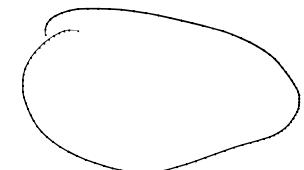


Modern Symmetric Key Cryptography (cipher)

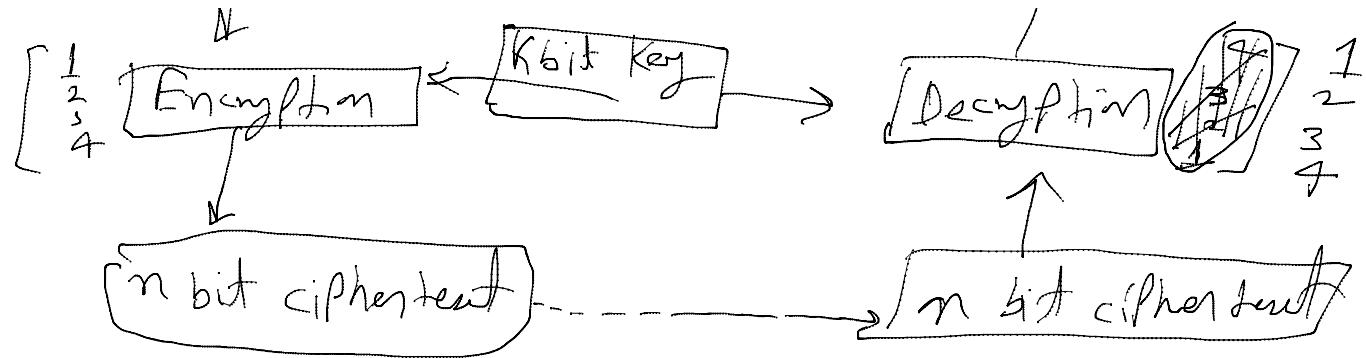


character oriented cipher: only for text based data

bit oriented cipher \Rightarrow Increase security

\rightarrow Convenient for graphical, audio & video files.





If msg has few bit than n bits (n is block size), padding must be added to make it n-bit block. If msg has more than n bit, it should be divided into the blocks (n bit)

Q. The plaintext msg = 100 char, block size is 64 bits, char encoding is 8 bit ASCII. find

- ① Total No. of Block.
- ② Padding bits required for last block. 32

Sol: total No. of char = 800

$\therefore 1 \text{ block size} = 64$

① Total block = 800

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ Total block} = \underline{800}$$

$$64 =$$

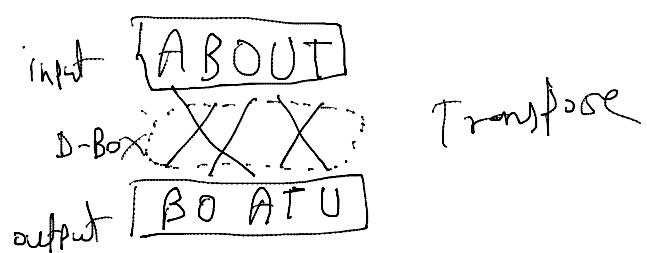
$$\textcircled{2} \text{ Padding bits in last block} = 800 \bmod 64 = 32$$

Padding bit = $64 - 32 = 32$

Block size bit its last
Block

Components of modern block cipher:

\textcircled{1} D-Boxe) (Diffusion Box) If transpose bits



Transpose

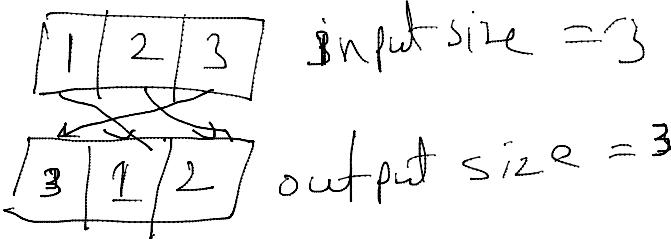
1	2	3	4	5
3	1	2	5	4

Transpose table

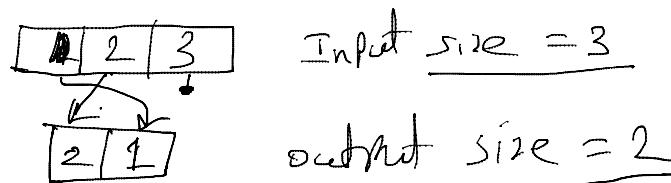
D-Box are three types

D-Box are three types:

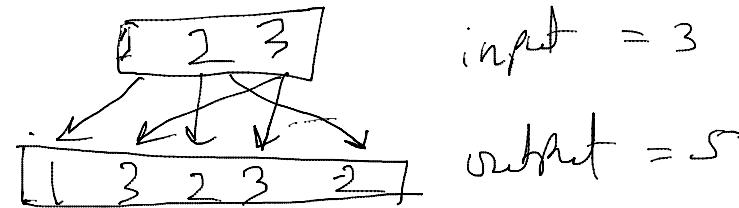
① straight D-Box :



