



Function type

# Function type

**val** sum = { x: Int, y: Int -> x + y }

**val** sum: (Int, Int) -> Int = { x, y -> x + y }



What is the type of `isEven` variable?

```
val sum: (Int, Int) -> Int = { x, y -> x + y }
```

```
val isEven = { i: Int -> i % 2 == 0 }
```





What is the type of `isEven` variable?

```
val sum: (Int, Int) -> Int = { x, y -> x + y }
```

```
val isEven: (Int) -> Boolean =  
    { i: Int -> i % 2 == 0 }
```

# Storing lambda in a variable

```
val isEven = { i: Int -> i % 2 == 0 }
```

```
val list = listOf(1, 2, 3, 4)
```

```
list.any(isEven)           true
```

```
list.filter(isEven)       [2, 4]
```

# Calling stored function

```
val isEven = { i: Int -> i % 2 == 0 }
```

```
isEven(42)           // true
```

# Calling lambda

possible, but  
looks strange

```
{ println("hey!") }()
```

```
run { println("hey!") }
```

use run instead



# Function types: under the hood

`() -> Boolean`

`Function0<Boolean>`

`(Order) -> Int`

`Function1<Order, Int>`

`(Int, Int) -> Int`

`Function2<Int, Int, Int>`

# Function interfaces

```
package kotlin.jvm.functions
```

```
/** A function that takes 0 arguments. */
```

```
public interface Function0<out R> : Function<R> {
```

```
    /** Invokes the function. */
```

```
    public operator fun invoke(): R
```

```
}
```

```
/** A function that takes 1 argument. */
```

```
public interface Function1<in P1, out R> : Function<R> {
```

```
    /** Invokes the function with the specified argument. */
```

```
    public operator fun invoke(p1: P1): R
```

```
}
```

```
/** A function that takes 2 arguments. */
```

```
public interface Function2<in P1, in P2, out R> : Function<R> {
```

```
    /** Invokes the function with the specified arguments. */
```

```
    public operator fun invoke(p1: P1, p2: P2): R
```

```
}
```

# Function types: under the hood

`() -> Boolean`

`Function0<Boolean>`

`(Order) -> Int`

`Function1<Order, Int>`

`(Int, Int) -> Int`

`Function2<Int, Int, Int>`

# SAM interfaces in Java

```
void postponeComputation(int delay, Runnable computation)
```



SAM (single abstract method) interface:

```
public interface Runnable {  
    public abstract void run();  
}
```



# Lambdas and Java

```
void postponeComputation(int delay, Runnable computation)
```



```
postponeComputation(1000) { println(42) }
```



```
val runnable = Runnable { println(42) }  
postponeComputation(1000, runnable)
```



# Function types and nullability

`() -> Int?` vs `(( ) -> Int)?`



# Which lines won't compile?

#1 **val** f1: () -> Int? = **null**

#2 **val** f2: () -> Int? = { **null** }

#3 **val** f3: (() -> Int)? = **null**

#4 **val** f4: (() -> Int)? = { **null** }





# Function types and nullability

`() -> Int?` vs `(( ) -> Int)?`

return type is  
nullable

the variable is  
nullable



# Which lines won't compile?

#1 **val** f1: () -> Int? = **null**

#2 **val** f2: () -> Int? = { **null** }

#3 **val** f3: (() -> Int)? = **null**

#4 **val** f4: (() -> Int)? = { **null** }

#1, #4

# When function type is nullable

```
val f: (() -> Int)? = null
```

```
f()
```

```
if (f != null) {  
    f()  
}
```

```
f?.invoke()
```