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Task 1 Using the diagrams given in the presentation calculate how much (%) is the effect of applying different modifications (changing the gas, adding an extra panel, using a low emissivity coating) on the U value with respect to a benchmark case of double layer with air and no coating? (keep the gap thickness to be 13 mm).

13 mm Gap Thickness	U factor	Difference with benchmark	% of difference
2 panels	2.8 W/m2		
2 panels gas	2.6 W/m2	0.2	7.14%
2 panels air film	1.8 W/m2	1	35.71%
2 panels gas and film	1.5 W/m2	1.3	46.42%
3 panels air	1.8 W/m2	1	35.71%
3 panels gas	1.6 W/m2	1.2	42.85%
3 panels air film	1.0 W/m2	1.8	64.28%
3 panels gas and film	0.75 W/m2	2.05	73.21%

Task 2 Consider the house that we analysed in the last two examples, calculate the heating and cooling load of the other windows which are fixed 14.4 m2 on the west, fixed 3.6 m2 on the south and an operable 3.6 m2 on the south (the same window and frame type). How much does the total value change if I change the frame of the window from wooden one to aluminium?

1. West Fixed Wooden Cooling

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CFwindow = U window (T Cooling – 0.46DR)
= 2.84 (7.9 – 0.46 * 11.9)
= 6.9 W/m2
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CFwindow = U window (T Cooling – 0.46DR) + PXI * SHGS * IAC * FFs

$$PXI = ED + Ed$$

2. West Fixed Aluminium Cooling

CFwindow = U window (T Cooling – 0.46DR) + PXI * SHGS * IAC * FFs

$$PXI = ED + Ed$$

$$I\Delta C = 1$$

$$FFs=0.56$$

3. West Fixed Wooden Heating

4. West Fixed Aluminum Heating

1. South fixed Wooden Cooling

CFwindow = Uwindow (T Cooling – 0.46DR) + PXI * SHGS * IAC * FFs

2. South fixed aluminum cooling

3. South Fixed wooden heating

4. South fixed aluminum heating

1. South fixed wooden cooling

2. South Operable Aluminum Cooling

3. South Operable Wooden Heating

4. South Operable Aluminum Heating

Qwindow south = HF window south + Awindow south = 114.57 * 3.6 = 412.45 W