

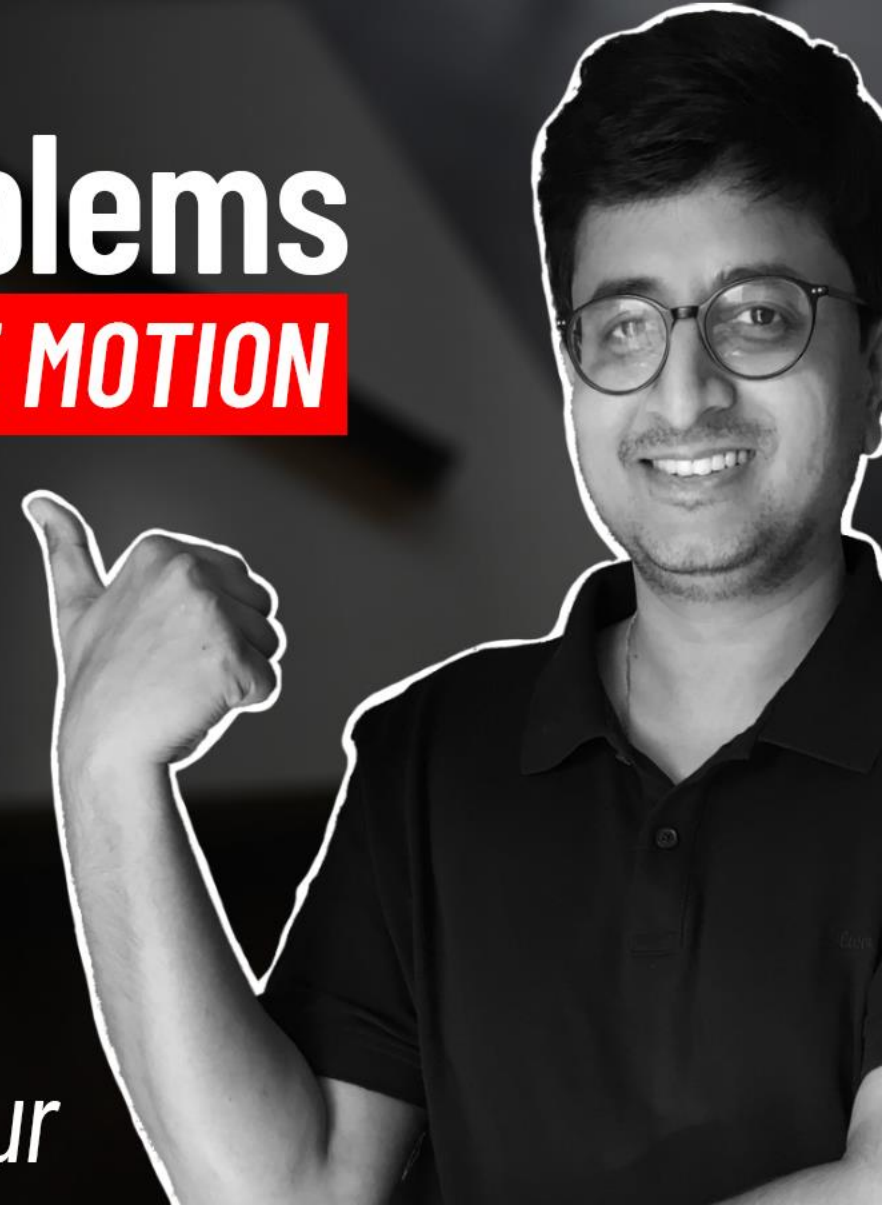
#3

# PhD ON RAIN-MAN Problems

**RELATIVE MOTION**



*Mohit Goenka / IIT Kharagpur*



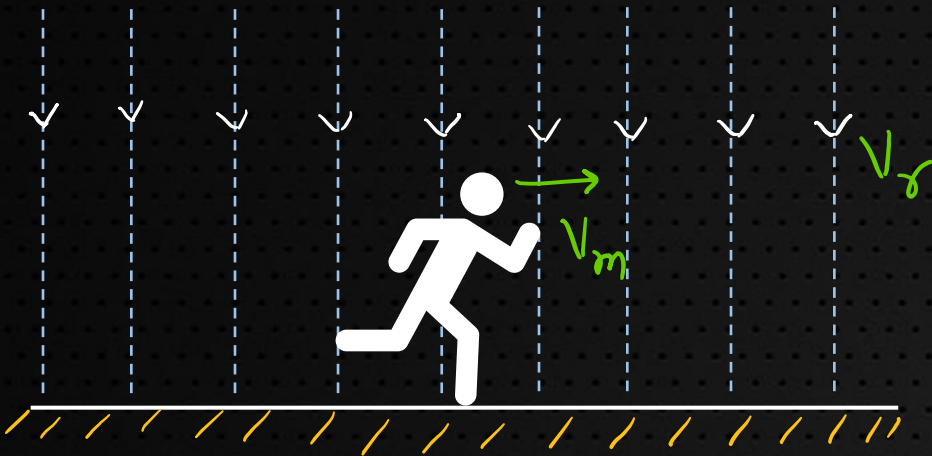
## List of Content on Eduniti YouTube Channel:

1. PYQs Video Solution Topic Wise:
  - (a) JEE Main 2018/2020/2021 Feb & March
2. Rank Booster Problems for JEE Main
3. Part Test Series for JEE Main
4. JEE Advanced Problem Solving Series
5. Short Concept Videos
6. Tips and Tricks Videos
7. JEE Advanced PYQs
8. Formulae Revision Series