② Compression D-Box :



③ Expansion D-Box :



② S-Box : (substitution Box) :

\downarrow

Replaced by other

n input : $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$

M output : $y_1, y_2, y_3, \dots, y_m$

$$y_i = f_i(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

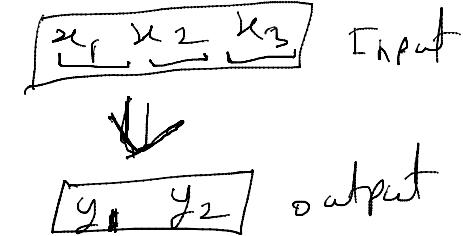
(a) Linear S-Box :

(b) Non linear S-Box:

Ex: (1) Input $X = \{x_1, x_2, x_3\}$

Output $Y = \{y_1, y_2\}$

$$(a) f_L^n = \begin{cases} y_1 = x_1 \oplus x_2 \oplus x_3 \\ y_2 = x_1 \end{cases}$$



$$(b) f_2^n = \begin{cases} y_1 = x_1 \cdot x_2 \\ y_2 = x_1 + x_2 \cdot x_3 \end{cases}$$

$$y_3 =$$

Left most bit X right most bit

↓

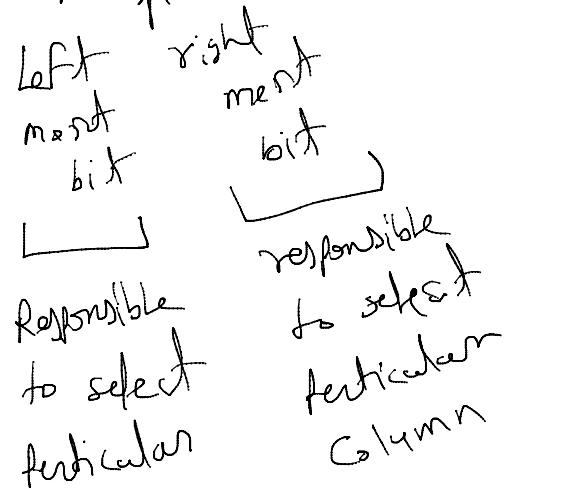
(c)

	00	01	10	11
0	00	10	01	11
1	10	00	11	01

S-Box table

Suppose input $\{x_1, x_2, x_3\} = \{\uparrow \downarrow \circ \uparrow \downarrow\}$

then output = ?



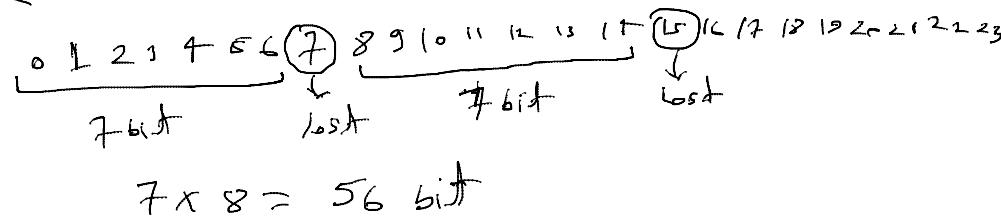
Row in
S-box table

Intersection of Row & Column
would be result output of
given input.

DES (Data Encryption Algorithm):

- Developed by NIST (National Institute of standard technology)
- Symmetric key Block cipher
- It is implementation of Feistel cipher Model.

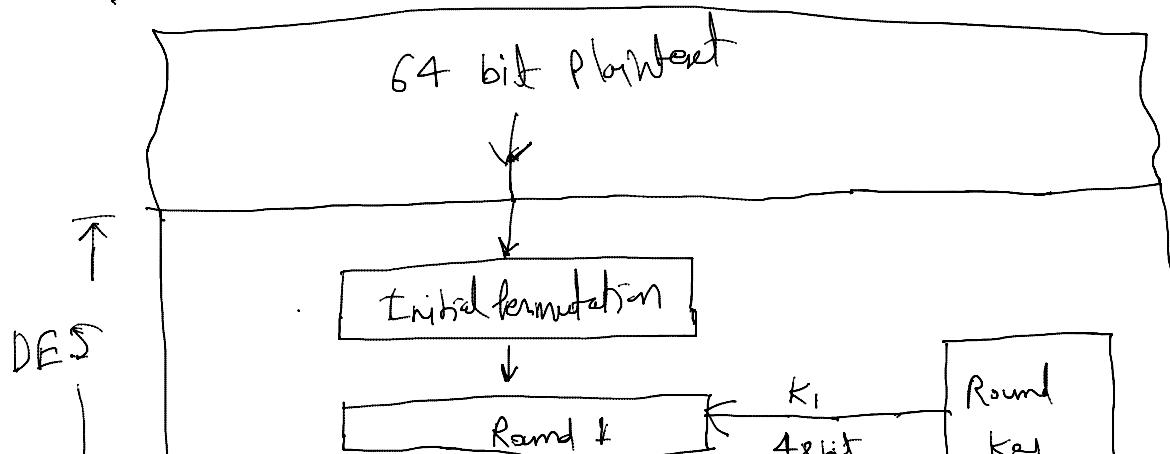
- DES has 16 Round.
- Block size is 64 bit. (Plaintext & Ciphertext)
- Key length is 56 bit. (Original key is 64 bit but 8 bit are not used)

