

# Mini Assignment 1: Word Clouds

Gerhard Laimer

November 15, 2025

## List of Figures

1	No stemming, unigrams and max.words = 200. . . . .	2
2	Stemming, no filter for false. . . . .	3
3	Uni- and bigrams, colors, rotation. . . . .	4
4	Tri- and quadgrams, palette, remove spares. . . . .	5

## 1 Task

Produce four different word clouds by varying data sets and/or parameters in the R commands. Provide a one-paragraph discussion of the results for each of the four word clouds.

## 2 Word Clouds produced with *statements.csv*

## 2.1 No stemming, unigrams and max.words = 200

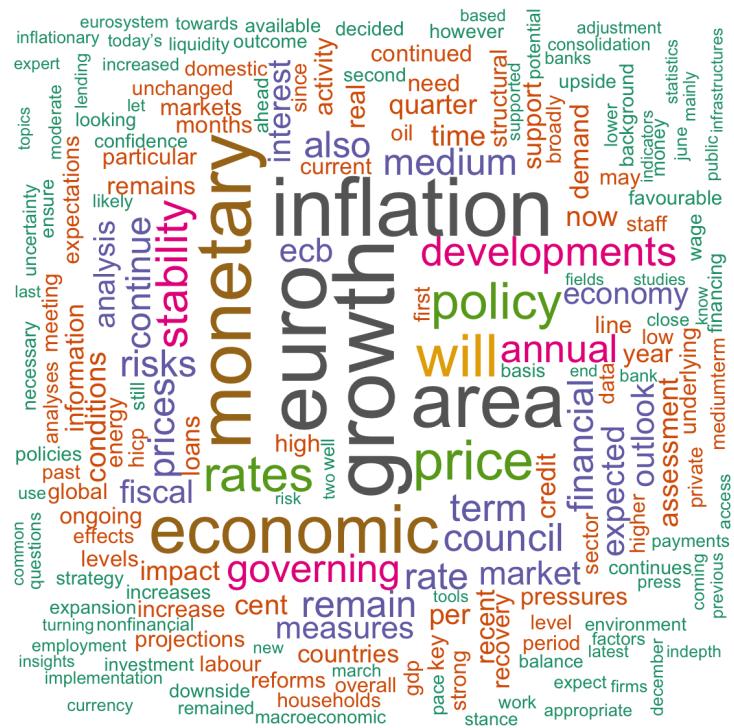


Figure 1: No stemming, unigrams and max.words = 200.

**Word Cloud (1)** was produced with setting *stemming* to FALSE and the *ngrams* argument to 1:1 to produce unstemmed unigrams. The *wordcloud* argument *max.word* was changed from 400 to 200. The idea behind this word cloud is to show a rawer version of the data without stemming and only single words. The most frequent words are, euro, growth, inflrion and area.

## 2.2 Stemming, no filter for false



Figure 2: Stemming, no filter for false.

**Word Cloud (2)** was produced with *stemming* is TRUE and the *ngrams* argument 1:1 to produce stemmed unigrams. The *wordcloud* argument *max.word* was kept equal to 200, like in word cloud (1). But now *cloud.frame* <- *cloud.frame*[*cloud.frame\$word* != "fals"] was excluded to not filter for the stem fals. This could in general lead to troubles and the over-representation of *fals* due to the creation process of the corpus, since some the default of settings are often equal to FALSE. This word cloud shows no over-representation of the stemm *fals*.

