

## Week Assignment 6

Task 1:

Considering the same example you solved in the previous assignment (radiative heat transfer between two parallel plates), how many shields with epsilon = 0.1 should you add in order to have the new transfer rate to be 1 % of the case without shields?

If the values are not equal

$$Q_{\text{from previous example}} = 3625.4$$

$$1 \% \text{ of } \dot{Q} = 36.254$$

$$\varepsilon = 0.1$$

$$36.253 = \frac{\sigma(T_1^4 - T_2^4)}{\left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon_1} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon_2} - 1\right) -}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{N \text{ shields}} = \frac{A\sigma(T_1^4 - T_2^4)}{(N+1)\left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1\right)} = \frac{1}{N+1} \dot{Q}_{\text{no shields}}$$

$$1\% \text{ of previous case } \dot{Q} = \frac{1}{100} \times 3625.3 \frac{W}{m^2} = 36.253 \frac{W}{m^2}$$

$$36.253 \frac{W}{m^2} = \frac{5.67 \times 10^{-8} \times (800^4 - 500^4)}{(N+1)\left(\frac{1}{0.1} + \frac{1}{0.1} - 1\right)}$$

$$36.253 \frac{W}{m^2} = \frac{19680.57}{(N+1)(19)}$$

$$N+1 = 28.57$$

$$N = 27.57 \sim 28$$

If the values are equal

$$\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2 = \varepsilon_{3,1} = \varepsilon_{3,2} = 0.1$$

$$T_1 = 800 \text{ K}$$

$$T_2 = 500 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{Q}{A} = \frac{\sigma(T_1^4 - T_2^4)}{\left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1\right)} \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{5.67 \times 10^{-8} \times (800^4 - 500^4)}{\left(\frac{1}{0.1} + \frac{1}{0.1} - 1\right)} = 1035.81 \text{ w/ m}^2$$

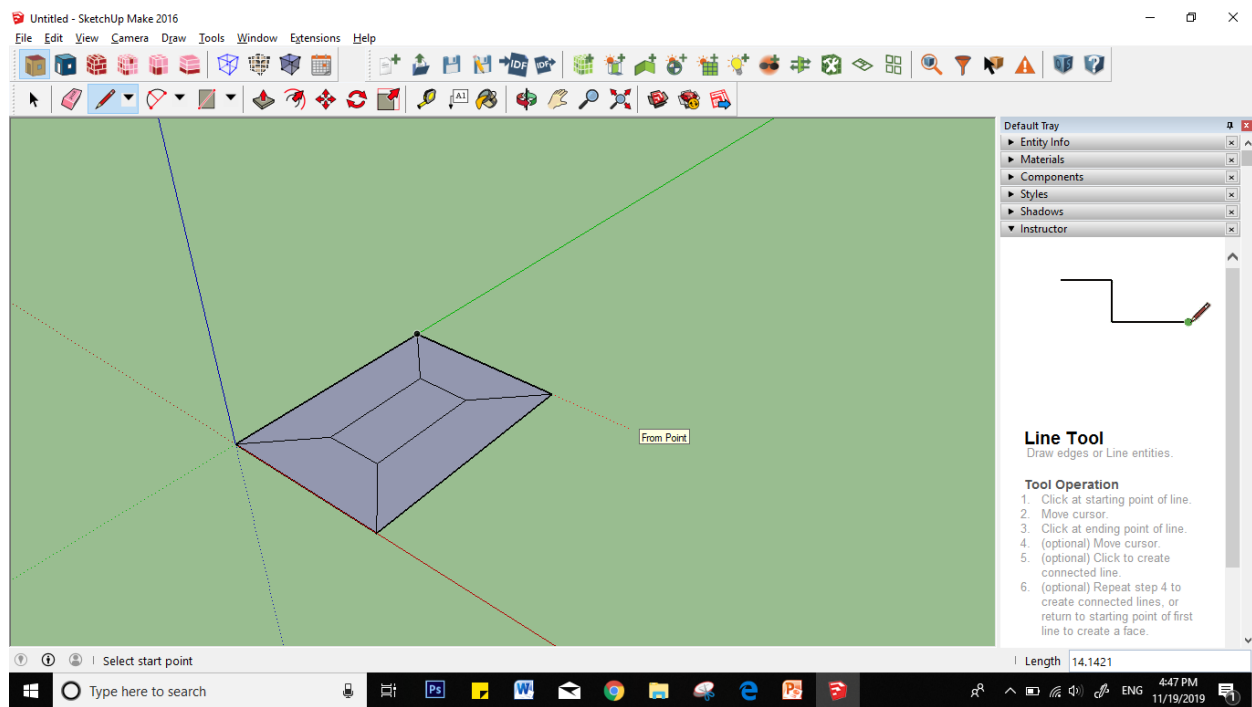
$$1035.81 \times 1\% = 10.35$$

$$\frac{\sigma(T_1^4 - T_2^4)}{(N+1)\left(\frac{1}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} - 1\right)} = \frac{1}{N+1}$$