.....and many more to come



**Eduniti for Physics**



# Rain-Man Problems

## Kinematics (Relative Velocity)

PhD SERIES



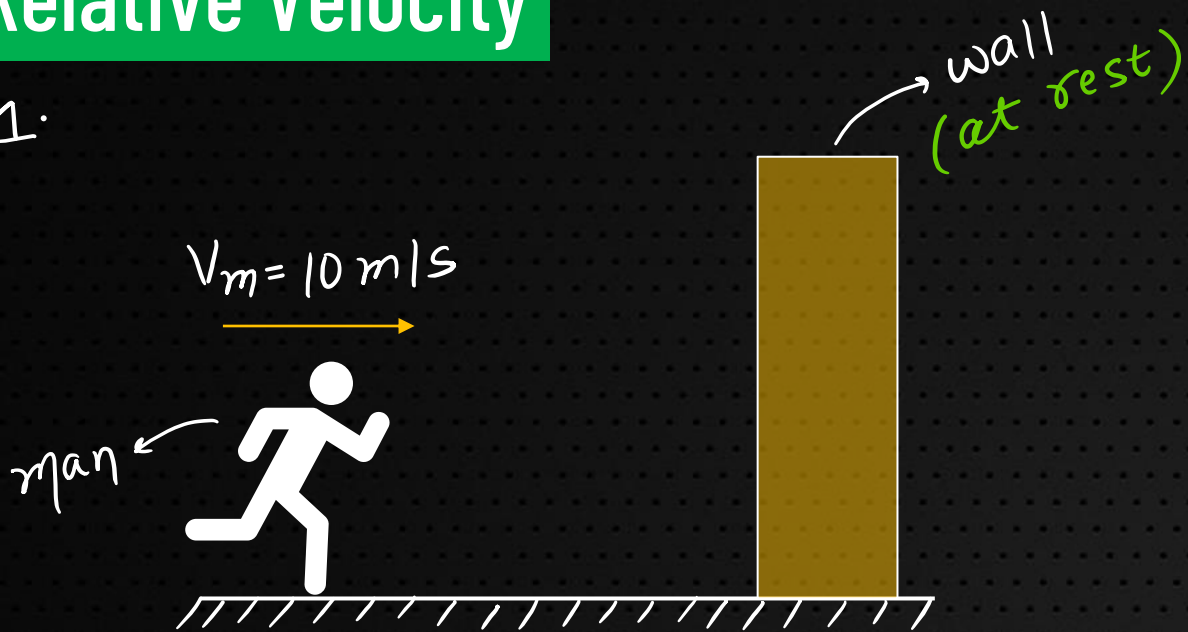
Eduniti for Physics

"JOIN"

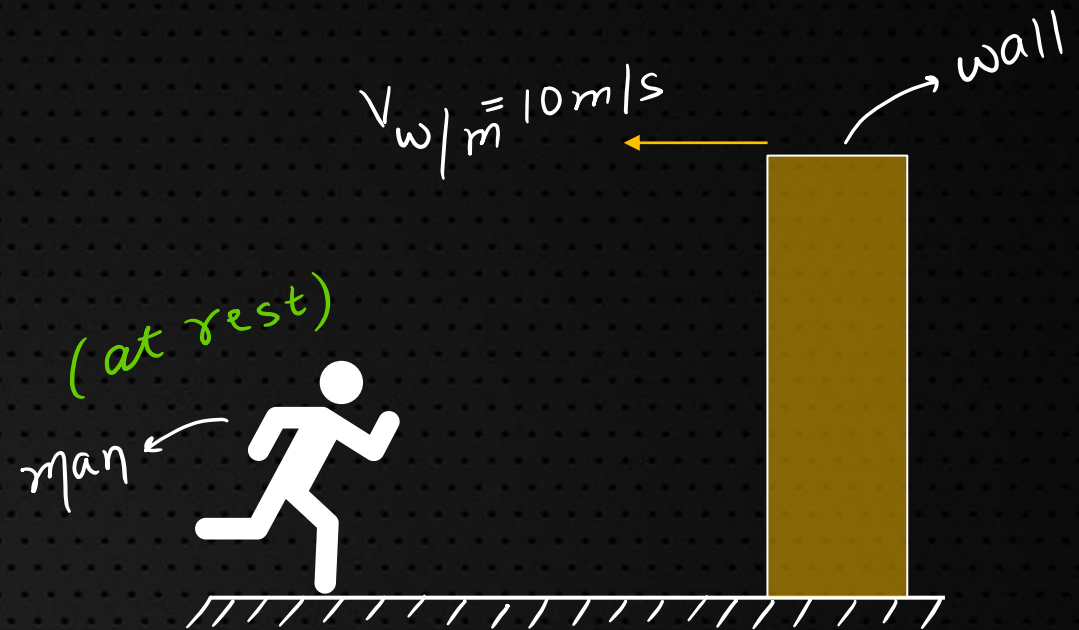


# Relative Velocity

1.



Ground Frame



Man's Frame

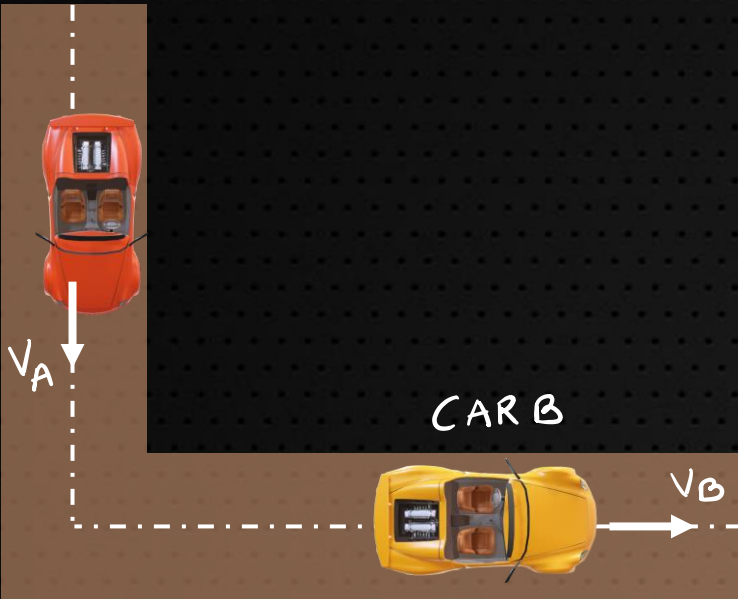
$$\begin{aligned}\vec{v}_{w/m} &= \vec{v}_w - \vec{v}_m \\ \Rightarrow \vec{v}_{w/m} &= 0 - 10\hat{i} \text{ m/s} \\ \therefore \vec{v}_{w/m} &= -10\hat{i} \text{ m/s}\end{aligned}$$



# Relative Velocity

2.

