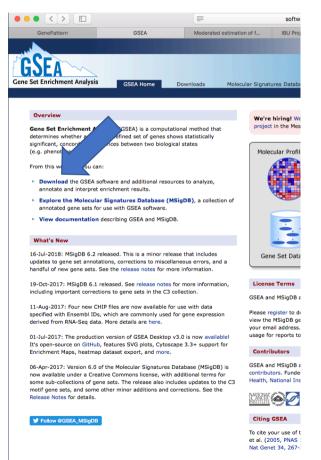
How to run gene set enrichment analysis on the results of DESeq2 of differential gene expression analysis with using Broads GSEA app (GSEAPreranked)

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#### Download



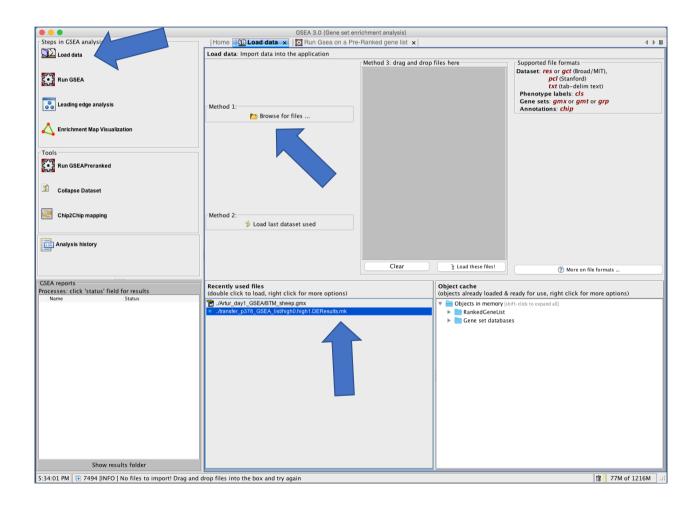
- log in here:
   http://software.broadinstitute.org/gsea/login.jsp
- click download
- choose memory option suitable for your computer

#### **Downloads**

We're hiring! We are looking for a curator to join the GSEA-MSigDB project in the Mesirov Lab at UC San Diego. There are several options for GSEA software. All options implement exactly the same algorithm. Usage recommendations and installation instructions are listed below. Current Java implementations of GSEA require Java 8. See the license terms page for details about the license for the GSEA software and source code. Please note that the license terms vary for different versions of javaGSEA Easy-to-use graphical user interface. **Desktop Application** 1GB (for 32 or 64-bit Java) 💠 memory: Runs on any deskton computer (Windows, macOS, Linux etc.) that supports Java 8. Oracle Java is recommended as there are known issues when running with OpenJDK. Java 9 and higher are not supported at this Produces richly annotated reports of enrichment results. ► This release is open source under a BSD-style license. The source is available on our GitHub repository. The changes are noted in the Release Notes. We recommend using a memory configuration smaller than you computer's total memory. iavaGSEA Command line or offline usage. See our User Guide for details. Java Jar file gsea-3.0.jar Runs on any platform that supports Java 8. Oracle Java is recommended as there are known issues when running with OpenJDK. Java 9 and higher are not supported at this time.

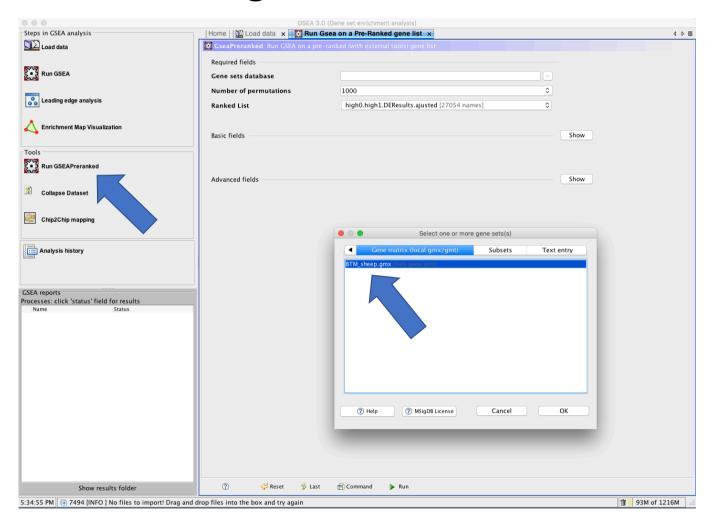
We recommend using the 'Launch' buttons above instead of this mode for

#### 1. Load data

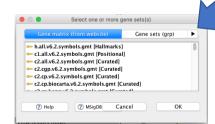


- click "load data"
- import your files using methods 1,2 or 3. These files are:
  - ranked gene list (required)
  - custom gene set (optional)
- a message will tell you if upload was successful. It should say "there were NO errors".
- you can now see the uploaded files in the bottom left field

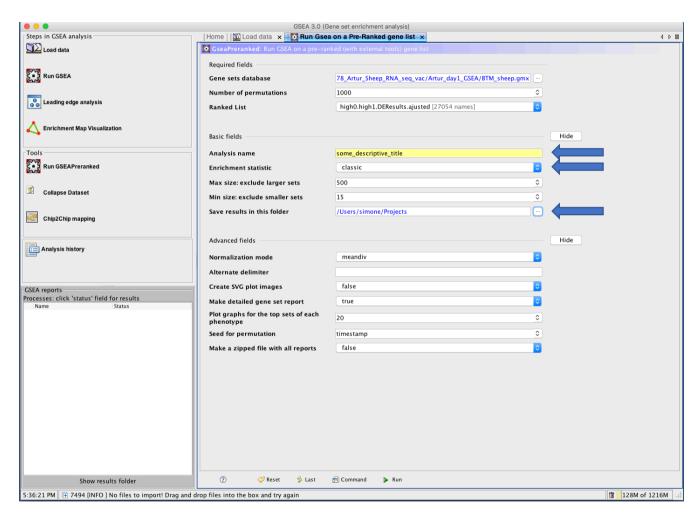
## 2. Choose gene set



- click on "Run GSEAPreranked"
- click on the button with the three dots right to "Gene sets database"
- choose the gene set you would like to use
- if you want to use a custom gene set (loaded in step 1) click on the arrow to get to "Gen matrix (local)" where you can choose the gene sets which have been loaded locally

