# Software Construction Example CPU Simulator

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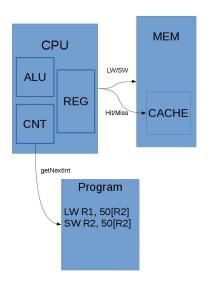
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#### **ILOs**

How to use the following concepts in a program;

- interfaces
- classes
- abstractions
- testing

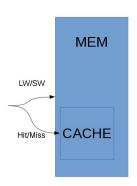
# Specification



- Three main modules: memory, CPU and program
- Memory has a cache (which can be enabled)
- For simplicity:
  - Instructions are basically strings with op code and registers
  - Instructions are not stored in memory
  - memory only support LW and SW (no LH, LB etc)
  - Only few instructions (LW, SW, ADD, SUB, MUL, LI)
  - Only a data memory

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# Specification: Memory module



- Memory module only store data
- The size is determined at the time creating a machine (example: put things together like setting up a computer)
- Initially all memory locations are stored with zeros
- Trying to access memory address zero should throw an exception

#### How to start?

#### begin with defining interfaces!

```
import java.io.IOException;// IOExceptins

public interface MemInterface {
  int lw(String address) throws IOException;
  void sw(String address, int val) throws IOException;
  int cacheHits();
  int cacheMisses();
};
```

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## Implementation memory module

see RAM.java

```
public class RAM implements MemInterface {
 int cacheHits, cacheMiss;
 int sizeOfRAM;
 Map<String, Integer> memory;
 public RAM(int sizeInMB) {
   cacheHits = cacheMiss = 0:
   sizeOfRAM = sizeInMB * 1024 * 1024;//size in bytes
   memory = new HashMap<String, Integer>();
}
```

### Implementation memory module ...

see RAM.java

```
public int cacheHits() { return this.cacheHits; }
public int cacheMisses() { return this.cacheMiss; }
private boolean withinMemory(String address) throws
    IOException {
 int addr:
 try {
   addr = Integer.parseInt(address);
 } catch(NumberFormatException e) {
   throw new IOException();
 }
 return (addr > 0) && (addr < this.sizeOfRAM);</pre>
```

### Implementation memory module ...

see RAM.java

```
public int lw(String address) throws IOException {
 if(!withinMemory(address)) throw new IOException();
 Integer val = memory.get(address);
 if(val == null) return 0;
 else return (int) val;
}
public void sw(String address, int val) throws IOException {
 if(!withinMemory(address)) throw new IOException();
 memory.put(address, new Integer(val));
}
```