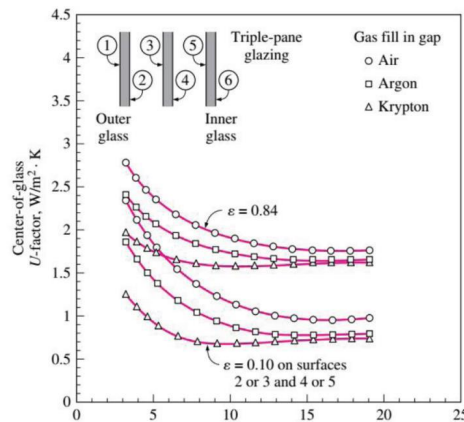
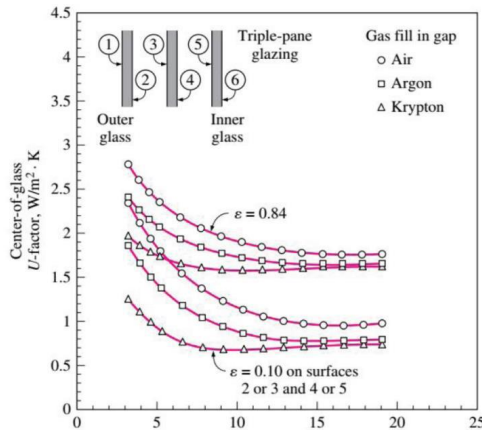


Task 1 Using the diagrams given in the presentation calculate how much (%) is the effect of applying different modifications (changing the gas, adding an extra pane, using a low emissivity coating) on the U value with respect to a benchmark case of double layer with air and no coating ? (keep the gap thickness to be 13 mm)



From the diagram,

1. For double-pane(13mm) glazing:

$$U_{air} = 2.8 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

$$U_{argon} = 2.7 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

$$U_{krypton} = 2.6 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

So, when changing the gas,

From Air to Argon: decrease about 4.57%

From Air to Krypton: decrease about 7.14%

2. For triple-pane(13mm) glazing:

$$U_{double} = 2.8 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

$$U_{triple} = 1.8 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

So, when adding an extra pane, the U value decrease about 35.71%

3. For double-pane(13mm) glazing:

$$U_{double0.1} = 2.8 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

$$U_{triple0.1} = 1 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

So, when using a low emissivity coating, the U value decrease about 35.71%

Task 2 Consider the house that we analysed in the alst two examples, calculate the heating and cooling load of the other windows which are fixed 14.4 m2 on the west, fixed 3.6 m2 on thesouth and an operable 3.6 m2 on the south (the same window and frame type). How much does the total value change if I change the frame of the window from wooden one to aluminium ?

PIACENZA, Italy

WMO#: 160840

Lat: 44.92N Long: 9.73E Elev: 138 StdP: 99.68 Time Zone: 1.00 (EUW) Period: 89-10 WBAN: 99999

Annual Heating and Humidification Design Conditions

Coldest Month	Heating DB			Humidification DP/MCDB and HR						Coldest month WS/MCDB				MCWS/PCWD to 99.6% DB	
	99.6% 99%			99.6% DP HR MCDB			99% DP HR MCDB			0.4% WS MCDB		1% WS MCDB		MCWS	PCWD
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)
1	-6.2	-4.8	-11.6	1.4	3.1	-8.8	1.8	1.8	8.8	5.6	7.7	6.2	2.1	250	

Annual Cooling, Dehumidification, and Enthalpy Design Conditions

Hottest Month	Hottest Month DB Range	Cooling DB/MCWB						Evaporation WB/MCDB						MCWS/PCWD to 0.4% DB	
		0.4%		1%		2%		0.4%		1%		2%			
		DB	MCWB	DB	MCWB	DB	MCWB	WB	MCDB	WB	MCDB	WB	MCDB	MCWS	PCWD
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)
8	11.9	33.1	22.7	31.9	22.4	30.3	21.8	24.6	30.2	23.7	29.2	22.9	28.3	2.4	90

