCancellationEvt from BlockingChannel._pending_events during basic cancel. (Vitaly Kruglikov)

0.10.0b1 2015-07-10

High-level summary of notable changes:

- Change to 3-Clause BSD License
- Python 3.x support
- Over 150 commits from 19 contributors
- Refactoring of SelectConnection ioloop
- This major release contains certain non-backward-compatible API changes as well as significant performance improvements in the *BlockingConnection* adapter.
- Non-backward-compatible changes in *Channel.add_on_return_callback* callback's signature.
- The AsynchoreConnection adapter was retired

Details

Python 3.x: this release introduces python 3.x support. Tested on Python 3.3 and 3.4.

2.6. Version History 99

AsynchoreConnection: Retired this legacy adapter to reduce maintenance burden; the recommended replacement is the SelectConnection adapter.

SelectConnection: ioloop was refactored for compatibility with other ioloops.

Channel.add_on_return_callback: The callback is now passed the individual parameters channel, method, properties, and body instead of a tuple of those values for congruence with other similar callbacks.

BlockingConnection: This adapter underwent a makeover under the hood and gained significant performance improvements as well as ehnanced timer resolution. It is now implemented as a client of the *SelectConnection* adapter.

Below is an overview of the *BlockingConnection* and *BlockingChannel* API changes:

- Recursion: the new implementation eliminates callback recursion that sometimes blew out the stack in the legacy implementation (e.g., publish -> consumer_callback -> publish -> consumer_callback, etc.). While BlockingConnection.process_data_events and BlockingConnection.sleep may still be called from the scope of the blocking adapter's callbacks in order to process pending I/O, additional callbacks will be suppressed whenever BlockingConnection.process_data_events and BlockingConnection.sleep are nested in any combination; in that case, the callback information will be bufferred and dispatched once nesting unwinds and control returns to the level-zero dispatcher.
- *BlockingConnection.connect*: this method was removed in favor of the constructor as the only way to establish connections; this reduces maintenance burden, while improving reliability of the adapter.
- BlockingConnection.process_data_events: added the optional parameter time_limit.
- BlockingConnection.add_on_close_callback: removed; legacy raised NotImplementedError.
- BlockingConnection.add_on_open_callback: removed; legacy raised NotImplementedError.
- BlockingConnection.add_on_open_error_callback: removed; legacy raised NotImplementedError.
- BlockingConnection.add_backpressure_callback: not supported
- BlockingConnection.set_backpressure_multiplier: not supported
- BlockingChannel.add_on_flow_callback: not supported; per docstring in channel.py: "Note that newer versions of RabbitMQ will not issue this but instead use TCP backpressure".
- BlockingChannel.flow: not supported
- BlockingChannel.force_data_events: removed as it is no longer necessary following redesign of the adapter.
- Removed the *nowait* parameter from *BlockingChannel* methods, forcing *nowait=False* (former API default) in the implementation; this is more suitable for the blocking nature of the adapter and its error-reporting strategy; this concerns the following methods: *basic_cancel*, *confirm_delivery*, *exchange_bind*, *exchange_declare*, *exchange_delete*, *exchange_unbind*, *queue_bind*, *queue_declare*, *queue_delete*, and *queue_purge*.
- *BlockingChannel.basic_cancel*: returns a sequence instead of None; for a *no_ack=True* consumer, *basic_cancel* returns a sequence of pending messages that arrived before broker confirmed the cancellation.
- BlockingChannel.consume: added new optional kwargs arguments and inactivity_timeout. Also, raises ValueError if the consumer creation parameters don't match those used to create the existing queue consumer generator, if any; this happens when you break out of the consume loop, then call BlockingChannel.consume again with different consumer-creation args without first cancelling the previous queue consumer generator via BlockingChannel.cancel. The legacy implementation would silently resume consuming from the existing queue consumer generator even if the subsequent BlockingChannel.consume was invoked with a different queue name, etc.
- *BlockingChannel.cancel*: returns 0; the legacy implementation tried to return the number of requeued messages, but this number was not accurate as it didn't include the messages returned by the Channel class; this count is not generally useful, so returning 0 is a reasonable replacement.

- *BlockingChannel.open*: removed in favor of having a single mechanism for creating a channel (*BlockingConnection.channel*); this reduces maintenance burden, while improving reliability of the adapter.
- BlockingChannel.confirm_delivery: raises UnroutableError when unroutable messages that were sent prior to this call are returned before we receive Confirm.Select-ok.
- BlockingChannel.basic_publish: always returns True when delivery confirmation is not enabled (publisher-acks = off); the legacy implementation returned a bool in this case if 'mandatory=True to indicate whether the message was delivered; however, this was non-deterministic, because Basic.Return is asynchronous and there is no way to know how long to wait for it or its absence. The legacy implementation returned None when publishing with publisher-acks = off and mandatory=False. The new implementation always returns True when publishing while publisher-acks = off.
- *BlockingChannel.publish*: a new alternate method (vs. *basic_publish*) for publishing a message with more detailed error reporting via UnroutableError and NackError exceptions.
- BlockingChannel.start_consuming: raises pika.exceptions.RecursionError if called from the scope of a BlockingConnection or BlockingChannel callback.
- BlockingChannel.get_waiting_message_count: new method; returns the number of messages that may be retrieved from the current queue consumer generator via BasicChannel.consume without blocking.

Commits

- 5aaa753 Fixed SSL import and removed no_ack=True in favor of explicit AMQP message handling based on deferreds (skftn)
- 7f222c2 Add checkignore for codeclimate (Gavin M. Roy)
- 4dec370 Implemented BlockingChannel.flow; Implemented BlockingConnection.add_on_connection_blocked_callback; Implemented BlockingConnection.add_on_connection_unblocked_callback. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 4804200 Implemented blocking adapter acceptance test for exchange-to-exchange binding. Added rudimentary validation of BasicProperties passthru in blocking adapter publish tests. Updated CHANGELOG. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 4ec07fd Fixed sending of data in TwistedProtocolConnection (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- a747fb3 Remove my copyright from forward_server.py test utility. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 94246d2 Return True from basic_publish when pubacks is off. Implemented more blocking adapter acceeptance tests. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 3ce013d PIKA-609 Wait for broker to dispatch all messages to client before cancelling consumer in TestBasicCancelWithNonAckableConsumer and TestBasicCancelWithAckableConsumer (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 293f778 Created CHANGELOG entry for release 0.10.0. Fixed up callback documentation for basic_get, basic_consume, and add_on_return_callback. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 16d360a Removed the legacy AsyncoreConnection adapter in favor of the recommended SelectConnection adapter. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 240a82c Defer creation of poller's event loop interrupt socket pair until start is called, because some Select-Connection users (e.g., BlockingConnection adapter) don't use the event loop, and these sockets would just get reported as resource leaks. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- aed5cae Added EINTR loops in select_connection pollers. Addressed some pylint findings, including an error
 or two. Wrap socket.send and socket.recv calls in EINTR loops Use the correct exception for socket.error and
 select.error and get errno depending on python version. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 498f1be Allow passing exchange, queue and routing key as text, handle short strings as text in python3 (saarni)
- 9f7f243 Restored basic consume, basic cancel, and add on cancel callback (Vitaly Kruglikov)

2.6. Version History 101

- 18c9909 Reintroduced BlockingConnection.process_data_events. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 4b25cb6 Fixed BlockingConnection/BlockingChannel acceptance and unit tests (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- bfa932f Facilitate proper connection state after BasicConnection._adapter_disconnect (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 9a09268 Fixed BlockingConnection test that was failing with ConnectionClosed error. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 5a36934 Copied synchronous_connection.py from pika-synchronous branch Fixed pylint findings Integrated SynchronousConnection with the new ioloop in SelectConnection Defined dedicated message classes PolledMessage and ConsumerMessage and moved from BlockingChannel to module-global scope. Got rid of nowait args from BlockingChannel public API methods Signal unroutable messages via UnroutableError exception. Signal Nack'ed messages via NackError exception. These expose more information about the failure than legacy basic_publich API. Removed set_timeout and backpressure callback methods Restored legacy is_open, etc. property names (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 6226dc0 Remove deprecated –use-mirrors (Gavin M. Roy)
- 1a7112f Raise ConnectionClosed when sending a frame with no connection (#439) (Gavin M. Roy)
- 9040a14 Make delivery_tag non-optional (#498) (Gavin M. Roy)
- 86aabc2 Bump version (Gavin M. Roy)
- 562075a Update a few testing things (Gavin M. Roy)
- 4954d38 use unicode_type in blocking_connection.py (Antti Haapala)
- 133d6bc Let Travis install ordereddict for Python 2.6, and ttest 3.3, 3.4 too. (Antti Haapala)
- 0d2287d Pika Python 3 support (Antti Haapala)
- 3125c79 SSLWantRead is not supported before python 2.7.9 and 3.3 (Will)
- 9a9c46c Fixed TestDisconnectDuringConnectionStart: it turns out that depending on callback order, it might get either ProbableAuthenticationError or ProbableAccessDeniedError. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- cd8c9b0 A fix the write starvation problem that we see with tornado and pika (Will)
- 8654fbc SelectConnection make interrupt socketpair non-blocking (Will)
- 4f3666d Added copyright in forward_server.py and fixed NameError bug (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- f8ebbbc ignore docs (Gavin M. Roy)
- a344f78 Updated codeclimate config (Gavin M. Roy)
- 373c970 Try and fix pathing issues in codeclimate (Gavin M. Roy)
- 228340d Ignore codegen (Gavin M. Roy)
- 4db0740 Add a codeclimate config (Gavin M. Roy)
- 7e989f9 Slight code re-org, usage comment and better naming of test file. (Will)
- 287be36 Set up _kqueue member of KQueuePoller before calling super constructor to avoid exception due to missing _kqueue member. Call self._map_event(event) instead of self._map_event(event.filter), because KQueuePoller._map_event() assumes it's getting an event, not an event filter. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 62810fb Fix issue #412: reset BlockingConnection._read_poller in BlockingConnection._adapter_disconnect() to guard against accidental access to old file descriptor. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 03400ce Rationalise adapter acceptance tests (Will)
- 9414153 Fix bug selecting non epoll poller (Will)
- 4f063df Use user heartbeat setting if server proposes none (Pau Gargallo)

