Assignment 5

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https://github.com/Gayathri1729/SRFP/tree/main/ Assignment5

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1 OUADRATIC FORMS-2.64

A cricket ball is thrown at a speed of $28ms^{-1}$ in a direction 30° above the horizontal.Calculate

- a) the maximum height
- b) the time taken by the ball to return to the same level, and
- c) the distance from the thrower to the point where the ball returns to the same level.

2 Solution

Initial velocity of the ball is given by

$$\mathbf{v_b} = 28 \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 28 \cos 30 \\ 28 \sin 30 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \sqrt{3} \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

where θ is the angle made by $\mathbf{v_b}$ with the horizontal and given $\theta = 30^{\circ}$ and let the initial displacement, $s_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

Also, acceleration of the ball due to gravity is

$$\mathbf{a}(t) = \mathbf{g} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -9.8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$\mathbf{v}(t) = \int \mathbf{a}(t) + \mathbf{v_b} \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 14\sqrt{3} \\ -9.8t + 14 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$\mathbf{s}(t) = \int \mathbf{v}(t) + \mathbf{s_0} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 14\sqrt{3}t \\ -4.9t^2 + 14t \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.6}$$

Velocity of the ball at the maximum height is

$$\mathbf{v_m} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.7}$$

a) To find the maximum height, we need to find the time at which the vertical velocity is zero.

$$-9.8t + 14 = 0 \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$t = 1.4286s \tag{2.0.9}$$

 $\mathbf{s}(1.4286) = \begin{pmatrix} 14\sqrt{3} \times 1.4286 \\ -4.9 \times (1.4286^2) + 14 \times 1.4286 \end{pmatrix}$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 34.64 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.11}$$

 \therefore the maximum height $h_{max} = 10 m$

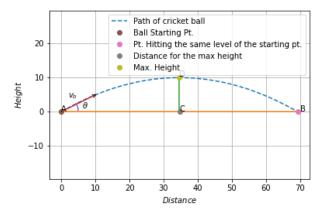


Fig. 2.1

b) The ball will return to the same level when vertical component of the distance function is equal to zero.

$$-4.9t^2 + 14t = 0 (2.0.12)$$

$$t = 2.8572s \tag{2.0.13}$$

Thus the time taken by the ball to return to the same level = $2.8572 \ s$

c) Consider,

$$\mathbf{s}(2.8572) = \begin{pmatrix} 14\sqrt{3} \times 2.8572 \\ -4.9 \times 2.8572^2 + 14 \times 2.8572 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 69.283 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.14)

Thus the distance from the thrower to the point where the ball returns to the same level = $69.283 \ m$