

Tasks 1: Database Design

1. Create the database named "HMBank"

QUERY:

```
create database HMBank;
```

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> create database HMBank;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
```

2. Define the schema for the Customers, Accounts, and Transactions tables based on the provided schema.

CUSTOMERS:

```
create table Customers( customer_id int primary key,  
first_name varchar(20),last_name varchar(20),  
DOB date, email varchar(30), phone_number bigint,  
address varchar(300));
```

	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
►	customer_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	first_name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
	last_name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
	DOB	date	YES		NULL	
	email	varchar(30)	YES		NULL	
	phone_number	bigint	YES		NULL	
	address	varchar(300)	YES		NULL	

ACCOUNTS:

```
CREATE TABLE Accounts (  
  account_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
  customer_id INT,  
  account_type ENUM('savings', 'current', 'zero_balance'),  
  balance BIGINT,  
  FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customers(customer_id)  
);
```

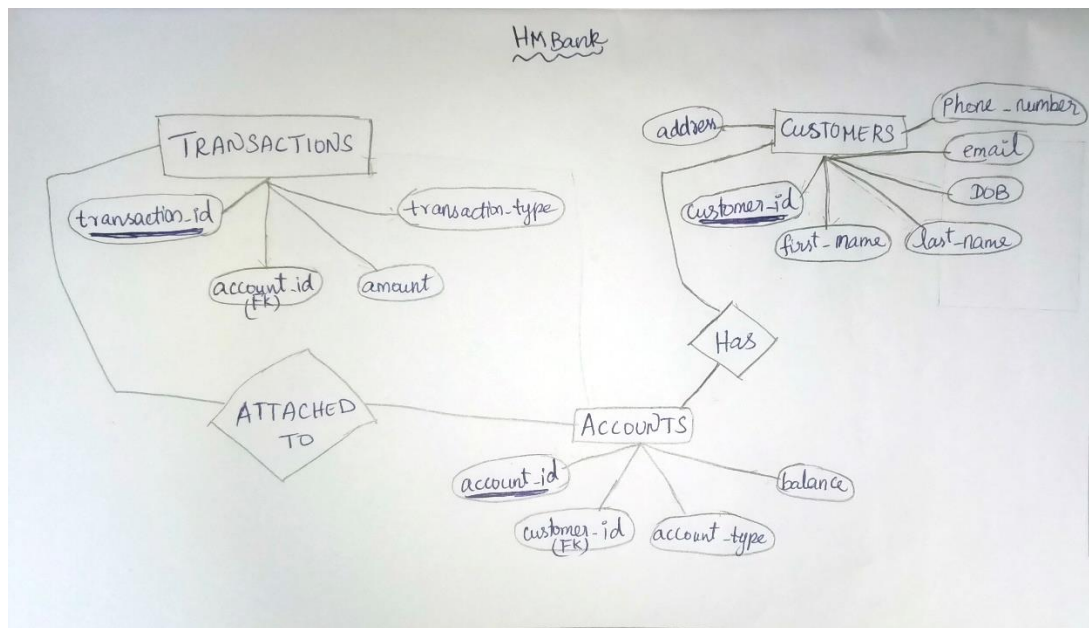
Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
account_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
customer_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
account_type	enum('savings','current','zero_balance')	YES		NULL	
balance	bigint	YES		NULL	

TRANSACTIONS:

```
CREATE TABLE Transactions(  
  transaction_id int primary key,  
  account_id int,  
  transaction_type enum('deposit','withdrawl','transfer'),  
  amount bigint,  
  transaction_date date,  
  foreign key (account_id) references Accounts(account_id)  
);
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
transaction_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
account_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
transaction_type	enum('deposit','withdrawl','transfer')	YES		NULL	
amount	bigint	YES		NULL	
transaction_date	date	YES		NULL	

3. Create an ERD (Entity Relationship Diagram) for the database.



TASK 2 : Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE

1. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

- Customers
- Accounts
- Transactions

CUSTOMER:

INSERT INTO Customers (customer_id, first_name, last_name, DOB, email, phone_number, address)

VALUES

(1,'john','doe','1990-05-15','john.doe@example.com',1234567890,'123 Main St'),

(2,'swathi','guna','2001-05-03','swathig@gmail.com',2134658790,'236 annur coimbatore'),

