

Satisficing and optimizing metric

There are different metrics to evaluate the performance of a classifier, they are called **evaluation matrices**. They can be categorized as **satisficing** and **optimizing matrices**. It is important to note that these evaluation matrices must be evaluated on a training set, a development set or on the test set.

Example: Cat vs Non-cat

Classifier	Accuracy	Running time
A	90%	80 ms
B	92%	95 ms
C	95%	1 500 ms

In this case, accuracy and running time are the evaluation matrices. Accuracy is the optimizing metric, because you want the classifier to correctly detect a cat image as accurately as possible. The running time which is set to be under 100 ms in this example, is the **satisficing metric** which mean that **the metric has to meet expectation set**.

The general rule is:

$$N_{metric} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{Optimizing metric} \\ N_{metric} - 1 & \text{Satisficing metric} \end{cases}$$