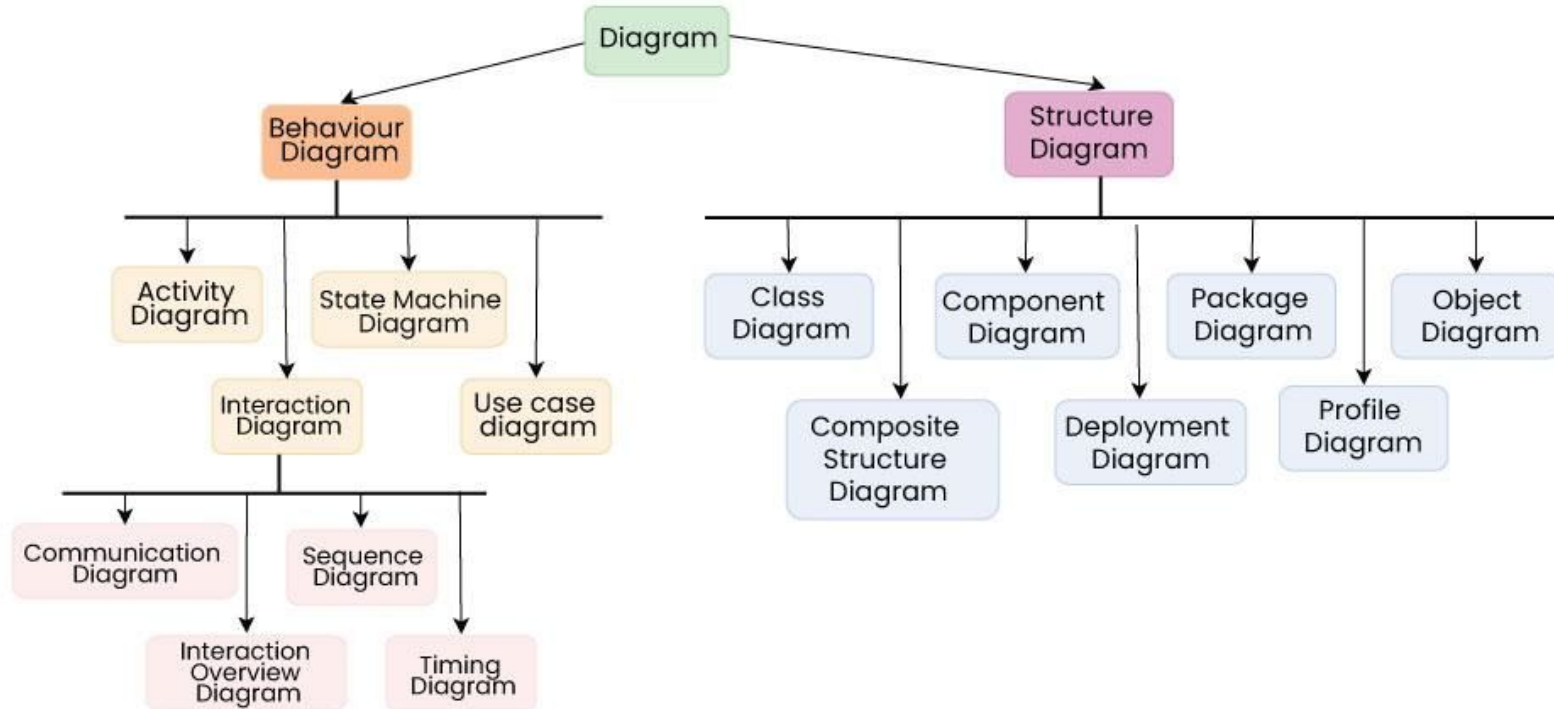


Class Diagrams in UML

SCS 1310 - Object Oriented Programming and Modelling

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Types of UML Diagrams



What is a Class Diagram?

- A class diagram represents the static structure of a system.
- It shows
 - **Classes**
 - **Attributes**
 - **Methods**
 - **Relationships among classes.**
- Fundamental to object-oriented design and software development.

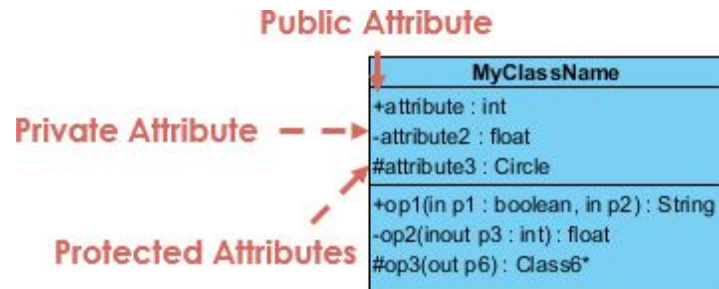
UML Class notation

- **Class name**
 - Write <<interface>> on top of interfaces' names
- **Attributes** (optional)
 - Includes fields of the class
- **Methods** (optional)
 - Includes behaviors of the class



