TASK 1 Use a weather forecast website, and utilize the psychrometric chart and the formula we went through in the class to determine the absolute humidity, the wet-bulb temperature and the mass of water vapor in the air in Classroom B (Aula B) of Piacenza campus in the moment that you are solving this exercise (provide the inputs that you utilized)

Il tempo oggi in Piacenza Mercoledì, 04 Dicembre 2019												
	05:00	07:00	10:00	14:00	18:00	19:00	21:00					
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*					
	LightCloud	PartlyCloud	Sun	Sun	LightCloud	PartlyCloud	PartlyCloud					
Temperatura effettiva	2°C	0°C	4°C	7°C	2°C	1°C	0°C					
Temperatura percepita	1°C	-3°C	3°C	5°C	0°C	-1°C	-2°C					
Precipitazioni	0 mm											
Umidità	83 %	93 %	79 %	66 %	88 %	89 %	93 %					
Pressione atmosferica	1027 hPa	1027 hPa	1027 hPa	1025 hPa	1025 hPa	1025 hPa	1025 hPa					
Intensità del vento	5 km/h	8 km/h	5 km/h	9 km/h	6 km/h	6 km/h	6 km/h					
Direzione del vento	←	\leftarrow	^	\leftarrow	Ţ	✓	✓					
	E	E	NE	E	S	SW	SW					
Probabilità di nebbia	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %					
Punto di rugiada	0°C	-1°C	1°C	1°C	0°C	0°C	-1°C					
Nuvole	13 %	59 %	12 %	9 %	17 %	70 %	91 %					
Nuvole basse	6 %	8 %	12 %	9 %	2 %	1 %	0 %					
Nuvole medie	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %					
Nuvole alte	8 %	56 %	0 %	0 %	16 %	70 %	91 %					

According to the table

 $T=4^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$

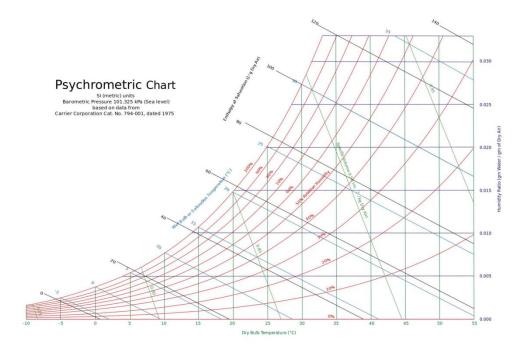
 $\omega = 79\%$

P = 102.7kPa

Water saturation pressure at 4 degree C:

0.813 kPa

 $ClassroomA: 13m \times 5m \times 5m$



From the chart,

$$T_{wb} = 3^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\omega = 0.004$$

$$\omega = \frac{0.622P_{v}}{P_{a}} = \frac{0.622P_{v}}{P - P_{v}} = 0.004$$

introduce

$$P = 102.7kP_a$$

$$P_{v} = 0.656kP_{a}$$

For ideal gas

$$m = \frac{PV}{R_{sp} \cdot T}$$

$$R_{sp} = 0.4615$$

$$m_v = \frac{PV}{R_{sp} \cdot T} = \frac{0.656 \times (12 \times 6 \times 5)}{0.4615 \times (273 + 4)} = 1.847kg$$

$$m_g = \frac{m_v}{\phi} = \frac{1.847}{79\%} = 2.338kg$$

$$h_a = 1.005 \times 3 = 3.015 kJ / kg_{dryair}$$

$$h_v = 2501.3 + 1.82 \times 3 = 2506.76 kJ / kg_{water}$$

$$h = h_a + \omega h_v = 3.015 + 0.004 \times 2506.76 = 13.04 kJ / kg_{dryAir}$$

TASK 2 Utilize the same methodology we went through in the class and determine the sensible and latent load corresponding to internal gains, the ventilation, and the infiltration in a house with a good construction quality and with the same geometry as that of the example which is located in Brindisi, Italy

Good quality construction $A_{ul} = 1.4cm^2/m^2$

$$\begin{split} \dot{Q}_{ig_{sensible}} &= 136 + 2.2 A_{cf} + 22 N_{oc} = 136 + 2.2 \times 200 + 22 \times 2 = 620 W \\ \dot{Q}_{ig_{latent}} &= 20 + 0.22 A_{cf} + 12 N_{oc} = 20 + 0.22 \times 200 + 12 \times 2 = 88 W \\ A_{es} &= 200 + 144 = 344 m^2 \\ A_{I} &= A_{es} \times A_{ul} = 344 \times 1.4 = 481.6 m^2 \end{split}$$

