

1. If S is an array of 20 characters, then the value assigned to S through the statement `scanf("%s", S)` with input 45769 would be
 - (a) "45769"
 - (b) nothing since 45769 is an integer
 - (c) S is an illegal name for string
 - (d) %s cannot be used for reading in value of S
2. Minimum number of interchange needed to convert the array 89, 19, 40, 14, 17, 12, 10, 2, 5, 7, 11, 6, 9, 70, into a heap with the maximum element at the root is
 - (a) 0
 - (b) 1
 - (c) 2
 - (d) 3
3.


```
main()
dec(); dec(); dec();
}
dec()
{
static int x; printf("%d", ++x);
}
```

 - (a) prints 012
 - (b) prints 123
 - (c) prints 3 consecutive, but unpredictable numbers
4. If following program (prog) is run from the command line as `prog Friday Tuesday Sunday` then what would be the output?


```
main (int argc, char*argv)
{
printf("%c",**++argv);
}
```

 - (a) m
 - (b) f
 - (c) myprog
 - (d) None of these
5. # define hypotenuse(a, b) `sqrt (a * a + b * b)` ; The macro-call `hypotenuse (a + 2, b + 3)` ;
 - (a) finds the hypotenuse of a triangle with sides a + 2 and b + 3
 - (b) finds the square root of $(a + 2)^2 + (b + 3)^2$
 - (c) is invalid
 - (d) finds the square root of $3 * a + 4 * b + 5$
6. If s and b are integers then purpose of the following program fragment is `tob = s + b;`

```
s = b - s ;
b = b - s ;
```

 - (a) transfer the contents of s to b
 - (b) transfer the content of b to s
 - (c) exchange (swap) the contents of s and b
 - (d) negate the contents of s and b
7. If abc is the input, then the following program fragment


```
char x, y, z ;
printf ("% d" , scanf ("%c%c%c" , &x , &y , &z )) ;
```

 - (a) syntax error
 - (b) fatal error
 - (c) segmentation error
 - (d) printing of 3
8. An algorithm is made up of 2 modules M1&M2. If order of M1 is `f(n)` & M2 is `g(n)` then the order of algorithm is?
 - (a) `max (f(n),g(n))`
 - (b) `min (f(n),g(n))`
 - (c) `f(n) + g(n)`
 - (d) `f(n) X g(n)`
9. An array of n numbers is given, where n is an even number. The maximum as well as the minimum of these n numbers needs to be determined. Which of the following is TRUE about the number of comparisons needed?
 - (a) At least $2n - c$ comparisons, for some constant c, are needed.
 - (b) at most $1.5n - 2$ comparisons are needed.
 - (c) At least $n \log 2n$ comparisons are needed.
 - (d) None of the above
10. Which of the following expressions accesses the (i, j)th entry of an (m x n) matrix stored in columnmajor form?
 - (a) `n x (I - 1) + j`
 - (b) `m x (n-j) + j`
 - (c) `m x (j - 1) + I`
 - (d) `n x (m -i) + j`
11. Predict the output for the following program?
 Assuming the address of x is 0xabcdef and the address of y is 0xfedcba


```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
unsigned long x = 10; unsigned long *y = &x; unsigned long *z = &y;
printf("x value : %lu, y value : %lu, *z value : %p\n", x,*y,*z);return 0;
}
```

 - (a) x value : 10, *y value : 10, *z value : 0xabcdef
 - (b) x value : 10, *y value : 10, *z value : 0xfedcba
 - (c) Compilation error
 - (d) Segmentation fault
12. Predict the output for the following program?


```
#include <stdio.h>
#define sqr(a) a * a;
int main(void)
{
printf("%d\n", sqr(3 * 2));return 0;
}
```

 - (a) 9
 - (b) 5
 - (c) 6
 - (d) Compile error

13. Predict the printf function for the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
char *ptr = "Welcome";void *aptr;
aptr = &ptr;
/* Print "Welcome" using aptr */return 0;
}
```

- (a) printf("%s", *(char **)aptr);
 (b) printf("%s", *(aptr));
 (c) Both
 (d) Segmentation fault for (a) and (b)

14. Predict the output for the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
int arr[4] = {23, 11, 56, 29};
int *p, *q; q = arr / 2;p = q * 2;
printf("%d %d", *(p + 1), *(p + 3));
return 0;
}
```

