Name: Khelvin P. Nicolas	Date Performed: 9/30/24		
Course/Section: CPE 212- CPE31S2	Date Submitted: 10/2/24		
Instructor: Engr. Robin Valenzuela	Semester and SY: 1st Sem 3rd Year		

Activity 6: Targeting Specific Nodes and Managing Services

1. Objectives:

- 1.1 Individualize hosts
- 1.2 Apply tags in selecting plays to run
- 1.3 Managing Services from remote servers using playbooks

2. Discussion:

In this activity, we try to individualize hosts. For example, we don't want apache on all our servers, or maybe only one of our servers is a web server, or maybe we have different servers like database or file servers running different things on different categories of servers and that is what we are going to take a look at in this activity.

We also try to manage services that do not automatically run using the automations in playbook. For example, when we install web servers or httpd for CentOS, we notice that the service did not start automatically.

Requirement:

In this activity, you will need to create another Ubuntu VM and name it Server 3. Likewise, you need to activate the second adapter to a host-only adapter after the installation. Take note of the IP address of Server 3. Make sure to use the command *ssh-copy-id* to copy the public key to Server 3. Verify if you can successfully SSH to Server 3.

Task 1: Targeting Specific Nodes

1. Create a new playbook and named it site.yml. Follow the commands as shown in the image below. Make sure to save the file and exit.

```
hosts: all
become: true
tasks:
- name: install apache and php for Ubuntu servers
 apt:
   name:
      - apache2
      - libapache2-mod-php
   state: latest
    update_cache: yes
 when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
 - name: install apache and php for CentOS servers
   dnf:
    name:

    httpd

       - php
     state: latest
   when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
```

2. Edit the inventory file. Remove the variables we put in our last activity and group according to the image shown below:

```
[web_servers]
192.168.56.120
192.168.56.121

[db_servers]
192.168.56.122

[file_servers]
192.168.56.123
```

```
punopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212_Activity6$ cat inventory
[web_servers]
server1
server2
[db_servers]
server3
[file_servers]
centos
punopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212_Activity6$
```

Right now, we have created groups in our inventory file and put each server in its own group. In other cases, you can have a server be a member of multiple groups, for example you have a test server that is also a web server.

3. Edit the *site.yml* by following the image below:

```
hosts: all
become: true
- name: install updates (CentOS)
    update_only: yes
    update_cache: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

    name: install updates (Ubuntu)

    upgrade: dist
    update_cache: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
hosts: web_servers
become: true
tasks:

    name: install apache and php for Ubuntu servers

  apt:
    name:
      - apache2

    libapache2-mod-php

    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
- name: install apache and php for CentOS servers
  dnf:
    name:
      - httpd
      - php
    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
```

```
punopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212 Activity6$ cat site.yml
  hosts: all
  become: true
  pre_tasks:

    name: install updates (CentOS)

    dnf:
      update only: yes
      update cache: yes
    when: ansible distribution == "CentOS"

    name: install updates (Ubuntu)

      upgrade: dist
      update cache: yes
    when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
 hosts: web_servers
  become: true
  tasks:
  - name: install apache and php for ubuntu servers
    apt:
      name:
        - apache2
        - libapache2-mod-php
      state: latest
      update_cache: yes
    when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

The *pre-tasks* command tells the ansible to run it before any other thing. In the *pre-tasks*, CentOS will install updates while Ubuntu will upgrade its distribution package. This will run before running the second play, which is targeted at *web_servers*. In the second play, apache and php will be installed on both Ubuntu servers and CentOS servers.

Run the *site.yml* file and describe the result.

```
unreachable=0 failed=0
                        changed=0
  rescued=0
           ignored=0
                        changed=0
                                 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=2
  rescued=0
           ignored=0
                        changed=0
                                             failed=0 skipped=2
                                 unreachable=0
  rescued=0
           ignored=0
                         changed=0
                                 unreachable=0
                                             failed=0
  rescued=0
           ignored=0
```

4. Let's try to edit again the *site.yml* file. This time, we are going to add plays targeting the other servers. This time we target the *db_servers* by adding it on the current *site.yml*. Below is an example: (Note add this at the end of the playbooks from task 1.3.

