

# **EE387 – SIGNAL PROCESSING**

## **LAB 3**

**WIMALASIRI KPGP**

**E/14/403**

**SEMESTER 6**

**01/01/2019**

# EE 387 – Signal Processing

## Lab 3: System Functions and Frequency Response

### 1. Objectives

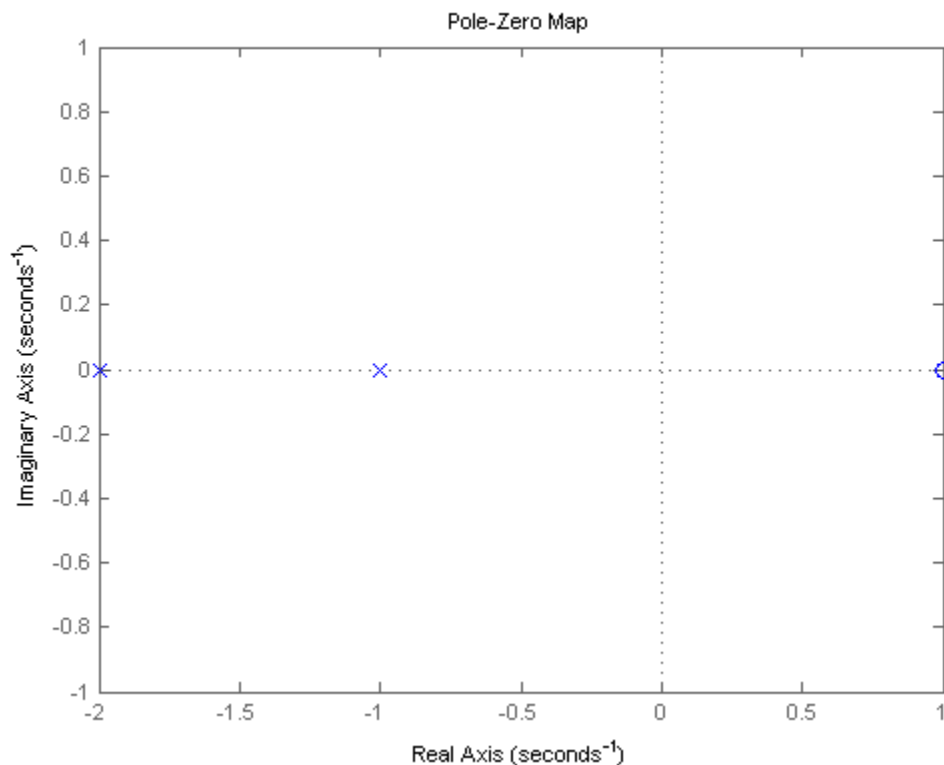
1. Learn MATLAB basics to use system functions.
2. Use MATLAB to determine the frequency response of a given LTI system.

### 2. Procedure

#### PART 1: Pole-Zero Diagrams in MATLAB.

##### Part 1 code

```
clear all;  
close all;  
b = [1 -1]; % Numerator coefficients  
a = [1 3 2]; % Denominator coefficients  
zs = roots(b); % Generates Zeros  
ps = roots(a); % Generates poles  
pzmap(ps,zs); % generates pole-zero diagram
```