- 9d04d6e Deactivate heartbeats when heartbeat_interval is 0 (Pau Gargallo)
- a52a608 Bug fix and review comments. (Will)
- e3ebb6f Fix incorrect x-expires argument in acceptance tests (Will)
- 294904e Get BlockingConnection into consistent state upon loss of TCP/IP connection with broker and implement acceptance tests for those cases. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 7f91a68 Make SelectConnection behave like an ioloop (Will)
- dc9db2b Perhaps 5 seconds is too agressive for travis (Gavin M. Roy)
- c23e532 Lower the stuck test timeout (Gavin M. Roy)
- 1053ebc Late night bug (Gavin M. Roy)
- cd6c1bf More BaseConnection._handle_error cleanup (Gavin M. Roy)
- a0ff21c Fix the test to work with Python 2.6 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 748e8aa Remove pypy for now (Gavin M. Roy)
- 1c921c1 Socket close/shutdown cleanup (Gavin M. Roy)
- 5289125 Formatting update from PR (Gavin M. Roy)
- d235989 Be more specific when calling getaddrinfo (Gavin M. Roy)
- b5d1b31 Reflect the method name change in pika.callback (Gavin M. Roy)
- df7d3b7 Cleanup BlockingConnection in a few places (Gavin M. Roy)
- cd99e1c Rename method due to use in BlockingConnection (Gavin M. Roy)
- 7e0d1b3 Use google style with yapf instead of pep8 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 7dc9bab Refactor socket writing to not use sendall #481 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 4838789 Dont log the fd #521 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 765107d Add Connection.Blocked callback registration methods #476 (Gavin M. Roy)
- c15b5c1 Fix _blocking typo pointed out in #513 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 759ac2c yapf of codegen (Gavin M. Roy)
- 9dadd77 yapf cleanup of codegen and spec (Gavin M. Roy)
- ddba7ce Do not reject consumers with no_ack=True #486 #530 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 4528a1a yapf reformatting of tests (Gavin M. Roy)
- e7b6d73 Remove catching AttributError (#531) (Gavin M. Roy)
- 41ea5ea Update README badges [skip ci] (Gavin M. Roy)
- 6af987b Add note on contributing (Gavin M. Roy)
- 161fc0d yapf formatting cleanup (Gavin M. Roy)
- edcb619 Add PYPY to travis testing (Gavin M. Roy)
- 2225771 Change the coverage badge (Gavin M. Roy)
- 8f7d451 Move to codecov from coveralls (Gavin M. Roy)
- b80407e Add confirm_delivery to example (Andrew Smith)
- 6637212 Update base_connection.py (bstemshorn)

2.6. Version History 103

- 1583537 #544 get_waiting_message_count() (markcf)
- 0c9be99 Fix #535: pass expected reply_code and reply_text from method frame to Connection._on_disconnect from Connection._on_connection_closed (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- d11e73f Propagate ConnectionClosed exception out of BlockingChannel._send_method() and log Connection-Closed in BlockingConnection._on_connection_closed() (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 63d2951 Fix #541 make sure connection state is properly reset when BlockingConnection._check_state_on_disconnect raises ConnectionClosed. This supplements the previously-merged PR #450 by getting the connection into consistent state. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 71bc0eb Remove unused self.fd attribute from BaseConnection (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 8c08f93 PIKA-532 Removed unnecessary params (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 6052ecf PIKA-532 Fix bug in BlockingConnection._handle_timeout that was preventing _on_connection_closed from being called when not closing. (Vitaly Kruglikov)
- 562aa15 pika: callback: Display exception message when callback fails. (Stuart Longland)
- 452995c Typo fix in connection.py (Andrew)
- 361c0ad Added some missing yields (Robert Weidlich)
- 0ab5a60 Added complete example for python twisted service (Robert Weidlich)
- 4429110 Add deployment and webhooks (Gavin M. Roy)
- 7e50302 Fix has_content style in codegen (Andrew Grigorev)
- 28c2214 Fix the trove categorization (Gavin M. Roy)
- de8b545 Ensure frames can not be interspersed on send (Gavin M. Roy)
- 8fe6bdd Fix heartbeat behaviour after connection failure. (Kyosti Herrala)
- c123472 Updating BlockingChannel.basic_get doc (it does not receive a callback like the rest of the adapters) (Roberto Decurnex)
- b5f52fb Fix number of arguments passed to _on_return callback (Axel Eirola)
- 765139e Lower default TIMEOUT to 0.01 (bra-fsn)
- 6cc22a5 Fix confirmation on reconnects (bra-fsn)
- f4faf0a asynchronous publisher and subscriber examples refactored to follow the StepDown rule (Riccardo Cirimelli)

0.9.14 - 2014-07-11

- 57fe43e fix test to generate a correct range of random ints (ml)
- 0d68dee fix async watcher for libev_connection (ml)
- 01710ad Use default username and password if not specified in URLParameters (Sean Dwyer)
- fae328e documentation typo (Jeff Fein-Worton)
- afbc9e0 libev_connection: reset_io_watcher (ml)
- 24332a2 Fix the manifest (Gavin M. Roy)
- acdfdef Remove useless test (Gavin M. Roy)
- 7918e1a Skip libev tests if pyev is not installed or if they are being run in pypy (Gavin M. Roy)

- bb583bf Remove the deprecated test (Gavin M. Roy)
- aecf3f2 Don't reject a message if the channel is not open (Gavin M. Roy)
- e37f336 Remove UTF-8 decoding in spec (Gavin M. Roy)
- ddc35a9 Update the unittest to reflect removal of force binary (Gavin M. Roy)
- fea2476 PEP8 cleanup (Gavin M. Roy)
- 9b97956 Remove force binary (Gavin M. Roy)
- a42dd90 Whitespace required (Gavin M. Roy)
- 85867ea Update the content_frame_dispatcher tests to reflect removal of auto-cast utf-8 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 5a4bd5d Remove unicode casting (Gavin M. Roy)
- efea53d Remove force binary and unicode casting (Gavin M. Roy)
- e918d15 Add methods to remove deprecation warnings from asyncore (Gavin M. Roy)
- 117f62d Add a coveragerc to ignore the auto generated pika.spec (Gavin M. Roy)
- 52f4485 Remove pypy tests from travis for now (Gavin M. Roy)
- c3aa958 Update README.rst (Gavin M. Roy)
- 3e2319f Delete README.md (Gavin M. Roy)
- c12b0f1 Move to RST (Gavin M. Roy)
- 704f5be Badging updates (Gavin M. Roy)
- 7ae33ca Update for coverage info (Gavin M. Roy)
- ae7ca86 add libev_adapter_tests.py; modify .travis.yml to install libev and pyev (ml)
- f86aba5 libev_connection: add **kwargs to _handle_event; suppress default_ioloop reuse warning (ml)
- 603f1cf async_test_base: add necessary args to _on_cconn_closed (ml)
- 3422007 add libev_adapter_tests.py (ml)
- 6cbab0c removed relative imports and importing urlparse from urllib.parse for py3+ (a-tal)
- f808464 libev_connection: add async watcher; add optional parameters to add_timeout (ml)
- c041c80 Remove ev all together for now (Gavin M. Roy)
- 9408388 Update the test descriptions and timeout (Gavin M. Roy)
- 1b552e0 Increase timeout (Gavin M. Roy)
- 69a1f46 Remove the pyev requirement for 2.6 testing (Gavin M. Roy)
- fe062d2 Update package name (Gavin M. Roy)
- 611ad0e Distribute the LICENSE and README.md (#350) (Gavin M. Roy)
- df5e1d8 Ensure that the entire frame is written using socket.sendall (#349) (Gavin M. Roy)
- 69ec8cf Move the libev install to before_install (Gavin M. Roy)
- a75f693 Update test structure (Gavin M. Roy)
- 636b424 Update things to ignore (Gavin M. Roy)
- b538c68 Add tox, nose.cfg, update testing config (Gavin M. Roy)
- a0e7063 add some tests to increase coverage of pika.connection (Charles Law)