(3, 'Sanjay', 'Patel', '1985-11-30', 'sanjay.patel@example.com', '7654321098', '34C, Mahatma Gandhi Street, Bangalore, Karnataka'),

(4, 'Aishwarya', 'Menon', '1990-05-03', 'aishwarya.menon@example.com', '6543210987', '45D, Malabar Hill, Mumbai, Maharashtra'),
 (5, 'Naveen', 'Nair', '1987-09-12', 'naveen.nair@example.com', '5432109876', '56E, Rajaji Nagar, Kochi, Kerala'),
 (6, 'Divya', 'Sharma', '1995-03-28', 'divya.sharma@example.com', '4321098765', '67F, Indira Nagar, Pune, Maharashtra'),
 (7, 'Meera', 'Gupta', '1983-08-07', 'meera.gupta@example.com', '3210987654', '78G, Anna Salai, Chennai, Tamil Nadu'),
 (8, 'Vishal', 'Rao', '1992-12-19', 'vishal.rao@example.com', '2109876543', '89H, Gokulam Road, Mysuru, Karnataka'),
 (9, 'Shreya', 'Iyer', '1986-06-24', 'shreya.iyer@example.com', '1098765432', '90I, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana'),
 (10, 'Karthik', 'Menon', '1997-01-10', 'karthik.menon@example.com', '0987654321', '91J, Brigade Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka'),
 (11, 'ranji', 'priya', '1990-04-03', 'ranji@gmail.com', '1243637654', 'abc coimbatore'),
 (12, 'shwetha', 'shree', '1988-04-02', 'shwetha@gmail.com', '1246712542', 'salem'),
 (13, 'varun', 'lakshman', '2002-06-01', 'laksh@gmail.com', '5418564838', 'ooty')
 ;

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
▶	1	John	Doe	1990-05-15	john.doe@example.com	1234567890	123 Main St
	2	swathi	guna	2001-05-03	swathig@gmail.com	2134657689	236 annur coimbatore
	3	Sanjay	Patel	1985-11-30	sanjay.patel@example.com	7654321098	34C, Mahatma Gandhi Street, Bangalore,
	4	Aishwarya	Menon	1990-05-03	aishwarya.menon@example.com	6543210987	45D, Malabar Hill, Mumbai, Maharashtra
	5	Naveen	Nair	1987-09-12	naveen.nair@example.com	5432109876	56E, Rajaji Nagar, Kochi, Kerala
	6	Divya	Sharma	1995-03-28	divya.sharma@example.com	4321098765	67F, Indira Nagar, Pune, Maharashtra
	7	Meera	Gupta	1983-08-07	meera.gupta@example.com	3210987654	78G, Anna Salai, Chennai, Tamil Nadu
	8	Vishal	Rao	1992-12-19	vishal.rao@example.com	2109876543	89H, Gokulam Road, Mysuru, Karnataka
	9	Shreya	Iyer	1986-06-24	shreya.iyer@example.com	1098765432	90I, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana
	10	Karthik	Menon	1997-01-10	karthik.menon@example.com	987654321	91J, Brigade Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka
	11	ranji	priya	1990-04-03	ranji@gmail.com	1243637654	abc coimbatore
	12	shwetha	shree	1988-04-02	shwetha@gmail.com	1246712542	salem
	13	varun	lakshman	2002-06-01	laksh@gmail.com	5418564838	ooty

ACCOUNTS:

insert into Accounts(account_id,customer_id,account_type,balance)
 values

(1,1,'savings',50000),(2,2,'current',75000),
 (3,3,'savings',60000),(4,4,'savings',40000),
 (5,5,'current',90000),(6,6,'savings',30000),
 (7,7,'current',55000),(8,8,'savings',65000),
 (9,9,'current',70000),(10,10,'savings',80000);

```
(11,11,'savings',0),(12,12,'current',23000),  
(13,13,'savings',39999);
```

	account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
▶	1	1	savings	50000
	2	2	current	75000
	3	3	savings	60000
	4	4	savings	40000
	5	5	current	90000
	6	6	savings	30000
	7	7	current	55000
	8	8	savings	65000
	9	9	current	70000
	10	10	savings	100000
	11	11	savings	0
	12	12	current	23000
	13	13	savings	39999

