

Exercise 1: Use the following commands to view details of the processing running on your system. Note the PIDs.

- I. `top` shows you details of active processes. The processes are sorted by CPU usage by default. Sort them by memory usage.
Command => `top -o %MEM`

```

top - 07:36:08 up 14 days, 20:00, 4 users, load average: 0.60, 0.62, 0.34
Tasks: 484 total, 2 running, 480 sleeping, 2 stopped, 0 zombie
Mem: 2641186k total, 1472867k used, 2403895k free, 673572 buffers
Kib Swap: 25009766k total, 0 used, 25009766k free, 6590692 cached Mem

  PID USER      PR  NI   VIRT    RES    SHR   S   %CPU  %MEM    TIME+  COMMAND
 34617 kibana    20   0 1354712 199520 13688   S   0.3   0.1   1:55.43 node
 1855  root      20   0 3036868 51360 14892   S   0.3   0.0 31:43:51 dockerd
50199  mysql    20   0 552144 51204 7056    S   0.0   0.0 4:14.63 mysqld
4759  lightdm   20   0 543792 37896 17540   S   0.0   0.0 3:01.76 lightdm-gtk-gre
2152  root      20   0 2822096 29568 4612    S   0.0   0.0 15:21.43 docker-containe
4541  root      20   0 352800 25160 15168   S   0.0   0.0 0:11.86 Xorg
2386  root      20   0 407652 21936 18596   S   0.0   0.0 1:01.41 sssd_nss
2137  root      20   0 439848 13648 8320    S   0.0   0.0 1:01:52 sssd_be
4742  root      20   0 201256 9668 3296    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:32 lightdm
1711  root      20   0 325496 9256 6984    S   0.0   0.0 0:01.65 smbdc
2387  root      20   0 393648 8980 5776    S   0.0   0.0 0:35.08 sssd_pam
1922  root      20   0 413124 8668 5996    S   0.0   0.0 0:45.35 sssd
5445  redis     20   0 37396 7468 1088    S   0.0   0.0 78:08.22 redis-server
4793  lightdm   20   0 555800 7200 3980    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:01 indicator-sound
4570  root      20   0 282776 6552 3036    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:35 polkitd
48153 e15154    20   0 45408 6472 1960    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:07 bash
47727 e14403    20   0 45400 6456 1952    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:06 bash
47046 e14403    20   0 45400 6452 1952    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:05 bash
47381 e14403    20   0 45400 6452 1952    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:06 bash
47486 e14403    20   0 68060 5700 2900    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:03 vim
5366  root      20   0 17104 5624 0        S   0.0   0.0 0:00:10 vmnet-dhcpd
48173 e15154    20   0 68004 5556 2924    T   0.0   0.0 0:00:04 vim
48288 e15154    20   0 67952 5464 2780    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:03 vim
4792  lightdm   20   0 283540 5340 2668    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:00 indicator-power
48178 e15154    20   0 67904 5220 2672    T   0.0   0.0 0:00:02 vim
4762  lightdm   20   0 337484 5212 2668    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:00 at-spi-bus-lau
4777  lightdm   20   0 280140 5184 2540    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:00 gvfsd-fuse
46868 root      20   0 147788 4936 3692    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:01 sshd
47269 root      20   0 147788 4936 3692    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:01 sshd
47494 root      20   0 147784 4928 3692    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:01 sshd
4795  lightdm   20   0 286804 4860 3912    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:00 indicator-appli
4544  root      20   0 301672 4844 3424    S   0.0   0.0 1:08.71 accounts-daemon
48033 root      20   0 147788 4804 3568    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:01 sshd
46988 root      20   0 147788 4768 3532    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:00 sshd
47325 root      20   0 147788 4768 3532    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:01 sshd
47606 root      20   0 147784 4764 3532    S   0.0   0.0 0:00:00 sshd

```

- II. Run `ps` with the following options: `-a`, `-x`, `-u`, `-w`. What is the name of the process with PID 1?

 - `ps -a` => select all the processes except both session leaders and processes not associated with the terminal
 - `ps -x` => view all processes owned by the current user

```

e14403@aiken:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ps -a
  PID TTY          TIME CMD
 47486 pts/3    00:00:00 vim
 48493 pts/8    00:00:00 ps
e14403@aiken:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ps -x
  PID TTY          STAT TIME COMMAND
 46987 ?        S      0:00 sshd: e14403@pts/1
 47044 ?        S      0:00 sshd: e14403@notty
 47045 ?        Ss     0:00 /usr/lib/openssh/sftp-server
 47046 pts/1    Ss+    0:00 -bash
 47324 ?        S      0:00 sshd: e14403@pts/3
 47380 ?        S      0:00 sshd: e14403@notty
 47381 pts/3    Ss     0:00 -bash
 47382 ?        Ss     0:00 /usr/lib/openssh/sftp-server
 47486 pts/3  Ss+    0:00 vim lab01.c
 47695 ?        S      0:00 sshd: e14403@pts/8
 47715 ?        S      0:00 sshd: e14403@notty
 47726 ?        Ss     0:00 /usr/lib/openssh/sftp-server
 47727 pts/8    Ss     0:00 -bash
 48494 pts/8    R+     0:00 ps -x
e14403@aiken:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ps -u
USER      PID %CPU %MEM    VSZ   RSS TTY      STAT START   TIME COMMAND
e14403    47046  0.0  0.0  45400  6452 pts/1    Ss+   05:49   0:00 -bash
e14403    47381  0.0  0.0  45400  6452 pts/3    Ss    06:21   0:00 -bash
e14403    47486  0.0  0.0  68060  5700 pts/3    S+    06:35   0:00 vim lab01.c
e14403    47727  0.0  0.0  45400  5456 pts/8    Ss    06:40   0:00 -bash
e14403    48495  0.0  0.0  38796  1416 pts/8    R+    07:43   0:00 ps -u
e14403@aiken:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ps -w
  PID TTY          TIME CMD
 47727 pts/8    00:00:00 bash
 48496 pts/8    00:00:00 ps
e14403@aiken:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$