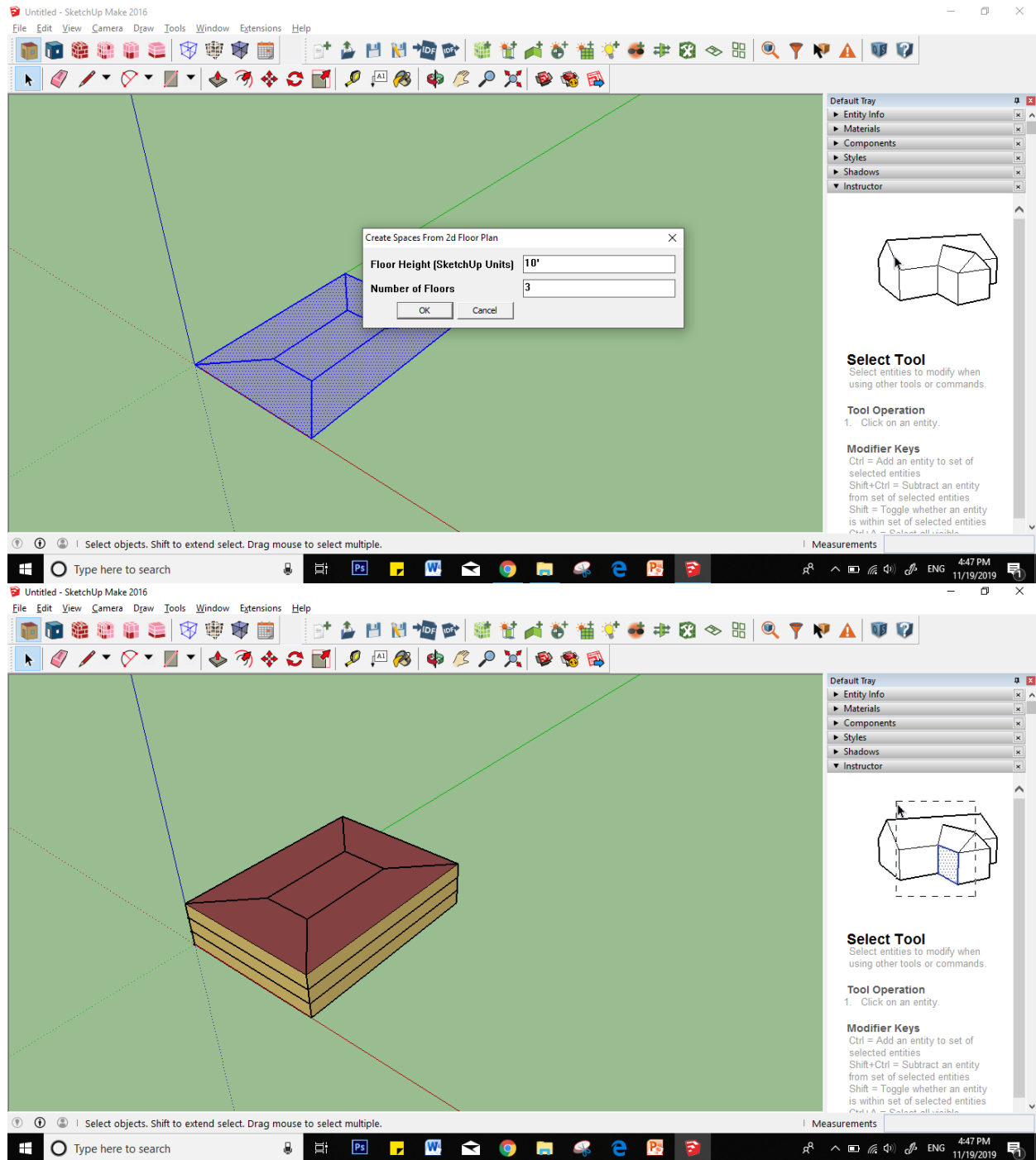
$$\frac{1}{(N+1)}Q = \frac{1}{100}Q$$

99 SURFACES TO LOWER THE RADIATION 1 %

## Task 2:

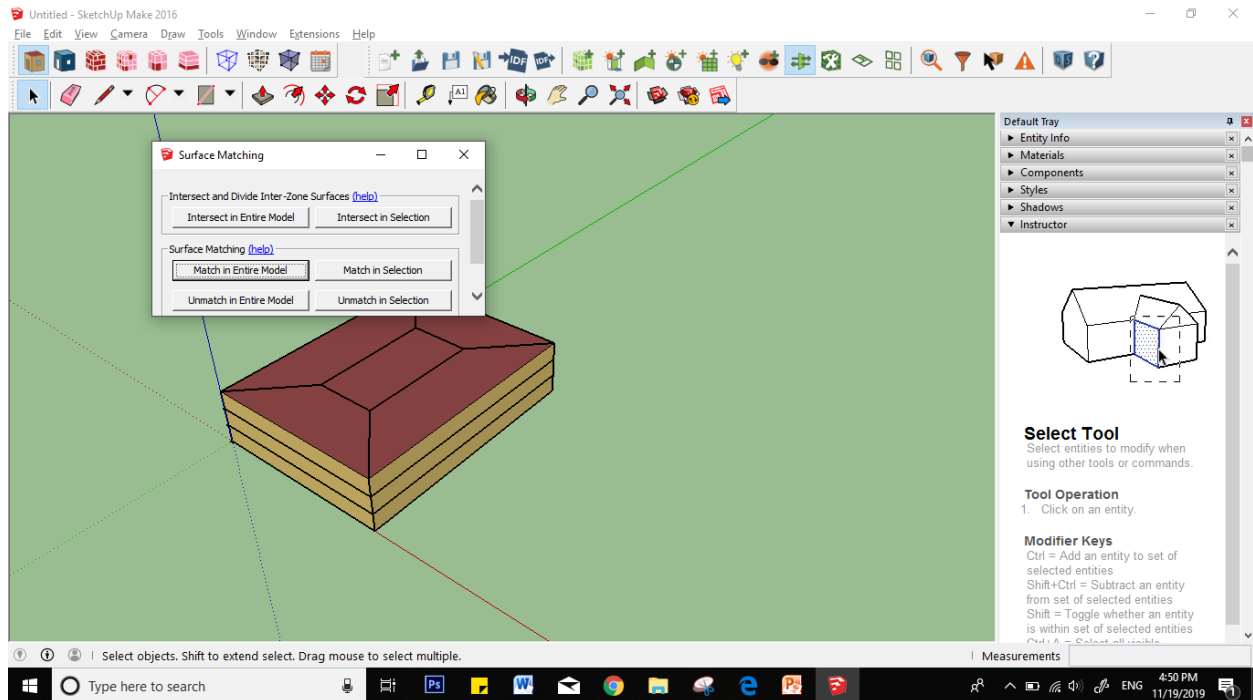


Step 1: I created a building plan of a rectangle 30 x 40 m with an offset 10 m inside it and connecting the corners of the smaller rectangle to the bigger one.