TRANSACTIONS:

insert into

Transactions(transaction_id,account_id,transaction_type,amount,transaction_date)
values

```
(20,1,'deposit',23000,'2024-03-23'),(21,2,'withdrawl',45000,'202405-30'),  
(22,3,'transfer',4000,'2024-01-03'),(23,4,'deposit',65000,'2024-03-21'),  
(24,5,'withdrawl',3000,'2024-04-02'),(25,6,'transfer',23000,'2024-05-03'),  
(26,7,'deposit',24000,'2024-08-09'),(27,8,'withdrawl',65000,'2024-06-06'),  
(28,9,'transfer',7000,'2024-07-24'),(29,10,'deposit',5000,'2024-08-28');  
(30,11,'deposit',3000,'2023-03-23'),  
(31,12,'withdrawl',56000,'2023-06-02'),  
(32,13,'transfer',2300,'2024-11-21');
```

	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	20	1	deposit	23000	2024-03-23
	21	2	withdrawl	45000	2024-05-30
	22	3	transfer	4000	2024-01-03
	23	4	deposit	65000	2024-03-21
	24	5	withdrawl	3000	2024-04-02
	25	6	transfer	23000	2024-05-03
	26	7	deposit	24000	2024-08-09
	27	8	withdrawl	65000	2024-06-06
	28	9	transfer	7000	2024-07-24
	29	10	deposit	5000	2024-08-28
	30	11	deposit	3000	2023-03-23
	31	12	withdrawl	56000	2023-06-02
	32	13	transfer	2300	2024-11-21

1. Write SQL queries for the following tasks:

1. Write a SQL query to retrieve the name, account type and email of all customers.

```
select Customers.first_name,Customers.last_name,
Customers.email,
Accounts.account_type from Customers
inner join
Accounts on Customers.customer_id= Accounts.customer_id;
```

	first_name	last_name	email	account_type
▶	John	Doe	john.doe@example.com	savings
	swathi	guna	swathig@gmail.com	current
	Sanjay	Patel	sanjay.patel@example.com	savings
	Aishwarya	Menon	aishwarya.menon@example.com	savings
	Naveen	Nair	naveen.nair@example.com	current
	Divya	Sharma	divya.sharma@example.com	savings
	Meera	Gupta	meera.gupta@example.com	current
	Vishal	Rao	vishal.rao@example.com	savings
	Shreya	Iyer	shreya.iyer@example.com	current
	Karthik	Menon	karthik.menon@example.com	savings

2. Write a SQL query to list all transaction corresponding customer.

```
select C.customer_id,C.first_name,C.last_name,C.email,
T.transaction_id,T.account_id,T.transaction_type,
```

```

T.amount,T.transaction_date
from transactions T
join Accounts A on
A.account_id=T.account_id
join customers C on
C.customer_id=A.customer_id;

```

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	email	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	1	John	Doe	john.doe@example.com	20	1	deposit	23000	2024-03-23
	2	swathi	guna	swathig@gmail.com	21	2	withdrawl	45000	2024-05-30
	3	Sanjay	Patel	sanjay.patel@example.com	22	3	transfer	4000	2024-01-03
	4	Aishwarya	Menon	aishwarya.menon@example.com	23	4	deposit	65000	2024-03-21
	5	Naveen	Nair	naveen.nair@example.com	24	5	withdrawl	3000	2024-04-02
	6	Divya	Sharma	divya.sharma@example.com	25	6	transfer	23000	2024-05-03
	7	Meera	Gupta	meera.gupta@example.com	26	7	deposit	24000	2024-08-09
	8	Vishal	Rao	vishal.rao@example.com	27	8	withdrawl	65000	2024-06-06
	9	Shreya	Iyer	shreya.iyer@example.com	28	9	transfer	7000	2024-07-24
	10	Karthik	Menon	karthik.menon@example.com	29	10	deposit	5000	2024-08-28

3. Write a SQL query to increase the balance of a specific account by a certain amount.

```

update Accounts set balance=balance+20000
where account_id=10;

