

ASSIGNMENT 6

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Gayathri1729/SRFP/tree/main/Assignment6>

and latex-tikz codes from

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1 QUADRATIC FORMS-2.74 J

In each of the following, find the equation for the ellipse that satisfies the given conditions:

Foci $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \pm \sqrt{10} \end{pmatrix}$, passing through $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$.

2 SOLUTION

The standard equation of conic is

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 1 \quad (1)$$

For ellipse, the equation becomes

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} = 1 \quad (2)$$

where

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{0} \quad (4)$$

$$f = -1 \quad (5)$$

Given the ellipse is passing through $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$.

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{V} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = 1 \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = 1 \quad (7)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4\lambda_1 + 9\lambda_2 = 1 \quad (8)$$

Note that $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2$.

Given the focus is $F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \pm \sqrt{10} \end{pmatrix}$.

Thus, the major axis of the ellipse is y-axis. We know that for the ellipse whose major axis in y-axis,

$$F = \sqrt{\frac{(\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{u} - f)(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)}{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}} \quad (9)$$

$$F = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_2 - \lambda_1}{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}} \quad (10)$$

$$10 = \frac{1}{\lambda_2} - \frac{1}{\lambda_1} \quad (11)$$

From (8)

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{1 - 4\lambda_1}{9} \quad (12)$$

From (11)

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{\lambda_1}{10\lambda_1 + 1} \quad (13)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1 - 4\lambda_1}{9} = \frac{\lambda_1}{10\lambda_1 + 1} \quad (14)$$

$$\lambda_1 = \frac{1}{8} \quad (15)$$

From (8),

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{1}{18} \quad (16)$$

Thus the equation of the given ellipse is

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{8} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{18} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 1 \quad (17)$$

Fig 2.1 represents the given ellipse.

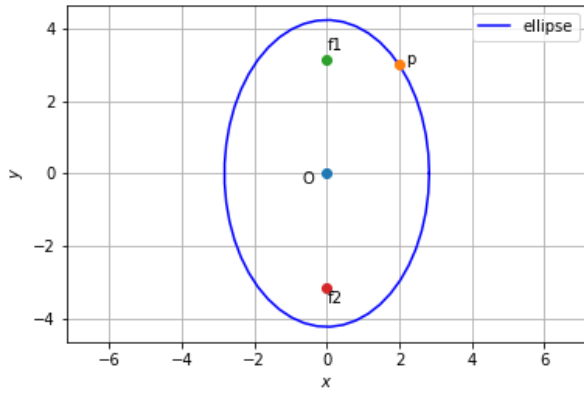


Fig. 2.1. Ellipse