- c76d9eb Address issue #459 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 86ad2db Raise exception if positional arg for parameters isn't an instance of Parameters (Gavin M. Roy)
- 14d08e1 Fix for python 2.6 (Gavin M. Roy)
- bd388a3 Use the first unused channel number addressing #404, #460 (Gavin M. Roy)
- e7676e6 removing a debug that was left in last commit (James Mutton)
- 6c93b38 Fixing connection-closed behavior to detect on attempt to publish (James Mutton)
- c3f0356 Initialize bytes_written in _handle_write() (Jonathan Kirsch)
- 4510e95 Fix _handle_write() may not send full frame (Jonathan Kirsch)
- 12b793f fixed Tornado Consumer example to successfully reconnect (Yang Yang)
- f074444 remove forgotten import of ordereddict (Pedro Abranches)
- 1ba0aea fix last merge (Pedro Abranches)
- 10490a6 change timeouts structure to list to maintain scheduling order (Pedro Abranches)
- 7958394 save timeouts in ordered dict instead of dict (Pedro Abranches)
- d2746bf URLParameters and ConnectionParameters accept unicode strings (Allard Hoeve)
- 596d145 previous fix for AttributeError made parent and child class methods identical, remove duplication (James Mutton)
- 42940dd UrlParameters Docs: fixed amqps scheme examples (Riccardo Cirimelli)
- 43904ff Dont test this in PyPy due to sort order issue (Gavin M. Roy)
- d7d293e Don't leave __repr__ sorting up to chance (Gavin M. Roy)
- 848c594 Add integration test to travis and fix invocation (Gavin M. Roy)
- 2678275 Add pypy to travis tests (Gavin M. Roy)
- 1877f3d Also addresses issue #419 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 470c245 Address issue #419 (Gavin M. Roy)
- ca3cb59 Address issue #432 (Gavin M. Roy)
- a3ff6f2 Default frame max should be AMQP FRAME_MAX (Gavin M. Roy)
- ff3d5cb Remove max consumer tag test due to change in code. (Gavin M. Roy)
- 6045dda Catch KeyError (#437) to ensure that an exception is not raised in a race condition (Gavin M. Roy)
- 0b4d53a Address issue #441 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 180e7c4 Update license and related files (Gavin M. Roy)
- 256ed3d Added Jython support. (Erik Olof Gunnar Andersson)
- f73c141 experimental work around for recursion issue. (Erik Olof Gunnar Andersson)
- a623f69 Prevent #436 by iterating the keys and not the dict (Gavin M. Roy)
- 755fcae Add support for authentication_failure_close, connection.blocked (Gavin M. Roy)
- c121243 merge upstream master (Michael Laing)
- a08dc0d add arg to channel.basic_consume (Pedro Abranches)
- 10b136d Documentation fix (Anton Ryzhov)

- 9313307 Fixed minor markup errors. (Jorge Puente Sarrín)
- fb3e3cf Fix the spelling of UnsupportedAMQPFieldException (Garrett Cooper)
- 03d5da3 connection.py: Propagate the force_channel keyword parameter to methods involved in channel creation (Michael Laing)
- 7bbcff5 Documentation fix for basic_publish (JuhaS)
- 01dcea7 Expose no_ack and exclusive to BlockingChannel.consume (Jeff Tang)
- d39b6aa Fix BlockingChannel.basic_consume does not block on non-empty queues (Juhyeong Park)
- 6e1d295 fix for issue 391 and issue 307 (Qi Fan)
- d9ffce9 Update parameters.rst (cacovsky)
- 6afa41e Add additional badges (Gavin M. Roy)
- a255925 Fix return value on dns resolution issue (Laurent Eschenauer)
- 3f7466c libev_connection: tweak docs (Michael Laing)
- 0aaed93 libev_connection: Fix variable naming (Michael Laing)
- 0562d08 libev connection: Fix globals warning (Michael Laing)
- 22ada59 libev_connection: use globals to track sigint and sigterm watchers as they are created globally within libev (Michael Laing)
- 2649b31 Move badge [skip ci] (Gavin M. Roy)
- f70eea1 Remove pypy and installation attempt of pyev (Gavin M. Roy)
- f32e522 Conditionally skip external connection adapters if lib is not installed (Gavin M. Roy)
- cce97c5 Only install pyev on python 2.7 (Gavin M. Roy)
- ff84462 Add travis ci support (Gavin M. Roy)
- cf971da lib_evconnection: improve signal handling; add callback (Michael Laing)
- 9adb269 bugfix in returning a list in Py3k (Alex Chandel)
- c41d5b9 update exception syntax for Py3k (Alex Chandel)
- c8506f1 fix _adapter_connect (Michael Laing)
- 67cb660 Add LibevConnection to README (Michael Laing)
- 1f9e72b Propagate low-level connection errors to the AMQPConnectionError. (Bjorn Sandberg)
- e1da447 Avoid race condition in on getok on successive basic get() when clearing out callbacks (Jeff)
- 7a09979 Add support for upcoming Connection.Blocked/Unblocked (Gavin M. Roy)
- 53cce88 TwistedChannel correctly handles multi-argument deferreds. (eivanov)
- 66f8ace Use uuid when creating unique consumer tag (Perttu Ranta-aho)
- 4ee2738 Limit the growth of Channel._cancelled, use deque instead of list. (Perttu Ranta-aho)
- 0369aed fix adapter references and tweak docs (Michael Laing)
- 1738c23 retry select.select() on EINTR (Cenk Alti)
- 1e55357 libev_connection: reset internal state on reconnect (Michael Laing)
- 708559e libev adapter (Michael Laing)
- a6b7c8b Prioritize EPollPoller and KQueuePoller over PollPoller and SelectPoller (Anton Ryzhov)

- 53400d3 Handle socket errors in PollPoller and EPollPoller Correctly check 'select.poll' availability (Anton Ryzhov)
- a6dc969 Use dict.keys & items instead of iterkeys & iteritems (Alex Chandel)
- 5c1b0d0 Use print function syntax, in examples (Alex Chandel)
- ac9f87a Fixed a typo in the name of the Asyncore Connection adapter (Guruprasad)
- dfbba50 Fixed bug mentioned in Issue #357 (Erik Andersson)
- c906a2d Drop additional flags when getting info for the hostnames, log errors (#352) (Gavin M. Roy)
- baf23dd retry poll() on EINTR (Cenk Alti)
- 7cd8762 Address ticket #352 catching an error when socket.getprotobyname fails (Gavin M. Roy)
- 6c3ec75 Prep for 0.9.14 (Gavin M. Roy)
- dae7a99 Bump to 0.9.14p0 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 620edc7 Use default port and virtual host if omitted in URLParameters (Issue #342) (Gavin M. Roy)
- 42a8787 Move the exception handling inside the while loop (Gavin M. Roy)
- 10e0264 Fix connection back pressure detection issue #347 (Gavin M. Roy)
- 0bfd670 Fixed mistake in commit 3a19d65. (Erik Andersson)
- da04bc0 Fixed Unknown state on disconnect error message generated when closing connections. (Erik Andersson)
- 3a19d65 Alternative solution to fix #345. (Erik Andersson)
- abf9fa8 switch to sendall to send entire frame (Dustin Koupal)
- 9ce8ce4 Fixed the async publisher example to work with reconnections (Raphaël De Giusti)
- 511028a Fix typo in TwistedChannel docstring (cacovsky)
- 8b69e5a calls self._adapter_disconnect() instead of self.disconnect() which doesn't actually exist #294 (Mark Unsworth)
- 06a5cf8 add NullHandler to prevent logging warnings (Cenk Alti)
- f404a9a Fix #337 cannot start ioloop after stop (Ralf Nyren)

0.9.13 - 2013-05-15

Major Changes

- IPv6 Support with thanks to Alessandro Tagliapietra for initial prototype
- Officially remove support for <= Python 2.5 even though it was broken already
- Drop pika.simplebuffer.SimpleBuffer in favor of the Python stdlib collections.deque object
- New default object for receiving content is a "bytes" object which is a str wrapper in Python 2, but paves way for Python 3 support
- New "Raw" mode for frame decoding content frames (#334) addresses issues #331, #229 added by Garth Williamson
- Connection and Disconnection logic refactored, allowing for cleaner separation of protocol logic and socket handling logic as well as connection state management

- New "on_open_error_callback" argument in creating connection objects and new Connection.add_on_open_error_callback method
- · New Connection.connect method to cleanly allow for reconnection code
- Support for all AMQP field types, using protocol specified signed/unsigned unpacking

Backwards Incompatible Changes

- Method signature for creating connection objects has new argument "on_open_error_callback" which is positionally before "on close callback"
- Internal callback variable names in connection. Connection have been renamed and constants used. If you relied on any of these callbacks outside of their internal use, make sure to check out the new constants.
- Connection._connect method, which was an internal only method is now deprecated and will raise a DeprecationWarning. If you relied on this method, your code needs to change.
- pika.simplebuffer has been removed

Bugfixes

- BlockingConnection consumer generator does not free buffer when exited (#328)
- Unicode body payloads in the blocking adapter raises exception (#333)
- Support "b" short-short-int AMQP data type (#318)
- Docstring type fix in adapters/select_connection (#316) fix by Rikard Hultén
- IPv6 not supported (#309)
- Stop the HeartbeatChecker when connection is closed (#307)
- Unittest fix for SelectConnection (#336) fix by Erik Andersson
- Handle condition where no connection or socket exists but SelectConnection needs a timeout for retrying a connection (#322)
- TwistedAdapter lagging behind BaseConnection changes (#321) fix by Jan Urbański

Other

- · Refactored documentation
- Added Twisted Adapter example (#314) by nolinksoft

0.9.12 - 2013-03-18

Bugfixes

· New timeout id hashing was not unique

0.9.11 - 2013-03-17

Bugfixes

- Address inconsistent channel close callback documentation and add the signature change to the TwistedChannel class (#305)
- Address a missed timeout related internal data structure name change introduced in the SelectConnection 0.9.10 release. Update all connection adapters to use same signature and docstring (#306).