- (a) 11 29 (b) 23 56
 (c) Compile time error (d) Segmentation fault

15. Predict the output for the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>bool func (void)
{
return -2;
}
int main()
{
if (func() == -2)
{
printf("if");
}
else
{
printf("else");
}
}
```

- (a) if (b) else
 (c) Prints nothing (d) Compile time error

16. Predict the output for the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
union uni1
{
unsigned int a; unsigned int d; unsigned char b;unsigned
char c;
} un;
int main()
```

```
{
un.a = 498;
un.d = un.d & 0xceba;
printf("un.a : %d, un.c : %d\n",un.a, un.c);
}
```

- (a) un.a : 255, un.c : 178 (b) un.a : 498, un.c : 178
 (c) un.a : 178, un.c : 178 (d) un.a : 498, un.c : 255

17. Predict the output for the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define printd(x) printf(#x"\n")int main(void)
{
printd("Hi");return 0;
}
```

- (a) Hi (b) "Hi"
 (c) Compile time error (d) None of the above

18. Predict the output for the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>int main(void)
{
char *x = "ab:bc:cd:de:ef:f0";unsigned int y[6];
int i = 0, c = 0; memset(y, 0, sizeof(y));
c = sscanf(x, "%02X : %02X : %02X : %02X : %02X : %02X",
&y[0], &y[1], &y[2], &y[3],&y[4],
&y[5]);
for (i = 0; i < c; i++)
{
printf("%02X ", y[i]);
}
puts("");return 0;
}
```

- (a) AB BC CD 00 00 00 (b) ab:bc:cd:de:ef:f0
 (c) AB BC CD DE EF F0 (d) AB BC CD
 (e) ab bc cd de ef f0

19. Predict the output for the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main ()
{
char line [] = "Welcome to the language of C
Programming";char string1[5], string2[5], string3[5];
sscanf (line,"%*s %*s %s %*s %*s %s %s",string1,
string2, string3);printf ("%s %s %s \n", string1, string2,
string3);
return 0;
}
```

- (a) Welcome to the language
 (b) Compilation Error
 (c) the C Programming
 (d) Welcome to the language of C Programming

20. Predict the output for the following program?
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int x[10] = {3, 0, 8, 1, 12, 8, 9, 2, 13, 10};
int a, b, c;
a = ++x[2];
b = x[2]++;
c = x[a++];
printf("%d %d %d", a, b, c);
return 0;
}
```
- (a) 10 9 10 (b) 9 10 9  
(c) 9 9 10 (d) None of the above
21. Predict the output for the following?
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
int arr[ ]={3.8,4.4,5.7,7.5};
int j,*ptr=arr,*q=arr;for(j=0;j<5;j++)
{
printf(" %d ",*arr);
++q;
}
for(j=0;j<5;j++)
{
printf(" %d ",*ptr);
++ptr;
}
}
```
- (a) 3.8 4.4 5.7 7.5 (b) 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 7 5
(c) 3 3 3 3 4 5 7 5 (d) 3 4 5 7 5
22. Predict the output for the following program?
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int x=1, y=0;
int z = x%2 ? x++ : x-- ? x=0 : ++y ? y=2 : y++; printf("%d", z);
return 0;
}
```
- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 0
23. Predict the output for the following program?
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
char *ptr="hai friends",*ptr1;ptr1=ptr;
while(*ptr!='\0') ++*ptr++;printf("%s %s",ptr,ptr1);
}
```
- (a) hai friends (b) ibj!gsjfoet
(c) ibjgsfoet (d) Segmentation fault
24. Predict the output for the following program?
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int arr=0; for(;arr++;printf("%d",arr)) ;printf("%d",arr);
return 0;
}
```
- (a) 1 (b) 2  
(c) 0 (d) Compiler error
25. Predict the output for the following program.
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
int enums=1;
printf("%d==1 is %s", enums,
enums==0?"TRUE":"FALSE");
}
```
- (a) 1==1 is TRUE (b) 1==1 is FALSE
(c) compilation error (d) runtime error
26. Predict the output for the following program
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
int i=-1;
-i;
printf("i = %d : -i = %d \n",i,-i);
}
```
- (a) i = -1 : -i = 1 (b) i = 1 : i=-1  
(c) i = -1 : i=-1 (d) i = 1 : i=1
27. Predict the output for the following program
- ```
#include<stdio.h>
struct abc
{
struct abc *p;int i;
struct abc *n;
};
main()
{
struct abc a,def,ghi,jkl;int x=100; a.i=0;a.p=&jkl; a.n=&def;
def.i=1;def.p=&a;def.n=&ghi; ghi.i=2;ghi.p=&def;
ghi.n=&jkl; jkl.i=3;jkl.p=&ghi;jkl.n=&a; x=a.n->n->p->n->i;
printf("%d",x);
}
```
- (a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 3 (d) 100

28. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct p
{
int a;int b;
};
struct p stu,*ppt;main()
{
ppt=&stu;
```

```
printf("stu is (%d,%d)\n",(*ppt).a,(*ppt).b);
printf("stu is (%d,%d)\n",ppt->a,ppt->b);
}
```

- (a) stu is (0,0) (b) stu is (1,1)
 stu is (0,0) stu is (1,1)
 (c) garbage value (d) compile error

29. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>void main()
{
static int a,b,c;a++;
b++;c++;
printf("a = %d b = %d c = %d", a,b,c);
}
```

- (a) a = 0; b=0;c=0; (b) a = 1 b = 1 c = 1
 (c) garbage value (d) compile error

30. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>void main()
{
int a=0; while(+(+a--)!=0)a=a++;
printf("%d",a);
}
```

- (a) 1 (b) -1
 (c) 0 (d) compile error

31. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{
signed char i=0;for(;i>=0;i++) ;
printf("%d\n",i);
}
```

- (a) 128 (b) -128 (c) 1 (d) -1

32. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
int swap(int *a,int *b)
{
*a=*a+*b;*b=*a-*b;*a=*a-*b;
```

```
}
main()
{
int x=10,y=20;swap(&x,&y);
printf("x= %d y = %d\n",x,y);
}
```

- (a) x = 10 y = 20 (b) x = 20 y = 10
 (c) x= 30 y =30 (d) x=10 y=10

33. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>void main()
{
int a=10,b=20;
b = a, b?(a,b)?a:b:b;
printf("%d %d",a,b);
}
```

- (a) 20 10 (b) 10 10
 (c) 10 20 (d) Compilation error

34. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>main()
{
int a=4,b=7;
b = b || a++ && printf("Hello");printf("%d %d", a, b);
}
```

- (a) 4 1 (b) 4 7 (c) 7 4 (d) 4 4

35. Predict the output the following program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>main()
{
int a=2,*x,*y;x=y=&a;
*y+=*y+=a+=2.5; printf("\n%d %d %d",a,*x,*y);
}
```

- (a) 16 16 16 (b) 2 2 2
 (c) 1 1 1 (d) Compilation error

36. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>main()
{
void s();
int x=10,y=8;s(&x,&y);
printf("x=%d y=%d",x,y);
}
void s(int *a, int *b)
{
*a ^= *b, *b ^= *a, *a ^= *b;
```

- (a) x=8 y=10 (b) x=10 y =8
 (c) x=10 y =10 (d) x= 8 y =8

37. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>#include <stdio.h>main()
{
char * s = "hello";char * p = s;
char l = 127;while (*p++)
l = (*p<l) ?*p :l;
printf("%d",l);
}
(a) 0          (b) 1          (c) 127          (d) hello
```

38. Predict the output for the following program

```
void main()
{
int a=10, b=2;
int *ab= &a, *ba = &b;int k = *ab/*ba; printf("%d",k);
}
(a) 10          (b) 2
(c) Compilation error          (d) 12
```

39. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
unsigned long int (*f())[5]{
static unsigned long int a[5] = {2, 3, 5, 7, 11};printf("%d,",
*a);
return &a;
}
int main(){
unsigned long int (*p)[5];p = f();
printf("%d", *(*p + 4));return 0;
}
(a) 2, 5          (b) 2, 7
(c) 2, 11          (d) Compilation error
```

40. Predict the output for the following program

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){ int i = 0, j = 0;if(i++ == j++)
printf("%d %d", i--, j--);else
printf("%d %d", i, j);return 0;
}
(a) 0 0          (b) 0 1          (c) 1 0          (d) 1 1
```