## Exercise

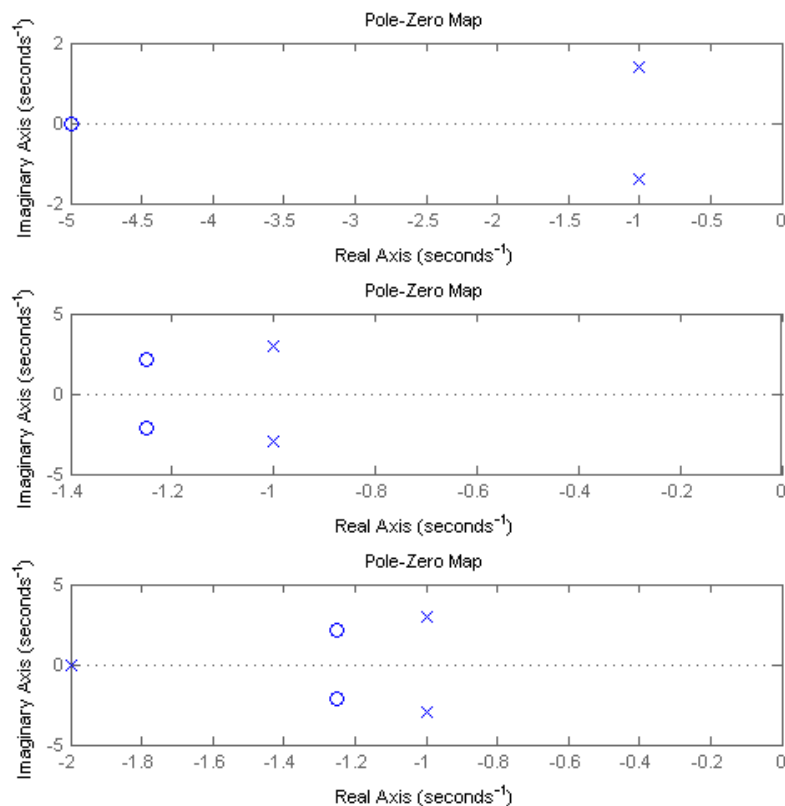
### Part 1 Exercise code

```
clear all;
close all;

b1 = [1 5]; % Numerator coefficients
a1 = [1 2 3]; % Demoninator coefficients
zs1 = roots(b1); % Generetes Zeros
ps1 = roots(a1); % Generetes poles
subplot(3,1,1) % Subplotting as the 1st plot
pzmap(ps1,zs1); % generates pole-zero diagram

b2 = [2 5 12]; % Numerator coefficients
a2 = [1 2 10]; % Demoninator coefficients
zs2 = roots(b2); % Generetes Zeros
ps2 = roots(a2); % Generetes poles
subplot(3,1,2) % Subplotting as the 2nd plot
pzmap(ps2,zs2); % generates pole-zero diagram

b3 = [2 5 12]; % Numerator coefficients
a3 = [1 4 14 20]; % Demoninator coefficients
zs3 = roots(b3); % Generetes Zeros
ps3 = roots(a3); % Generetes poles
subplot(3,1,3) % Subplotting as the 3rd plot
pzmap(ps3,zs3); % generates pole-zero diagram
```