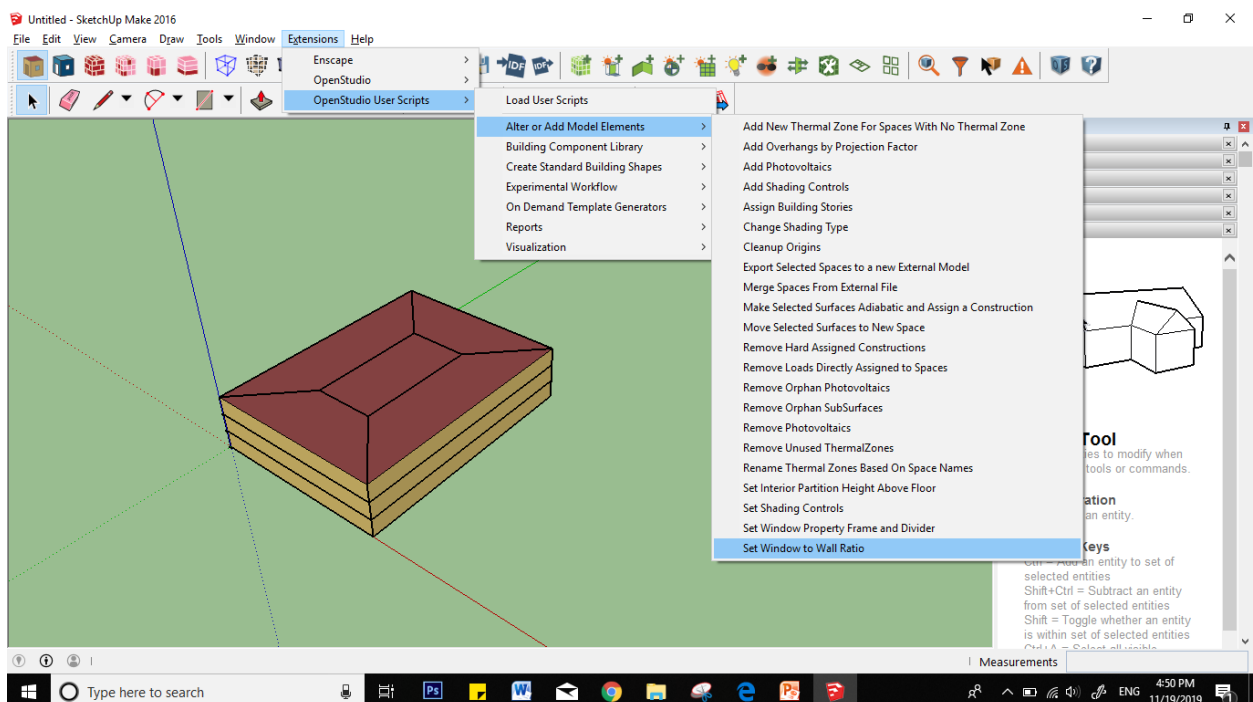


Step 2: I created three levels structure by using “create spaces for diagram” tool and after that you can use the info tool icon for information.

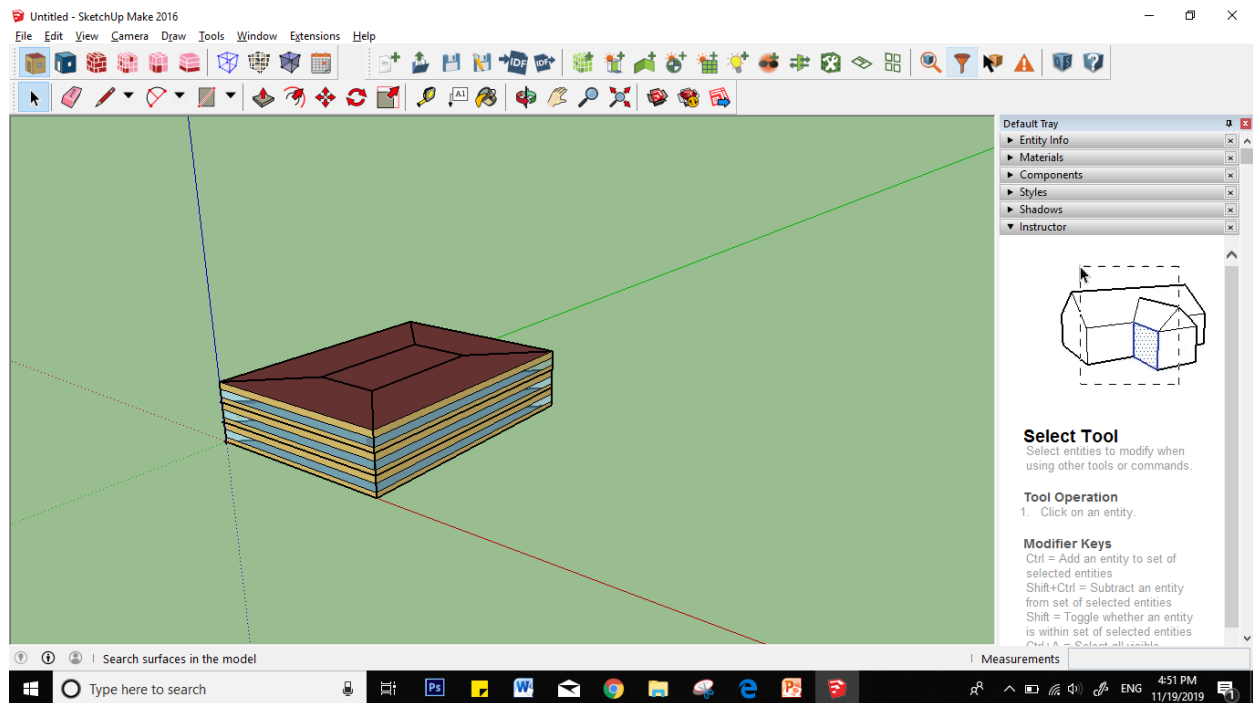
Step 3: I matched the surface of the building by using the “match surface tool” to create a suitable door window placement of the building.