CAR A



Ground Frame

CAR A



CAR B (at rest)

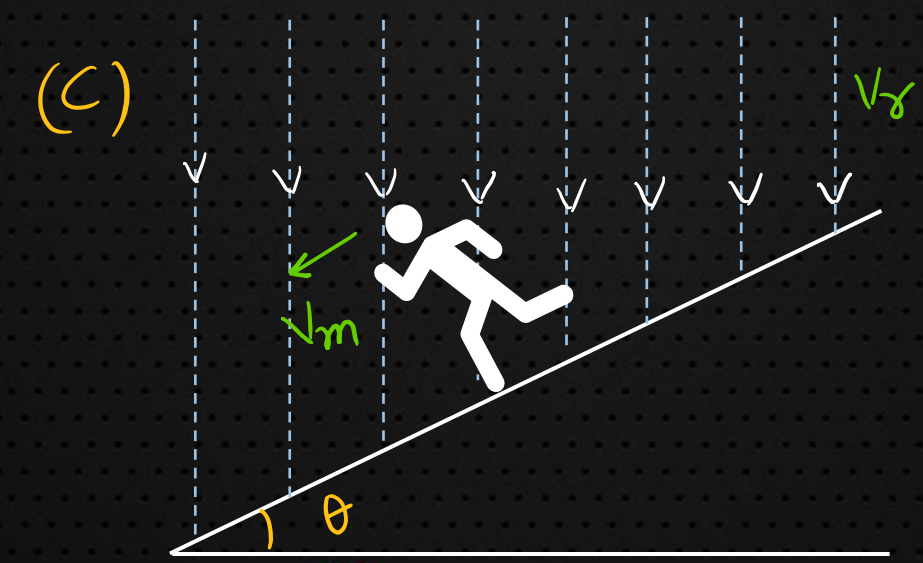
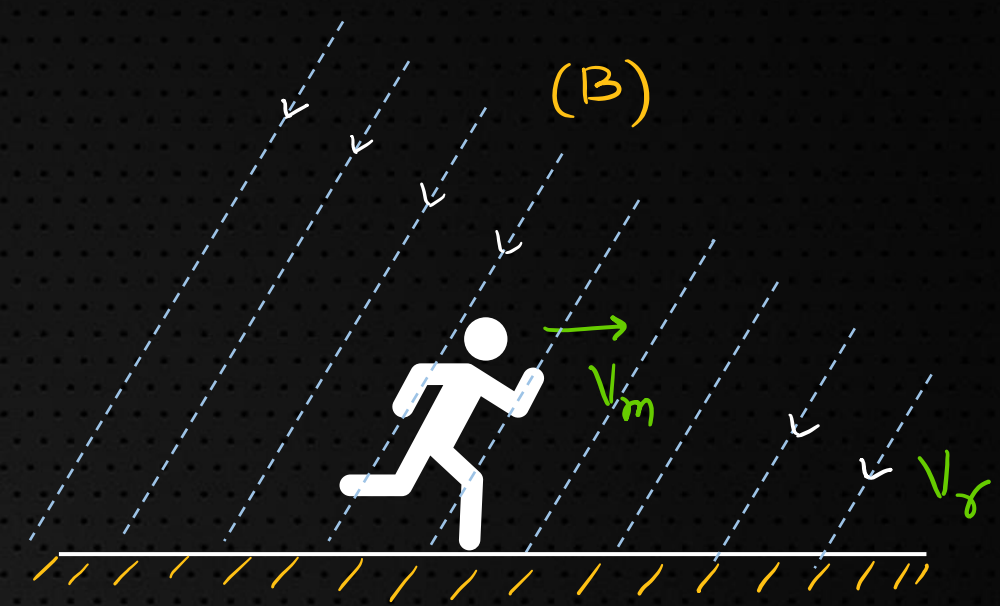
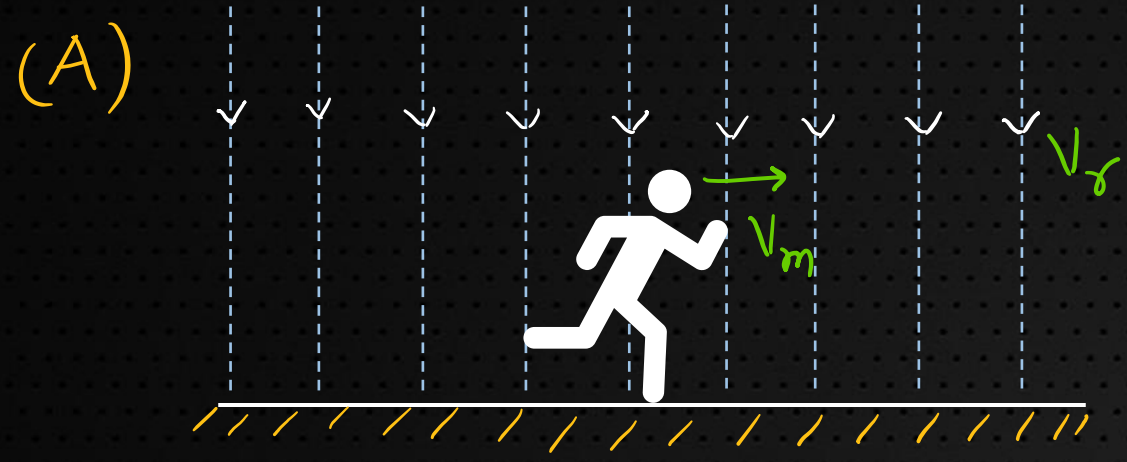


CAR B Frame

→ To car B,  
car A appears  
to move in this  
direct with speed  
of  $\sqrt{v_A^2 + v_B^2}$



