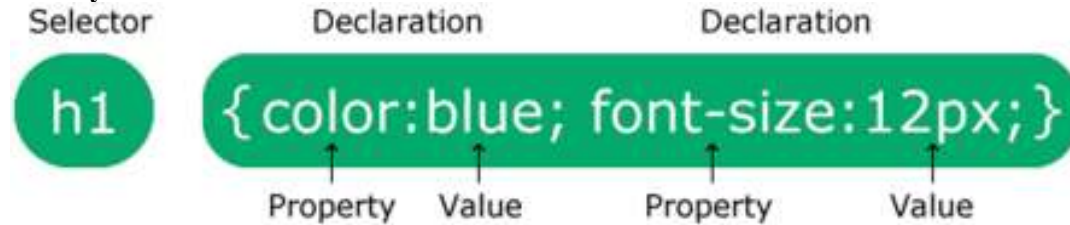


CSS Syntax

A CSS rule consists of a selector and a declaration block.

CSS Syntax



The selector points to the HTML element you want to style.

The declaration block contains one or more declarations separated by semicolons.

Each declaration includes a CSS property name and a value, separated by a colon.

Multiple CSS declarations are separated with semicolons, and declaration blocks are surrounded by curly braces.

Example

In this example all <p> elements will be center-aligned, with a red text color:

```
p {  
  color: red;  
  text-align: center;  
}
```

Example Explained

- **p** is a selector in CSS (it points to the HTML element you want to style: <p>).
- **color** is a property, and **red** is the property value
- **text-align** is a property, and **center** is the property value