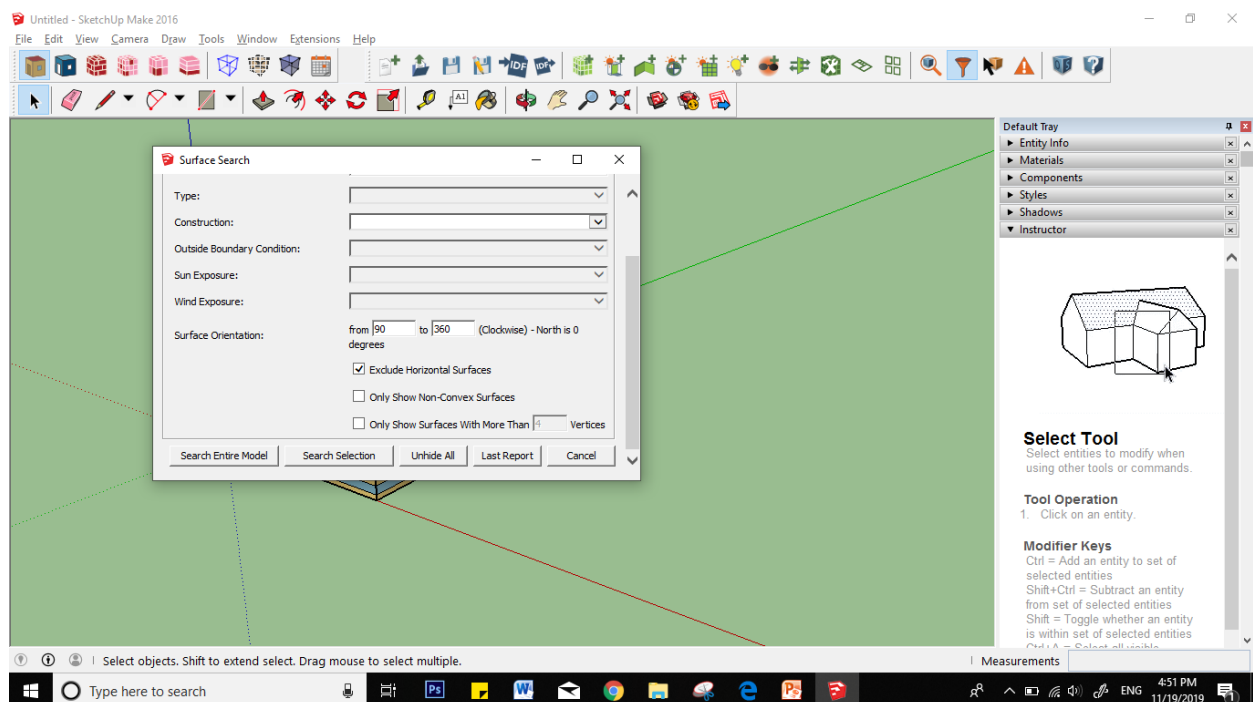
Step 4: I added windows to the building through the extensions, open studio and continuing the following steps as shown below.