0.9.10 - 2013-03-16

Bugfixes

- Fix timeout in twisted adapter (Submitted by cellscape)
- Fix blocking_connection poll timer resolution to milliseconds (Submitted by cellscape)
- Fix channel._on_close() without a method frame (Submitted by Richard Boulton)
- Addressed exception on close (Issue #279 fix by patcpsc)
- 'messages' not initialized in BlockingConnection.cancel() (Issue #289 fix by Mik Kocikowski)
- Make queue_unbind behave like queue_bind (Issue #277)
- Address closing behavioral issues for connections and channels (Issue #275)
- Pass a Method frame to Channel._on_close in Connection._on_disconnect (Submitted by Jan Urbański)
- Fix channel closed callback signature in the Twisted adapter (Submitted by Jan Urbański)
- Don't stop the IOLoop on connection close for in the Twisted adapter (Submitted by Jan Urbański)
- Update the asynchronous examples to fix reconnecting and have it work
- Warn if the socket was closed such as if RabbitMQ dies without a Close frame
- Fix URLParameters ssl_options (Issue #296)
- Add state to BlockingConnection addressing (Issue #301)
- Encode unicode body content prior to publishing (Issue #282)
- Fix an issue with unicode keys in BasicProperties headers key (Issue #280)
- Change how timeout ids are generated (Issue #254)
- Address post close state issues in Channel (Issue #302)
- ** Behavior changes **
 - Change core connection communication behavior to prefer outbound writes over reads, addressing a recursion issue
 - Update connection on close callbacks, changing callback method signature
 - Update channel on close callbacks, changing callback method signature
 - Give more info in the ChannelClosed exception
 - Change the constructor signature for BlockingConnection, block open/close callbacks
 - Disable the use of add_on_open_callback/add_on_close_callback methods in BlockingConnection

0.9.9 - 2013-01-29

Bugfixes

- Only remove the tornado_connection. TornadoConnection file descriptor from the IOLoop if it's still open (Issue #221)
- Allow messages with no body (Issue #227)
- Allow for empty routing keys (Issue #224)
- Don't raise an exception when trying to send a frame to a closed connection (Issue #229)

- Only send a Connection. CloseOk if the connection is still open. (Issue #236 Fix by noleaf)
- Fix timeout threshold in blocking connection (Issue #232 Fix by Adam Flynn)
- Fix closing connection while a channel is still open (Issue #230 Fix by Adam Flynn)
- Fixed misleading warning and exception messages in BaseConnection (Issue #237 Fix by Tristan Penman)
- Pluralised and altered the wording of the AMQPConnectionError exception (Issue #237 Fix by Tristan Penman)
- Fixed _adapter_disconnect in TornadoConnection class (Issue #237 Fix by Tristan Penman)
- Fixing hang when closing connection without any channel in BlockingConnection (Issue #244 Fix by Ales Teska)
- Remove the process_timeouts() call in SelectConnection (Issue #239)
- Change the string validation to basestring for host connection parameters (Issue #231)
- Add a poller to the BlockingConnection to address latency issues introduced in Pika 0.9.8 (Issue #242)
- reply_code and reply_text is not set in ChannelException (Issue #250)
- Add the missing constraint parameter for Channel._on_return callback processing (Issue #257 Fix by patcpsc)
- Channel callbacks not being removed from callback manager when channel is closed or deleted (Issue #261)

0.9.8 - 2012-11-18

Bugfixes

- Channel.queue_declare/BlockingChannel.queue_declare not setting up callbacks property for empty queue name (Issue #218)
- Channel.queue_bind/BlockingChannel.queue_bind not allowing empty routing key
- Connection._on_connection_closed calling wrong method in Channel (Issue #219)
- Fix tx_commit and tx_rollback bugs in BlockingChannel (Issue #217)

0.9.7 - 2012-11-11

New features

• generator based consumer in BlockingChannel (See *Using the BlockingChannel.consume generator to consume messages* for example)

Changes

• BlockingChannel._send_method will only wait if explicitly told to

Bugfixes

- Added the exchange "type" parameter back but issue a DeprecationWarning
- Dont require a queue name in Channel.queue_declare()
- Fixed KeyError when processing timeouts (Issue # 215 Fix by Raphael De Giusti)
- Don't try and close channels when the connection is closed (Issue #216 Fix by Charles Law)
- Dont raise UnexpectedFrame exceptions, log them instead
- Handle multiple synchronous RPC calls made without waiting for the call result (Issues #192, #204, #211)

- Typo in docs (Issue #207 Fix by Luca Wehrstedt)
- Only sleep on connection failure when retry attempts are > 0 (Issue #200)
- Bypass _rpc method and just send frames for Basic.Ack, Basic.Nack, Basic.Reject (Issue #205)

0.9.6 - 2012-10-29

New features

- URLParameters
- BlockingChannel.start_consuming() and BlockingChannel.stop_consuming()
- Delivery Confirmations
- Improved unittests

Major bugfix areas

- · Connection handling
- Blocking functionality in the BlockingConnection
- SSL
- · UTF-8 Handling

Removals

- pika.reconnection_strategies
- pika.channel.ChannelTransport
- pika.log
- · pika.template
- · examples directory

0.9.5 - 2011-03-29

Changelog

- Scope changes with adapter IOLoops and CallbackManager allowing for cleaner, multi-threaded operation
- Add support for Confirm. Select with channel. Channel. confirm delivery()
- Add examples of delivery confirmation to examples (demo_send_confirmed.py)
- Update uses of log.warn with warning.warn for TCP Back-pressure alerting
- License boilerplate updated to simplify license text in source files
- Increment the timeout in select_connection.SelectPoller reducing CPU utilization
- Bug fix in Heartbeat frame delivery addressing issue #35
- Remove abuse of pika.log.method_call through a majority of the code
- Rename of key modules: table to data, frames to frame
- Cleanup of frame module and related classes
- · Restructure of tests and test runner
- Update functional tests to respect RABBITMQ_HOST, RABBITMQ_PORT environment variables

- Bug fixes to reconnection_strategies module
- Fix the scale of timeout for PollPoller to be specified in milliseconds
- Remove mutable default arguments in RPC calls
- Add data type validation to RPC calls
- Move optional credentials erasing out of connection. Connection into credentials module
- Add support to allow for additional external credential types
- Add a NullHandler to prevent the 'No handlers could be found for logger "pika" error message when not using pika.log in a client app at all.
- Clean up all examples to make them easier to read and use
- Move documentation into its own repository https://github.com/pika/documentation
- · channel.py
 - Move channel.MAX_CHANNELS constant from connection.CHANNEL_MAX
 - Add default value of None to ChannelTransport.rpc
 - Validate callback and acceptable replies parameters in ChannelTransport.RPC
 - Remove unused connection attribute from Channel
- · connection.py
 - Remove unused import of struct
 - Remove direct import of pika.credentials.PlainCredentials Change to import pika.credentials
 - Move CHANNEL_MAX to channel.MAX_CHANNELS
 - Change ConnectionParameters initialization parameter heartbeat to boolean
 - Validate all inbound parameter types in ConnectionParameters
 - Remove the Connection._erase_credentials stub method in favor of letting the Credentials object deal with that itself.
 - Warn if the credentials object intends on erasing the credentials and a reconnection strategy other than NullReconnectionStrategy is specified.
 - Change the default types for callback and acceptable_replies in Connection._rpc
 - Validate the callback and acceptable_replies data types in Connection._rpc
- adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
 - Addition of _adapter_disconnect to blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
 - Add timeout methods to BlockingConnection addressing issue #41
 - BlockingConnection didn't allow you register more than one consumer callback because basic_consume
 was overridden to block immediately. New behavior allows you to do so.
 - Removed overriding of base basic_consume and basic_cancel methods. Now uses underlying Channel versions of those methods.
 - Added start_consuming() method to BlockingChannel to start the consumption loop.
 - Updated stop_consuming() to iterate through all the registered consumers in self._consumers and issue a basic_cancel.

