

Step 4: Creating The Schematic

1. Download the following libraries

https://github.com/sparkfun/SparkFun-Eagle-Libraries/archive/master.zip https://github.com/chiengineer/Eagle-Libraries/archive/master.zip https://github.com/zumbik/Eagle-Libraries/raw/master/ mod diode.lbr

and extract them all to C:\EAGLE 8.3.2\lbr

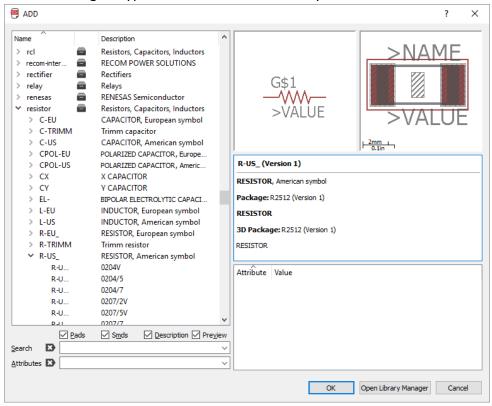
- 2. Select File -> New -> Project and give it a name. Right click your new project folder and select New -> Schematic.
- 3. Click Add -> Open Library Manager -> Browse and highlight all the Sparkfun libraries just downloaded. Click OK to add the libraries. Repeat for the libraries inside the "Capacitors" folder for the "Eagle-libraries" folder downloaded. Also add the library we created in step 1 for the MX1508 part and the _mod_diode library.
 - ADD 🕮 X Name Description EH-015-040X110 CP-... CP-... EH-015-040X110/R >NAME CP-... EH-020-050X110 CP-... FH-020-050X110/R EH-020-050X150 CP-... EH-020-050X150/R CP-... EH-025-060X110 EH-025-060X110/R CP-... EH-025-060X150 5mm 0,2in CP-... EH-025-060X150/R CP-EH-050-100X120 CP-... EH-050-100X120/R POLARIZED CAP EH-050-100X200 Package: SV-D ETS-20 CP-... ETS-22 SMD ELECTROLYTIC - Panasonic D CP-... ETS-25 6.3 mm dia, grid 0.0125 inch ETS-30 CP-... ETS-35 ETS-40 SV-A CP-... Attribute Value SV-B CP-SV-C SV-D CP-... SV-E/F SV-G ✓ Smds ✓ Pads ✓ Description ✓ Preview Ð Search Attributes 🔀 OK Open Library Manager

4. Click Add and find the "Panasonic D" capacitors under cap-master -> CP-

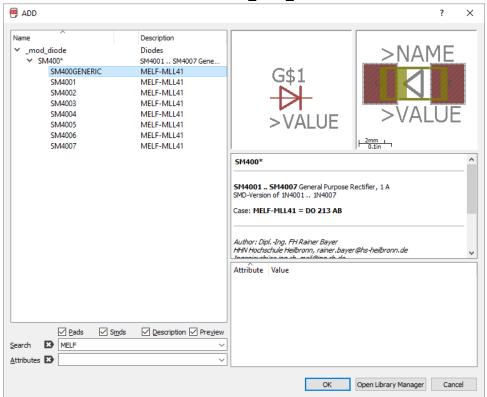
Add two of these.



Add an R2512 resistor from resistor-> R-US_This is the largest type of smd resistor commonly used.

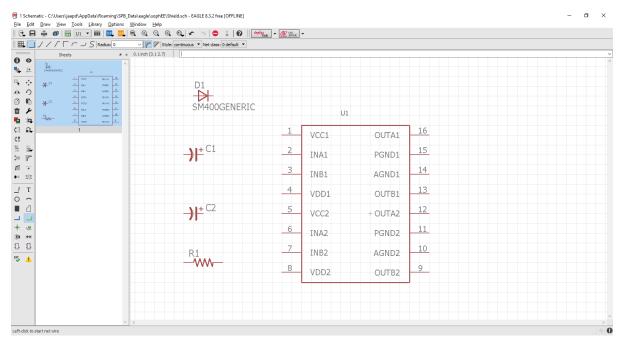


6. Add the SM4000GENERIC diode from mod diode -> SM4000

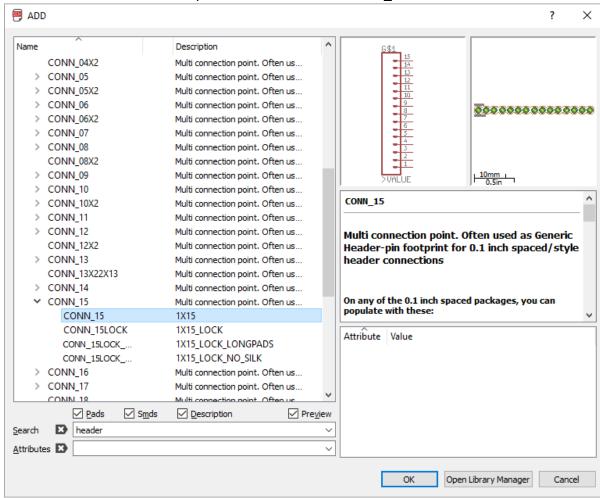


7. Add the MX1508 part from your own library





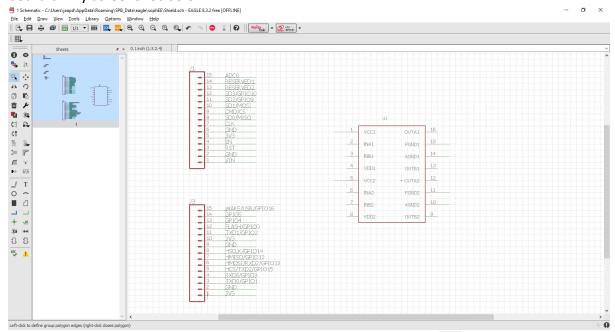
8. Add two 1x15 headers from Sparkfun-connectors -> CONN 15