```

- `ps -u` => Select by effective user ID (EUID) or name. This selects the processes whose effective user name or ID is in user list.
- `ps -w` => adjusting the window size
- `ps -eaf` => gives all the processes in the order of the PID

```
e14403@aiken:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ps -eaf
UID      PID  PPID  C  STIME TTY      TIME  CMD
root      1      0  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:29 /sbin/init
root      2      0  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:00 [kthreadd]
root      3      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:01:01 [ksoftirqd/0]
root      5      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:00 [kworker/0:0H]
root      6      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:01:02 [kworker/u128:0]
root      8      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:10:19 [rcu_sched]
root      9      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:34 [rcuos/0]
root     10      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:30 [rcuos/1]
root     11      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:31 [rcuos/2]
root     12      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:40 [rcuos/3]
root     13      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:29 [rcuos/4]
root     14      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:27 [rcuos/5]
root     15      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:31 [rcuos/6]
root     16      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:59 [rcuos/7]
root     17      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:29 [rcuos/8]
root     18      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:29 [rcuos/9]
root     19      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:31 [rcuos/10]
root     20      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:30 [rcuos/11]
root     21      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:29 [rcuos/12]
root     22      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:28 [rcuos/13]
root     23      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:30 [rcuos/14]
root     24      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:27 [rcuos/15]
root     25      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:02 [rcuos/16]
root     26      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:25 [rcuos/17]
root     27      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:01:03 [rcuos/18]
root     28      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:03 [rcuos/19]
root     29      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:03 [rcuos/20]
root     30      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:03 [rcuos/21]
root     31      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:03 [rcuos/22]
root     32      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:08 [rcuos/23]
root     33      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:04 [rcuos/24]
root     34      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:14 [rcuos/25]
root     35      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:07 [rcuos/26]
root     36      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:06 [rcuos/27]
root     37      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:05 [rcuos/28]
root     38      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:05 [rcuos/29]
root     39      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:05 [rcuos/30]
root     40      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:07 [rcuos/31]
root     41      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:00 [rcuos/32]
root     42      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:00 [rcuos/33]
root     43      2  0  Oct22 ?        00:00:00 [rcuos/34]
```

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The name of the process with PID = 1 is "init" (/sbin/init is the path)

Exercise 2:

```
int main(void) {
    int pid;
    pid = fork();
    if (pid < 0) {
        perror("fork");
        exit(1); }
    if (pid == 0)
        puts("This is the child process");
    else
        puts("This is the parent process");
    return 0; }
```

- I. In what order are the messages from parent and child printed? Is the order always the same?

"This is the parent process

This is the child process"

Order is same always.

- II. How many children will the following program spawn? Draw a diagram illustrating the parent-child relationships between processes.

```
int main(void) {
    for (int i=0; i<3 ; i++)
        fork();
}
```

When we run the given code, it runs and dies within milliseconds. Therefore any information about the process is hard to gain. To avoid the particular situation code must be modified as follows.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
        fork();
    while (1);

    return 0;
}
```

After running this code enter command `ps -afx` to visualize the processes.

Here is the results.

When loop reduced to once. (fork is done once)