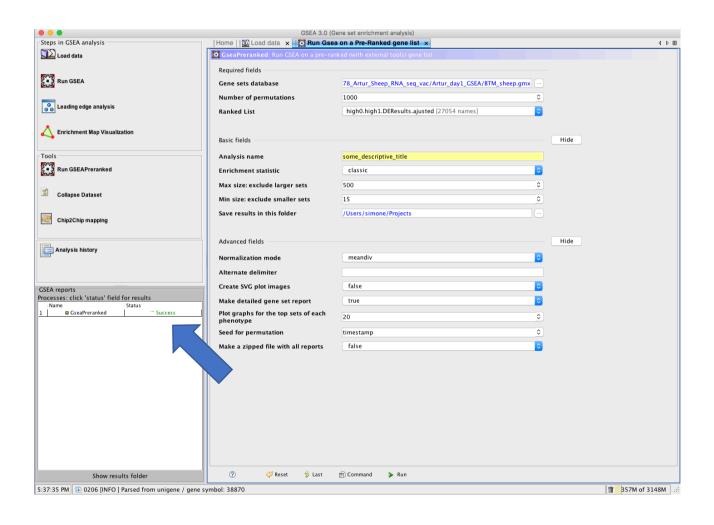


# 3. Run analysis



- blue arrows: adjust the parameters and fill out text fields
- adjust additional parameters if you wish to.
   For more information check the <u>GSEA user</u> guide

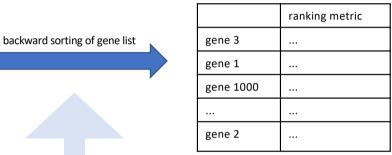
### 4. Successful run



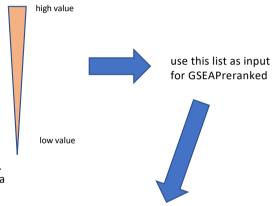
# How to create a ranked gene list for GSEA

	pvalue	adjusted pvalue	
gene 1	:		
gene 2	:		
gene 3			
gene 1000			

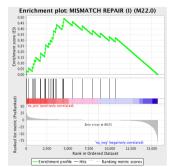
**Results of differential gene expression analysis**, e.g. with DESeq2. In this example the list is sorted according to gene name



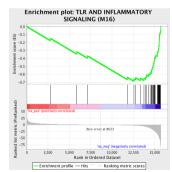
Ranked gene list according to ranking metric. Ranking metric can be e.g. pvalue, a score of a statistical test or log2Foldchange



important: choose your ranking metric depending on your research question. When analyzing results of DESeq2 it is handy to arrange the genes in the ranked list so that the significantly differentially expressed genes are located at the tails of the list, e.g. the sign. differentially expressed genes with a positive foldchange at the top and sign. differentially expressed genes with a negative fold change at the bottom of the list. Arranging genes in this way will make the interpretation of GSEA results easier. A possible metric to achieve this would be log2foldchange or a signed pvalue (see next slide)



enriched in differentially expressed genes with positive fold change



enriched in differentially expressed genes with negative fold change

## How to create a ranked gene list for GSEA (cont.)

In our view a suitable ranking metric for DESeq2 results is a "signed" pvalue or "signed" adjusted pvalue, which means that we add a sign (+ or -) to the pvalue in order to indicate the direction of fold change (positive or negative).

For technical reasons, GSEA requires backward sorting. Therefore, we need to convert the pvalues so that the resulting "signed" pvalue is large for small pvalues and small for large pvalue (see below for example).

indicates direction of fold change			the lowe	the lower the more significant the higher the more significant			
	Log2Foldchange	signFC	pvalue	-log(pvalue)*signFC			-log(pvalue)*signFC
gene 3	positive	1	0.001	6.907755		gene 3	6.907755
gene 1	positive	1	0.002	6.214608		gene 1	6.214608
gene 1000	positive	1	0.009	4.710531		gene 1000	4.710531
gene 2	negative	-1	0.001	-6.907755		gene 2	-6.907755

information see DESeq2 vignette.

Please note: When using adjusted pvalue as ranking metric there is a possibility of duplicate ranking (two genes have the same rank). This can happen if two (in rare cases three) genes have a very similar pvalue, which serves as bases for calculating the adjusted pvalue. GSEA does not resolve ties. In the case of a tie, the order of genes will be arbitrary. However, if two genes have almost the same pvalue, the order of how they appear in the ranking list is probably not that crucial. If you want to avoid the problem of duplicate ranking you can use the pvalue instead of the adjusted pvalue as ranking metric.

The number of genes in the ranked gene list is most probably smaller than the DESeq2 result list. The reason is that DESeq2 applies a filter to genes with zero or very low expression and outliers. These genes will not have a pvalue and/or an adjusted pvalue (indicated with "NA" in the DESeq2 result list). For more

# Important!

- the pre-ranked list must have the ending .rnk (NOT .txt)
- the pre-ranked list has to be sorted
- the pre-ranked list should have column headers
- the pre-ranked list can only consist of two columns