## PART 2: Frequency Response and Bode Plots in MATLAB

### Part 2 code

```
clear all;
close all;

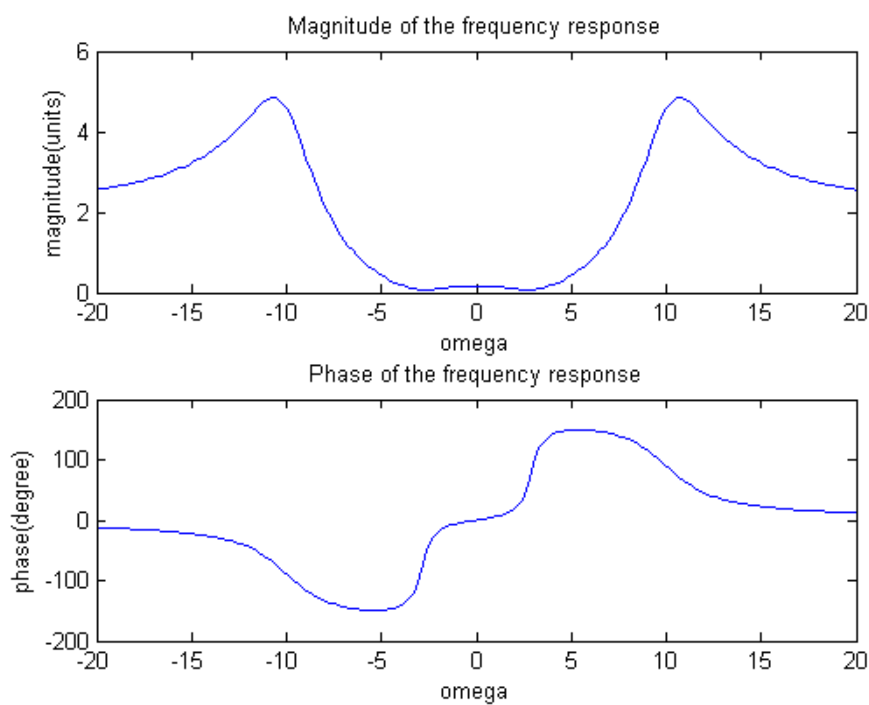
b = [2 2 17]; % Numerator coefficients
a = [1 4 104]; % Denominator coefficients
omega = linspace(-20,20,200); % taking 200 points between -20 and 20
H = freqs(b,a,omega); % evaluate the frequency response of a Laplace transform.

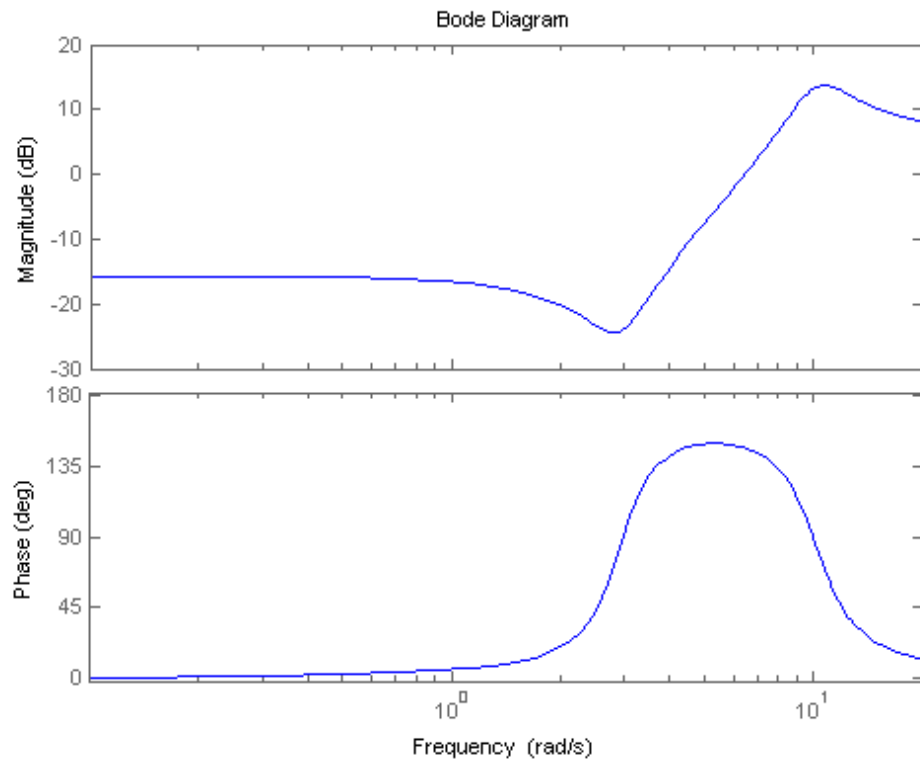
magnitude = abs(H); % taking the absolute value
phase = angle(H); % taking the phase
phaseDegree = phase*180/pi; % converting phase from radians to degree

subplot(2,1,1);
plot(omega,magnitude); % plotting the magnitude
title('Magnitude of the frequency response')
xlabel('omega')
ylabel('magnitude(units)')

subplot(2,1,2);
plot(omega, phaseDegree); % plotting the phase
title('Phase of the frequency response')
xlabel('omega')
ylabel('phase(degree)')

figure
h = tf(b,a); % taking denominator and the numerator for bode function
bode(h,omega) % plotting the bode diagram
```





## Exercise

1.