$\mathsf{CHAPTER}\,3$

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

```
pika.adapters.blocking_connection, 8 pika.adapters.select_connection, 19 pika.adapters.tornado_connection, 21 pika.adapters.twisted_connection, 24 pika.channel, 28 pika.credentials, 38 pika.exceptions, 39 pika.spec, 45
```

118 Python Module Index

A	method), 36
Access (class in pika.spec), 51	add_on_connection_blocked_callback()
Access.Request (class in pika.spec), 51	(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
Access.RequestOk (class in pika.spec), 52	method), 9
add_backpressure_callback()	add_on_connection_blocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection), 19	on (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection method), 19
add_backpressure_callback()	add_on_connection_blocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConn method), 22	method), 22
add_backpressure_callback()	add_on_connection_blocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection), 24	method), 24
add_backpressure_callback()	add_on_connection_blocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtoc method), 26	colConnecti(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection method), 26
add_backpressure_callback()	add_on_connection_blocked_callback()
(pika.connection.Connection method), 36	(pika.connection.Connection method), 36
add_callback() (pika.channel.Channel method), 29	add_on_connection_unblocked_callback()
add_on_cancel_callback()	(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingCha	annel method), 9
method), 11	add_on_connection_unblocked_callback()
add_on_cancel_callback() (pika.channel.Channel method), 29	(pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection method), 19
add_on_close_callback()	add_on_connection_unblocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection method), 19	method), 22
add_on_close_callback()	add_on_connection_unblocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConn method), 22	method), 24
add_on_close_callback()	add_on_connection_unblocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConne method), 24	method), 26
add_on_close_callback()	add_on_connection_unblocked_callback()
(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtoc method), 26	colConnectionic pika.connection.Connection method), 36 add_on_flow_callback() (pika.channel.Channel method),
add_on_close_callback() (pika.channel.Channel method),	29
29 add_on_close_callback() (pika.connection.Connection	add_on_open_callback() (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection method), 20
praction.comection	add on open callback() (pika adapters tornado connection TornadoCon

method), 22	Basic.Get (class in pika.spec), 61
add_on_open_callback() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection	n. Bwsisted Eto imptyi (calass in pika.spec), 62
method), 25	Basic.GetOk (class in pika.spec), 62
add_on_open_callback() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection	n. BwisteNRckt(cclass on mikticspec), 64
method), 27	Basic.Publish (class in pika.spec), 60
add_on_open_callback() (pika.connection.Connection	Basic.Qos (class in pika.spec), 58
method), 37	Basic.QosOk (class in pika.spec), 59
add_on_open_error_callback()	Basic.Recover (class in pika.spec), 63
(pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection	onBasic.RecoverAsync (class in pika.spec), 63
method), 20	Basic.RecoverOk (class in pika.spec), 64
add_on_open_error_callback()	Basic.Reject (class in pika.spec), 63
(pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConn	
method), 22	basic_ack() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
add_on_open_error_callback()	method), 11
(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConne	ectricatic_ack() (pika.channel.Channel method), 29
method), 25	basic_cancel() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
add_on_open_error_callback()	method), 11
* *	ediaxin_neatical() (pika.channel.Channel method), 30
method), 27	$basic_consume() \ (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel$
add_on_open_error_callback()	method), 12
(pika.connection.Connection method), 37	basic_consume() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedChannel
add_on_return_callback()	method), 28
(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingCha	anhasic_consume() (pika.channel.Channel method), 30
method), 11	basic_get() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
add_on_return_callback() (pika.channel.Channel	method), 12
method), 29	basic_get() (pika.channel.Channel method), 30
	glamin_evalidn(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
method), 9	attribute), 9
	ndextsion_nack (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
method), 20	attribute), 20
add_timeout() (pika.adapters.tornado_connection. lornadoc method), 22	Chasiccinack (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConnection attribute), 23
$add_timeout() \ (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedC$	obassictionck (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection
method), 25	attribute), 25
	rotaxio_Gankepilonadapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection
method), 27	attribute), 27
add_timeout() (pika.connection.Connection method), 37	basic_nack (pika.connection.Connection attribute), 37
AMQPChannelError, 39	basic_nack() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
AMQPConnectionError, 39	method), 13
AMQPError, 39	basic_nack() (pika.channel.Channel method), 31
AuthenticationError, 39	basic_nack_supported (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnec
В	attribute), 9
	basic_publish() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel method), 13
backpressure_detection (pika.connection.ConnectionParam	basic_publish() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedChannel
attribute), 41	method), 28
backpressure_detection (pika.connection.URLParameters	basic_publish() (pika.channel.Channel method), 31
attribute), 44	
Basic (class in pika.spec), 58	basic_qos() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
Basic Ack (class in pika.spec), 62	method), 13 basic_qos() (pika.channel.Channel method), 31
Basic Cancel (class in pika spec), 60	basic_recover() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
Basic CancelOk (class in pika.spec), 60	method), 14
Basic Consume (class in pika spec), 59	basic_recover() (pika.channel.Channel method), 32
Basic.ConsumeOk (class in pika.spec), 59	basic_reject() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
Basic.Deliver (class in pika.spec), 61	vasic_reject() (pika.auapteis.vioeking_connection.bioekingChannel

method), 14	close() (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
basic_reject() (pika.channel.Channel method), 32	method), 20
BasicProperties (class in pika.spec), 67 blocked_connection_timeout	close() (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConnection method), 23
(pika.connection.ConnectionParameters attribute), 41	close() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection method), 25
blocked_connection_timeout	close() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection
(pika.connection.URLParameters attribute), 44	method), 27
BlockingChannel (class in	close() (pika.channel.Channel method), 32
pika.adapters.blocking_connection), 11	close() (pika.connection.Connection method), 37
BlockingConnection (class in	Confirm (class in pika.spec), 66
pika.adapters.blocking_connection), 8	Confirm.Select (class in pika.spec), 66
BodyTooLongError, 39	Confirm.SelectOk (class in pika.spec), 67
0	confirm_delivery() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
C	method), 14
$cancel () \ (pika. adapters. blocking_connection. Blocking Char$	nnfenfirm_delivery() (pika.channel.Channel method), 32
method), 14	connect() (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
Channel (class in pika.channel), 29	method), 20
Channel (class in pika.spec), 49	connect() (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConnection
channel() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingCon	nnection method), 23
method), 9	connect() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection
channel() (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection	on method), 25
method), 20	connect() (pika.connection.Connection method), 37
channel() (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConn	eConnection (class in pika.connection), 36
method), 23	Connection (class in pika.spec), 45
method) 25	attribute), 14
channel() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtoc	of connection Blocked (class in pika.spec), 48
method), 27	Connection. Close (class in pika.spec), 48
channel() (pika.connection.Connection method), 37	Connection.CloseOk (class in pika.spec), 48
Channel.Close (class in pika.spec), 50	Connection. Open (class in pika. spec), 47
Channel.CloseOk (class in pika.spec), 51	Connection.OpenOk (class in pika.spec), 47
Channel.Flow (class in pika.spec), 50	Connection.Secure (class in pika.spec), 46
Channel.FlowOk (class in pika.spec), 50	Connection.SecureOk (class in pika.spec), 46
Channel.Open (class in pika.spec), 49	Connection.Start (class in pika.spec), 45
Channel.OpenOk (class in pika.spec), 49	Connection.StartOk (class in pika.spec), 45
channel_max (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters at-	Connection. Tune (class in pika.spec), 46
tribute), 41	Connection.TuneOk (class in pika.spec), 47
channel_max (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute),	Connection. Unblocked (class in pika.spec), 49
44	connection_attempts (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters
channel_number (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Block	kingChanneattribute), 42
attribute), 14	connection_attempts (pika.connection.URLParameters
ChannelAlreadyClosing, 39	attribute), 44
ChannelClosed, 39	ConnectionClosed, 39 ConnectionPercentage (class in piles connection) 41
ChannelError, 39	ConnectionParameters (class in pika.connection), 41 consume() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
CLASS (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute), 67	method), 14
client_properties (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters	consumer_cancel_notify (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConn
attribute), 42	attribute), 10
client_properties (pika.connection.URLParameters	consumer_cancel_notify (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
attribute), 44	
close() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChann method), 14	consumer_cancel_notify (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConnec
close() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConne	21
method), 9	consumer_cancel_notify (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnec
<i>''</i>	