```

ubuntu@ubuntu: /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD545/CO327/Lab01
2408 ?      Ssl      0:28    \_ /usr/bin/compiz
2423 ?      Ssl      0:01    \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity/unity-panel-service
2578 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-udisks2-volume-monitor
2591 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-source-registry
2604 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-mtp-volume-monitor
2608 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-gphoto2-volume-monitor
2612 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-goa-volume-monitor
2616 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-afc-volume-monitor
2624 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory
2639 ?      Sl       0:00    | \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory-su
2651 ?      Sl       0:00    | \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory-su
2626 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-trash --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/gv
2648 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-addressbook-factory
2673 ?      Sl       0:00    | \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-addressbook-factory
2662 ?      Ssl      0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-metadata
2699 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/notify-osd
2961 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-network --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/
3050 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-dnssd --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/gv
3111 ?      S        0:00    \_ /bin/sh -c /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/zeitgeist/zeitg
3115 ?      Sl       0:00    | \_ /usr/bin/zeitgeist-daemon
3122 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/zeitgeist-fts
3371 ?      Sl       0:26    \_ /usr/lib/firefox/firefox
3520 ?      Sl       0:17    | \_ /usr/lib/firefox/plugin-container -greomni /usr/
3404 ?      S        0:00    \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/gconf/gconfd-2
3791 ?      Ssl      0:02    \_ /usr/lib/gnome-terminal/gnome-terminal-server
3799 pts/2    Ss       0:00    | \_ bash
4359 pts/2    R+       0:09    | | \_ ./ex2
4360 pts/2    R+       0:09    | | \_ ./ex2
4137 pts/4    Ss       0:00    | \_ bash
4361 pts/4    R+       0:00    | \_ ps -afx
3817 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-scope-home/unity-sco
3828 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/bin/unity-scope-loader applications/application
3830 ?      Sl       0:00    \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-lens-files/unity-fil
3870 ?      Sl       0:07    \_ gedit
2351 ?      Ssl      0:00    /usr/lib/upower/upowerd
2411 ?      Ssl      0:00    /usr/lib/rtkit/rtkit-daemon
2431 ?      Ssl      0:00    /usr/lib/colord/colord
2539 ?      Sl       0:00    /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-greeter-session-broadcas
2592 ?      Ssl      0:00    /usr/lib/udisks2/udisksd --no-debug
3745 ?      Ss       0:00    /sbin/mount.ntfs /dev/sda7 /media/ubuntu/D0AE6562AE6541D
3762 ?      Ss       0:00    /sbin/mount.ntfs /dev/sda8 /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD54
ubuntu@ubuntu: /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD545/CO327/Lab01$

```

Two processes.

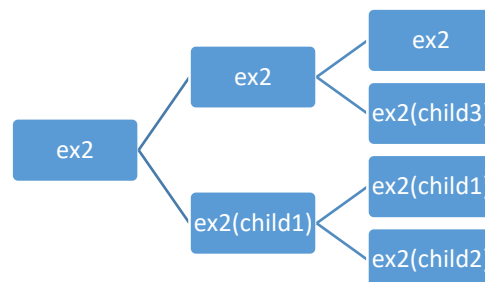
When looping happen twice. (Fork is called twice)

```

ubuntu@ubuntu: /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD545/CO327/Lab01
2591 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-source-registry
2604 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-mtp-volume-monitor
2608 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-gphoto2-volume-monitor
2612 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-goa-volume-monitor
2616 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-afc-volume-monitor
2624 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory
2639 ?      Sl     0:00  |   \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory-su
2651 ?      Sl     0:00  |   \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory-su
2626 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-trash --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/gv
2648 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-addressbook-factory
2673 ?      Sl     0:00  |   \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-addressbook-factory
2662 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-metadata
2699 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/notify-osd
2961 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-network --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/gv
3050 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-dnssd --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/gv
3111 ?      S      0:00  \_ /bin/sh -c /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/zeitgeist/zeitg
3115 ?      Sl     0:00  |   \_ /usr/bin/zeitgeist-daemon
3122 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/zeitgeist-fts
3371 ?      Sl     0:28  \_ /usr/lib/firefox/firefox
3520 ?      Sl     0:18  |   \_ /usr/lib/firefox/plugin-container -greomni /usr/
3404 ?      S      0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/gconf/gconfd-2
3791 ?      Ssl    0:03  \_ /usr/lib/gnome-terminal/gnome-terminal-server
3799 pts/2   Ss      0:00  |   \_ bash
4435 pts/2   R+      0:04  |       \_ ./ex2
4436 pts/2   R+      0:04  |           \_ ./ex2
4438 pts/2   R+      0:04  |               \_ \_ ./ex2
4437 pts/2   R+      0:04  |                   \_ \_ ./ex2
4137 pts/4   Ss      0:00  |   \_ bash
4439 pts/4   R+      0:00  |       \_ ps -afx
3817 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-scope-home/unity-sco
3828 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/bin/unity-scope-loader applications/application
3830 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-lens-files/unity-fil
3870 ?      Sl     0:07  \_ gedit
4374 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-lens-music/unity-mus
2351 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/upower/upowerd
2411 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/rtkit/rtkit-daemon
2431 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/colord/colord
2539 ?      Sl     0:00  /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-greeter-session-broadcas
2592 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/udisks2/udisksd --no-debug
3745 ?      Ss      0:00  /sbin/mount.ntfs /dev/sda7 /media/ubuntu/D0AE6562AE6541D
3762 ?      Ss      0:00  /sbin/mount.ntfs /dev/sda8 /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD54
ubuntu@ubuntu: /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD545/CO327/Lab01$

```

Four ends. Which means 3 different child processes + original process.



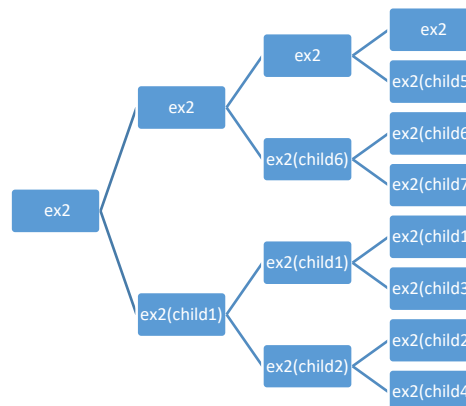
When looping happens 3 times. (Fork is called 3 times)