### Part 2 exercise 1 code

```
clear all;
close all;

omega = linspace(-20,20,200); % taking 200 points between -20 and 20

b0 = [1 -1]; % Numerator coefficients
a0 = [1 2 2]; % Demoninator coefficients

b1 = [1 5]; % Numerator coefficients
a1 = [1 2 3]; % Demoninator coefficients

b2 = [2 5 12]; % Numerator coefficients
a2 = [1 2 10]; % Demoninator coefficients

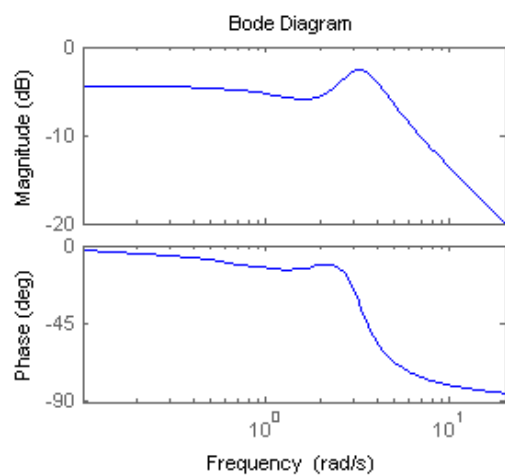
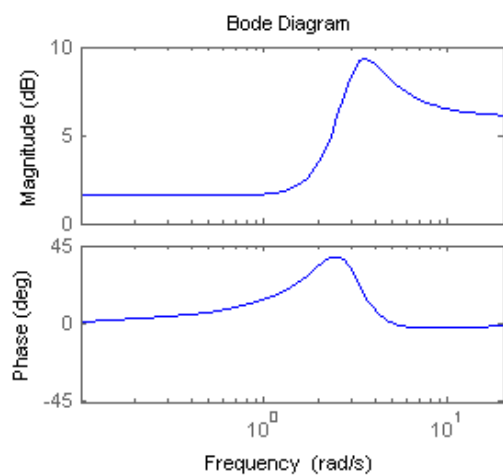
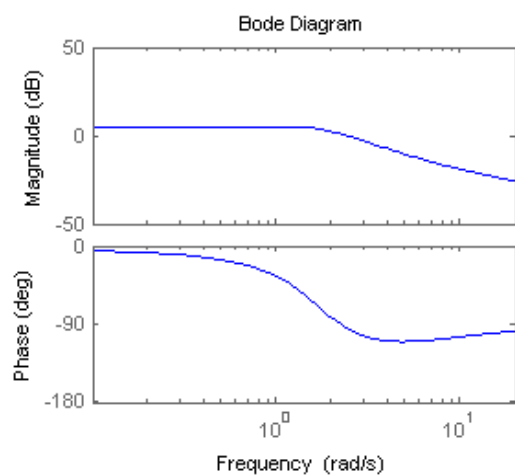
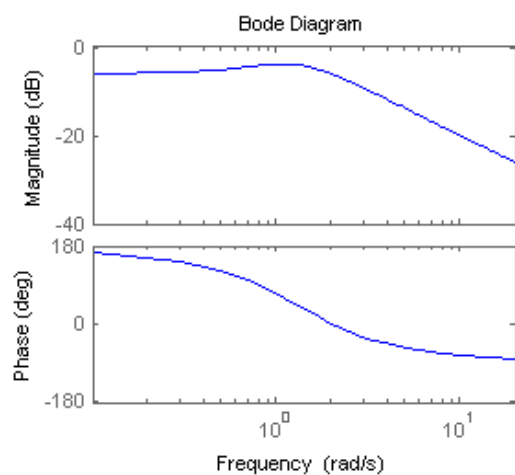
b3 = [2 5 12]; % Numerator coefficients
a3 = [1 4 14 20]; % Demoninator coefficients

h0 = tf(b0,a0); % taking denominator and the nominator for bode
function
subplot(2,2,1);
bode(h0,omega)

h1 = tf(b1,a1); % taking denominator and the nominator for bode
function
subplot(2,2,2);
bode(h1,omega)

h2 = tf(b2,a2); % taking denominator and the nominator for bode
function
subplot(2,2,3);
bode(h2,omega)

h3 = tf(b3,a3); % taking denominator and the nominator for bode
function
subplot(2,2,4);
bode(h3,omega)
```



## Part 2 exercise 2 code

```
clear all;
close all;

syms t;
syms s; % make s and t symbolic

Hs0 = (s - 1)/(s.^2 + 2*s + 2);
Hs1 = (s + 5)/(s.^2 + 2*s + 3);
Hs2 = (2*s.^2 + 5*s + 12)/(s.^2 + 2*s + 10);
Hs3 = (2*s.^2 + 5*s + 12)/(s.^3 + 4*s.^2 + 14*s + 20);

x1 = sin(2*pi*(403*1*10^3)*t);
x2 = sin(2*pi*(403*2*10^3)*t);
x3 = sin(2*pi*(403*3*10^3)*t); % 3 inputs

xs1 = laplace(x1);
xs2 = laplace(x2);
xs3 = laplace(x3); % taking laplace of 3 inputs

fprintf('For system 0\n');
y1 = ilaplace(xs1*Hs0)
y2 = ilaplace(xs2*Hs0)
y3 = ilaplace(xs3*Hs0) % multiply and taking inverse laplace transform

fprintf('For system 1\n');
y1 = ilaplace(xs1*Hs1)
y2 = ilaplace(xs2*Hs1)
y3 = ilaplace(xs3*Hs1) % multiply and taking inverse laplace transform

fprintf('For system 2\n');
y1 = ilaplace(xs1*Hs2)
y2 = ilaplace(xs2*Hs2)
y3 = ilaplace(xs3*Hs2) % multiply and taking inverse laplace transform

fprintf('For system 3\n');
y1 = ilaplace(xs1*Hs3)
y2 = ilaplace(xs2*Hs3)
y3 = ilaplace(xs3*Hs3) % multiply and taking inverse laplace transform
```