# Rain-Man Problems

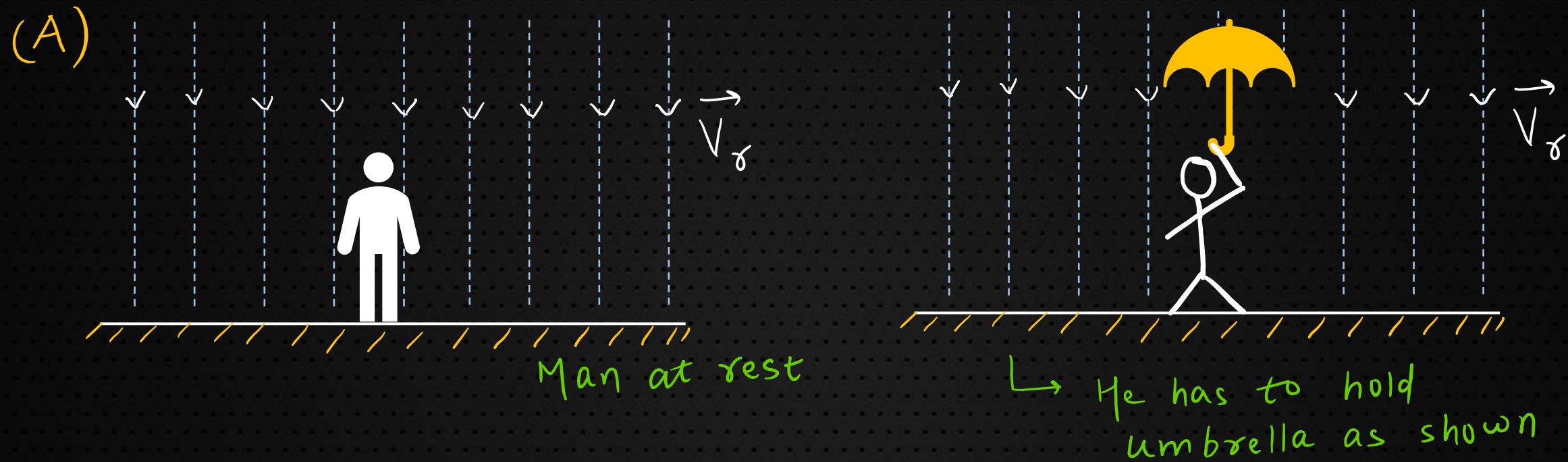


All Ground Frame

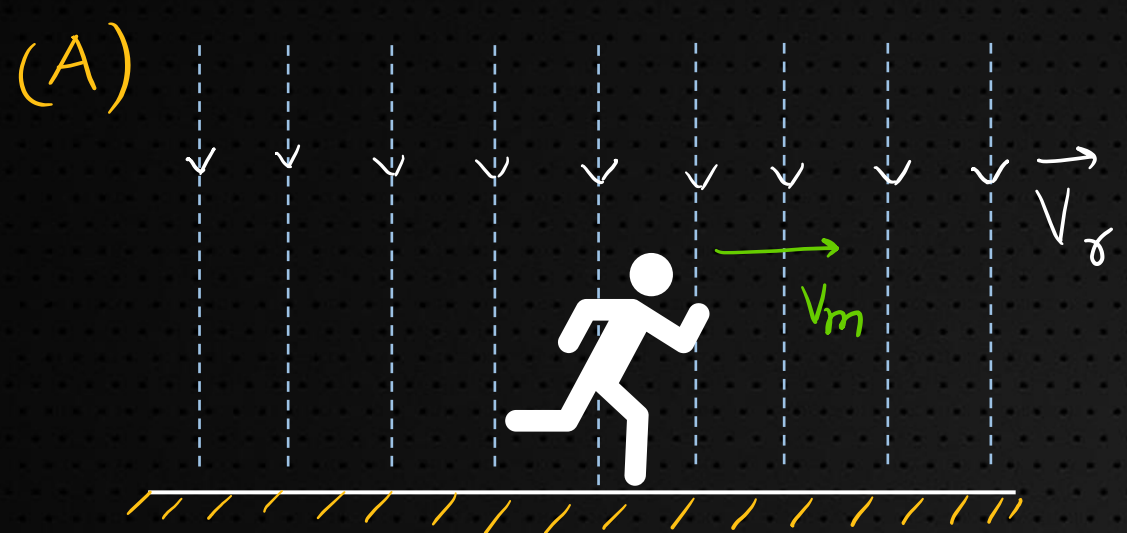
$\vec{v}_r, \vec{v}_m, \vec{v}_r/m$



# Rain-Man Problems

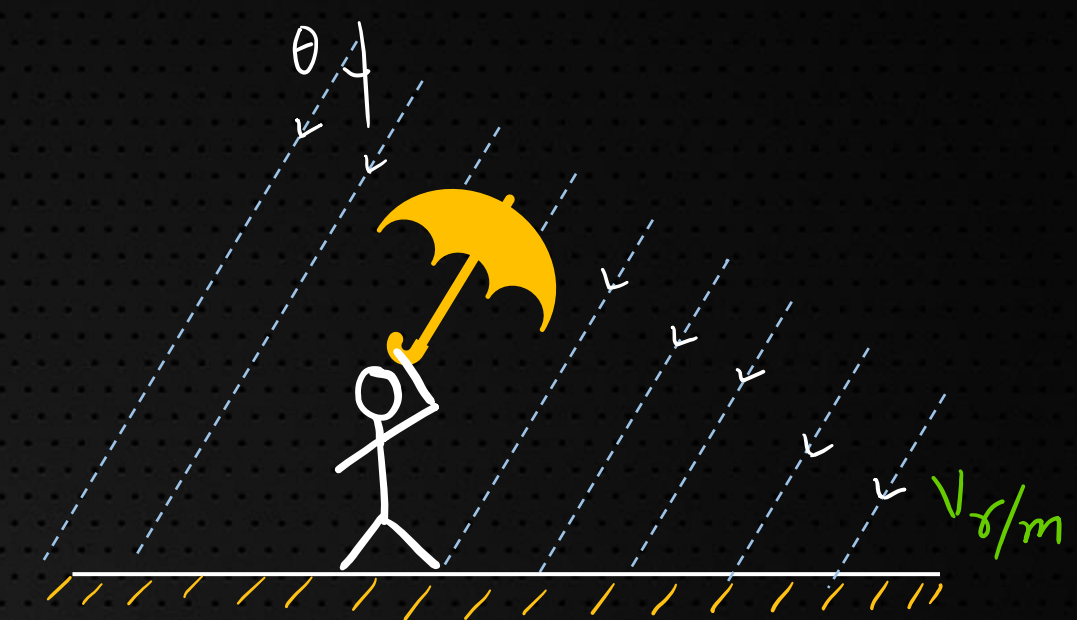


# Rain-Man Problems

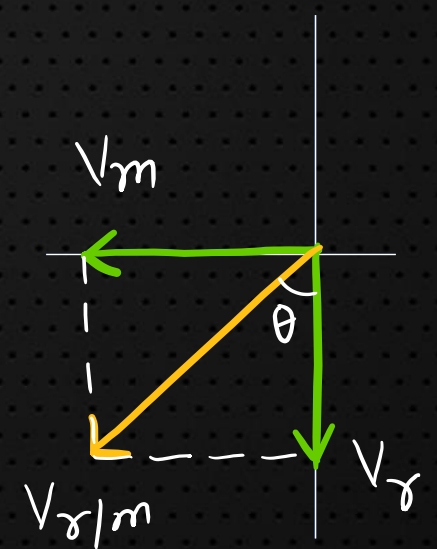


**Ground Frame**

Man Running



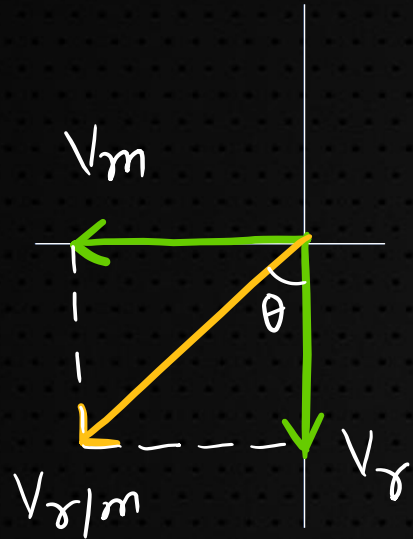
**Man's Frame**



(i)  $\tan \theta = v_m / v_r$   