```

	balance	customer_id
▶	50000	1
	75000	2
	60000	3
	40000	4
	90000	5
	30000	6
	55000	7
	65000	8
	70000	9
	100000	10

4. Write a SQL query to Combine first and last names of customers as a full_name.

```

select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as name from customers;

```

	name
▶	John Doe
	swathi guna
	Sanjay Patel
	Aishwarya Menon
	Naveen Nair
	Divya Sharma
	Meera Gupta
	Vishal Rao
	Shreya Iyer
	Karthik Menon

5. Write a SQL query to remove accounts with a balance of zero where the account type is savings.

DELETE FROM Transactions

WHERE account_id IN (SELECT account_id FROM Accounts WHERE balance = 0 AND account_type = 'savings');

delete from Accounts where balance=0 and account_type='savings';

select * from Accounts;

	account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
▶	1	1	savings	50000
	2	2	current	75000
	3	3	savings	60000
	4	4	savings	40000
	5	5	current	90000
	6	6	savings	30000
	7	7	current	55000
	8	8	savings	65000
	9	9	current	70000
	10	10	savings	100000
	12	12	current	23000
	13	13	savings	39999
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

6. Write a SQL query to Find customers living in a specific city.

select * from customers where address like "%coimbatore%";

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
▶	2	swathi	guna	2001-05-03	swathig@gmail.com	2134657689	236 annur coimbatore
	11	ranji	priya	1990-04-03	ranji@gmail.com	1243637654	abc coimbatore
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

7. Write a SQL query to Get the account balance for a specific account.

select balance,account_id from accounts where account_id=3;

	balance	account_id
▶	60000	3
*	NULL	NULL

8. Write a SQL query to List all current accounts with a balance greater than \$1,000.

select * from accounts where balance > 1000;

	account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
▶	1	1	savings	50000
	2	2	current	75000
	3	3	savings	60000
	4	4	savings	40000
	5	5	current	90000
	6	6	savings	30000
	7	7	current	55000
	8	8	savings	65000
	9	9	current	70000
	10	10	savings	100000
	12	12	current	23000
	13	13	savings	39999
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

9. Write a SQL query to Retrieve all transactions for a specific account.

select * from transactions where account_id = 3;

	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	22	3	transfer	4000	2024-01-03
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

10. Write a SQL query to Calculate the interest accrued on savings accounts based on a given interest rate.

```
select account_id, customer_id, balance*0.7 as interest_accured from
Accounts
where account_type='savings';
```

	account_id	customer_id	interest_accured
▶	1	1	35000.0
	3	3	42000.0
	4	4	28000.0
	6	6	21000.0
	8	8	45500.0
	10	10	70000.0
	13	13	27999.3

11. Write a SQL query to Identify accounts where the balance is less than a specified overdraft limit.

```
select account_id, customer_id, balance from Accounts
where balance < 50000;
```

	account_id	customer_id	balance
▶	4	4	40000
	6	6	30000
	12	12	23000
	13	13	39999
•	NULL	NULL	NULL

12. Write a SQL query to Find customers not living in a specific city.

select * from customers where address not like "%coimbatore%";

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
▶	1	John	Doe	1990-05-15	john.doe@example.com	1234567890	123 Main St
	3	Sanjay	Patel	1985-11-30	sanjay.patel@example.com	7654321098	34C, Mahatma Gandhi Street, Bangalore, Karna...
	4	Aishwarya	Menon	1990-05-03	aishwarya.menon@example.com	6543210987	45D, Malabar Hill, Mumbai, Maharashtra
	5	Naveen	Nair	1987-09-12	naveen.nair@example.com	5432109876	56E, Rajaji Nagar, Kochi, Kerala
	6	Divya	Sharma	1995-03-28	divya.sharma@example.com	4321098765	67F, Indira Nagar, Pune, Maharashtra
	7	Meera	Gupta	1983-08-07	meera.gupta@example.com	3210987654	78G, Anna Salai, Chennai, Tamil Nadu
	8	Vishal	Rao	1992-12-19	vishal.rao@example.com	2109876543	89H, Gokulam Road, Mysuru, Karnataka
	9	Shreya	Iyer	1986-06-24	shreya.iyer@example.com	1098765432	90I, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana
	10	Karthik	Menon	1997-01-10	karthik.menon@example.com	987654321	91J, Brigade Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka
	12	shwetha	shree	1988-04-02	shwetha@gmail.com	1246712542	salem
	13	varun	lakshman	2002-06-01	laksh@gmail.com	5418564838	ooty
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Tasks 3: Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:

