

## Setting up your optimization problem

### Gradient Checking

#### Gradient check for a neural network

Take  $W^{[1]}$ ,  $b^{[1]}$ , ...,  $W^{[L]}$ ,  $b^{[L]}$  and reshape into a big vector  $\theta$ .  $\mathcal{J}(\omega^{CD}, b^{CD}, \omega^{CD}, b^{CD})^2 \mathcal{J}(\theta)$ 

Take  $dW^{[1]}$ ,  $db^{[1]}$ , ...,  $dW^{[L]}$ ,  $db^{[L]}$  and reshape into a big vector  $d\theta$ .

Is do the gradet of J(0)?

#### Gradient checking (Grad check)

For each 
$$\bar{c}$$
:

 $\Rightarrow \underline{AOCiJ} = \underline{J(O_1,O_2,...,O_i+E_1,...)} - \underline{J(O_1,O_2,...,O_i+E_1,...)}$ 
 $\Rightarrow \underline{AOCiJ} = \underline{JJ}$ 

Check

 $||AO_{apper} - AO||_2$ 
 $\Rightarrow ||AO_{apper} - AO||_2$ 



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# Gradient Checking implementation notes

#### Gradient checking implementation notes

- Don't use in training – only to debug

- If algorithm fails grad check, look at components to try to identify bug.

- Remember regularization.

- Doesn't work with dropout.

- Run at random initialization; perhaps again after some training.