 (ii)  $v_{r/m} = \sqrt{v_m^2 + v_r^2}$   
 $\vec{v}_{r/m} = \vec{v}_r - \vec{v}_m$



# Rain-Man Problems



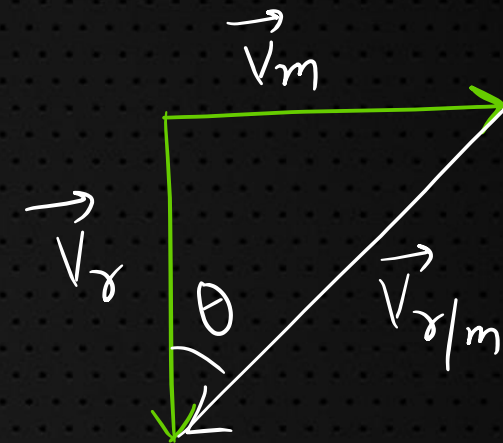
$$(i) \tan \theta = V_m / V_r$$

$$(ii) V_{r/m} = \sqrt{V_m^2 + V_r^2}$$

$$\vec{V}_{r/m} = \vec{V}_r - \vec{V}_m$$

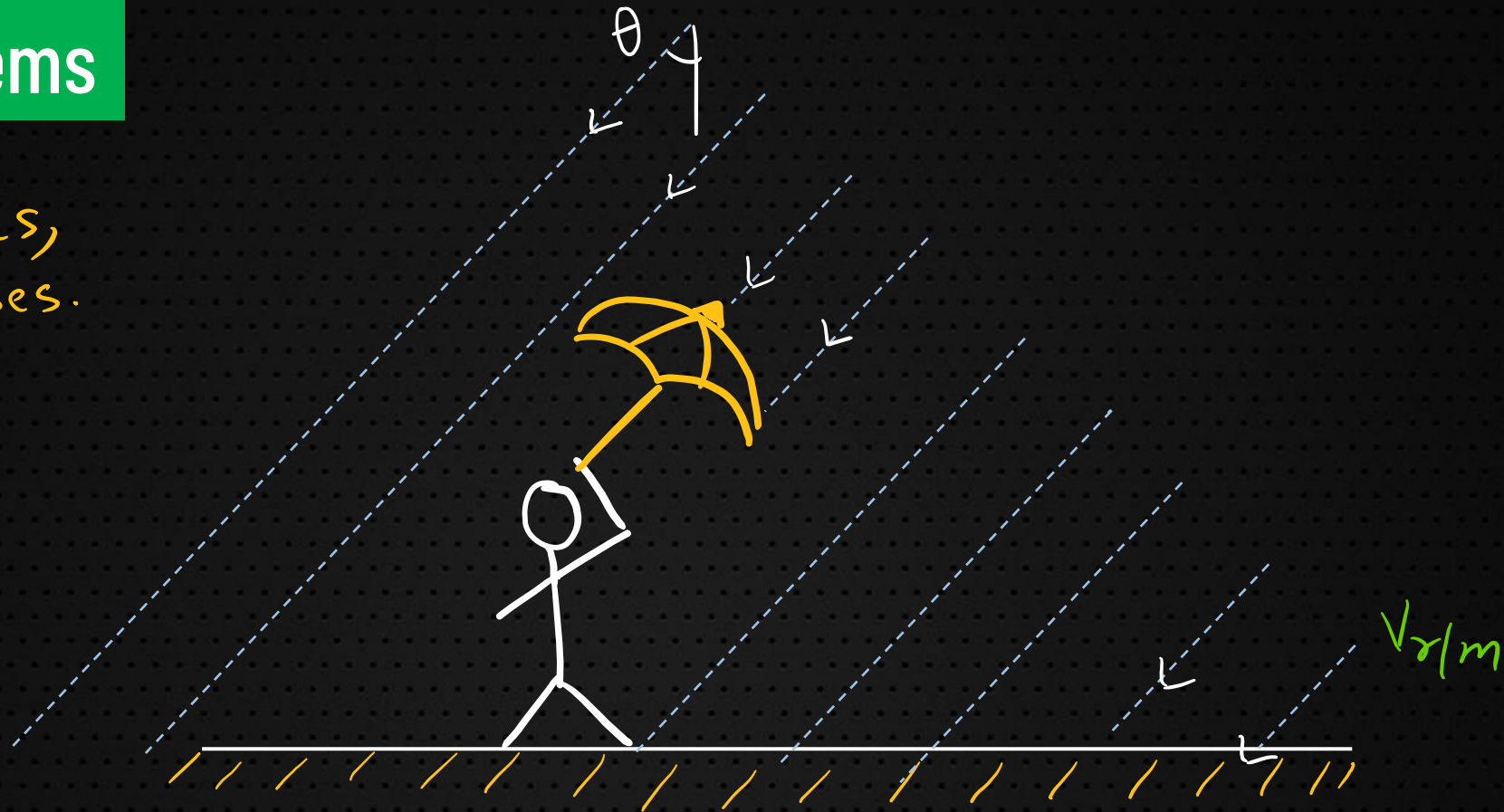
Another way:

$$\vec{V}_r = \vec{V}_m + \vec{V}_{r/m}$$



# Rain-Man Problems

As  $v_m$  increases,  
 $\theta$  also increases.



