

CSS Google Fonts

If you do not want to use any of the standard fonts in HTML, you can use Google Fonts. Google Fonts are free to use, and have more than 1000 fonts to choose from.

How To Use Google Fonts

Just add a special style sheet link in the <head> section and then refer to the font in the CSS.

Example

Here, we want to use a font named "Sofia" from Google Fonts:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Sofia">
<style>
body {
  font-family: "Sofia", sans-serif;
}
</style>
</head>
```

Result:

Sofia Font

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

123456790

Example

Here, we want to use a font named "Trirong" from Google Fonts:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Trirong">
<style>
body {
  font-family: "Trirong", serif;
}
</style>
</head>
```

Result:

Trirong Font

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

123456790

Example

Here, we want to use a font named "Audiowide" from Google Fonts:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Audiowide">
<style>
body {
  font-family: "Audiowide", sans-serif;
}
</style>
</head>
```

Result:

Audiowide Font

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

123456790

Note: When specifying a font in CSS, always list at minimum one fallback font (to avoid unexpected behaviors). So, also here you should add a generic font family (like serif or sans-serif) to the end of the list.

Use Multiple Google Fonts

To use multiple Google fonts, just separate the font names with a pipe character (|), like this:

Example

Request multiple fonts:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Audiowide|Sofia|Trirong">
<style>
h1.a {font-family: "Audiowide", sans-serif;}
h1.b {font-family: "Sofia", sans-serif;}
h1.c {font-family: "Trirong", serif;}
</style>
</head>
```

Result:

Audiowide Font

Sofia Font

Trirong Font

Note: Requesting multiple fonts may slow down your web pages! So be careful about that.

Styling Google Fonts

Of course you can style Google Fonts as you like, with CSS!

Example

Style the "Sofia" font:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Sofia">
<style>
body {
  font-family: "Sofia", sans-serif;
  font-size: 30px;
  text-shadow: 3px 3px 3px #ababab;
}
</style>
</head>
```

Result:

Sofia Font

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

123456790

Enabling Font Effects

Google have also enabled different font effects that you can use.

First add `effect=effectname` to the Google API, then add a special class name to the element that is going to use the special effect. The class name always starts with `font-effect-` and ends with the `effectname`.

Example

Add the fire effect to the "Sofia" font:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Sofia&effect=fire">
```

```
<style>
body {
  font-family: "Sofia", sans-serif;
  font-size: 30px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<h1 class="font-effect-fire">Sofia on Fire</h1>
```

```
</body>
```

Result: Sofia on Fire

To request multiple font effects, just separate the effect names with a pipe character (|), like this:

Example

Add multiple effects to the "Sofia" font:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Sofia&effect=neon|outline|emboss|shadow-multiple">
<style>
body {
  font-family: "Sofia", sans-serif;
  font-size: 30px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<h1 class="font-effect-neon">Neon Effect</h1>
```

```
<h1 class="font-effect-outline">Outline Effect</h1>
```

```
<h1 class="font-effect-emboss">Emboss Effect</h1>
```

```
<h1 class="font-effect-shadow-multiple">Multiple Shadow Effect</h1>
```

```
</body>
```

Result:

Emboss Effect

Multiple Shadow Effect