



Experiment - 5

Student Name: Himanshu Gupta

UID: 23BCS10889

Branch: BE-CSE

Section/Group: KRG_2B

Semester: 5th

Date of Performance: 22/9/25

Subject Name: ADBMS

Subject Code: 23CSP-333

1. Problem Description/Aim:

Medium-Problem Title: Generate 1 million records per ID in 'transaction_data' using generate_series() and random(), create a normal view and a materialized view 'sales_summary' with aggregated metrics (total_quantity_sold, total_sales, total_orders), and compare their performance and execution time.

Procedure (Step-by-Step):

1. Create a large dataset:
 - Create a table names transaction_data (id, value) with 1 million records.
 - take id 1 and 2, and for each id, generate 1 million records in value column
 - Use Generate_series () and random() to populate the data.
2. Create a normal view and materialized view to for sales_summary, which includes total_quantity_sold, total_sales, and total_orders with aggregation.
3. Compare the performance and execution time of both.

Sample Output Description:

The transaction_data table has 2 million rows (1 million per ID) with random values. The normal view sales_summary computes aggregates on the fly, while the materialized view sales_summary_mv stores precomputed results. Queries on the materialized view are much faster, but it needs refreshing when data changes, whereas the normal view always shows up-to-date results.

Hard-Problem Title: Create restricted views in the sales database to provide summarized, non-sensitive data to the reporting team, and control access using DCL commands(GRANT and REVOKE).

Procedure (Step-by-Step):

1. Create restricted views-
 - Define views that show only **aggregated sales data** (e.g., total_sales, total_orders) without exposing sensitive columns like customer details or payment info.

2. Assign access to reporting team(or client)-
 - Use “GRANT SELECT ON view_name TO reporting_user;” to give access.
3. Revoke access if needed.
 - Use “REVOKE SELECT ON view_name FROM reporting_user;” to remove access.
4. Verify access
 - Reporting users can query the view but cannot access base tables directly, ensuring security.

Sample Output Description:

The result shows the restricted view providing summarized sales data only like

- Columns shown are - product_id, total_quantity_sold, total_sales, total_orders
- Columns hidden are - Customer names, addresses, payment details

A reporting user querying the view sees something like :

- Product 101 - 5000 units sold, total sales Rs. 12,50,000, 500 orders.
- Product 102 - 3200 units sold, total sales Rs. 8,60,000, 320 orders.

When the user tries to query the base “sales_transactions” table directly, access is denied, enforcing security.

2. **Objective:** To design and implement secure, efficient data access mechanisms by creating large-scale transaction datasets, summarizing them through normal and materialized views for performance comparison, and enforcing restricted access to sensitive data using views and DCL commands.



3. SQL QUERY AND OUTPUTS -

MEDIUM LEVEL PROBLEM

```
Create table TRANSACTION_DATA(id int, val decimal);
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION_DATA(ID, VAL)
SELECT 1, RANDOM()
FROM GENERATE_SERIES(1, 1000000);
```

```
INSERT INTO TRANSACTION_DATA(ID, VAL)
SELECT 2, RANDOM()
FROM GENERATE_SERIES(1, 1000000);
SELECT * FROM TRANSACTION_DATA;
```

```
CREATE or REPLACE VIEW SALES_SUMMARY AS
SELECT
ID,
COUNT(*) AS total_quantity_sold,
sum(val) AS total_sales,
count(distinct id) AS total_orders
FROM TRANSACTION_DATA
GROUP BY ID;
```

```
EXPLAIN ANALYZE
SELECT * FROM SALES_SUMMARY;
```












```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW SALES_SUMM AS
SELECT
ID,
COUNT(*) AS total_quantity_sold,
sum(val) AS total_sales,
count(distinct id) AS total_orders
FROM TRANSACTION_DATA
GROUP BY ID;
```

```
EXPLAIN ANALYZE
SELECT * FROM SALES_SUMM;
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

Data Output		Messages	Notifications
         			Shi
	QUERY PLAN text 		
1	Seq Scan on sales_summ_mv (cost=0.00..20.20 rows=1020 width=52) (actual time=0.011..0.011 rows=2 loops=...		
2	Planning Time: 0.671 ms		
3	Execution Time: 0.022 ms		

OUTPUT -

As we can see that the execution time using the materialized view is very less as compared to the simple view's execution time.

HARD PROBLEM

```
CREATE TABLE customer_data (  
    transaction_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    customer_name VARCHAR(100),  
    email VARCHAR(100),  
    phone VARCHAR(15),  
    payment_info VARCHAR(50), -- sensitive  
    order_value DECIMAL,  
    order_date DATE DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO customer_data (customer_name, email, phone, payment_info, order_value)  
VALUES
```

```
('Himanshu Gupta', 'himanshu@example.com', '9876543210', '1234-5678-9012-3456', 1000),  
( 'Jaskirat Singh', 'jaskirat@example.com', '9123456789', '2345-6789-0123-4567', 800),  
( 'Devjot Singh', 'devjot@example.com', '9988776655', '3456-7890-1234-5678', 1200),  
( 'Kashish Mittal', 'kashish@example.com', '9012345678', '4567-8901-2345-6789', 950),  
( 'Dhruv Kumar', 'dhruv@example.com', '9876501234', '5678-9012-3456-7890', 400),  
( 'Hemant Verma', 'hemant@example.com', '9765432109', '6789-0123-4567-8901', 700);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW RESTRICTED_SALES_DATA AS
```

```
SELECT  
CUSTOMER_NAME,  
COUNT(*) AS total_orders,  
SUM(order_value) as total_sales  
from customer_data  
group by customer_name;
```

```
select * from restricted_sales_data;
```

```
CREATE USER CLIENT1 WITH PASSWORD MYPASSWORD;  
GRANT SELECT ON RESTRICTED_SALES_DATA TO CLIENT1;  
REVOKE SELECT ON RESTRICTED_SALES_DATA FROM CLIENT1;
```



OUTPUT

test/postgres@PostgreSQL 17

No limit

E

Query Query History

23 CUSTOMER_NAME,

24 COUNT(*) AS total_orders,

25 SUM(order_value) as total_sales

26 from customer_data

27 group by customer_name;

28

29 select * from restricted_sales_data;

30

31 CREATE USER CLIENT1 WITH PASSWORD 'MYREPORT';

32 GRANT SELECT ON RESTRICTED_SALES_DATA TO CLIENT1;

33 REVOKE SELECT ON RESTRICTED_SALES_DATA FROM CLIENT1;

34

35

Data Output Messages Notifications

SQL

Showing rows: 1 to 6 Page No:

	customer_name character varying (100)	total_orders bigint	total_sales numeric
1	Kashish Mittal	1	950
2	Devjot Singh	1	1200
3	Himanshu Gupta	1	1000
4	Dhruv Kumar	1	400
5	Jaskirat Singh	1	800
6	Hemant Verma	1	700

30

31 CREATE USER CLIENT1 WITH PASSWORD 'MYREPORT';

32 GRANT SELECT ON RESTRICTED_SALES_DATA TO CLIENT1;

33 REVOKE SELECT ON RESTRICTED_SALES_DATA FROM CLIENT1;

34

35

Data Output Messages Notifications

GRANT

Query returned successfully in 81 msec.