```

ubuntu@ubuntu: /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD545/CO327/Lab01
2616 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfs-afc-volume-monitor
2624 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory
2639 ?      Sl     0:00  | \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory-su
2651 ?      Sl     0:00  | \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-calendar-factory-su
2626 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-trash --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/gv
2648 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-addressbook-factory
2673 ?      Sl     0:00  | \_ /usr/lib/evolution/evolution-addressbook-factory
2662 ?      Ssl    0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-metadata
2699 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/notify-osd
2961 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-network --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/
3050 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/gvfs/gvfsd-dnssd --spawner :1.7 /org/gtk/gv
3111 ?      S      0:00  \_ /bin/sh -c /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/zeitgeist/zeitg
3115 ?      Sl     0:00  | \_ /usr/bin/zeitgeist-daemon
3122 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/zeitgeist-fts
3371 ?      Sl     0:28  \_ /usr/lib/firefox/firefox
3520 ?      Sl     0:18  | \_ /usr/lib/firefox/plugin-container-greomni /usr/
3404 ?      S      0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/gconf/gconfd-2
3791 ?      Ssl    0:03  \_ /usr/lib/gnome-terminal/gnome-terminal-server
3799 pts/2   Ss      0:00  \_ bash
4498 pts/2   R+      0:01  | \_ ./ex2
4499 pts/2   R+      0:01  | | \_ ./ex2
4502 pts/2   R+      0:01  | | | \_ ./ex2
4504 pts/2   R+      0:01  | | | | \_ ./ex2
4503 pts/2   R+      0:01  | | | | \_ ./ex2
4500 pts/2   R+      0:01  | | | \_ ./ex2
4505 pts/2   R+      0:01  | | \_ ./ex2
4501 pts/2   R+      0:01  | \_ ./ex2
4137 pts/4   Ss      0:00  \_ bash
4506 pts/4   R+      0:00  | \_ ps -afx
3817 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-scope-home/unity-sco
3828 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/bin/unity-scope-loader applications/application
3830 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-lens-files/unity-fil
3870 ?      Sl     0:07  \_ gedit
4374 ?      Sl     0:00  \_ /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-lens-music/unity-mus
2351 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/upower/upowerd
2411 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/rtkit/rtkit-daemon
2431 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/colord/colord
2539 ?      Sl     0:00  /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/unity-greeter-session-broadcas
2592 ?      Ssl    0:00  /usr/lib/udisks2/udisksd --no-debug
3745 ?      Ss      0:00  /sbin/mount.ntfs /dev/sda7 /media/ubuntu/D0AE6562AE6541D
3762 ?      Ss      0:00  /sbin/mount.ntfs /dev/sda8 /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD54
ubuntu@ubuntu: /media/ubuntu/BE18701F186FD545/CO327/Lab01$

```

8 ends. Which means 7 child processes + original process.



Exercise 3: Modify the program in section 1.1 so that the parent always prints its message after the child. Refer to man 2 wait for details.

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#include<sys/types.h>

#include<sys/wait.h>

int main(void){
    int pid;
    pid = fork();
    wait(NULL);          //wait is put here
    if(pid < 0){
        perror("fork");
        exit(1);
    }
    if(pid == 0)
        puts("This is the child process");
    else
        puts("This is the parent process");
    return 0;
}
```

Exercise 4:

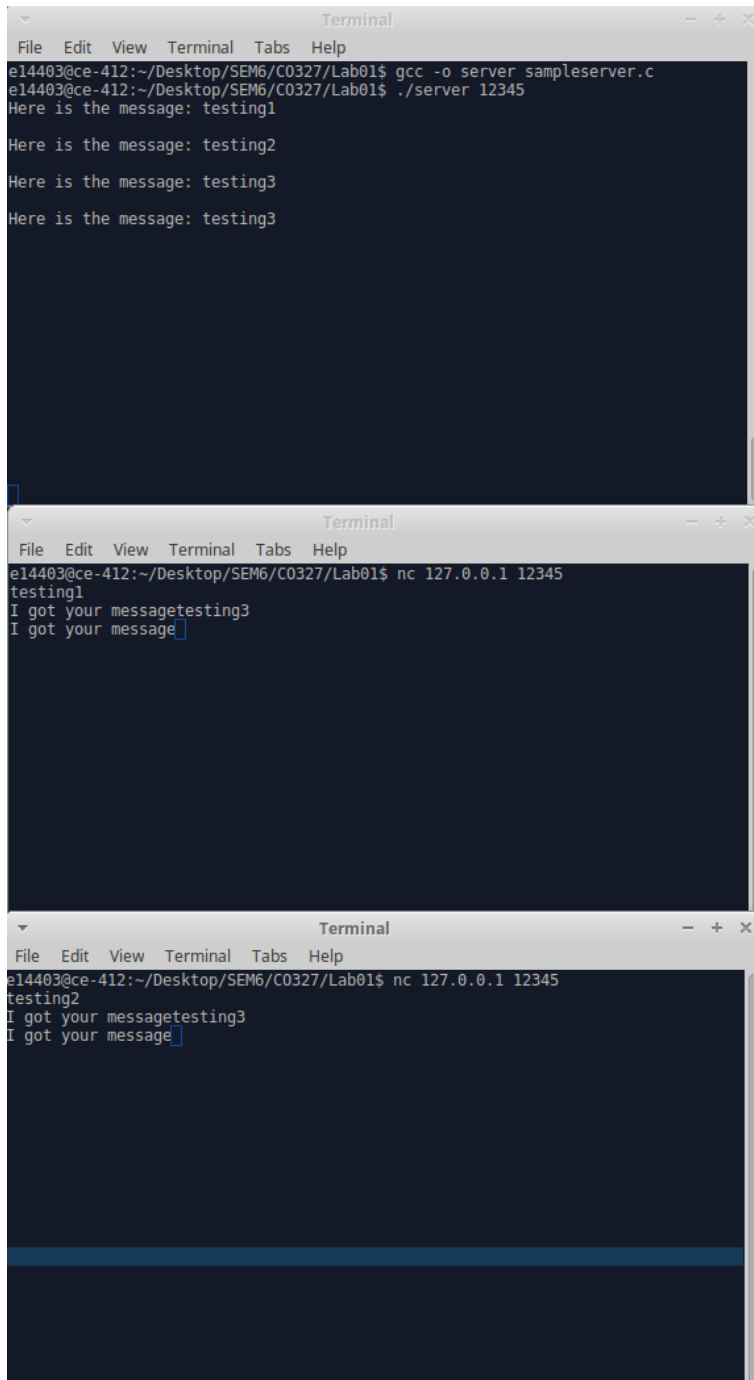
- i. Compile and run the above code giving it a path as an argument. How many times is the message "Program ls has terminated" printed?
Message "Program ls has terminated" didn't appear at any moment.
- ii. Write a very simple shell that repeatedly prompts the user for a command and runs it with any arguments given. Make sure your shell waits until the command has completed before prompting the user for the next command.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main(char argc,char **argv){
    char str[50];
    int pid;
    while(1){
        pid = fork();
        wait(NULL);
        if(pid < 0){
            perror("fork");
            exit(1);
        }
        if(pid == 0){
            printf("Enter the command :");
            scanf("%[^\n]", str);