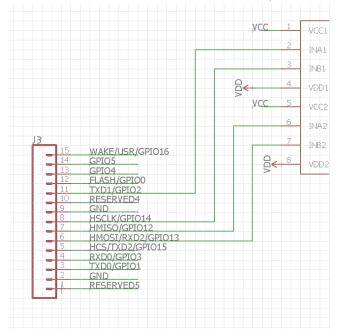
9. (https://www.autodesk.com/products/eagle/blog/schematic-basics-part-2-nets-and-values/ If you find yourself struggling at any point in the following steps the Autodesk schematic guides can be very helpful.)



10. Name and label the header pins according to the pinout of our ESP development board or my screenshot below

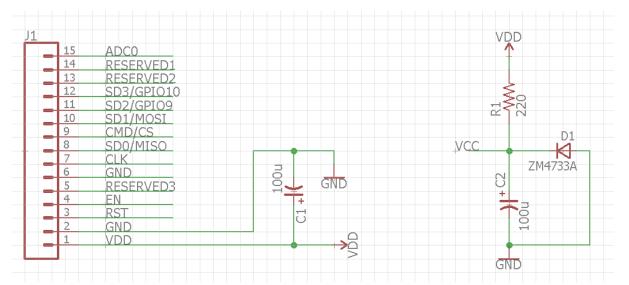


11. Connect GPIO2, 14, 12 and 13 to INA1, INB1, INA2 and INB2 using Net, NOT draw lines. Nets are for electrical connections; lines are for everything else.



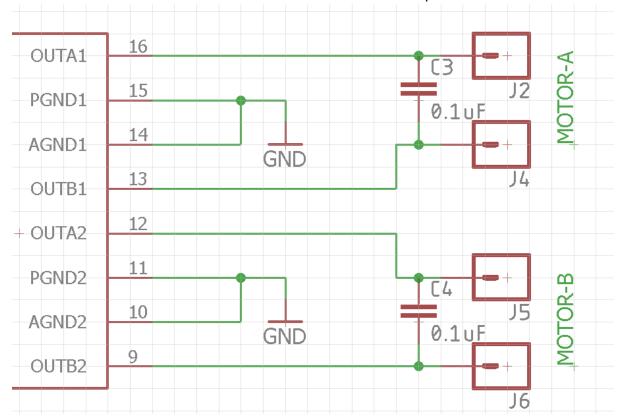
- 12. Add two "VDD" parts from SparkFun-PowerSymbols and connect them to VDD1 and VDD2 on the MX1508 as shown above.
- 13. Connect VCC1 and VCC2 to the "VCC" Net by adding a short net and naming it "VCC"
- 14. On your own, create the following two circuits





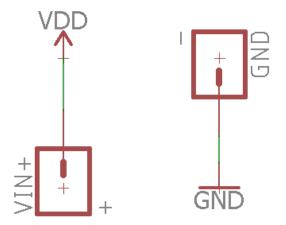
The left simply adds a decoupling capacitor to our power input. This filters noise that could damage our IC. The right circuit uses a 5V Zener diode to supply no more than 5V to the VCC pins of our IC. Note the diode does not have a Zener symbol since I chose to use a different diode with the same package size as there is no existing eagle model for the ZM4733A. This saves us having to create another component manually.

15. Wire all the ground pins of our IC to ground and use the CONN_01 part from SparkFun-Connectors to represent our motor terminal connections. Add the 0.1UF-KIT-EZ-50V-20% part from SparkFun-Capacitors across the motor terminals. This will filter out noise from the motors that could interfere with other parts of our circuit.

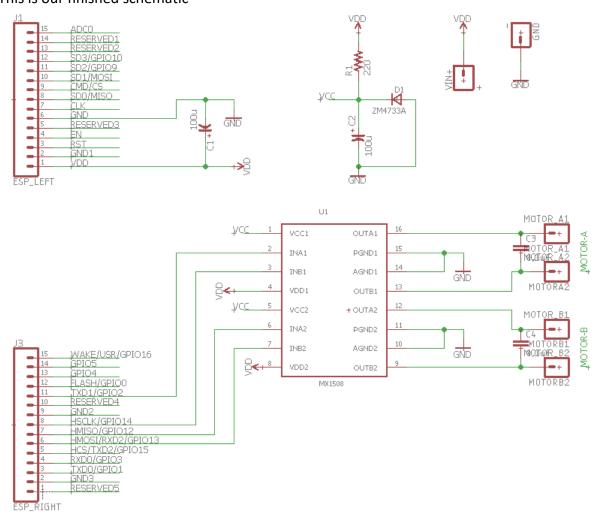




16. To make things easier later on, I also suggest you may add two single pin connectors from Sparkfun-connectors to connect VDD and GND. This will give us two readymade holes we can place when laying out our PCB.



17.18. This is our finished schematic



We still have a lot of pins available on the ESP as well as available space on the PCB, so if you have any creative ideas for things to add let me know!