>> part2Exercise2

For system 0

y1 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (409082165317530642026436756516327176396537558204416 * \sin((5437694194922373 * t) / 21474836 \\ & 48)) / 874297266029962144282139211060749075087149924261646770298427505 - \\ & (345282212457348656681932658933449339231662620181006385152 * \cos((5437694194922373 * t) / 21 \\ & 47483648)) / 874297266029962144282139211060749075087149924261646770298427505 + \\ & (345282212457348656681932658933449339231662620181006385152 * \exp(-t) * (\cos(t) - \\ & (59137036314994171872947846678066 * \sin(t)) / 29568518157474027506381786399513)) / 8742972660 \\ & 29962144282139211060749075087149924261646770298427505 \end{aligned}$$

y2 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (20454108265878127174916779724863843388299214323712 * \sin((5437694194922373 * t) / 107374182 \\ & 4)) / 174859453205992428856427826261413865598439510006644630695550589 - \\ & (34528221245751021362669947701419550401059451822973911040 * \cos((5437694194922373 * t) / 107 \\ & 3741824)) / 174859453205992428856427826261413865598439510006644630695550589 + \\ & (34528221245751021362669947701419550401059451822973911040 * \exp(-t) * (\cos(t) - \\ & (11827407262997450868784041119242 * \sin(t)) / 5913703631497572512887413712645)) / 17485945320 \\ & 5992428856427826261413865598439510006644630695550589 \end{aligned}$$

y3 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (56178886228303779784999709912741725311009292288 * \sin((1019567661547945 * t) / 134217728)) / 1 \\ & 080598122382003037286158742298348347198539098856541497455649 - \\ & (142251888066918720506107626610020189160800140069437440 * \cos((1019567661547945 * t) / 13421 \\ & 7728)) / 1080598122382003037286158742298348347198539098856541497455649 + \\ & (142251888066918720506107626610020189160800140069437440 * \exp(-t) * (\cos(t) - \\ & (2079036432948725879424086410018 * \sin(t)) / 1039518216474272867719495795089)) / 108059812238 \\ & 2003037286158742298348347198539098856541497455649 \end{aligned}$$

For system 1

y1 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (115094070819313677382025886187617314473693193231008792576 * \exp(-t) * (\cos(2^{1/2} * t) + \\ & (59137036314966501756837282350642 * 2^{1/2} * \sin(2^{1/2} * t)) / 2956851815752475605258448766645 \\ & 7)) / 291432422009896474279531422871369067765956749944687760568835451 - \\ & (136360721772418054201104498004921061509333082177536 * \sin((5437694194922373 * t) / 21474836 \\ & 48)) / 291432422009896474279531422871369067765956749944687760568835451 - \\ & (115094070819313677382025886187617314473693193231008792576 * \cos((5437694194922373 * t) / 21 \\ & 47483648)) / 291432422009896474279531422871369067765956749944687760568835451 \end{aligned}$$

y2 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (57547035409609717915455954486924359176324793017957351424 * \exp(-t) * (\cos(2^{1/2} * t) + \\ & (59137036314980336814892564514354 * 2^{1/2} * \sin(2^{1/2} * t)) / 2956851815750054470098774387996 \\ & 1)) / 291432422009964654640417625252329641090379845956407125708201339 - \\ & (34090180443124451970212898239323822483237475713024 * \sin((5437694194922373 * t) / 107374182 \\ & 4)) / 291432422009964654640417625252329641090379845956407125708201339 - \end{aligned}$$

