$\varepsilon \leqslant 8d^{\frac{2d}{\delta}} \frac{\delta}{2} \Leftrightarrow \varepsilon \leqslant 8d(\frac{2d}{\delta})^{-1} \Leftrightarrow \varepsilon \leqslant 8d2^{-\frac{1}{2d}\log(\frac{2}{\delta})} \Leftrightarrow 2^{\frac{1}{2d}\log(\frac{2}{\delta})} \geqslant \frac{8d}{\varepsilon} \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2d}\log(\frac{2}{\delta}) \geqslant \log(\frac{8d}{\varepsilon})$   $\Leftrightarrow \frac{4}{\varepsilon}\log\frac{2}{\delta} \leqslant \frac{8d}{\varepsilon}\log\frac{8d}{\varepsilon}$ Then  $|A| = \frac{8d}{\varepsilon}\log\frac{8d}{\varepsilon} = \max(\frac{4}{\varepsilon}\log\frac{2}{\delta}, \frac{8d}{\varepsilon}\log\frac{8d}{\varepsilon})$ . Therefore, according to theorem  $\ref{eq:condition}$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(A \text{ is a } \varepsilon\text{-net}) \geqslant 1 - \delta$ . Let's denote the element of A by  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_{|A|}$ . The probability that A is a subset of MIS(G) is  $P_A(\varepsilon)$ .  $P_A(\varepsilon) = \mathbb{P}(\forall a \in A, \ a \in MIS(G)) = \prod_{i=1}^{|A|} \mathbb{P}(a_i \in MIS(G)) = \prod_{i=1}^{|A|} \frac{|V(G)| \cdot c}{|V(G)|} \geqslant c^{|A|}.$ Therefore the probability that A surjets all the condition  $\mathbb{P}(A \subseteq MIG(G)) = A \cap \mathbb{P}(A \subseteq MIG(G)) = A$ 

$$P_A(\varepsilon) = \mathbb{P}(\forall a \in A, \ a \in MIS(G)) = \prod_{i=1}^{|A|} \mathbb{P}(a_i \in MIS(G)) = \prod_{i=1}^{|A|} \frac{|V(G)| \cdot c}{|V(G)|} \geqslant c^{|A|}.$$

Therefore the probability that A verify all the condition is  $\mathbb{P}(A \subseteq MIS(G))\mathbb{P}(A \text{ is a } \varepsilon\text{-net}) \geqslant (1-\delta)c^{f(\frac{1}{\varepsilon})}$ .