#### **CSS Fonts**

Choosing the right font for your website is important!

### **Font Selection is Important**

Choosing the right font has a huge impact on how the readers experience a website.

The right font can create a strong identity for your brand.

Using a font that is easy to read is important. The font adds value to your text. It is also important to choose the correct color and text size for the font.

### **Generic Font Families**

In CSS there are five generic font families:

- 1. **Serif** fonts have a small stroke at the edges of each letter. They create a sense of formality and elegance.
- 2. **Sans-serif** fonts have clean lines (no small strokes attached). They create a modern and minimalistic look.
- 3. **Monospace** fonts here all the letters have the same fixed width. They create a mechanical look.
- 4. **Cursive** fonts imitate human handwriting.
- 5. Fantasy fonts are decorative/playful fonts.

All the different font names belong to one of the generic font families.

## **Difference Between Serif and Sans-serif Fonts**



Note: On computer screens, sans-serif fonts are considered easier to read than serif fonts. Some Font Examples

Generic Font Family	<b>Examples of Font Names</b>
Serif	Times New Roman Georgia Garamond
Sans-serif	Arial Verdana Helvetica
Monospace	Courier New Lucida Console Monaco
Cursive	Brush Script MT Lucida Handwriting
Fantasy	Copperplate Papyrus

The CSS font-family Property

In CSS, we use the font-family property to specify the font of a text.

The font-family property should hold several font names as a "fallback" system, to ensure maximum compatibility between browsers/operating systems. Start with the font you want, and end with a generic family (to let the browser pick a similar font in the generic family, if no other fonts are available). The font names should be separated with comma.

Note: If the font name is more than one word, it must be in quotation marks, like: "Times New Roman".

# **Example**

Specify some different fonts for three paragraphs:

```
.p1 {
  font-family: "Times New Roman", Times, serif;
}
.p2 {
  font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
}
.p3 {
  font-family: "Lucida Console", "Courier New", monospace;
}
```