Man's Frame



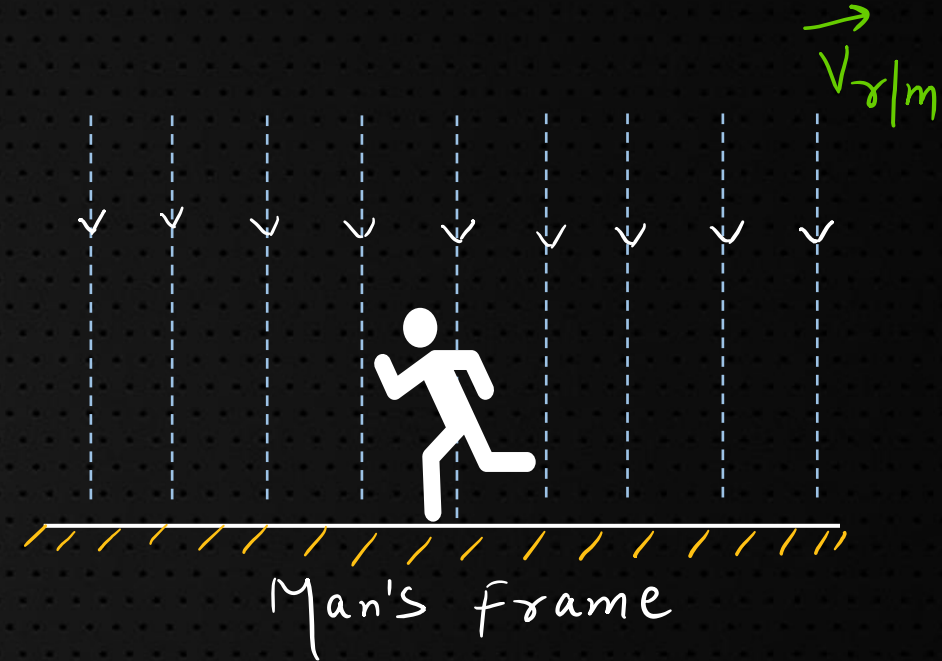
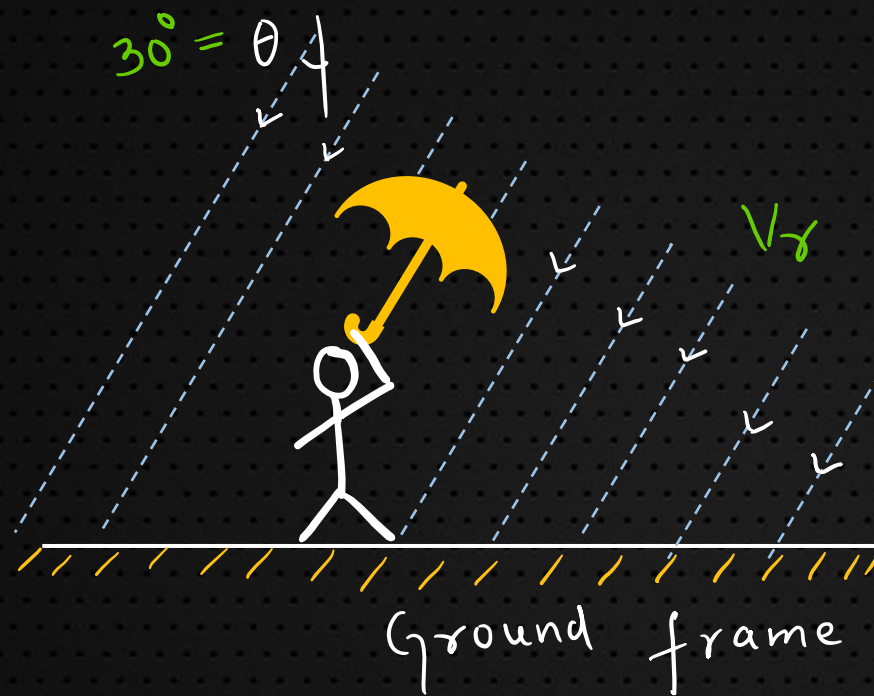
**Q1.** *A man standing on a road has to hold his umbrella at  $30^\circ$  with the vertical to keep the rain away. He throws the umbrella and starts running at 10 km/h. He finds that raindrops are hitting his head vertically. Find the speed of raindrops with respect to (a) the road, (b) the moving man.*





**Q1.** A man standing on a road has to hold his umbrella at  $30^\circ$  with the vertical to keep the rain away. He throws the umbrella and starts running at  $10 \text{ km/h}$ . He finds that raindrops are hitting his head vertically. Find the speed of raindrops with respect to (a) the road, (b) the moving man.