attribute), 25	decode() (pika.spec.Connection.Tune method), 46
consumer_cancel_notify (pika.adapters.twisted_connection	· · ·
attribute), 27	decode() (pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked method), 49
consumer_cancel_notify (pika.connection.Connection at-	decode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Bind method), 53
tribute), 38	decode() (pika.spec.Exchange.BindOk method), 54
consumer_cancel_notify_supported	decode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare method), 52
	nulectoda() (pika.spec.Exchange.DeclareOk method), 52
attribute), 10	decode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Delete method), 53
consumer_tags (pika.channel.Channel attribute), 33	decode() (pika.spec.Exchange.DeleteOk method), 53
Consumer Cancelled, 39	decode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Unbind method), 54
credentials (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters at-	decode() (pika.spec.Exchange.UnbindOk method), 54
tribute), 42	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.Bind method), 56
credentials (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute),	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.BindOk method), 56
44	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.Declare method), 55
44	
D	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.DeclareOk method), 55
	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.Delete method), 57
decode() (pika.spec.Access.Request method), 51	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.DeleteOk method), 57
decode() (pika.spec.Access.RequestOk method), 52	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.Purge method), 56
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Ack method), 62	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.PurgeOk method), 57
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Cancel method), 60	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.Unbind method), 58
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.CancelOk method), 60	decode() (pika.spec.Queue.UnbindOk method), 58
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Consume method), 59	decode() (pika.spec.Tx.Commit method), 65
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.ConsumeOk method), 59	decode() (pika.spec.Tx.CommitOk method), 65
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Deliver method), 61	decode() (pika.spec.Tx.Rollback method), 66
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Get method), 61	decode() (pika.spec.Tx.RollbackOk method), 66
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.GetEmpty method), 62	decode() (pika.spec.Tx.Select method), 64
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.GetOk method), 62	decode() (pika.spec.Tx.SelectOk method), 65
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Nack method), 64	DuplicateConsumerTag, 39
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Publish method), 60	DuplicateGetOkCallback, 40
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Qos method), 58	Г
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.QosOk method), 59	E
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Recover method), 63	encode() (pika.spec.Access.Request method), 51
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverAsync method), 63	encode() (pika.spec.Access.RequestOk method), 52
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverOk method), 64	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Ack method), 62
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Reject method), 63	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Cancel method), 60
decode() (pika.spec.Basic.Return method), 61	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.CancelOk method), 60
decode() (pika.spec.BasicProperties method), 68	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Consume method), 59
decode() (pika.spec.Channel.Close method), 51	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.ConsumeOk method), 59
decode() (pika.spec.Channel.CloseOk method), 51	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Deliver method), 61
decode() (pika.spec.Channel.Flow method), 50	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Get method), 61
decode() (pika.spec.Channel.FlowOk method), 50	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.GetEmpty method), 62
decode() (pika.spec.Channel.Open method), 49	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.GetOk method), 62
decode() (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk method), 50	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Nack method), 64
decode() (pika.spec.Confirm.Select method), 67	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Publish method), 60
decode() (pika.spec.Confirm.SelectOk method), 67	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Qos method), 58
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.Blocked method), 48	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.QosOk method), 59
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.Close method), 48	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Recover method), 63
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.CloseOk method), 48	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverAsync method), 63
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.Open method), 47	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverOk method), 64
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.OpenOk method), 47	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Reject method), 63
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.Secure method), 46	encode() (pika.spec.Basic.Return method), 61
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.SecureOk method), 46	encode() (pika.spec.BasicProperties method), 68
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.Start method), 45	encode() (pika.spec.Channel.Close method), 51
decode() (pika.spec.Connection.StartOk method), 45	encode() (pika.spec.Channel.CloseOk method), 51
, (p	CHECKER I CORRESPONDA MARINELLA MONTA INCLINALI. J

encode() (pika.spec.Channel.Flow method), 50	exchange_declare() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
encode() (pika.spec.Channel.FlowOk method), 50	method), 15
encode() (pika.spec.Channel.Open method), 49	exchange_declare() (pika.channel.Channel method), 33
encode() (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk method), 50	exchange_delete() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
encode() (pika.spec.Confirm.Select method), 67	method), 16
encode() (pika.spec.Confirm.SelectOk method), 67	exchange_delete() (pika.channel.Channel method), 33
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.Blocked method), 49	exchange_exchange_bindings
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.Close method), 48	(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.CloseOk method), 48	attribute), 10
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.Open method), 47	exchange_exchange_bindings
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.OpenOk method), 48	(pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.Secure method), 46	attribute), 21
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.SecureOk method), 46	exchange_exchange_bindings
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.Start method), 45	(pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConnection
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.StartOk method), 46	attribute), 23
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.Tune method), 47	exchange_exchange_bindings
encode() (pika.spec.Connection.TuneOk method), 47	(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection
encode() (pika.spec.Connection. Tuneok method), 49	attribute), 25
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Bind method), 54	exchange_exchange_bindings
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.BindOk method), 54	(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare method), 52	attribute), 28
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare inchod), 52	exchange_exchange_bindings
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Delete method), 53	(pika.connection.Connection attribute), 38
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.DeleteOk method), 53	exchange_exchange_bindings_supported
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.DefeteOk method), 55 encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.Unbind method), 54	
	(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
encode() (pika.spec.Exchange.UnbindOk method), 55	attribute), 10
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.Bind method), 56	exchange_unbind() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.BindOk method), 56	method), 16
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.Declare method), 55	exchange_unbind() (pika.channel.Channel method), 34
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.DeclareOk method), 55	F
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.Delete method), 57	
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.DeleteOk method), 57	FLAG_APP_ID (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute), 68
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.Purge method), 56	FLAG_CLUSTER_ID (pika.spec.BasicProperties at-
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.PurgeOk method), 57	tribute), 68
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.Unbind method), 58	FLAG_CONTENT_ENCODING
encode() (pika.spec.Queue.UnbindOk method), 58	(pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute), 67
encode() (pika.spec.Tx.Commit method), 65	FLAG_CONTENT_TYPE (pika.spec.BasicProperties at-
encode() (pika.spec.Tx.CommitOk method), 66	tribute), 67
encode() (pika.spec.Tx.Rollback method), 66	FLAG_CORRELATION_ID (pika.spec.BasicProperties
encode() (pika.spec.Tx.RollbackOk method), 66	attribute), 67
encode() (pika.spec.Tx.Select method), 65	FLAG_DELIVERY_MODE (pika.spec.BasicProperties
encode() (pika.spec.Tx.SelectOk method), 65	attribute), 67
Exchange (class in pika.spec), 52	FLAG_EXPIRATION (pika.spec.BasicProperties at-
Exchange.Bind (class in pika.spec), 53	tribute), 68
Exchange.BindOk (class in pika.spec), 54	FLAG_HEADERS (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute),
Exchange.Declare (class in pika.spec), 52	67
Exchange.DeclareOk (class in pika.spec), 52	FLAG_MESSAGE_ID (pika.spec.BasicProperties
Exchange.Delete (class in pika.spec), 53	attribute), 68
Exchange.DeleteOk (class in pika.spec), 53	FLAG_PRIORITY (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute),
Exchange.Unbind (class in pika.spec), 54	67
Exchange.UnbindOk (class in pika.spec), 54	FLAG_REPLY_TO (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute),
exchange_bind() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Bloc	kingChannel ₈
method), 15	FLAG_TIMESTAMP (pika.spec.BasicProperties at-
exchange_bind() (pika.channel.Channel method), 33	tribute), 68

FLAG_TYPE (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute), 68	get_body() (pika.spec.Exchange.BindOk method), 54
FLAG_USER_ID (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute),	get_body() (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare method), 52
68	get_body() (pika.spec.Exchange.DeclareOk method), 53
flow() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChanne	
method), 16	get_body() (pika.spec.Exchange.DeleteOk method), 53
flow() (pika.channel.Channel method), 34	get_body() (pika.spec.Exchange.Unbind method), 54
frame_max (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters at-	get_body() (pika.spec.Exchange.UnbindOk method), 55
tribute), 42	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.Bind method), 56
frame_max (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute),	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.BindOk method), 56
44	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.Declare method), 55
G	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.DeclareOk method), 55
	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.Delete method), 57
get_body() (pika.spec.Access.Request method), 51	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.DeleteOk method), 57
get_body() (pika.spec.Access.RequestOk method), 52	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.Purge method), 56
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Ack method), 62	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.PurgeOk method), 57
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Cancel method), 60	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.Unbind method), 58
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.CancelOk method), 60	get_body() (pika.spec.Queue.UnbindOk method), 58
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Consume method), 59	get_body() (pika.spec.Tx.Commit method), 65
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.ConsumeOk method), 59	get_body() (pika.spec.Tx.CommitOk method), 66
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Deliver method), 61	get_body() (pika.spec.Tx.Rollback method), 66
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Get method), 61	get_body() (pika.spec.Tx.RollbackOk method), 66
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.GetEmpty method), 62	get_body() (pika.spec.Tx.Select method), 65
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.GetOk method), 62	get_body() (pika.spec.Tx.SelectOk method), 65
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Nack method), 64	get_properties() (pika.spec.Access.Request method), 52
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Publish method), 60	get_properties() (pika.spec.Access.RequestOk method),
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Qos method), 58	52
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.QosOk method), 59	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Ack method), 63
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Recover method), 63	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Cancel method), 60
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverAsync method), 63	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.CancelOk method), 60
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverOk method), 64	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Consume method), 59
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Reject method), 63	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.ConsumeOk method),
get_body() (pika.spec.Basic.Return method), 61	60
get_body() (pika.spec.Channel.Close method), 51	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Deliver method), 61
get_body() (pika.spec.Channel.CloseOk method), 51	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Get method), 62
get_body() (pika.spec.Channel.Flow method), 50	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.GetEmpty method), 62
get_body() (pika.spec.Channel.FlowOk method), 50	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.GetOk method), 62
get_body() (pika.spec.Channel.Open method), 49	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Nack method), 64
get_body() (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk method), 50	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Publish method), 61
get_body() (pika.spec.Confirm.Select method), 67	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Qos method), 59
get_body() (pika.spec.Confirm.SelectOk method), 67	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.QosOk method), 59
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.Blocked method), 49	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Recover method), 64
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.Close method), 48	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverAsync method), 63
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.CloseOk method), 48	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverOk method), 64
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.Open method), 47	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Recoveror method), 63
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.OpenOk method), 48	
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.Secure method), 46	get_properties() (pika.spec.Basic.Return method), 61
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.SecureOk method), 46	get_properties() (pika.spec.Channel.Close method), 51 get_properties() (pika.spec.Channel.CloseOk method), 51
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.Start method), 45	
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.StartOk method), 46	get_properties() (pika.spec.Channel.Flow method), 50 get_properties() (pika.spec.Channel.FlowOk method), 50
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.Tune method), 47	get_properties() (pika.spec.Channel.Open method), 49
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.TuneOk method), 47	get_properties() (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk method), 49 get_properties() (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk method), 50
get_body() (pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked method), 49	get_properties() (pika.spec.Confirm.Select method), 67
get_body() (pika.spec.Exchange.Bind method), 54	get_properties() (pina.spec.commisseecet mediod), 07
Set_ood () (pika.spec.Exchange.Dina memoa), 34	

