

Tutorial 6

1. Find the transpose of below matrices.

i) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$

ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ -5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$

iii) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

iv) $\begin{pmatrix} a & d & e \\ d & b & f \\ e & f & c \end{pmatrix}$ Symmetric matrix $A^T = A$

v) $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & d & e \\ -d & 0 & f \\ -e & -f & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ Skew- symmetric matrix $A^T = -A$

2. Show that

i) $(A^T)^T = A$

ii) $(A+B)^T = A^T + B^T$

iii) $(AB)^T = B^T A^T$

iv) $(3A)^T = 3A^T$

3. Find the determinant of the given matrices.

i) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ -5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$

ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

iii) $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 1 \\ -6 & 4 & 2 \\ 8 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

4. Follow the given steps below to find the inverse of given matrices.

Steps:

- a) Find the minors and cofactors of all elements.
- b) Find the cofactor matrix.
- c) Find the adjoint matrix.
- d) Find the determinant of the matrix.
- e) Find the inverse of the matrix.

$$\text{i) } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{ii) } \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{iii) } \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

5. Solve the given linear systems.

Hint: Find the inverse matrix using cofactor method.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i) } \quad 2x_1 - 3x_2 &= 2 \\ x_1 + 2x_2 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ii) } \quad 3x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 &= 4 \\ x_1 + x_2 - x_3 &= 2 \\ x_1 + x_3 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$