```
hosts: db_servers
become: true
tasks:

    name: install mariadb package (CentOS)

    name: mariadb-server
    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
- name: "Mariadb- Restarting/Enabling"
  service:
    name: mariadb
    state: restarted
    enabled: true

    name: install mariadb packege (Ubuntu)

  apt:
    name: mariadb-server
    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

```
site.yml
                 GNU nano 2.9.3
                   dnf:
                    name:

    httpd

                      - php
                    state: latest
                   when: ansible distribution == "CentOS"
                 hosts: db servers
                 become: true
                 tasks:

    name: install mariadb package (CentOS)

                    name: mariadb-server
                    state: latest
                 - name: "Mariadb- Restarting/Enabling"
                   service:
                    name: mariadb
                    state: restarted
                    enabled: true
                 - name: install mariadb package (Ubuntu)
                   apt:
                    name: mariadb-server
                    state: latest
                   when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
               ^K Cut Te
                          ^R Read File ^\ Replace
               ^X Exit
    Run the site.yml file and describe the result.
changed: [server3]
: ok=2 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=1

: ok=4 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=2

: ok=4 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=2

: ok=6 changed=1 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=1
                                                              rescued
server1
                                                              rescued
```

5. Go to the remote server (Ubuntu) terminal that belongs to the db_servers group and check the status for mariadb installation using the command: systemctl status mariadb. Do this on the CentOS server also.

punopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212_Activity6\$

rescued rescued

Describe the output.

6. Edit the *site.yml* again. This time we will append the code to configure installation on the *file_servers* group. We can add the following on our file.

```
    hosts: file_servers
        become: true
        tasks:

            name: install samba package
            package:
                 name: samba
            state: latest
```

Make sure to save the file and exit.

Run the site.yml file and describe the result.

```
changed: [centos]
: ok=4 changed=1
                             unreachable=0
                                       failed=0
  rescued=0 ignored=0
                             unreachable=0 failed=0
               : ok=4 changed=0
  rescued=0 ignored=0
                     changed=0
                                       failed=0
                             unreachable=0
server:
  rescued=0
          ignored=0
                     changed=1
                             unreachable=0
                                       failed=0
server3
  rescued=0
          ignored=0
punopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212_Activity6$
```

The testing of the *file_servers* is beyond the scope of this activity, and as well as our topics and objectives. However, in this activity we were able to show that we can target hosts or servers using grouping in ansible playbooks.

Task 2: Using Tags in running playbooks

In this task, our goal is to add metadata to our plays so that we can only run the plays that we want to run, and not all the plays in our playbook.

1. Edit the *site.yml* file. Add tags to the playbook. After the name, we can place the tags: *name_of_tag*. This is an arbitrary command, which means you can use any name for a tag.

```
---
- hosts: all
become: true
pre_tasks:
- name: install updates (CentOS)
  tags: always
  dnf:
    update_only: yes
    update_cache: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

- name: install updates (Ubuntu)
  tags: always
  apt:
    upgrade: dist
    update_cache: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

```
hosts: web_servers
become: true
tasks:
- name: install apache and php for Ubuntu servers
  tags: apache,apache2,ubuntu
  apt:
    name:
      - apache2

    libapache2-mod-php

    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
- name: install apache and php for CentOS servers
  tags: apache,centos,httpd
  dnf:
    name:

    httpd

      - php
    state: latest
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
```

```
hosts: db_servers
 become: true
 tasks:
 - name: install mariadb package (CentOS)
   tags: centos, db,mariadb
   dnf:
     name: mariadb-server
      state: latest
   when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"
 - name: "Mariadb- Restarting/Enabling"
   service:
     name: mariadb
      state: restarted
     enabled: true
 - name: install mariadb packege (Ubuntu)
   tags: db, mariadb,ubuntu
   apt:
     name: mariadb-server
      state: latest
   when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
- hosts: file_servers
 become: true
 tasks:
 - name: install samba package
   tags: samba
   package:
     name: samba
      state: latest
```

Run the *site.yml* file and describe the result.