get_properties() (pika.spec.Confirm.SelectOk method), 67	get_waiting_message_count()
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Blocked method), 49	method), 16
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Close method),	Н
48	has_content() (in module pika.spec), 68
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.CloseOk method), 48	heartbeat (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters attribute), 42
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Open method), 47	heartbeat (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute), 44
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.OpenOk method), 48	host (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters attribute), 42
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Secure method), 46	host (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute), 44
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.SecureOk method), 46	
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Start method), 45	IncompatibleProtocolError, 40
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Start inclind), 45 get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.StartOk method),	INDEX (pika.spec.Access attribute), 51
get_properties() (pika.spec.connection.startok method), 46	INDEX (pika.spec.Access.Request attribute), 51
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Tune method), 47	INDEX (pika.spec.Access.RequestOk attribute), 52
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.TuneOk method),	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic attribute), 58
47	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Ack attribute), 62
get_properties() (pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Cancel attribute), 60
method), 49	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.CancelOk attribute), 60
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.Bind method), 54	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Consume attribute), 59
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.BindOk method),	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.ConsumeOk attribute), 59
54	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Deliver attribute), 61 INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Get attribute), 61
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare method),	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Get autitoute), 61 INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.GetEmpty attribute), 62
52	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.GetOk attribute), 62
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.DeclareOk	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Nack attribute), 62
method), 53	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Publish attribute), 60
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.Delete method), 53	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Qos attribute), 58
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.DeleteOk method),	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.QosOk attribute), 59
53	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Recover attribute), 63
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.Unbind method),	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverAsync attribute), 63
54	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverOk attribute), 64
get_properties() (pika.spec.Exchange.UnbindOk	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Reject attribute), 63
method), 55	INDEX (pika.spec.Basic.Return attribute), 61
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.Bind method), 56	INDEX (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute), 67
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.BindOk method), 56	INDEX (pika.spec.Channel attribute), 49
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.Declare method), 55	INDEX (pika.spec.Channel.Close attribute), 51
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.DeclareOk method),	INDEX (pika.spec.Channel.CloseOk attribute), 51
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.Delete method), 57	INDEX (pika.spec.Channel.Flow attribute), 50
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.DeleteOk method), 57	INDEX (pika.spec.Channel.FlowOk attribute), 50
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.Purge method), 56	INDEX (pika.spec.Channel.Open attribute), 49
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.PurgeOk method), 57	INDEX (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk attribute), 50
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.Unbind method), 58	INDEX (pika.spec.Confirm attribute), 66
get_properties() (pika.spec.Queue.UnbindOk method), 58	INDEX (pika.spec.Confirm.Select attribute), 67
get_properties() (pika.spec.Tx.Commit method), 65	INDEX (pika.spec.Confirm.SelectOk attribute), 67
get_properties() (pika.spec.Tx.CommitOk method), 66	INDEX (pika.spec.Connection attribute), 45
get_properties() (pika.spec.Tx.Rollback method), 66	INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.Blocked attribute), 48
get_properties() (pika.spec.Tx.RollbackOk method), 66	INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.Close attribute), 48
get_properties() (pika.spec.Tx.Select method), 65	INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.CloseOk attribute), 48 INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.Open attribute), 47
get_properties() (pika.spec.Tx.SelectOk method), 65	INDEX (pika spec Connection OpenOk attribute), 47

INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.Secure attribute), 46	is_closing (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.SecureOk attribute), 46	attribute), 16
INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.Start attribute), 45	is_closing (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.StartOk attribute), 45	attribute), 10
INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.Tune attribute), 46	is_closing (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.TuneOk attribute), 47	attribute), 21
INDEX (pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked attribute), 49	is_closing (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange attribute), 52	attribute), 23
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.Bind attribute), 53	is_closing (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.BindOk attribute), 54	attribute), 26
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare attribute), 52	is_closing (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.DeclareOk attribute), 52	attribute), 28
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.Delete attribute), 53	is_closing (pika.channel.Channel attribute), 34
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.DeleteOk attribute), 53	is_closing (pika.connection.Connection attribute), 38
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.Unbind attribute), 54	is_open (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
INDEX (pika.spec.Exchange.UnbindOk attribute), 54	attribute), 17
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue attribute), 55	is_open (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.Bind attribute), 56	attribute), 10
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.BindOk attribute), 56	is_open (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.Declare attribute), 55	attribute), 21
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.DeclareOk attribute), 55	is_open (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.Delete attribute), 57	attribute), 23
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.DeleteOk attribute), 57	is_open (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.Purge attribute), 56	attribute), 26
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.PurgeOk attribute), 57	is_open (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolConnection
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.Unbind attribute), 58	attribute), 28
INDEX (pika.spec.Queue.UnbindOk attribute), 58	is_open (pika.channel.Channel attribute), 34
INDEX (pika.spec.Tx attribute), 64	is_open (pika.connection.Connection attribute), 38
INDEX (pika.spec.Tx.Commit attribute), 65	I
INDEX (pika.spec.Tx.CommitOk attribute), 65	L
INDEX (pika.spec.Tx.Rollback attribute), 66	locale (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters attribute),
INDEX (pika.spec.Tx.RollbackOk attribute), 66	42
INDEX (pika.spec.Tx.Select attribute), 64	locale (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute), 44
INDEX (pika.spec.Tx.SelectOk attribute), 65	
InvalidChannelNumber, 40	M
InvalidFieldTypeException, 40	MethodNotImplemented, 40
InvalidFrameError, 40	
InvalidMaximumFrameSize, 40	N
InvalidMinimumFrameSize, 40	NackError, 40
is_closed (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingCha	innel (nika spec Access attribute) 51
auribute), 10	NIAME ("1 A D
is_closed (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingCon	INSTANTE (pika spec Access RequestOk attribute), 52
auribute). 10	NIANCE ("11 D 1 44 "1 - 4 -) 50
is_closed (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection	MAME (pika spec Basic Ack attribute), 62
attribute), Z1	NIAME ("1 D C 1 . (4 1
is_closed (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.TornadoConne	Charles (pika.spec.Basic.CancelOk attribute), 60
attribute), 23	NAME (niles and Davis Commune attailmets) 50
is_closed (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection.Twis	ction (pika spec Basic Consume Ok attribute), 50
attribute), 20	NIAME ("11 D . 11
is_closed (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtoc	OCAMESTINIA spec Basic Get attribute) 61
attribute), 28	NAME (pika.spec.Basic.Get attribute), 62
is_closed (pika.channel.Channel attribute), 34	NAME (pika.spec.Basic.GetOk attribute), 62
is_closed (pika.connection.Connection attribute), 38	NAME (pika.spec.Basic.Nack attribute), 62
	NAME (pika.spec.Basic.Publish attribute), 60
	TYANIL (pika.spec.basic.i ubiisii attibute), 00