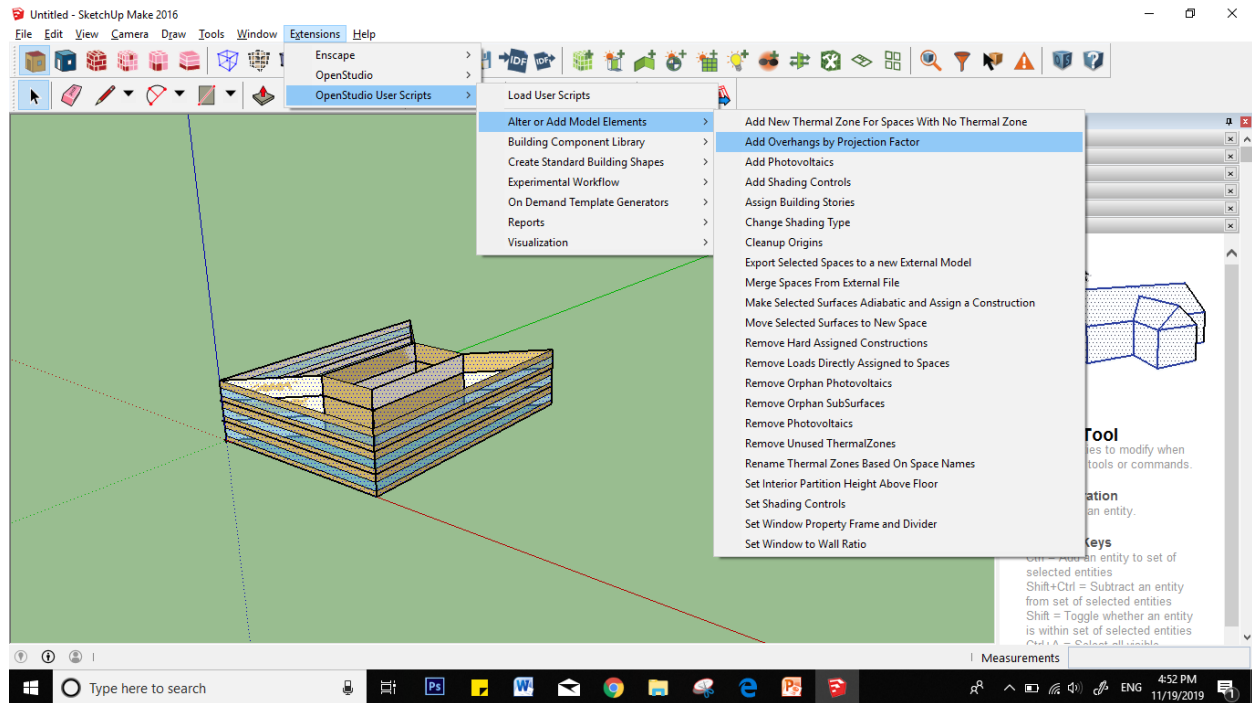


Step 5: This is the result of the windows with dimensions 0.4 and 0.75 for the offset from the floor.