(57547035409609717915455954486924359176324793017957351424\*cos((5437694194922373\*t)/1073741824))/291432422009964654640417625252329641090379845956407125708201339

y3 =

(142251888066945837302867193855460047193413731724820480\*exp(-t)\*(cos(2^(1/2)\*t) + (2079036432948617793033029518114\*2^(1/2)\*sin(2^(1/2)\*t))/1039518216474471026103100096913)/1080598122381965584695339874301726377472828602577906233373729 - (56178886228299561043802150365293544282741800960\*sin((1019567661547945\*t)/134217728))/1080598122381965584695339874301726377472828602577906233373729 - (142251888066945837302867193855460047193413731724820480\*cos((1019567661547945\*t)/134217728))/1080598122381965584695339874301726377472828602577906233373729

For system 2

y1 =

(349718906411384870537057053492873943267099903618382828351995130\*sin((5437694194922373\*t)/2147483648))/174859453205556074546756172495179664811506930130420974550359677 - (69056442491232781150728531934928826170565740231393280000\*cos((5437694194922373\*t)/2147483648))/174859453205556074546756172495179664811506930130420974550359677 + (69056442491232781150728531934928826170565740231393280000\*exp(-t)\*(cos(3\*t) - (17741110894478882480606958974223\*sin(3\*t))/5913703631474514082795276773125))/174859453205556074546756172495179664811506930130420974550359677

y2 =

(1748594532059174304594529527329249963792961721779429203050508514\*sin((5437694194922373\*t)/1073741824))/874297266029416701395049161343193854179022335334404318351857777 - (172641106228607012947313488599747100957943019236864557056\*cos((5437694194922373\*t)/1073741824))/874297266029416701395049161343193854179022335334404318351857777 + (172641106228607012947313488599747100957943019236864557056\*exp(-t)\*(cos(3\*t) - (88705554472456670164283564607819\*sin(3\*t))/29568518157462498291335717929753))/874297266029416701395049161343193854179022335334404318351857777

y3 =

(432239248952718819214661991026282517188917233057597652571354\*sin((1019567661547945\*t)/134217728))/216119624476340683311921563299682318852950365696839307414125 - (28450377613372897382517698423828094619114591351734272\*cos((1019567661547945\*t)/134217728))/216119624476340683311921563299682318852950365696839307414125 + (28450377613372897382517698423828094619114591351734272\*exp(-t)\*(cos(3\*t) - (3118554649422710516767430493363\*sin(3\*t))/1039518216473876550952287191441))/216119624476340683311921563299682318852950365696839307414125

For system 3

y1 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (11677359366420320646856704 \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot t)) / 29568518157510920994529205502745 - \\ & (81675866947957871544361827132073119878697642280391982095268338992681641127775987721 \\ & 8304 \cdot \cos((5437694194922373 \cdot t) / 2147483648)) / 10340669834241832018504042425298145562681788 \\ & 19784201680606348472966318955697154976237472162673 + \\ & (483838137323507249862282877900717366232314773267554077168777781551846439421739008 \cdot \sin((5437694194922373 \cdot t) / 2147483648)) / 10340669834241832018504042425298145562681788197842 \\ & 01680606348472966318955697154976237472162673 + \\ & (345282212457133247422243568159121119526420089449362751488 \cdot \exp(-t) \cdot (\cos(3 \cdot t) - \\ & (27670116110564327424 \cdot \sin(3 \cdot t)) / 29568518157455580762308076847897)) / 87429726602778037273 \\ & 3780862475898324057534650652104872751798385 \end{aligned}$$

y2 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (5838679683210160323428352 \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot t)) / 29568518157497085936473923339033 - \\ & (10209483368506676441682237148321263734585750389818331593272461321510249571434371471 \\ & 114240 \cdot \cos((5437694194922373 \cdot t) / 1073741824)) / 258516745856408679065593818412549247489220 \\ & 07192836856361711850003601698502614291029034568709641 + \\ & (3023988358274042689954218405106377869243504299714201729542614259363661950134255616 \cdot \sin((5437694194922373 \cdot t) / 1073741824)) / 2585167458564086790655938184125492474892200719283 \\ & 6856361711850003601698502614291029034568709641 + \\ & (172641106228728180655888602160306724542141942773414100992 \cdot \exp(-t) \cdot (\cos(3 \cdot t) - \\ & (6917529027641081856 \cdot \sin(3 \cdot t)) / 29568518157483250878418641175321)) / 874297266029416701395 \\ & 049161343193854179022335334404318351857777 \end{aligned}$$

