

Задача. Дано: базовий клас A:

```
class A
{ float x;
  int y;
public:
  A(): x(0.0), y(0) {}
  float root() { return (sqrt(y); }
protected:
  void prn(void) { cout << x<< ' ' <<y; }
private:
  char c;
};
```

Визначити, як будуть успадковані елементи класу A у похідному класі B і D:

class B: public A {};

class D: protected B {};

Відповідь

Клас B успадковує функцію root(), яка має public тип доступу і функцію prn(void) яка має protected тип доступу.

Клас D успадковує функції root() і prn(void), які мають protected тип доступу.

Задача 3

```
#include <iostream>
#define MAX_COUNT 10
class Array
{
public:
  int count;
  Array();
  Array(int count);
  Array(int count, unsigned char value);
  ~Array();
  unsigned char& operator[](int);
  virtual Array Plus(Array & other);
protected:
  unsigned char* arr;
};

Array::Array()
{
  this->count = 1;
  arr = new unsigned char(count);
  arr[0] = 0;
}

Array::Array(int count)
{
  if (count > MAX_COUNT)
  {
    std::cout << "Invalid count";
    exit(0);
  }
  this->count = count;
  arr = new unsigned char(count);
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
  {
    arr[i] = 0;
  }
}

Array::Array(int count, unsigned char value)
{
  if (count > MAX_COUNT)
  {
```

```

        std::cout << "Invalid count";
        exit(0);
    }
    this->count = count;
    arr = new unsigned char(count);
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
    {
        arr[i] = value;
    }
}
Array::~Array()
{
    //delete[] arr;
}
unsigned char& Array::operator[](int index)
{
    if (index >= count) {

        std::cout << "Array index out of bound";
        exit(0);

    }
    return arr[index];
}
Array Array::Plus(Array& other){
    if (this->count != other.count)
    {
        std::cout << "The sizes do not match";
        exit(0);
    }
    Array result(count);
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
    {
        result[i] = arr[i] + other[i];
        std::cout << "r[" << i << "]: " << (int)result[i] << "\n";
    }
    return result;
}

class Decimal : public Array
{
public:
    Decimal():Array() {};
    Decimal(int count):Array(count) {};
    Decimal(int count, unsigned char value):Array(count, value) {};
    Array Plus(Array& other) override;
};

Array Decimal::Plus(Array& other)
{
    if (this->count != other.count)
    {
        std::cout << "The sizes do not match";
        exit(0);
    }
    Array result(count);
    unsigned char carry = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
        unsigned char sum = arr[i] + other[i] + carry;
        result[i] = sum % 10;
        carry = sum / 10;
        std::cout << "r[" << i << "]: " << (int)result[i] << "carry:
" << (int)carry << "\n";
    }
    if (carry != 0) {

```

```

        std::cout << (int)carry << "Decimal addition produces
overflow\n";
        //exit(0);
    }
    return result;
}
class Hex : public Array
{
public:
    Hex() :Array() {};
    Hex(int count) :Array(count) {};
    Hex(int count, unsigned char value) :Array(count, value) {};
    Array Plus(Array& other) override;
};
Array Hex::Plus(Array& other)
{
    if (this->count != other.count){
        std::cout << "The sizes do not match";
        exit(0);}
    Array result(count);
    unsigned char carry = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
        unsigned char sum = arr[i] + other[i] + carry;
        result[i] = sum % 16;
        carry = sum / 16;
        std::cout << "r[" << i << "]: " << (int)result[i] << "carry:
" << (int)carry << "\n";
    }
    if (carry != 0) {std::cout << "Hex addition produces overflow\n";
exit(0);}
    return result;}
int main()
{
    Array a(3);
    a[0] = 1;
    a[1] = 2;
    a[2] = 3;
    Decimal b(3);
    b[0] = 4;
    b[1] = 5;
    b[2] = 6;
    Hex c(3);
    c[0] = 0x7;
    c[1] = 0x8;
    c[2] = 0x9;
    std::cout << "a+a\n";
    a.Plus(a);
    std::cout << "a+b\n";
    a.Plus(b);
    std::cout << "a+c\n";
    a.Plus(c);
    std::cout << "b+a\n";
    b.Plus(a);
    std::cout << "b+b\n";
    b.Plus(b);
    std::cout << "b+c\n";
    b.Plus(c);
    std::cout << "c+a\n";
    c.Plus(a);
    std::cout << "c+b\n";
    c.Plus(b);
    std::cout << "c+c\n";
    c.Plus(c);}

```