

Lab Report: EKS Cluster Deployment and Decommissioning

Done by: Marien Baloitcha

Environment: AWS EKS via `eksctl` on Linux CentOS 9 stream VM

1. Objective

The primary goal of this lab was to successfully provision a production-ready, highly available Kubernetes cluster on Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (EKS) and deploy a containerized web application, demonstrating public accessibility and verifying a clean decommissioning process to manage cloud costs.

2. Procedure Summary

The lab followed a standard Infrastructure-as-Code and Kubernetes deployment lifecycle:

A. Infrastructure Provisioning

The EKS cluster was created using the `eksctl` command-line utility, which manages the entire provisioning process, including the EKS control plane and worker node group infrastructure on AWS CloudFormation.

```
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$ cat > deployment.yaml << EOF
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: my-web-app
  labels:
    app: my-web-app
spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: my-web-app
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: my-web-app
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: web-container
          image: nginxdemos/hello:plain-text
          ports:
            - containerPort: 8080
EOF
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$ kubectl apply -f deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/my-web-app created
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$ cat > service.yaml << EOF
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: my-web-app-service
spec:
  selector:
    app: my-web-app
  type: LoadBalancer
  ports:
    - protocol: TCP
      port: 80
      targetPort: 8080
EOF
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$ kubectl apply -f service.yaml
service/my-web-app-service created
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$ kubectl get deployments
NAME          READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
my-web-app    3/3     3            3           53s
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$ kubectl get service my-web-app-service
NAME          TYPE          CLUSTER-IP      EXTERNAL-IP      PORT(S)          AGE
my-web-app-service  LoadBalancer  10.100.190.94    a52dfe456a2a34a4d8fe067e39bb0a6b-1637969766.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com  80:31010/TCP    27s
```

Cluster Specification:

- **Cluster Name:** wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957
- **Region:** us-east-1
- **Worker Nodes:** Two EC2 instances (t3.medium) managed by a single nodegroup.

B. Application Deployment

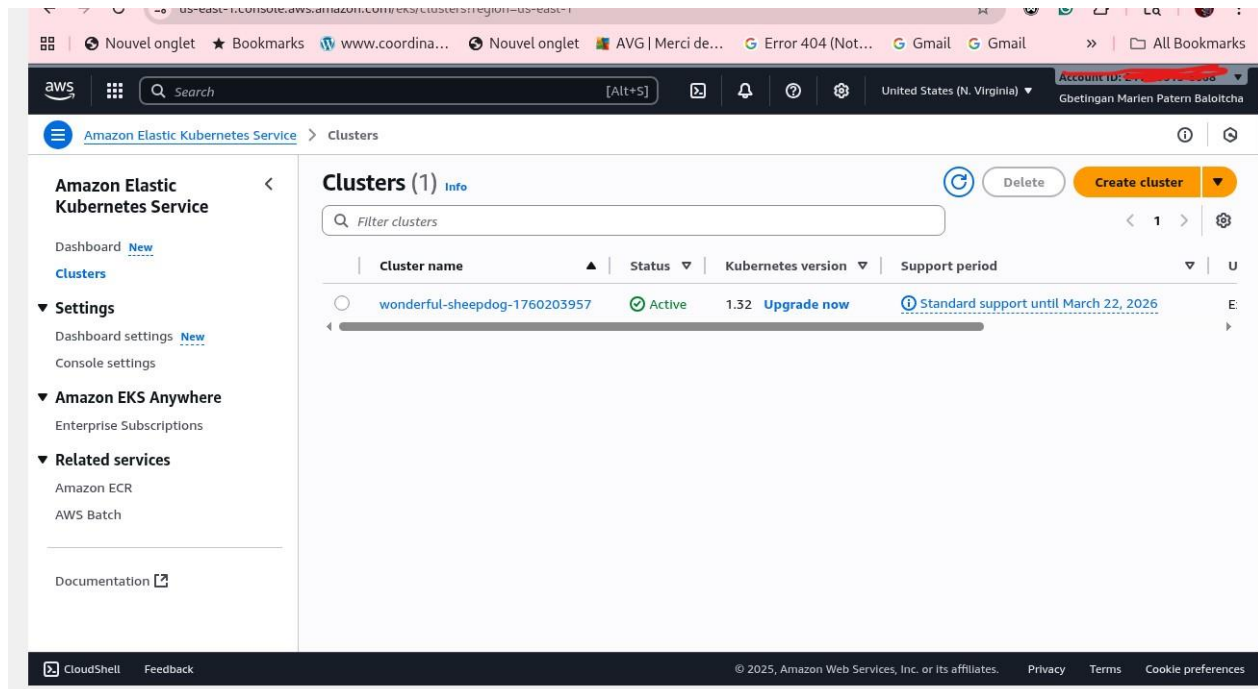
Once the cluster was active, the following Kubernetes resources were applied using kubectl:

1. **Deployment:** A deployment resource (my-web-app) was created to manage replica sets of the containerized web application.
2. **Service:** A service of type LoadBalancer (my-web-app-service) was created. This action automatically provisioned an **AWS Classic Load Balancer** to expose the application to the public internet.

C. Verification

Application health and availability were confirmed by:

- Checking the readiness status (kubectl get pods).
- Confirming the Service successfully obtained a public external IP/hostname.
- Accessing the application URL in a browser.



D. Decommissioning (Cost Management)

All cloud resources were systematically removed to prevent ongoing charges. The application was deleted first, followed by the complete infrastructure.

```
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$ # 1. Delete Application Resources
kubectl delete service my-web-app-service
kubectl delete deployment my-web-app

# 2. Delete the entire EKS Cluster (The most important command)
eksctl delete cluster --name wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957 --region us-east-1
service "my-web-app-service" deleted from default namespace
deployment.apps "my-web-app" deleted from default namespace
2025-10-11 15:42:08 [i] deleting EKS cluster "wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957"
2025-10-11 15:42:09 [i] will drain 0 unmanaged nodegroup(s) in cluster "wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957"
2025-10-11 15:42:09 [i] starting parallel draining, max in-flight of 1
2025-10-11 15:42:09 [i] deleted 0 Fargate profile(s)
2025-10-11 15:42:09 [✓] kubeconfig has been updated
2025-10-11 15:42:09 [i] cleaning up AWS load balancers created by Kubernetes objects of Kind Service or Ingress
2025-10-11 15:42:10 [i]
2 sequential tasks: { delete nodegroup "ng-f74487f0", delete cluster control plane "wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957" [async]
}
2025-10-11 15:42:11 [i] will delete stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:42:11 [i] waiting for stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0" to get deleted
2025-10-11 15:42:11 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:42:41 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:43:13 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:44:38 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:46:33 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:48:24 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:49:18 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:50:07 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:51:03 [i] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-nodegroup-ng-f74487f0"
2025-10-11 15:51:03 [i] will delete stack "eksctl-wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957-cluster"
2025-10-11 15:51:04 [✓] all cluster resources were deleted
[mpbaloitcha@MyLinuxVM AWS-Cloud-Sec-lab]$
```

Cleanup Commands Executed:

1. `kubectl delete service my-web-app-service`
2. `kubectl delete deployment my-web-app`
3. `eksctl delete cluster --name wonderful-sheepdog-1760203957 --region us-east-1`

3. Results and Conclusion

The lab was completed successfully, achieving all technical objectives:

Phase	Outcome	Status
EKS Cluster Creation	Provisioned the EKS control plane and two worker nodes.	Complete
Application Deployment	Deployed my-web-app and exposed it via an AWS Load Balancer.	Complete
Cleanup & Decommissioning	Successfully deleted all application resources and the entire EKS cluster infrastructure.	Success

The final step, verified by the output, confirmed that **all cluster resources were deleted**, meaning the AWS environment is clean and no further billing is associated with this lab.