            execlp("/bin/sh","/bin/sh", "-c", str,(char *)NULL);
            puts("Program has terminated");
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```


Exercise 5:

- i. Open three terminals and run the server in one. Use nc() to connect as two clients concurrently on port 12345. Type some text in both clients and examine the client and server outputs.



The image shows three terminal windows stacked vertically. The top window is the server, the middle is client 1, and the bottom is client 2. The server window shows the compilation of 'sampleserver.c' and the execution of './server 12345'. It then displays four lines of 'Here is the message:' followed by 'testing1', 'testing2', 'testing3', and 'testing3'. The middle client window shows a connection to 127.0.0.1:12345, sending 'testing1' and receiving 'I got your message', then sending 'testing3' and receiving 'I got your message'. The bottom client window shows a connection to 127.0.0.1:12345, sending 'testing2' and receiving 'I got your message', then sending 'testing3' and receiving 'I got your message'.

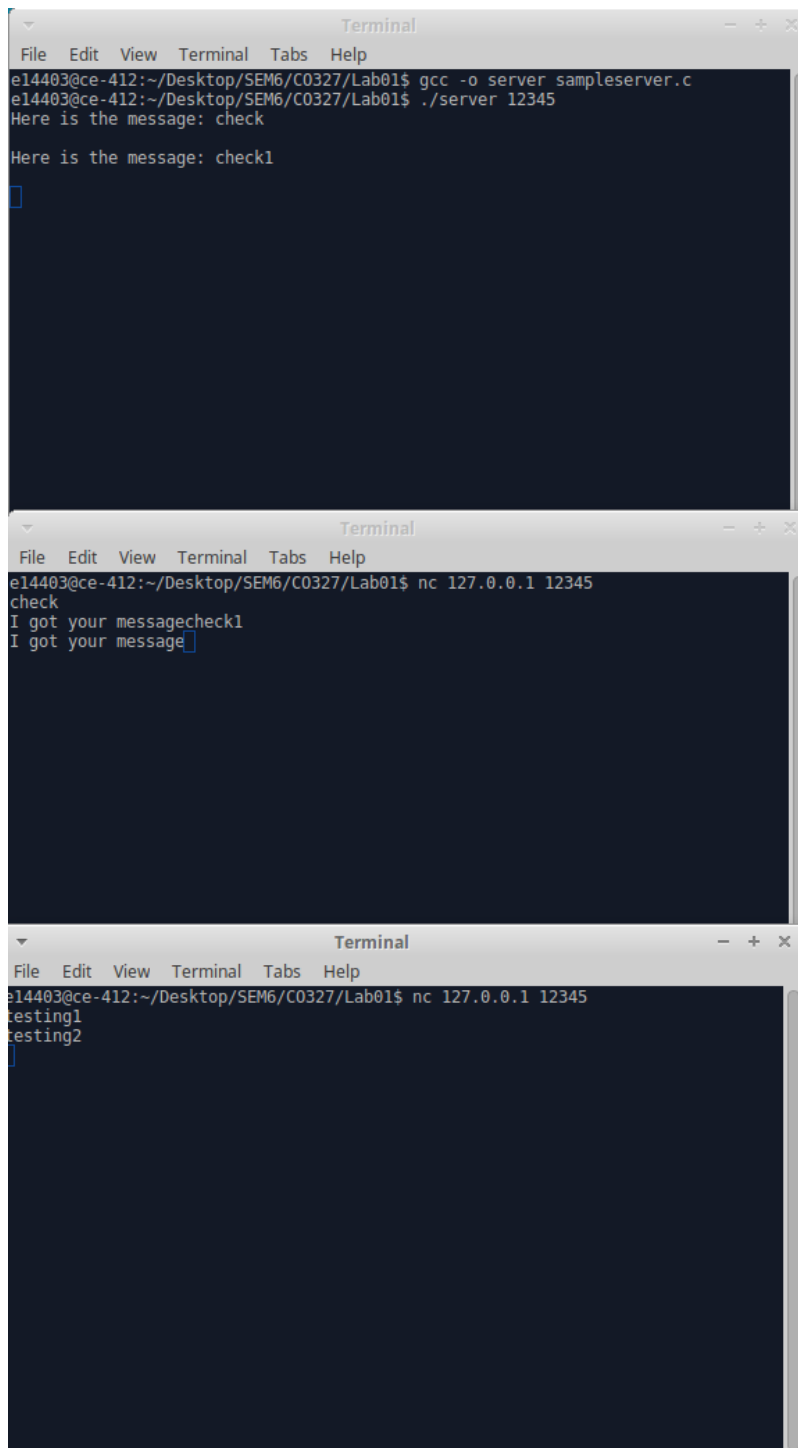
```
Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ gcc -o server sampleserver.c
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ./server 12345
Here is the message: testing1
Here is the message: testing2
Here is the message: testing3
Here is the message: testing3

Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12345
testing1
I got your message
testing3
I got your message

Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12345
testing2
I got your message
testing3
I got your message
```