Sol<sup>n</sup>:



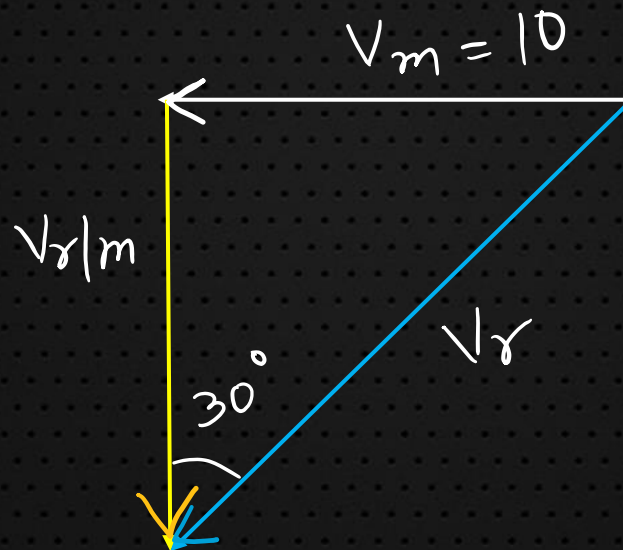
- Given:
- (i) Dir<sup>n</sup> of  $V_r$
  - (ii) Dir<sup>n</sup> of  $V_{r/m}$
  - (iii)  $V_m = 10 \text{ km/h}$  and dir<sup>n</sup>.



**Q1.** A man standing on a road has to hold his umbrella at  $30^\circ$  with the vertical to keep the rain away. He throws the umbrella and starts running at 10 km/h. He finds that raindrops are hitting his head vertically. Find the speed of raindrops with respect to (a) the road, (b) the moving man.

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 (ii) Dir<sup>n</sup> of  $V_{r/m}$   
 (iii)  $V_m = 10 \text{ km/h}$  and dir<sup>n</sup>.

$$\vec{V}_{r/m} = \vec{V}_r - \vec{V}_m \Rightarrow \vec{V}_r = \vec{V}_m + \vec{V}_{r/m}$$



$$(a) \sin 30^\circ = \frac{V_m}{V_r}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_r = \frac{10}{1/2} = 20 \text{ km/h}$$

$$(b) \tan 30^\circ = V_m / V_{r/m}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{r/m} = \frac{10}{1/\sqrt{3}} = 10\sqrt{3} \text{ km/h}$$





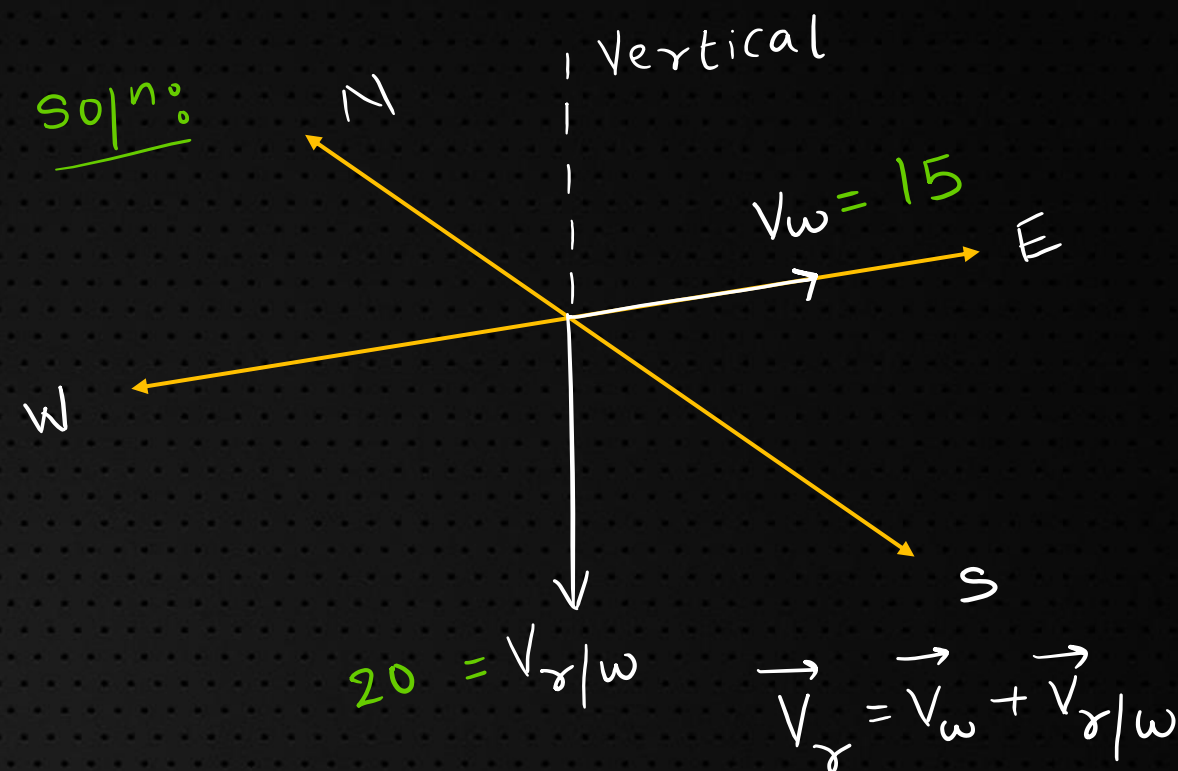
**Q 2.** Rain is falling vertically with a speed of  $20 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  relative to air. A person is running in the rain with a velocity of  $5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  and a wind is also blowing with a speed of  $15 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  (both towards east). Find the angle with the vertical at which the person should hold his umbrella so that he may not get drenched.