Table 10 Peak Irradiance, W/m²

Exposure		Latitude										Operable						Fixed								
		20°	25°	30°	35°	40°	45°	50°	55°	60°	Glazing Type	Glazing Layers	ID ^b	Property ^{c,d}	Center of Glazing	Aluminum	Aluminum with Thermal Break	Reinforced Vinyl/Aluminum Clad Wood	Wood/Vinyl	Insulated Fiberglass/Vinyl	Aluminum	Aluminum with Thermal Break	Reinforced Vinyl/Aluminum Clad Wood	Wood/Vinyl	Insulated Fiberglass/Vinyl	
North	<i>E_D</i>	125	106	92	84	81	85	96	112	136						Clear	1	1a	<i>U</i>	5.91	7.24	6.12	5.14	5.05	4.61	6.42
	<i>E_d</i>	128	115	103	93	84	76	69	62	55	0.86	0.75	0.75	0.64	0.64						0.64	0.78	0.78	0.75	0.75	0.75
	<i>E_t</i>	253	221	195	177	166	162	164	174	191	2.73	4.62	3.42	3.00	2.87						5.83	3.61	3.22	2.86	2.84	2.72
Northeast/Northwest	<i>E_D</i>	460	449	437	425	412	399	386	374	361	Clear	2	5a	<i>U</i>	5.91	7.24	6.12	5.14	5.05	4.61	6.42	6.07	5.55	5.55	5.35	
	<i>E_d</i>	177	169	162	156	151	147	143	140	137						0.76	0.67	0.67	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.69	0.69	0.67	0.67	0.67
	<i>E_t</i>	637	618	599	581	563	546	529	513	498						1.76	3.80	2.60	2.25	2.19	1.91	2.76	2.39	2.05	2.01	1.93
East/West	<i>E_D</i>	530	543	552	558	560	559	555	547	537	Low-e, low-solar	3	29a	<i>U</i>	5.91	7.24	6.12	5.14	5.05	4.61	6.42	6.07	5.55	5.55	5.35	
	<i>E_d</i>	200	196	193	190	189	188	187	187	187						0.68	0.60	0.60	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.62	0.62	0.60	0.60	0.60
	<i>E_t</i>	730	739	745	748	749	747	742	734	724						1.70	3.83	2.68	2.33	2.21	1.89	2.75	2.36	2.03	2.01	1.90
Southeast/Southwest	<i>E_D</i>	282	328	369	405	436	463	485	503	517	Low-e, high-solar	3	40c	<i>U</i>	5.91	7.24	6.12	5.14	5.05	4.61	6.42	6.07	5.55	5.55	5.35	
	<i>E_d</i>	204	203	203	204	205	207	210	212	215						0.41	0.37	0.37	0.31	0.31	0.31	0.38	0.38	0.36	0.36	0.36
	<i>E_t</i>	485	531	572	609	641	670	695	715	732						1.02	3.22	2.07	1.76	1.71	1.45	2.13	1.76	1.44	1.40	1.33
South	<i>E_D</i>	0	60	139	214	283	348	408	464	515	Heat-absorbing	3	32c	<i>U</i>	5.91	7.24	6.12	5.14	5.05	4.61	6.42	6.07	5.55	5.55	5.35	
	<i>E_d</i>	166	193	196	200	204	209	214	219	225						0.70	0.62	0.62	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.64	0.64	0.61	0.61	0.61
	<i>E_t</i>	166	253	335	414	487	557	622	683	740						1.42	3.54	2.36	2.02	1.97	1.70	2.47	2.10	1.77	1.73	1.66
Horizontal	<i>E_D</i>	845	840	827	806	776	738	691	637	574	Reflective	3	29c	<i>U</i>	5.91	7.24	6.12	5.14	5.05	4.61	6.42	6.07	5.55	5.55	5.35	
	<i>E_d</i>	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170						0.62	0.55	0.55	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.56	0.56	0.54	0.54	0.54
	<i>E_t</i>	1015	1010	997	976	946	908	861	807	744						0.34	0.31	0.31	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.30
Horizontal	<i>E_D</i>	1	1l	<i>U</i>	5.91	7.24	6.12	5.14	5.05	4.61	6.42	6.07	5.55	5.55	5.35											
				SHGC	0.31	0.28	0.28	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.29	0.29	0.27	0.27	0.27											
				<i>U</i>	2.73	4.62	3.42	3.00	2.87	2.53	3.61	3.22	2.86	2.84	2.72											
	<i>E_d</i>	2	5p	SHGC	0.29	0.27	0.27	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.26											
				<i>U</i>	1.76	3.80	2.60	2.25	2.19	1.91	2.76	2.39	2.05	2.01	1.93											
				SHGC	0.34	0.31	0.31	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.30	0.30											

Table 13 Fenestration Solar Load Factors FF_s

Exposure	Single Family Detached	Multifamily
North	0.44	0.27
Northeast	0.21	0.43
East	0.31	0.56
Southeast	0.37	0.54
South	0.47	0.53
Southwest	0.58	0.61
West	0.56	0.65
Northwest	0.46	0.57
Horizontal	0.58	0.73

$$q_{fen} = A \times CF_{fen}$$

$$CF_{fen} = U(\Delta t - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_s$$

where

q_{fen} = fenestration cooling load, W

A = fenestration area (including frame), m²

CF_{fen} = surface cooling factor, W/m²

U = fenestration NFRC heating U-factor, W/(m² · K)