When text is entered in the client terminals, server terminal shows them. Client terminal then displays "I got your message" which was sent by the server

- ii. Suppose we modify the server parent process to call `wait()` on the last line above (highlighted) to wait until the child serving a client terminates. What would happen?



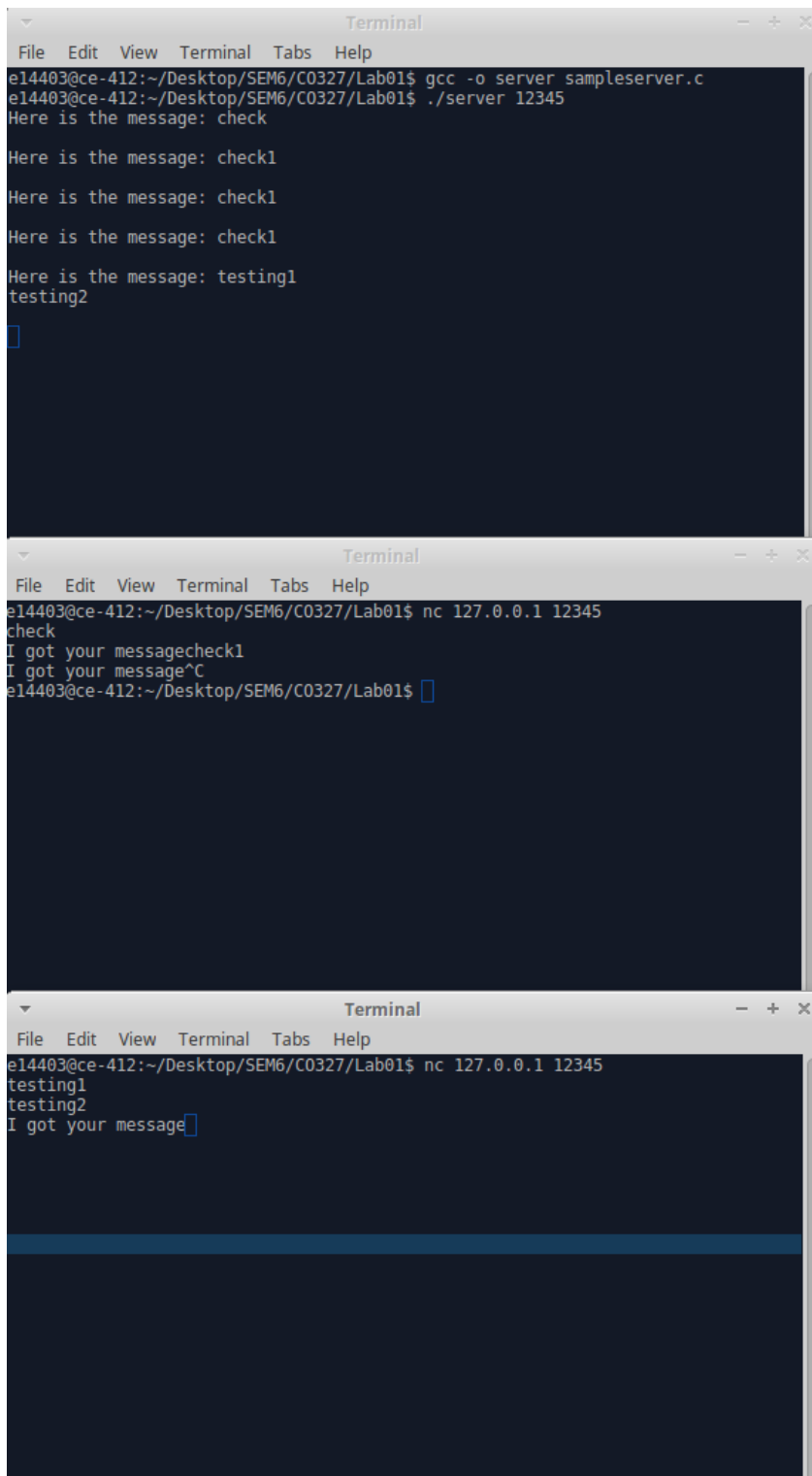
The image shows three terminal windows stacked vertically, illustrating a server-client interaction. The top window is the server terminal, the middle is a client terminal, and the bottom is another client terminal.

```
Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ gcc -o server sampleserver.c
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ./server 12345
Here is the message: check
Here is the message: check1
█
```

```
Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12345
check
I got your messagecheck1
I got your message█
```

```
Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12345
testing1
testing2
█
```

Server response only to the client terminal which started 1st.