### 3 Word Clouds produced with *QandAs.csv*

### 3.1 Uni- and bigrams, colors, rotation

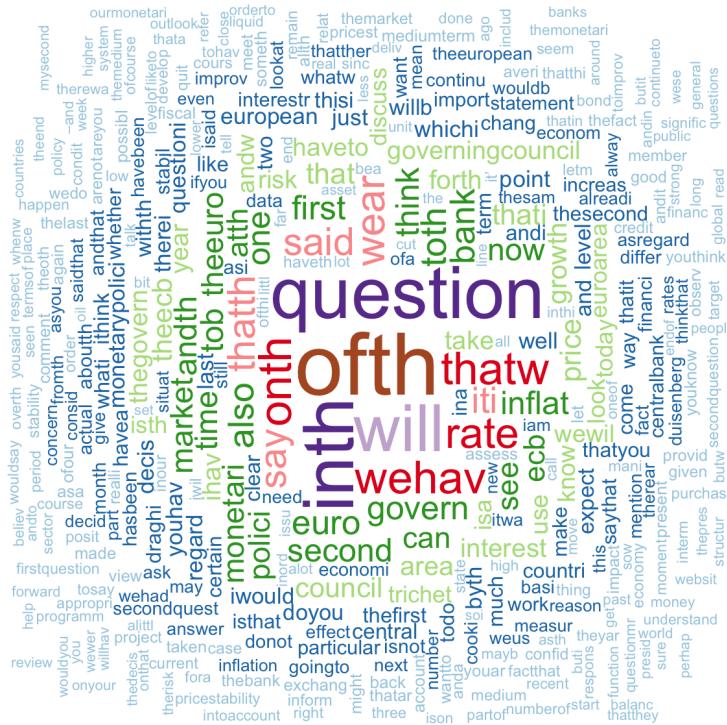


Figure 3: Uni- and bigrams, colors, rotation.

**Word Cloud (3)** is representative for the different visual representations of word clouds. The *max.words* were set to 400 the color palettes *colors = brewer.pal(12, "Paired")* was used, which uses up to 12 alternating complementary colors. For this plot uni- and bigrams are presented equally distributed in vertical and horizontal elements with *rot.per = 0.5*.

### 3.2 Tri- and quadgrams, palette, remove spares

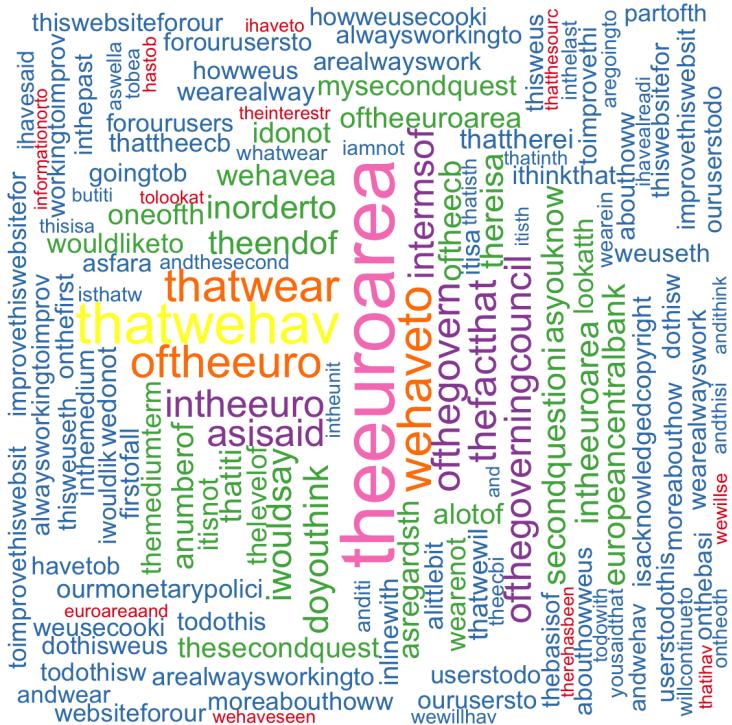


Figure 4: Tri- and quadgrams, palette, remove spares.

**Word Cloud (4)** only produces tri- and quadgrams to get a better understanding of the context of stem word combinations. To display these stems following palette was used: `colors = brewer.pal(9, "Set1")`. This word cloud also excludes its n-grams more aggressively compared to all three word clouds before, with setting `removeSparseTerms(dtm, 0.90)`, keeping n-grams only appearing at least in 10% of the documents.