1. Write a SQL query to Find the average account balance for all customers.

select avg(balance) from Accounts;

	avg(balance)
▶	58166.5833

2. Write a SQL query to Retrieve the top 10 highest account balances.

select balance from Accounts order by balance desc limit 10;

	balance
▶	100000
	90000
	75000
	70000
	65000
	60000
	55000
	50000
	40000
	39999

3. Write a SQL query to Calculate Total Deposits for All Customers in specific date.

```
SELECT SUM(amount) AS total_deposit FROM Transactions WHERE
transaction_type='deposit' AND transaction_date='2024-03-23';
```

	total_deposit
▶	23000

4. Write a SQL query to Find the Oldest and Newest Customers.

```
SELECT *
FROM Customers
WHERE customer_id IN (
    SELECT MIN(customer_id) AS first_customer_id
    FROM Customers
    UNION
    SELECT MAX(customer_id) AS last_customer_id
    FROM Customers
);
```

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
▶	1	John	Doe	1990-05-15	john.doe@example.com	1234567890	123 Main St
	13	varun	lakshman	2002-06-01	laksh@gmail.com	5418564838	ooty
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

5. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with the account type.

```
SELECT Transactions.*, accounts.account_type FROM Transactions
JOIN
```

Accounts ON Transactions.account_id=Accounts.account_id;

	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date	account_type
▶	20	1	deposit	23000	2024-03-23	savings
	21	2	withdrawal	45000	2024-05-30	current
	22	3	transfer	4000	2024-01-03	savings
	23	4	deposit	65000	2024-03-21	savings
	24	5	withdrawal	3000	2024-04-02	current
	25	6	transfer	23000	2024-05-03	savings
	26	7	deposit	24000	2024-08-09	current
	27	8	withdrawal	65000	2024-06-06	savings
	28	9	transfer	7000	2024-07-24	current
	29	10	deposit	5000	2024-08-28	savings
	31	12	withdrawal	56000	2023-06-02	current
	32	13	transfer	2300	2024-11-21	savings

6. Write a SQL query to Get a list of customers along with their account details.

SELECT Customers.customer_id,concat(first_name, " ",last_name) AS name,

Accounts.* FROM Accounts

JOIN

Customers ON Accounts.customer_id=Customers.customer_id;

	customer_id	name	account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
	1	John Doe	1	1	savings	50000
	2	swathi guna	2	2	current	75000
	3	Sanjay Patel	3	3	savings	60000
	4	Aishwarya Menon	4	4	savings	40000
▶	5	Naveen Nair	5	5	current	90000
	6	Divya Sharma	6	6	savings	30000
	7	Meera Gupta	7	7	current	55000
	8	Vishal Rao	8	8	savings	65000
	9	Shreya Iyer	9	9	current	70000
	10	Karthik Menon	10	10	savings	100000
	12	shwetha shree	12	12	current	23000
	13	varun lakshman	13	13	savings	39999

7. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with customer information for a specific account.

SELECT Customers.*,Transactions.*

FROM Transactions

JOIN

Accounts ON Accounts.account_id=Transactions.account_id
 JOIN
 Customers ON Customers.customer_id=Accounts.account_id
 WHERE Accounts.account_id=8;

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	8	Vishal	Rao	1992-12-19	vishal.rao@example.com	2109876543	89H, Gokulam Road, Mysuru, Karnataka	27	8	withdrawl	65000	2024-06-06