The image displays three terminal windows stacked vertically, illustrating the execution of a server and two clients.

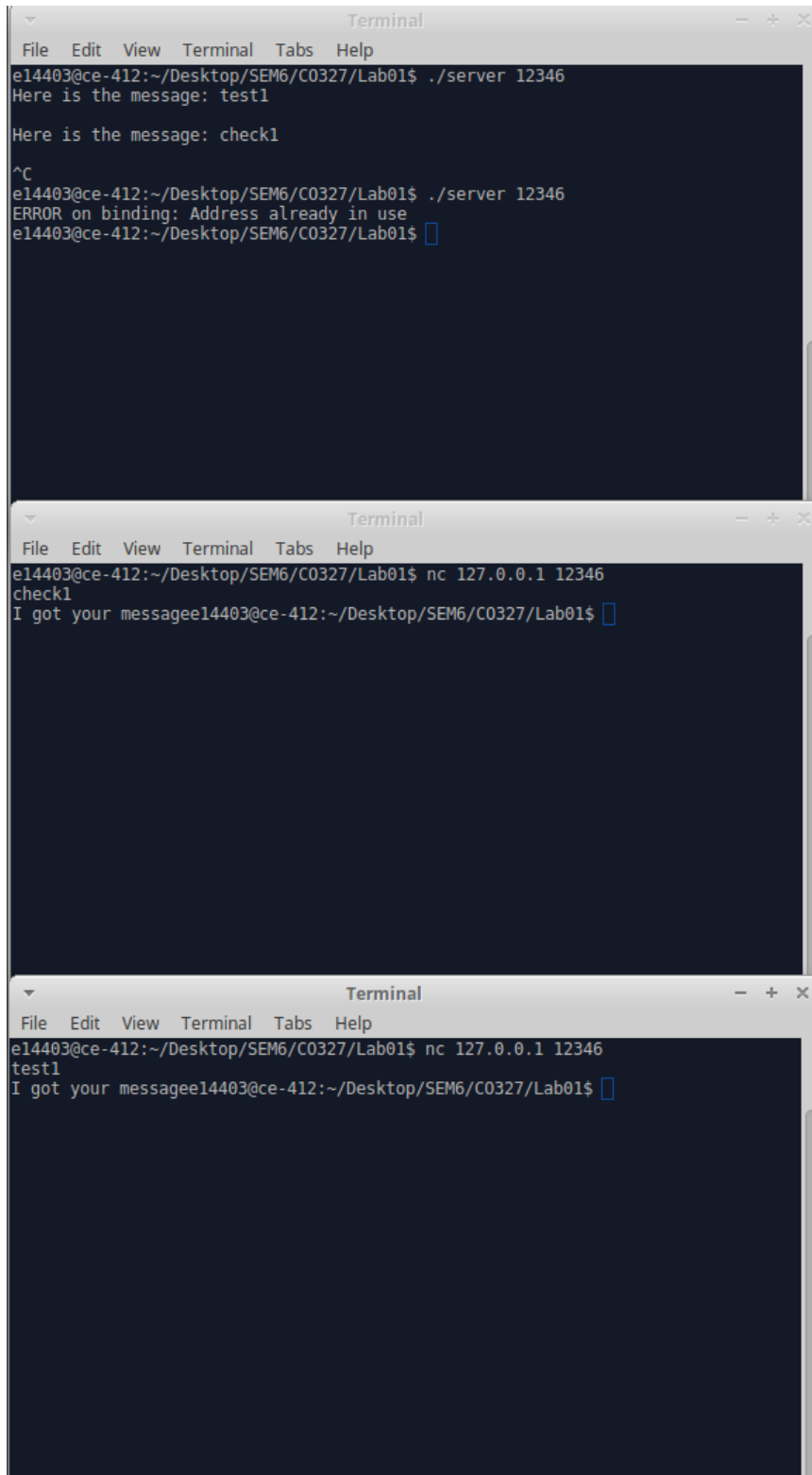
Top Terminal Window: Shows the compilation and execution of a server program. The user runs `gcc -o server sampleserver.c` and then `./server 12345`. The server outputs "Here is the message: check" and then "Here is the message: check1" four times, followed by "Here is the message: testing1" and "testing2".

Middle Terminal Window: Shows a client (client1) running `nc 127.0.0.1 12345`. The client sends "check", "I got your message", "check1", and "I got your message^C".

Bottom Terminal Window: Shows another client (client2) running `nc 127.0.0.1 12345`. The client sends "testing1", "testing2", and "I got your message".

After terminating the 1st client's process then server starts to receive the messages sent by the client2.

- iii. What happens if you terminate the server while a client is connected, and then try to restart it? (Resolving this issue requires a signal handler.)



