



# Constants

# Constants

- `const` (for primitive types and String)
- `@JvmField` (eliminates accessors)

# Compile-time constants



for primitive types  
and String

```
const val answer = 42
```

the value is inlined

# @JvmField

exposes a Kotlin property as a field in Java

```
@JvmField  
val property = MyClass()
```

```
// the same as  
// Java
```

```
public static final MyClass property = new MyClass();
```

# @JvmField

exposes a Kotlin property as a field in Java

No getter!

@JvmField

**val** *property* = MyClass()

*// the same as*

*// Java*

**public static final** MyClass *property* = **new** MyClass();

@JvmField makes a property static  
if used at the top-level or inside object

```
class A {  
    @JvmField  
    val property = MyClass()  
}
```

regular field  
generated

```
object B {  
    @JvmField  
    val property = MyClass()  
}
```

static field  
generated



Which declaration(s) will expose `answer` as `static` field when used from Java?

```
object SuperComputer {  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

1. `@JvmStatic`  
 **val** **answer** = 42
2. `@JvmField`  
 **val** **answer** = 42
3. **const val** **answer** = 42







Which declaration(s) will expose `answer` as static field when used from Java?

```
object SuperComputer {  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

1. `@JvmStatic`  
`val answer = 42`

2. `@JvmField`  
`val answer = 42`

3. `const val answer = 42`

# Property in an object

```
object SuperComputer {  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

```
// Java  
SuperComputer.INSTANCE.getAnswer()
```

# @JvmStatic

```
object SuperComputer {  
    @JvmStatic  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

field isn't  
exposed

```
// Java  
SuperComputer.getAnswer()
```

# @JvmField

```
object SuperComputer {  
    @JvmField  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

```
// Java  
SuperComputer.answer
```

# const

```
object SuperComputer {  
    const val answer = 42  
}
```

```
// Java  
SuperComputer.answer
```



Which declaration(s) will inline the value of `answer` in the resulting bytecode?

```
object SuperComputer {  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

```
println(SuperComputer.answer)
```



```
System.out.println(42)
```

1. `@JvmStatic`  
`val answer = 42`
2. `@JvmField`  
`val answer = 42`
3. `const val answer = 42`





Which declaration(s) will inline the value of `answer` in the resulting bytecode?

```
object SuperComputer {  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

```
println(SuperComputer.answer)
```



```
System.out.println(42);
```

1. `@JvmStatic`  
`val answer = 42`

2. `@JvmField`  
`val answer = 42`

3. `const val answer = 42`



# @JvmStatic

```
object SuperComputer {  
    @JvmStatic  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

```
println(SuperComputer.answer)
```



```
System.out.println(SuperComputer.getAnswer() );
```

# @JvmField

```
object SuperComputer {  
    @JvmField  
    val answer = 42  
}
```

```
println(SuperComputer.answer)
```



```
System.out.println(SuperComputer.answer);
```

# const

```
object SuperComputer {  
    const val answer = 42  
}
```

```
println(SuperComputer.answer)
```



```
System.out.println(42);
```



Which declaration(s) will expose a top-level property as `static` field when used from Java?

`val answer = 42`

1. `val answer = 42`

2. `@JvmField`  
`val answer = 42`

3. `const val answer = 42`





Which declaration(s) will expose a top-level property as `static` field when used from Java?

`val answer = 42`

1. `val answer = 42`

2. `@JvmField  
val answer = 42`

3. `const val answer = 42`

? Which declaration(s) will expose a top-level property as `static` field when used from Java?

`val answer = 42`

1. `val answer = 42`

`Util.getAnswer()` ☕

2. `@JvmField  
val answer = 42`

`Util.answer` ☕

3. `const val answer = 42`

`Util.answer` ☕