CS 70 Discrete Mathematics and Probability Theory Summer 2019 James Hulett and Elizabeth Yang

DIS 1B

1 Contraposition

Prove the statement "if a + b < c + d, then a < c or b < d".

2 Perfect Square

A perfect square is an integer n of the form $n = m^2$ for some integer m. Prove that every odd perfect square is of the form 8k + 1 for some integer k.

3 Infinite Primes

Prove by contradiction that there are an infinite number of primes.

4 Numbers of Friends

Prove that if there are $n \ge 2$ people at a party, then at least 2 of them have the same number of friends at the party.

(Hint: The Pigeonhole Principle states that if n items are placed in m containers, where n > m, at least one container must contain more than one item. You may use this without proof.)