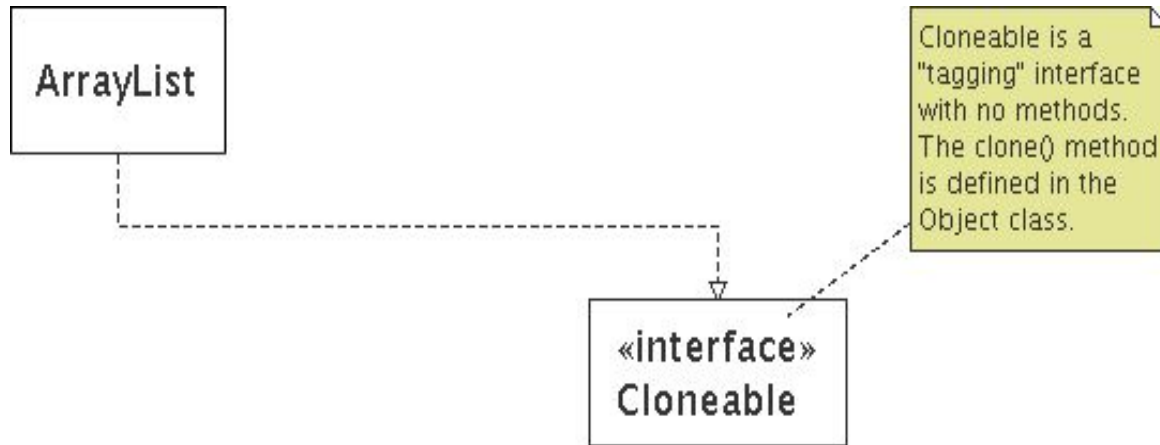
UML Class notation

- **Visibility** (fields, instance variables)
 - Symbols before an attribute and operation name in a class.
 - + public
 - # protected
 - - private
- **Parameter Directionality**
 - Each parameter in an operation (method) may be denoted as in, out or inout.
 - Specifies its direction with respect to the caller.
 - Directionality is shown before the parameter name.



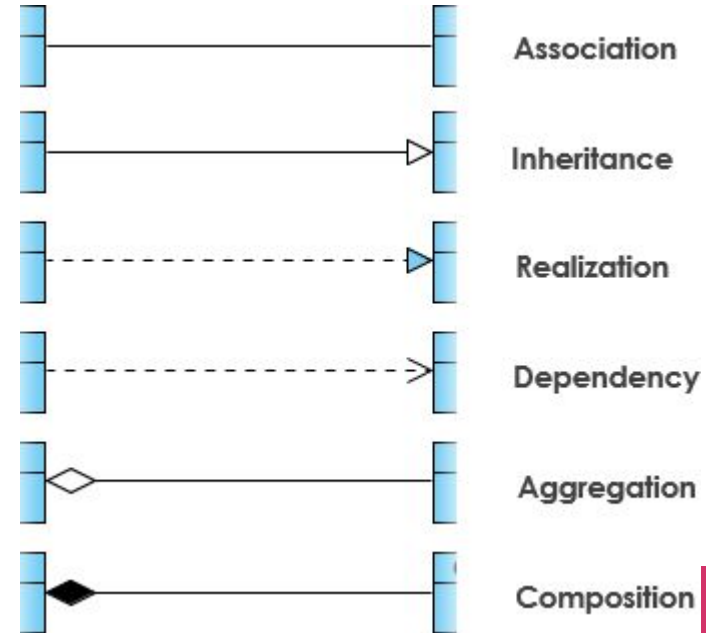
Notes

- Represented as a folded note, attached to the appropriate class.



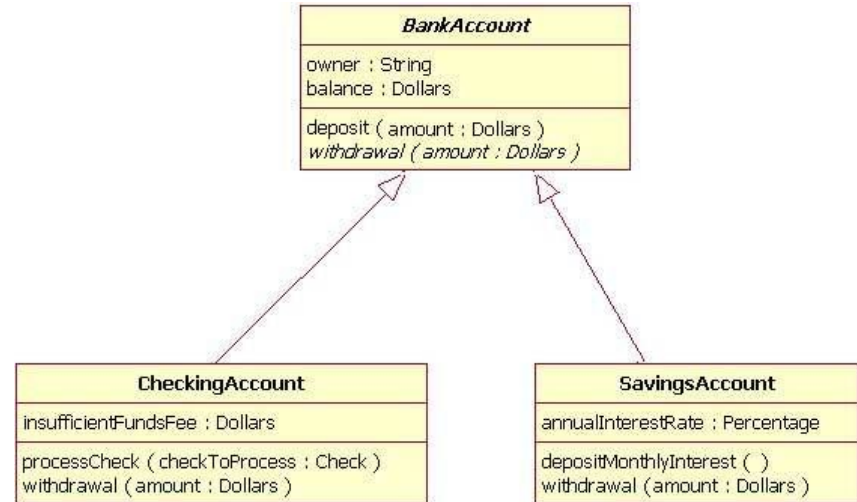
Relationships between classes

- **Generalization:** an inheritance relationship
 - Inheritance between classes
 - Interface implementation
- **Association:** a usage relationship
 - Dependency
 - Aggregation
 - Composition
 - Realization