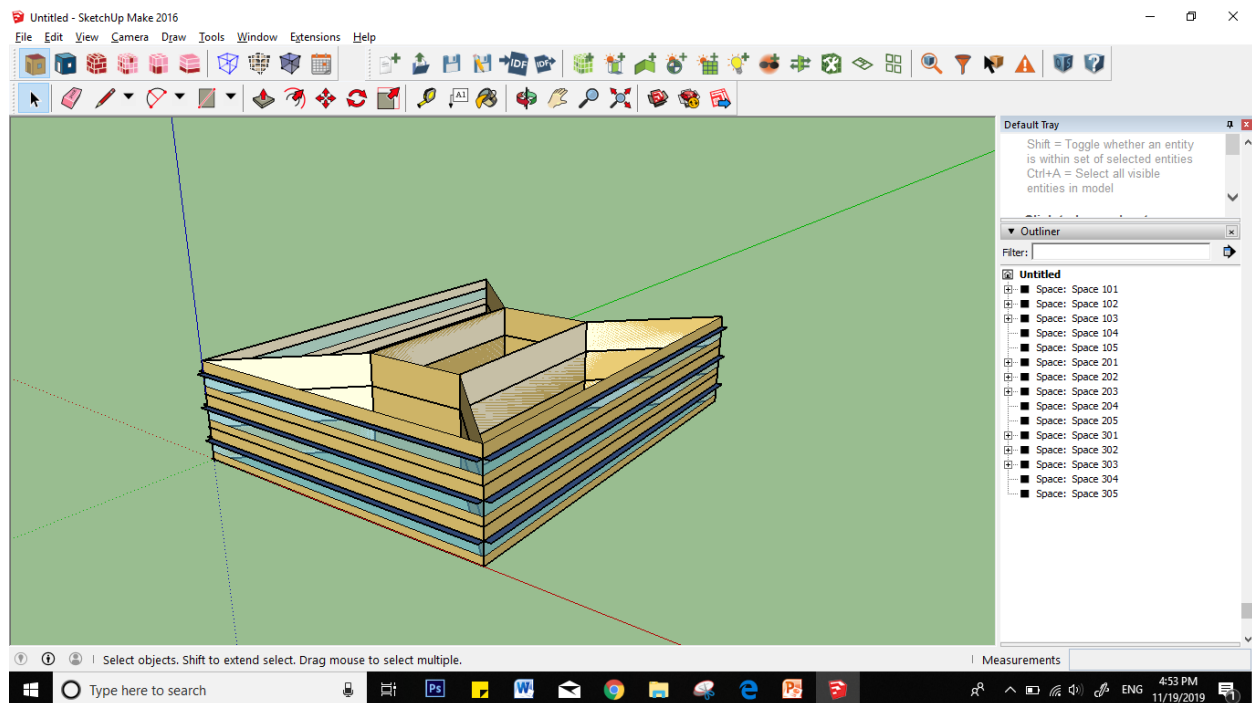


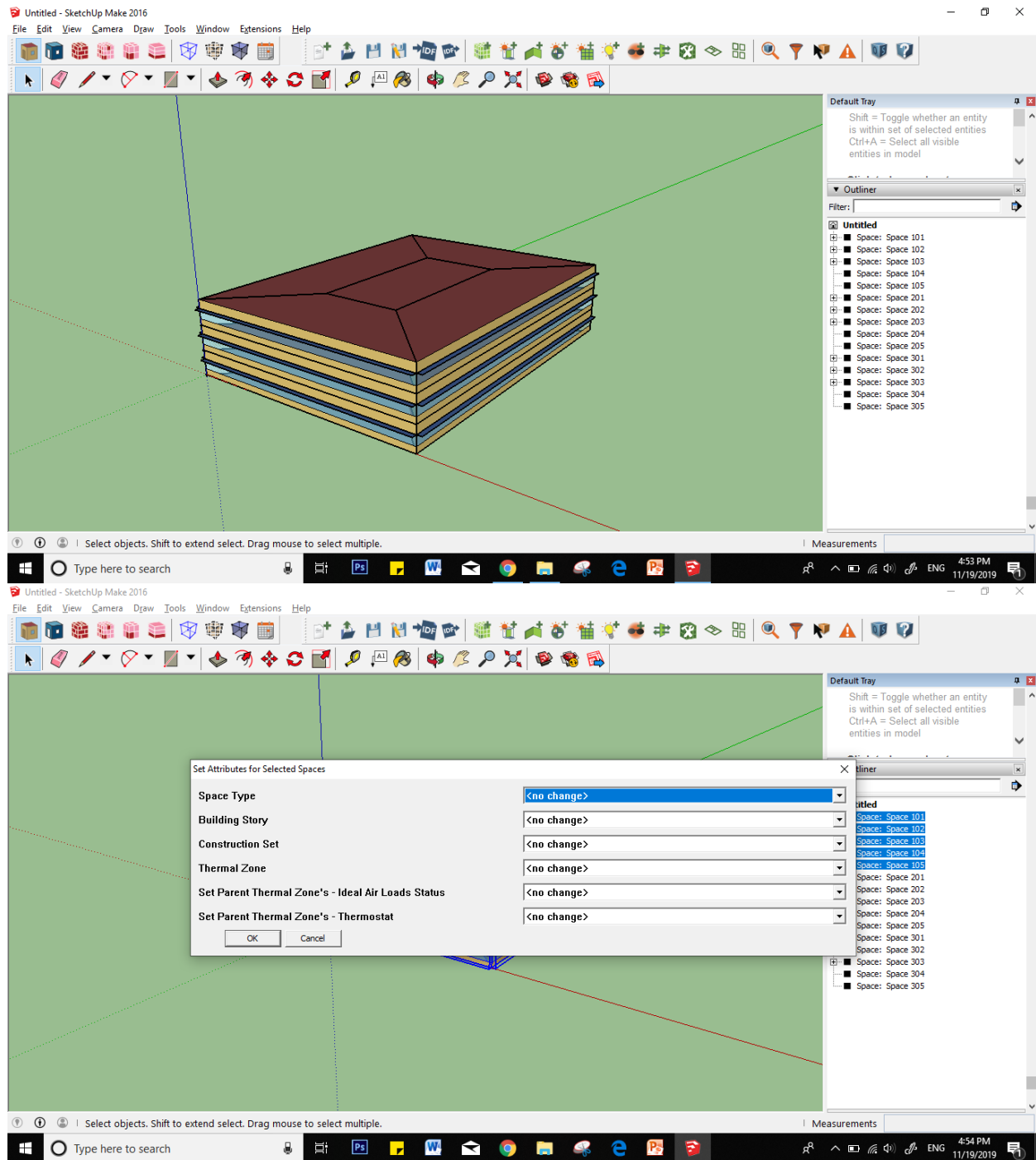
step 6: I used the surface selection and selected all the building except the north surface to add external shadings. Change the surface orientation section to 45 and 270.



