### **Project Design Phase-II**

### **Technology Stack (Architecture & Stack)**

Date	24 June 2025
Team ID	LTVIP2025TMID35409
Project Name	Hematovision
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

#### **Technology Stack & Architecture:**

HematoVision follows a simple and effective three-tier architecture, which includes:

- 1. User Interface (Frontend) Where the user uploads a blood cell image through a webpage.
- 2. Application Logic (Backend) This part processes the image and runs the deep learning model to identify the blood cell type.
- 3. Storage & Model Where the trained model (Blood\_Cell.h5) is used and images are temporarily stored for prediction.

The application uses a lightweight deep learning model (MobileNetV2) to ensure quick predictions and a good user experience. Everything is tied together using Flask, a Python-based web framework.

**Table-1: Components & Technologies:** 

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	Let's users upload blood cell images easily	HTML, CSS, JavaScript
2.	Application Logic-1	Loads the ML model and preprocesses the image	Python, Flask
3.	Application Logic-2	Runs the actual blood cell classification	TensorFlow, MobileNetV2
4.	Application Logic-3	Handles image reading and rendering results	OpenCV, Flask
5.	Database	For storing data like past results or logs	SQLite (Optional)

6.	Cloud Database	If moved to the cloud for scalability	IBM Cloudant / Firebase (Optional)
7.	File Storage	Temporarily holds uploaded images	Local Filesystem
8.	External API-1	Could fetch real-time health/environment data	OpenWeatherMap API
9.	External API-2	Could verify patient identity	UIDAI Aadhaar API
10.	Machine Learning Model	Classifies the image into 4 blood cell types	MobileNetV2 saved as Blood_Cell.h5
11.	Infrastructure (Server / Cloud)	Where the app runs	Localhost / Heroku / AWS (optional)

## **Table-2: Application Characteristics:**

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	We've used popular open tools for better support and costefficiency	Flask, TensorFlow, Keras, OpenCV
2.	Security Implementations	Validates image file types, prevents bad uploads	Flask built-in methods, path checks
3.	Scalable Architecture	The modular design lets us move to cloud easily	3-tier architecture, microservices-ready
4.	Availability	Can be deployed on platforms with high uptime	Heroku, AWS, Load Balancers (optional)
5.	Performance	Fast response time using a lightweight model	MobileNetV2, efficient image preprocessing

# **References:**

• C4 Model for Architecture

- IBM Developer Architecture Patterns
- IBM Cloud Architecture
- AWS Architecture Examples
- How to Draw Architecture Diagrams