Δt = cooling design temperature difference, K

PXI = peak exterior irradiance, including shading modifications, W/m² [see Equations (26) or (27)]

$SHGC$ = fenestration rated or estimated NFRC solar heat gain coefficient

IAC = interior shading attenuation coefficient, Equation (29)

FF_s = fenestration solar load factor, Table 13

$$\Delta T_{cooling} = 31.9 - 24 = 7.9^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\Delta T_{heating} = 20 - (-4.8) = 24.8^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$DR = 11.9^{\circ}\text{C}$$

Wood Frames

Window1(east, wood frame, fixed)

$$A_{window1} = 14.4\text{m}^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window1} = 2.84\text{W}/\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$HF_{window1} = U_{window1} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 2.84 \times 24.8 = 70.44\text{W}/\text{m}^2$$

$$Q_{window1} = HF_{window1} \times A_{window} = 70.44 \times 14.44 = 1014.2\text{W}$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window1} = U_{window1} (\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 2.84(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 6.9\text{W}/\text{m}^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED = 559, E_d = 188, FF_{seast} = 0.31, PXI_{window1} = E_D + E_d = 559 + 188 = 747$$

$$CF_{window1} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{seast} = 747 \times 0.54 \times 1 \times 0.31 = 125.1$$

$$CF_{fenestration1} = U_{window1} (\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{seast}$$

$$= 6.9 + 125.1 = 132\text{W}/\text{m}^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window1} = CF_{fenestration1} \times A_{window1} = 132 \times 14.4 = 1900.8\text{W}$$

Window2(west, wood frame, fixed)

$$A_{window2} = 14.4\text{m}^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window2} = 2.84\text{W}/\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$$

$$HF_{window2} = U_{window2} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 2.84 \times 24.8 = 70.44\text{W}/\text{m}^2$$

$$Q_{window2} = HF_{window2} \times A_{window2} = 70.44 \times 14.4 = 1014.2\text{W}$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window2} = U_{window2} (\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 2.84(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 6.9\text{W}/\text{m}^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED = 559, E_d = 188, FF_{swest} = 0.56, PXI_{window1} = E_D + E_d = 559 + 188 = 747$$

$$CF_{window2} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{swest} = 747 \times 0.56 \times 1 \times 0.56 = 225.9$$

$$CF_{fenestration2} = U_{window2}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{swest} \\ = 6.9 + 225.9 = 232.8W / m^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window2} = CF_{fenestration2} \times A_{window2} = 232.8 \times 14.4 = 3352.32W$$

Window3(south, wood frame, fixed)

$$A_{window3} = 3.6m^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window3} = 2.84 W/m^2 \cdot K$$

$$HF_{window3} = U_{window3} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 2.84 \times 24.8 = 70.44 W/m^2$$

$$Q_{window3} = HF_{window3} \times A_{window3} = 70.44 \times 3.6 = 253.6W$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window3} = U_{window3}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 2.84(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 6.9W / m^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED=348, Ed=209, FF_{ssouth}=0.47 \quad PXI_{window3}=ED+Ed=348+209=557$$

$$CF_{window3} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth} = 557 \times 0.54 \times 1 \times 0.47 = 141.4$$

$$CF_{fenestration3} = U_{window3}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth} \\ = 6.9 + 141.4 = 148.3W / m^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window3} = CF_{fenestration3} \times A_{window3} = 148.3 \times 3.6 = 533.88W$$

Window4(south, wood frame, openable)

$$A_{window4} = 3.6m^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window4} = 2.87 W/m^2 \cdot K$$

$$HF_{window4} = U_{window4} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 2.87 \times 24.8 = 71.17 W/m^2$$

$$Q_{window4} = HF_{window4} \times A_{window4} = 71.17 \times 3.6 = 256.2W$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window4} = U_{window4}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 2.87(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 6.96W / m^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED=348, Ed=209, SHGC=0.46, FF_{ssouth}=0.47 \quad PXI_{window4}=ED+Ed=348+209=557$$

$$CF_{window4} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth} = 557 \times 0.46 \times 1 \times 0.47 = 120.4$$

$$CF_{fenestration4} = U_{window4}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth} \\ = 6.9 + 120.4 = 127.3W / m^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window4} = CF_{fenestration4} \times A_{window4} = 127.3 \times 3.6 = 458.28W$$

$$\dot{Q}_{totalcoolingwood} = 1900.8 + 3352.32 + 533.88 + 458.28 = 6245.3w$$

$$\dot{Q}_{totalheatingwood} = 1014.2 + 1014.2 + 253.6 + 256.2 = 2538.2W$$

Aluminum Frames

Window1(south, aluminum frame, fixed)