NAME (pika.spec.Basic.Qos attribute), 58	NAME (pika.spec.Tx.Rollback attribute), 66
NAME (pika.spec.Basic.QosOk attribute), 59	NAME (pika.spec.Tx.RollbackOk attribute), 66
NAME (pika.spec.Basic.Recover attribute), 63	NAME (pika.spec.Tx.Select attribute), 64
NAME (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverAsync attribute), 63	NAME (pika.spec.Tx.SelectOk attribute), 65
NAME (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverOk attribute), 64	NoFreeChannels, 40
NAME (pika.spec.Basic.Reject attribute), 63	
NAME (pika.spec.Basic.Return attribute), 61	0
NAME (pika.spec.BasicProperties attribute), 67	open() (pika.channel.Channel method), 34
NAME (pika.spec.Channel attribute), 49	
NAME (pika.spec.Channel.Close attribute), 51	P
NAME (pika.spec.Channel.CloseOk attribute), 51	pika.adapters.blocking_connection (module), 8
NAME (pika.spec.Channel.Flow attribute), 50	pika.adapters.select_connection (module), 9
NAME (pika.spec.Channel.FlowOk attribute), 50	pika.adapters.tornado_connection (module), 21
NAME (pika.spec.Channel.Open attribute), 49	pika.adapters.twisted_connection (module), 24
NAME (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk attribute), 50	pika.channel (module), 28
NAME (pika.spec.Confirm attribute), 66	pika.credentials (module), 38
NAME (pika.spec.Confirm.Select attribute), 67	pika.exceptions (module), 39
NAME (pika.spec.Confirm.SelectOk attribute), 67	
NAME (pika.spec.Connection attribute), 45	pika.spec (module), 45
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Blocked attribute), 48	port (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters attribute),
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Close attribute), 48	42
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.CloseOk attribute), 48	port (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute), 44
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Open attribute), 47	ProbableAccessDeniedError, 40
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Open attribute), 47	Probable Authentication Error, 40
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Secure attribute), 46	process_data_events() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnec
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.SecureOk attribute), 46	method), 10
* *	ProtocolSyntaxError, 40
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Start attribute), 45	ProtocolVersionMismatch, 40
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.StartOk attribute), 45	publish() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Tune attribute), 46	method), 17
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.TuneOk attribute), 47	publisher_confirms (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
NAME (pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked attribute), 49	attribute), 10
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange attribute), 52	publisher_confirms (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.Bind attribute), 53	attribute), 21
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.BindOk attribute), 54	$publisher_confirms\ (pika.adapters.tornado_connection. TornadoConnection$
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare attribute), 52	attribute), 23
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.DeclareOk attribute), 52	publisher_confirms (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConnection
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.Delete attribute), 53	attribute), 26
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.DeleteOk attribute), 53	publisher_confirms (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedProtocolCo
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.Unbind attribute), 54	attribute), 28
NAME (pika.spec.Exchange.UnbindOk attribute), 54	publisher_confirms (pika.connection.Connection at-
NAME (pika.spec.Queue attribute), 55	tribute), 38
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.Bind attribute), 56	publisher_confirms_supported
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.BindOk attribute), 56	(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.Declare attribute), 55	attribute), 10
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.DeclareOk attribute), 55	
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.Delete attribute), 57	Q
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.DeleteOk attribute), 57	Queue (class in pika.spec), 55
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.Purge attribute), 56	Queue.Bind (class in pika.spec), 55
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.PurgeOk attribute), 57	Queue.BindOk (class in pika.spec), 56
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.Unbind attribute), 58	Queue.Declare (class in pika.spec), 55
NAME (pika.spec.Queue.UnbindOk attribute), 58	Queue.DeclareOk (class in pika.spec), 55 Queue.DeclareOk (class in pika.spec), 55
NAME (pika.spec.Tx attribute), 64	Queue.Delete (class in pika.spec), 57
NAME (pika.spec.Tx.Commit attribute), 65	Queue.DeleteOk (class in pika.spec), 57 Queue.DeleteOk (class in pika.spec), 57
NAME (pika.spec.Tx.CommitOk attribute), 65	Queue.Purge (class in pika.spec), 56
= =	Queue.1 urge (crass in pixa.spec), 50

Queue.PurgeOk (class in pika.spec), 56	method), 28
Queue.Unbind (class in pika.spec), 57	set_backpressure_multiplier()
Queue.UnbindOk (class in pika.spec), 58	(pika.connection.Connection method), 38
$queue_bind()(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Blocking$	Chartedring Too Long, 40
method), 17	sleep() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingConnection
queue_bind() (pika.channel.Channel method), 34	method), 10
$queue_declare() \ (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Blocking_co$	
method), 17	attribute), 42
queue_declare() (pika.channel.Channel method), 35	socket_timeout (pika.connection.URLParameters at-
queue_delete() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Blocking	
method), 18	ssl (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters attribute), 42
queue_delete() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedC	
method), 28	ssl_options (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters at-
queue_delete() (pika.channel.Channel method), 35	tribute), 42
queue_purge() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Blockin method), 18	gshapteons (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute), 45
queue_purge() (pika.channel.Channel method), 35	$start_consuming() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel$
$queue_unbind()(pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Blocki$	
method), 18	$stop_consuming() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel$
queue_unbind() (pika.channel.Channel method), 35	method), 18
П	synchronous (pika.spec.Access.Request attribute), 51
R	synchronous (pika.spec.Access.RequestOk attribute), 52
RecursionError, 40	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Ack attribute), 62
remove_timeout() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.Blocking_conne	кунуфуниены бріка.spec.Basic.Cancel attribute), 60
method), 10	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.CancelOk attribute), 60
$remove_timeout() \ (pika.adapters.select_connection.SelectConnection) \ (pika.adapters.select_connection) \ (pika.adapters.select_connec$	Synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Consume attribute), 59
method), 21	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.ConsumeOk attribute), 59
remove_timeout() (pika.adapters.tornado_connection.Torna	Ayochronolis (pika.spec.Basic.Deliver attribute), 61
method), 23	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Get attribute), 61
remove_timeout() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.Twisted	Synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.GetEmpty attribute), 62
method), 26	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.GetOk attribute), 62
remove_timeout() (pika.adapters.twisted_connection.Twisted	espace of the area Paris Publish attribute), 64
method), 28	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Publish attribute), 60
remove_timeout() (pika.connection.Connection method),	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Qos attribute), 58
38	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.QosOk attribute), 59 synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Recover attribute), 63
retry_delay (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters at-	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Recover attribute), os synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverAsync attribute),
tribute), 42	63
retry_delay (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute),	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.RecoverOk attribute), 64
44	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Reject attribute), 63
S	synchronous (pika.spec.Basic.Return attribute), 61
	synchronous (pika.spec.Channel.Close attribute), 51
SelectConnection (class in	synchronous (pika.spec.Channel.CloseOk attribute), 51
pika.adapters.select_connection), 19 set_backpressure_multiplier()	synchronous (pika.spec.Channel.Flow attribute), 50
(piles adenters salest connection SelectConnection	synchronous (pika.spec.Channel.FlowOk attribute), 50
method), 21	synchronous (pika.spec.Channel.Open attribute), 49
set_backpressure_multiplier()	synchronous (pika.spec.Channel.OpenOk attribute), 50
(nika adapters tornado connection TornadoConne	esynchronous (pika.spec.Confirm.Select attribute), 67
method), 23	synchronous (pika.spec.Confirm.SelectOk attribute), 67
set_backpressure_multiplier()	synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.Blocked attribute),
(pika.adapters.twisted_connection.TwistedConne	40
method), 26	synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.Close attribute), 48
set_backpressure_multiplier()	synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.CloseOk attribute),
(nika adapters twisted connection TwistedProtoc	olConnection

synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.Open attribute), 47	Tx.SelectOk (class in pika.spec), 65
synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.OpenOk attribute), 47	tx_commit() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel method), 19
synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.Secure attribute), 46	tx_commit() (pika.channel.Channel method), 36
synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.SecureOk attribute), 46	tx_rollback() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel method), 19
synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.Start attribute), 45	tx_rollback() (pika.channel.Channel method), 36
synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.StartOk attribute), 45 synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.Tune attribute), 46	tx_select() (pika.adapters.blocking_connection.BlockingChannel method), 19
synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.TuneOk attribute), 47	tx_select() (pika.channel.Channel method), 36
synchronous (pika.spec.Connection.Unblocked attribute),	tx_serect() (pixt.enaimer.enaimer inethod), 30
49	U
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.Bind attribute), 53	UnexpectedFrameError, 40
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.BindOk attribute), 54	UnroutableError, 40
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.Declare attribute), 52	UnspportedAMQPFieldException, 40
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.DeclareOk attribute),	• • •
52	UnsupportedAMQPFieldException, 40
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.Delete attribute), 53	URLParameters (class in pika.connection), 43
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.DeleteOk attribute), 53	V
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.Unbind attribute), 54	•
synchronous (pika.spec.Exchange.UnbindOk attribute),	virtual_host (pika.connection.ConnectionParameters at- tribute), 42
54	virtual_host (pika.connection.URLParameters attribute),
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.Bind attribute), 56	44
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.BindOk attribute), 56	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.Declare attribute), 55	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.DeclareOk attribute), 55	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.Delete attribute), 57	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.DeleteOk attribute), 57	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.Purge attribute), 56	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.PurgeOk attribute), 57	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.Unbind attribute), 58	
synchronous (pika.spec.Queue.UnbindOk attribute), 58	
synchronous (pika.spec.Tx.Commit attribute), 65	
synchronous (pika.spec.Tx.CommitOk attribute), 65	
synchronous (pika.spec.Tx.Rollback attribute), 66	
synchronous (pika.spec.Tx.RollbackOk attribute), 66	
synchronous (pika.spec.Tx.Select attribute), 64	
synchronous (pika.spec.Tx.SelectOk attribute), 65	
Т	
TornadoConnection (class in	
pika.adapters.tornado_connection), 21	
TwistedChannel (class in	
pika.adapters.twisted_connection), 28	
TwistedConnection (class in	
pika.adapters.twisted_connection), 24	
TwistedProtocolConnection (class in	
pika.adapters.twisted_connection), 26	
Tx (class in pika.spec), 64	
Tx.Commit (class in pika.spec), 65	
Tx.CommitOk (class in pika.spec), 65	
Tx.Rollback (class in pika.spec), 66	
Tx.RollbackOk (class in pika.spec), 66	
Tx.Select (class in pika.spec), 64	