y3 =

$$\begin{aligned} & (136844055075238140968960 \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot t)) / 1039518216474416982907571650961 - \\ & (59149371589366449074048461960999711708995154435396852419274068042777271826577883136 \\ & \cdot \cos((1019567661547945 \cdot t) / 134217728)) / 2246602865807664215158125967849402891794108922919 \\ & 33156899690603544648558120107233981224125 + \\ & (11679795123111217194630447719577341720229790680686041569267858485665754775552 \cdot \sin((1019567661547945 \cdot t) / 134217728)) / 224660286580766421515812596784940289179410892291933156 \\ & 899690603544648558120107233981224125 + \\ & (28450377613381771970548102249608411793424494075314176 \cdot \exp(-t) \cdot (\cos(3 \cdot t) - \\ & (108086391056891904 \cdot \sin(3 \cdot t)) / 1039518216474200810125457867153)) / 21611962447634068331192 \\ & 1563299682318852950365696839307414125 \end{aligned}$$

### Part 3 code

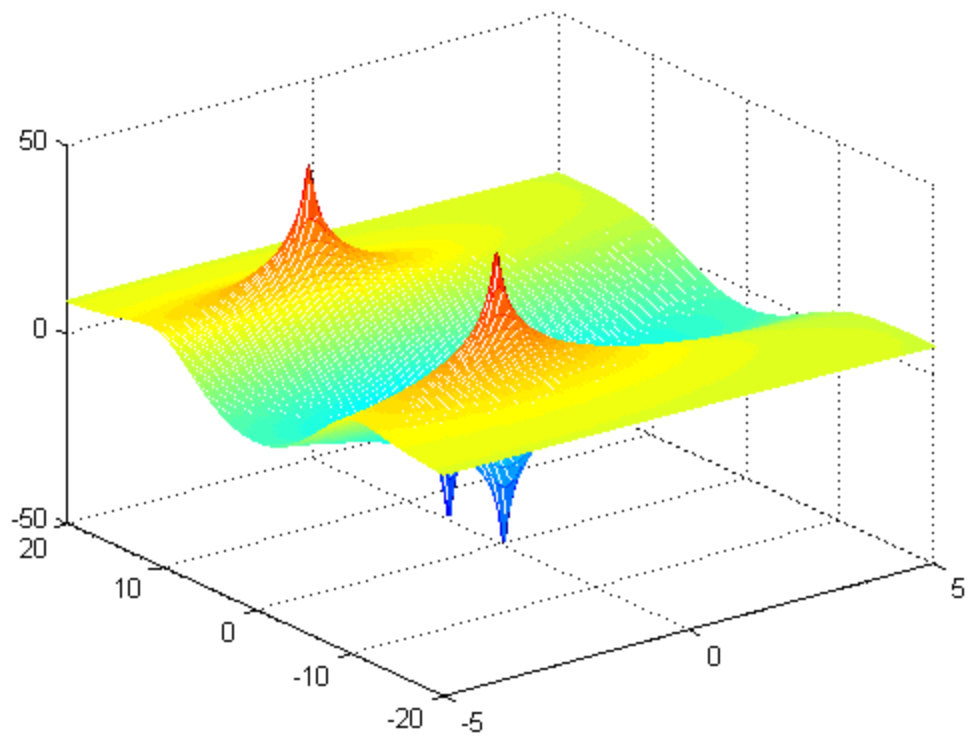
```
clear all;
close all;

omega = linspace(-20,20,200);
sigma = linspace(-5,5,200);
b = [2 2 17]; % Numerator coefficients from part 2
a = [1 4 104]; % Demoninator coefficients from part 2

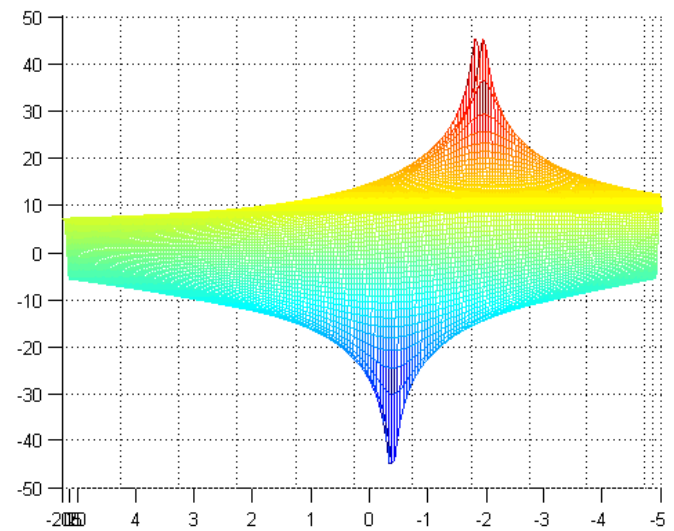
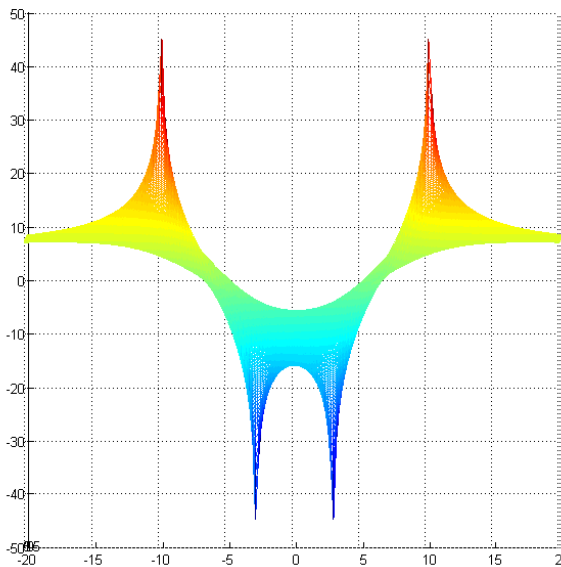
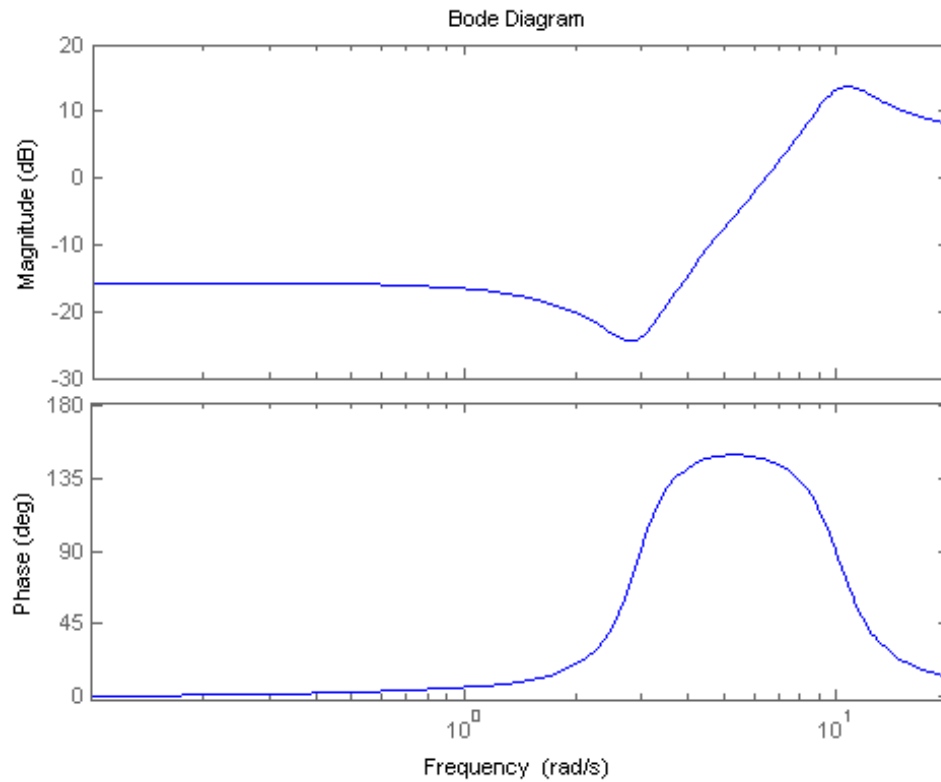
[sigmagrid,omegagrid] = meshgrid(sigma,omega);

sgrid = sigmagrid+j*omegagrid;

H1 = polyval(b,sgrid)./polyval(a,sgrid);
mesh(sigma,omega,20*log10(abs(H1)));
```



Reddish upward pointed shape represents the poles and bluish downward pointed shapes represents zeros.



As the sigma and omega represents the real and imaginary parts respectively, surface diagram is an addition of phase and magnitude. However, surface diagram is symmetric around imaginary axis.