								BRINDIS	SI, Italy						WMO#:	163200	
	Lat	40.65N	Long:	17.95E	Ele	v: 10	StdP	101.2		Time Zone	1.00 (EU	W)	Period	86-10	WBAN:	99999	
	Annual He	eating and H	lumidificat	ion Design (onditions)											
1				Humidification DP/MCDB and HR Coldest month WS/MCDB MCW									MCWS	/PCWD	1		
	Coldest Month			99.6%		99%						6% DB					
	MOTIUT	99.6%	99%	DP	HR	MCDB	DP	HR	MCDB	WS	MCDB	WS	MCDB	MCWS	PCWD	l,	
	(0)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(1)	(g)	(h)	(1)	(1)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)		
(1)	2	2.9	4.1	-5.1	2.5	7.2	-3.0	3.0	7.4	13.4	10.2	12.4	10.6	3.4	250		(1)
	Annual Co	ooling, Dehu	umidification	on, and Enth	alpy Desig	gn Conditions											
1	Hottest	Hottest			Cooling	DB/MCWB			Evaporation WB/MCDB			3		MCWS	PCWD	ĺ	
	Month 0.4%			1% 2%					% 2%			to 0.4% D		1			
- 1	MONIUT	DB Range	DB	MCWB	DB	MCWB	DB	MCWB	WB	MCDB	WB	MCDB	WB	MCDB	MCW\$	PCWD	i
	(0)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(1)	(9)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)	(P)	
(2)	8	7.1	32.8	23.6	31.1	24.3	29.9	24.3	27.2	29.7	26.3	29.0	25.6	28.3	4.2	180	(2)
- 1				Dehumidifi	Dehumidification DP/MCDB and HR						Enthalpy/MCDB					Hours	1
		0.4%			1%		2%			0.4%		1%		2%		8 to 4 &	1
- 1	DP	HR	MCDB	DP	HR	MCDB	DP	HR	MCDB	Enth	MCDB	Enth	MCDB	Enth	MCDB	12.8/20.6	1
	(0)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(1)	(9)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)	(P)	
(3)	26.3	21.8	29.2	25.4	20.7	28.5	24.7	19.7	27.9	86.0	30.1	82.2	29.1	78.5	28.3	1236	(3)
	Extreme #	Annual Design	gn Conditi	ons													
1	Eve	romo Annual	Extreme Extreme Annual DB						n-Year Return Period Values of Extreme DB								
	(300)	Extreme Annual WS		Max Mean Standard deviation			n=5 years n=10 years				n=20 years			=50 years			
	1%	2.5%	5%	WB	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	i
	(0)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(1)	(9)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)	(P)	
(4)	11.3	9.9	8.7	31.4	0.4	37.3	1.4	3.0	-0.6	39.4	-1.4	41.1	-2.2	42.8	-3.2	44.9	(4)

$$\begin{split} IDF_{heating} &= 0.065 \frac{L}{s \cdot cm^2} \\ IDF_{heating} &= 0.032 \frac{L}{s \cdot cm^2} \\ \dot{V}_{\text{inf iltration}_{heating}} &= A_l \times IDF = 481.6 \times 0.065 = 31.304 \frac{L}{s} \\ \dot{V}_{\text{inf iltration}_{cooling}} &= A_l \times IDF = 481.6 \times 0.032 = 15.411 \frac{L}{s} \\ \dot{V}_{\text{ventilation}} &= 0.05A_{cf} + 3.5(N_{br} + 1) = 0.05 \times 200 + 3.5 \times 2 = 17 \frac{l}{s} \\ \dot{V}_{\text{inf-ventilation}_{heating}} &= 31.304 + 17 = 48.30 \frac{L}{s} \\ \dot{V}_{\text{inf-ventilation}_{heating}} &= 15.411 + 17 = 32.41 \frac{L}{s} \\ \dot{Q}_{\text{inf-ventilation}_{heating}} &= C_{sensible} \dot{V} \Delta T_{heating} = 1.23 \times 48.30 \times 15.9 = 944.60W \\ \dot{Q}_{\text{inf-ventilation}_{heating}} &= C_{latent} \dot{V} \Delta \omega_{heating} = 3010 \times 48.30 \times 0.0065 = 944.99W \\ \dot{Q}_{\text{inf-ventilation}_{cooling}} &= C_{sensible} \dot{V} \Delta T_{cooling} = 1.23 \times 32.41 \times 7.1 = 283.04W \\ \dot{Q}_{\text{inf-ventilation}_{cooling}} &= C_{latent} \dot{V} \Delta \omega_{cooling} = 3010 \times 32.41 \times 0.0039 = 380.46W \\ \end{split}$$