$$A_{window1} = 14.4m^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window1} = 3.61 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

$$HF_{window1} = U_{window1} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 3.61 \times 24.8 = 89.52W / m^2$$

$$Q_{window1} = HF_{window1} \times A_{window1} = 89.52 \times 14.4 = 1289.1W$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window1} = U_{window1} (\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 3.61(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 8.7W / m^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED = 559, E_d = 188, SHGC = 0.56, FF_{seast} = 0.31, PXI_{window1} = E_D + E_d = 559 + 188 = 747$$

$$CF_{window1} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{seast} = 747 \times 0.56 \times 1 \times 0.31 = 129.6$$

$$CF_{fenestration1} = U_{window1} (\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{seast}$$

$$= 8.7 + 129.6 = 138.3W / m^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window1} = CF_{fenestration1} \times A_{window1} = 138.3 \times 14.4 = 1991.5W$$

Window2(west, aluminum frame, fixed)

$$A_{window2} = 14.4m^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window2} = 3.61 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot K$$

$$HF_{window2} = U_{window2} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 3.61 \times 24.8 = 89.52W / m^2$$

$$Q_{window2} = HF_{window2} \times A_{window2} = 89.52 \times 14.4 = 1289.1W$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window2} = U_{window2} (\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 3.61(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 8.7W / m^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED = 559, E_d = 188, FF_{swest} = 0.56, PXI_{window2} = ED + E_d = 559 + 188 = 747$$

$$CF_{window2} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{swest} = 747 \times 0.56 \times 1 \times 0.56 = 234.26$$

$$CF_{fenestration2} = U_{window2}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{swest}$$

$$= 8.7 + 234.26 = 242.96W / m^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window2} = CF_{fenestration2} \times A_{window2} = 242.96 \times 14.4 = 2398.6W$$

Window3(south, aluminum frame, fixed)

$$A_{window3} = 3.6m^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window3} = 3.61 W/m^2 \cdot K$$

$$HF_{window3} = U_{window3} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 3.61 \times 24.8 = 89.52W / m^2 Q$$

$$Q_{window3} = HF_{window3} \times A_{window3} = 89.52 \times 3.6 = 322.2W$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window3} = U_{window3}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 3.61(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 8.7W / m^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED=348, Ed=209, FF_{ssouth}=0.47 \quad PXI_{window3}=ED+Ed=348+209=557$$

$$CF_{window3} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth} = 557 \times 0.56 \times 1 \times 0.47 = 146.6$$

$$CF_{fenestration3} = U_{window3}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth}$$

$$= 8.7 + 146.6 = 155.3W / m^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window3} = CF_{fenestration3} \times A_{window3} = 155.3 \times 3.6 = 559.08W$$

Window4(south, aluminum frame, openable)

$$A_{window4} = 3.6m^2$$

Heating:

$$U_{window4} = 4.62 W/m^2 \cdot K \quad H$$

$$HF_{window4} = U_{window4} \times \Delta T_{cooling} = 4.62 \times 24.8 = 114.57W / m^2 Q$$

$$Q_{window4} = HF_{window4} \times A_{window4} = 114.57 \times 3.6 = 412.4W$$

Cooling:

Heat transfer:

$$CF_{window4} = U_{window4}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) = 4.62(7.9 - 0.46 \times 11.9) = 11.2W / m^2$$

Irradiation:

$$ED=348, Ed=209, SHGC=0.55, FF_{ssouth}=0.47 \quad PXI_{window4}=ED+Ed=348+209=557$$

$$CF_{window4} = PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth} = 557 \times 0.55 \times 1 \times 0.47 = 143.98$$

$$CF_{fenestration4} = U_{window4}(\Delta T_{cooling} - 0.46DR) + PXI \times SHGC \times IAC \times FF_{ssouth}$$

$$= 11.2 + 143.98 = 155.18 W / m^2$$

$$\dot{Q}_{window4} = CF_{fenestration4} \times A_{window4} = 155.18 \times 3.6 = 558.65 W$$

$$\dot{Q}_{totalcoolingaluminum} = 1991.5 + 3498.6 + 559.08 + 558.65 = 6607.8 W$$

$$\dot{Q}_{totalheatingaluminum} = 1289.1 + 1289.1 + 322.2 + 412.4 = 3312.8 W$$

Conclusion:

$$\dot{Q}_{totalcoolingwood} / \dot{Q}_{totalcoolingaluminum} = 6245.3 / 6607.8 = 94.5\%$$

$$\dot{Q}_{totalheatingwood} / \dot{Q}_{totalheatingaluminum} = 2538.2 / 3312.8 = 76.6\%$$

From the result we can conclude that window with wooden frame has better resistance than aluminum frame. 94.5% for cooling and 76.6% for heating.