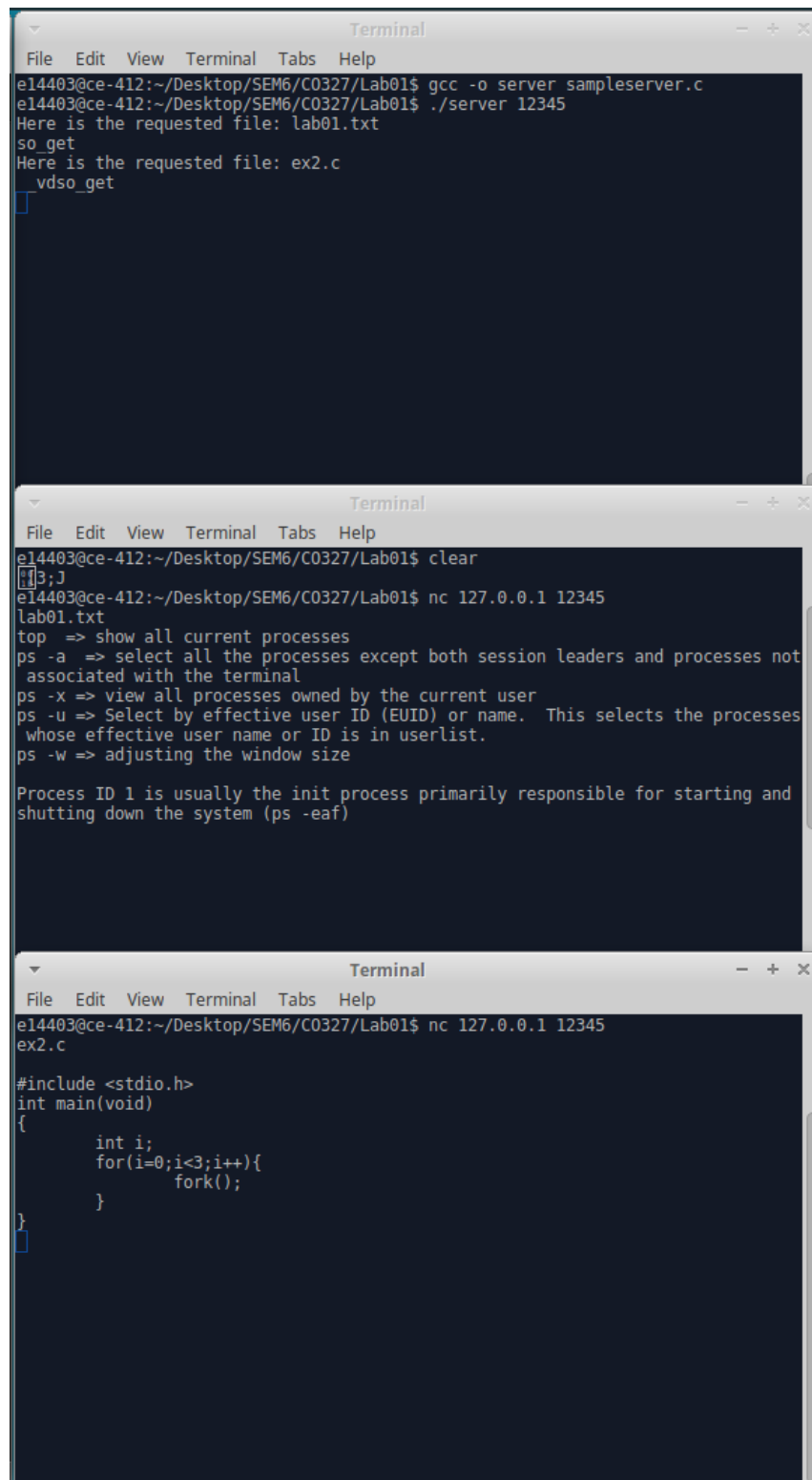
```
Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ./server 12346
Here is the message: test1
Here is the message: check1
^C
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ./server 12346
ERROR on binding: Address already in use
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$

Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12346
check1
I got your messagee14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$

Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12346
test1
I got your messagee14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$
```

When you terminate the server process, communication between clients and server terminates. But the client side processes are bounded with the particular port. As the client side processes are still alive this error appears ("Address already in use").

- iv. Modify this server to do the following: The client sends the path to a file whose contents the server will send back to the client (if the file exists.) Verify that your new server can handle multiple concurrent connections by using nc(). Can two concurrent clients request the same file?



The image displays three terminal windows stacked vertically, showing the development and testing of a server program.

Terminal 1 (Top): Shows the compilation of `server.c` into `server` using `gcc -o server sampleserver.c`. It then shows the server running on port 12345, receiving a connection from `127.0.0.1` and responding with the contents of `lab01.txt` and `ex2.c`.

```
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ gcc -o server sampleserver.c
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ ./server 12345
Here is the requested file: lab01.txt
so_get
Here is the requested file: ex2.c
_vdso_get
```

Terminal 2 (Middle): Shows the execution of the `nc` (netcat) client on port 12345, sending the request `lab01.txt`. It also displays the output of the `ps` command, showing the current processes.

```
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ clear
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12345
lab01.txt
top => show all current processes
ps -a => select all the processes except both session leaders and processes not
associated with the terminal
ps -x => view all processes owned by the current user
ps -u => Select by effective user ID (EUID) or name. This selects the processes
whose effective user name or ID is in userlist.
ps -w => adjusting the window size

Process ID 1 is usually the init process primarily responsible for starting and
shutting down the system (ps -eaf)
```

Terminal 3 (Bottom): Shows the execution of the `nc` client on port 12345, sending the request `ex2.c`. It also displays the output of the `cat` command, showing the contents of `ex2.c`.

```
e14403@ce-412:~/Desktop/SEM6/CO327/Lab01$ nc 127.0.0.1 12345
ex2.c
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<3;i++){
        fork();
    }
}
```