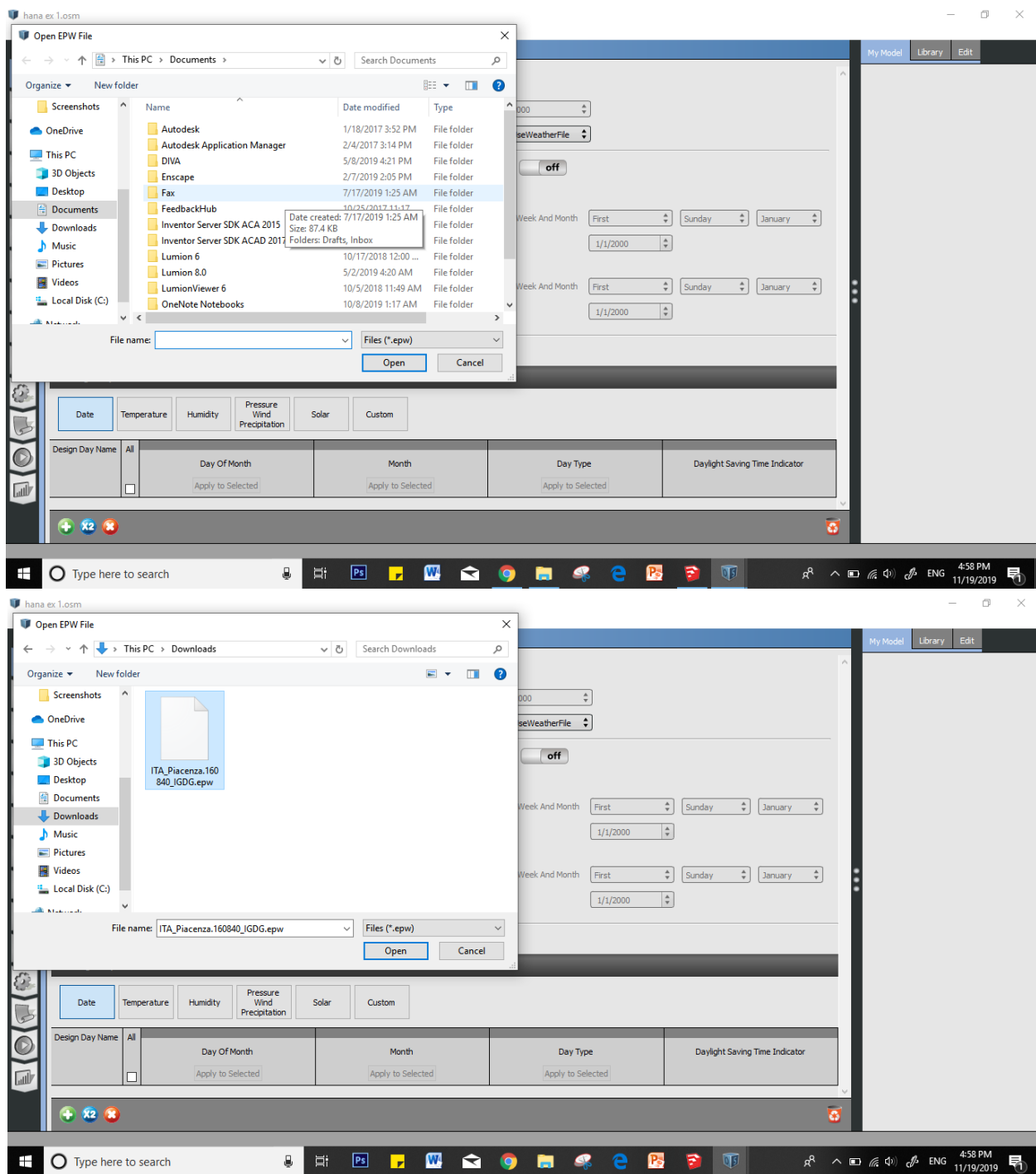


Then go to the extensions – Alter or add model element – add overhangs by projection factor





Step7: Then we start using spaces choosing spaces of each thermal zones ad we add it specifications.



Step 8: I save the project as an open studio so that I can open it in open studio software. I open the file created and add the weather data of Piacenza and then I run it.