8. Write a SQL query to Identify customers who have more than one account.

```
select
Customers.customer_id,Customers.first_name,Customers.last_name,Accounts.account_id
from customers
join accounts
on customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id
group by customer_id
having count(account_id)>1;
```

	customer_id	first_name	last_name	account_id

9. Write a SQL query to Calculate the difference in transaction amounts between deposits and withdrawals.

```
SELECT
SUM(CASE WHEN transaction_type = 'deposit' THEN amount
WHEN transaction_type = 'withdrawl' THEN -amount
ELSE 0 END) AS difference
FROM
Transactions;
```

	difference
▶	-52000

10. Write a SQL query to Calculate the average daily balance for each account over a specified period.

```
select account_id, avg(balance)
from Accounts as avg_balance
group by account_id;
```

	account_id	avg(balance)
▶	1	50000.0000
	2	75000.0000
	3	60000.0000
	4	40000.0000
	5	90000.0000
	6	30000.0000
	7	55000.0000
	8	65000.0000
	9	70000.0000
	10	100000.0000
	12	23000.0000
	13	39999.0000

11. Calculate the total balance for each account type.

```
select account_type, sum(balance) from accounts group by account_type;
```

	account_type	sum(balance)
▶	savings	384999
	current	313000

12. Identify accounts with the highest number of transactions order by descending order.

```
select account_id, count(account_id) as num
from Transact
group by account_id
order by num desc;
```

	account_id	num
▶	3	4
	5	4
	1	3
	2	3
	4	3
	6	1

13. List customers with high aggregate account balances, along with their account types.

```
select concat(first_name, " ", last_name) as full_name , Accounts.balance ,
Accounts.account_type
from Customers
join Accounts
on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id
group by full_name
order by Accounts.balance desc;
```


Tasks 4: Subquery and its type:

1.Retrieve the customer(s) with the highest account balance.

```
select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as name
,Customers.customer_id,Accounts.balance
from Customers
join Accounts
on Accounts.customer_id=customers.customer_id
where balance= (select max(balance) from Accounts);
```

	name	customer_id	balance
▶	Karthik Menon	10	100000

3.Retrieve accounts with transactions whose amounts exceed the average transaction amount.

```
select account_id,amount from transactions
where amount >(select avg(amount) from transactions);
```

	account_id	amount
▶	2	45000
	4	65000
	8	65000
	12	56000

4.Identify customers who have no recorded transactions.

```
SELECT c.customer_id,CONCAT(c.first_name, ' ', c.last_name) AS customer_name
FROM Customers c
```

```

LEFT JOIN Accounts a ON c.customer_id = a.customer_id
LEFT JOIN Transactions t ON a.account_id = t.account_id
WHERE t.account_id IS NULL;

```

	customer_id	customer_name
▶	11	ranji priya
	14	shreekanth anwar

5. Calculate the total balance of accounts with no recorded transactions.

```

select sum(balance) from accounts
where account_id not in (select account_id from transactions);

```

Result Grid	
	sum(balance)
▶	69000

6. Retrieve transactions for accounts with the lowest balance.

```

SELECT *
FROM transactions
WHERE account_id
IN (SELECT account_id FROM accounts WHERE balance = (SELECT MIN(balance)
FROM accounts));

```

	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	31	12	withdrawl	56000	2023-06-02
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

7. Identify customers who have accounts of multiple types.

```
SELECT customer_id,COUNT(DISTINCT account_type) AS num_account_types
FROM Accounts
GROUP BY customer_id
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT account_type) > 1;
```

	customer_id	num_account_types

8. Calculate the percentage of each account type out of the total number of accounts.

```
SELECT account_type,COUNT(*) AS num_accounts,
ROUND(COUNT(*) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Accounts), 2) AS percentage
FROM Accounts
GROUP BY account_type;
```

	account_type	num_accounts	percentage
▶	savings	8	57.14
	current	6	42.86

9. Retrieve all transactions for a customer with a given customer_id.

```
SELECT * FROM Transactions
WHERE
    account_id IN (SELECT account_id FROM Accounts WHERE customer_id = 3 );
```

	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	22	3	transfer	4000	2024-01-03

10. Calculate the total balance for each account type, including a subquery within the SELECT clause.

```
SELECT account_type,
```

```
(SELECT SUM(balance) FROM Accounts WHERE account_type = a.account_type) AS  
total_balance  
FROM (SELECT DISTINCT account_type FROM Accounts) AS a;
```

	account_type	total_balance
▶	savings	419499
	current	347500