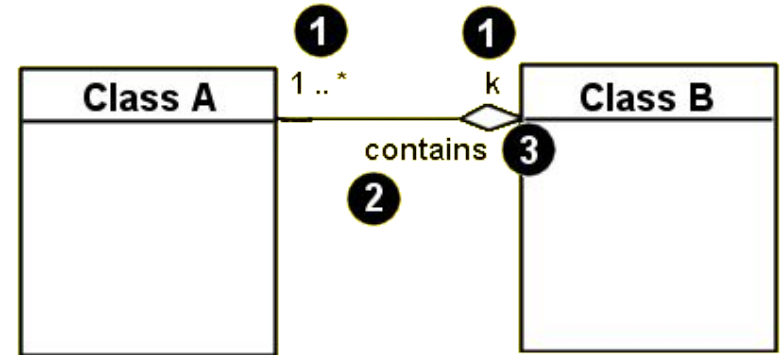
Generalization (Inheritance)

- Arrows point upward to parent
- Represents an "is-a" relationship.
- An abstract class name is shown in italics.
- Sub classes are specializations of SuperClass.



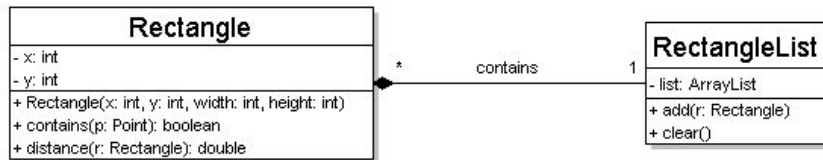
Association

- Associational relationship contains
 - Multiplicity (how many are used)
 - * \Rightarrow 0, or more
 - 1 \Rightarrow 1 exactly
 - 2..4 \Rightarrow between 2 and 4, inclusive
 - 3..* \Rightarrow 3 or more
 - Name (what relationship the objects have)



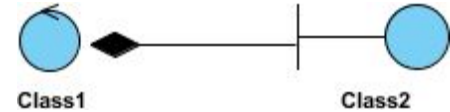
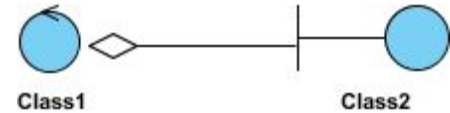
Cardinality of association

- **One-to-one**
 - Ex: Each student must carry exactly one ID card
- **One-to-many**
 - Ex: one rectangle list can contain many rectangles
- **Many-to-many**
 - Ex: A student can enroll in multiple courses. A course can have multiple students enrolled



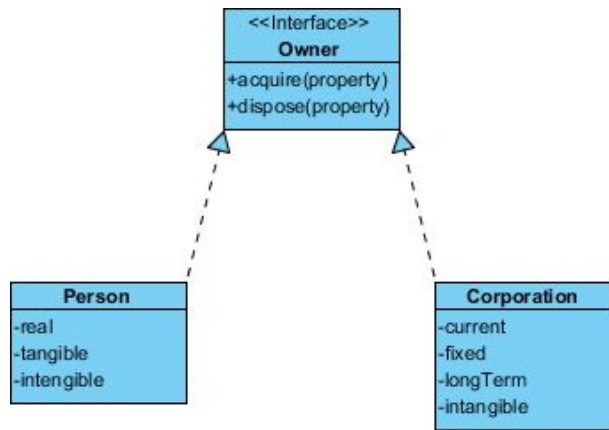
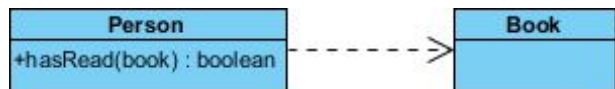
Association types

- **Aggregation:** “is part of”
 - symbolized by a clear white diamond
- **Composition:** “is entirely made of”
 - stronger version of aggregation
 - The parts live and die with the whole
 - symbolized by a black diamond



Association types

- **Dependency:** “uses temporarily”
 - Symbolized by dotted line
 - Exists between two classes if changes to the definition of one may cause changes to the other.
- **Realization**
 - Relationship between the blueprint class and the object containing its respective implementation level details



UML class diagram : Order System