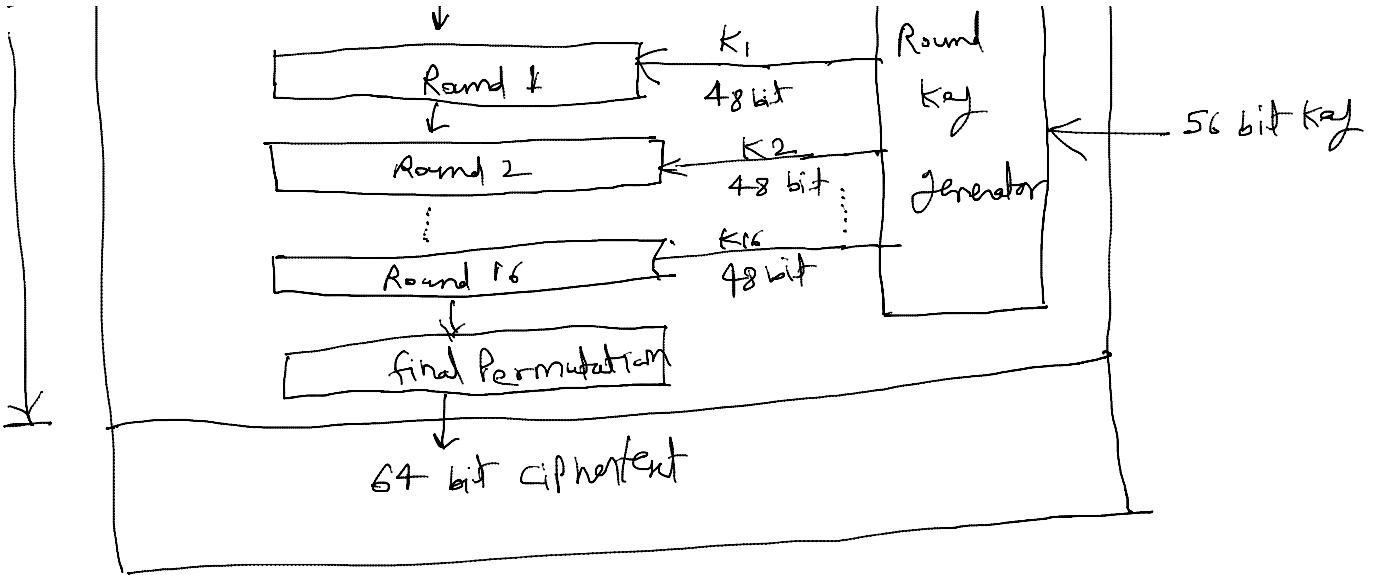


Main functionality of DES:

- ① Round function
- ② Key schedule
- ③ Additional processing (Initial & final permutation)

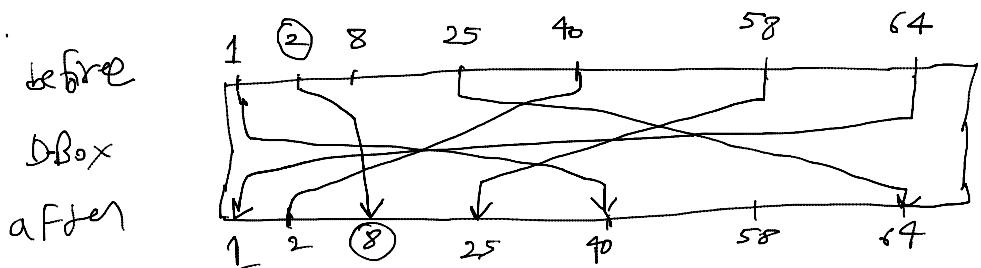
Structure of DES:





① Initial permutation:

Initial & final Permutation are Straight permutation Box used to apply substitution operation on plaintext/intermediate text. [D-Box] (straight)



D^{-1}
Box (output)

	3	8	25	40	64
	40	2	59	1	25