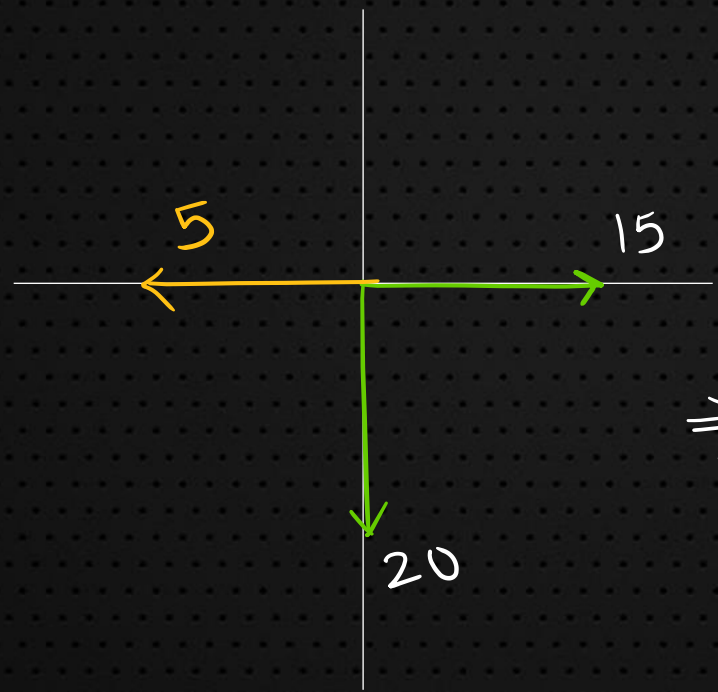
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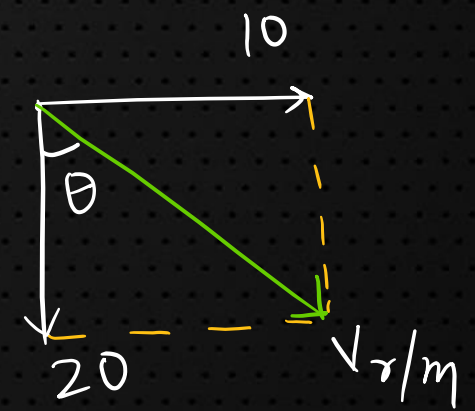


$$\vec{V}_{r/m} = \vec{V}_r - \vec{V}_m$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{V}_{r/m} = \vec{V}_r + (-\vec{V}_m)$$



$\Rightarrow$

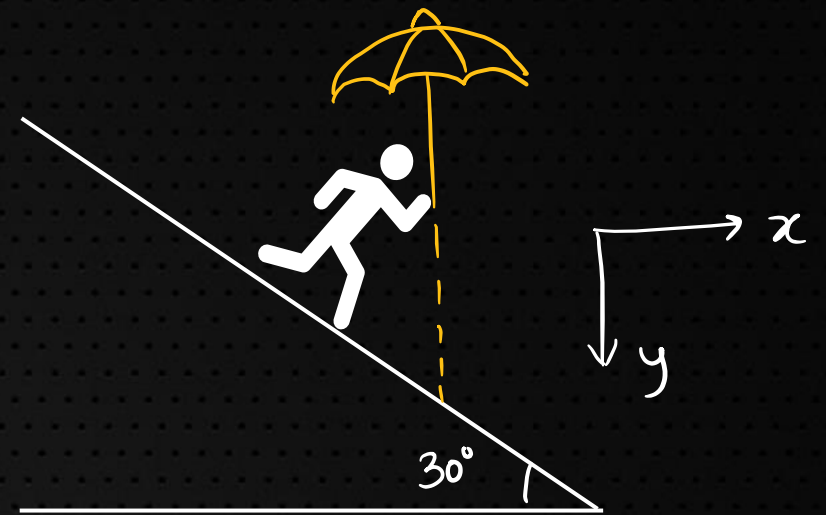


$$\tan \theta = \frac{10}{20}$$

$$\therefore \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{2}$$

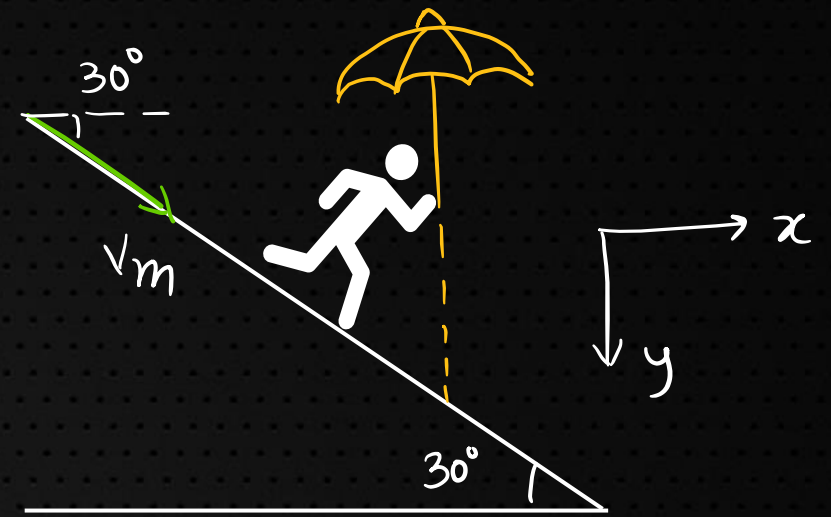
Ans

Q3. A man is coming down an incline of angle  $30^\circ$ . When he walks with speed  $2\sqrt{3}$  m/s, he has to keep his umbrella vertical to protect himself from rain. The actual speed of rain is 5 m/s. At what angle with vertical should he keep his umbrella when he is at rest so that he does not get drenched?





**Q3.** A man is coming down an incline of angle  $30^\circ$ . When he walks with speed  $2\sqrt{3}$  m/s, he has to keep his umbrella vertical to protect himself from rain. The actual speed of rain is 5 m/s. At what angle with vertical should he keep his umbrella when he is at rest so that he does not get drenched?



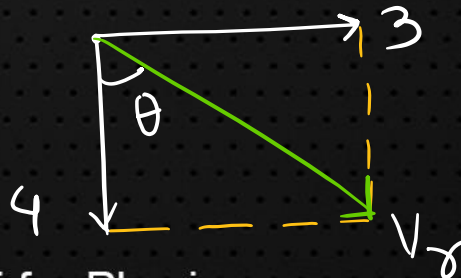
Sol<sup>n</sup>: Given : (i)  $v_m = 2\sqrt{3}$  m/s and direction  
(ii)  $v_{r/m}$  direction (Vertically down)  
(iii)  $v_r = 5$  m/s

To Find : direction of  $v_r$

$$\Rightarrow a\hat{i} + b\hat{j} = (3\hat{i} + \sqrt{3}\hat{j}) + v_{r/m}\hat{j}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{a=3}$$

$$\text{also, } \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = 5 \Rightarrow b = \sqrt{25 - 9} = 4 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\tan \theta = 3/4$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\theta = 37^\circ} \text{ Ans.}$$







→ PYQs (2020, 2021)

→ Concept Videos

→ Advanced problems

→ Part and Full Test

 GOLD Mine Link -

<https://bit.ly/2VhOGFF>

← CLICK  
HERE