```
changed=0
                                     unreachable=0
                                                  failed=0
        rescued=0
                   ignored=0
                           changed=0
                                     unreachable=0
                                                  failed=0
skipped=2 rescued=0
                   ignored=0
                           changed=0
                                     unreachable=0
                                                  failed=0
skipped=2 rescued=0
                   ignored=0
                                     unreachable=0
                                                  failed=0
         rescued=0
                   ignored=0
punopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212 Activity6$
```

The playbook installed the samba package but ignored the tags

- 2. On the local machine, try to issue the following commands and describe each result:
 - 2.1 ansible-playbook --list-tags site.yml

This command lists all of the tags included in the code instead of executing the playbook.

2.2 ansible-playbook --tags centos --ask-become-pass site.yml

the playbook ran specific plays with the tag centos included in it which is the install apache, php and mariadb package for CentOS

2.3 ansible-playbook --tags db --ask-become-pass site.yml

The playbook executed specific plays with the db tag, which is the install mariadb for both CentOS and Ubuntu.

2.4 ansible-playbook --tags apache --ask-become-pass site.yml

The playbook ran specific plays with the tag apache, which is the install apache and php for both Ubuntu and CentOS servers

2.5 ansible-playbook --tags "apache,db" --ask-become-pass site.yml

```
: ok=2 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0
escued=0 ignored=0
      : ok=2 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0
escued=0 ignored=0
      : ok=2 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0
escued=0 ignored=0
      : ok=4 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0
escued=0 ignored=0
ounopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212_Activity6$
```

The playbook executed the plays with tags apache and db, which is the install mariadb and php for both Ubuntu and CentOS servers.and the install mariadb for both Ubuntu and CentOS servers.

Task 3: Managing Services

 Edit the file site.yml and add a play that will automatically start the httpd on CentOS server.

Figure 3.1.1 Make sure to save the file and exit.

You would also notice from our previous activity that we already created a module that runs a service.

```
    hosts: db_servers
        become: true
        tasks:

            name: install mariadb package (CentOS)
                tags: centos, db,mariadb
                dnf:
                      name: mariadb-server
                      state: latest
                 when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

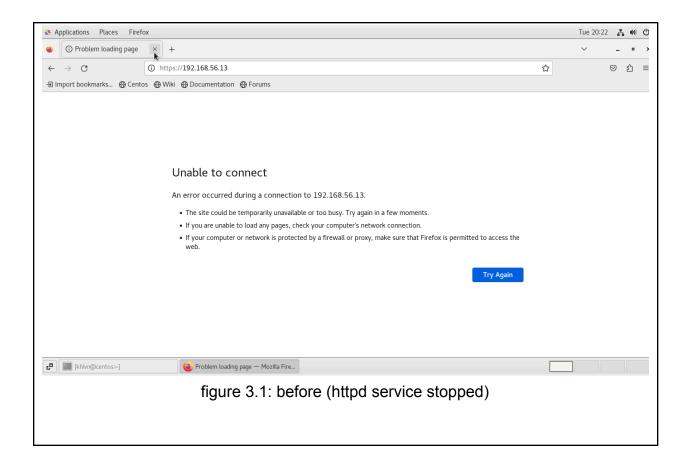
    name: "Mariadb- Restarting/Enabling"
        service:
                 name: mariadb
                 state: restarted
                 enabled: true
```

Figure 3.1.2

This is because in CentOS, installed packages' services are not run automatically. Thus, we need to create the module to run it automatically.

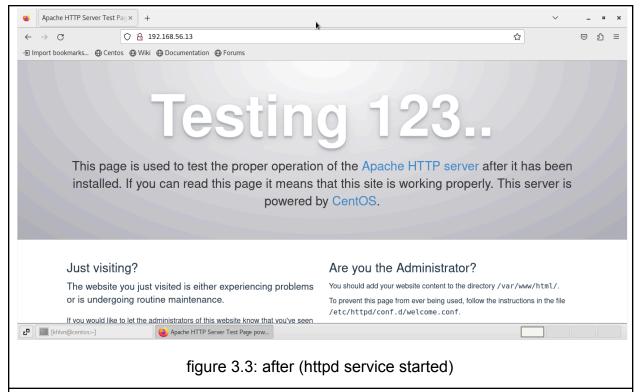
- 2. To test it, before you run the saved playbook, go to the CentOS server and stop the currently running httpd using the command <u>sudo systemctl stop httpd</u>. When prompted, enter the sudo password. After that, open the browser and enter the CentOS server's IP address. You should not be getting a display because we stopped the httpd service already.
- 3. Go to the local machine and this time, run the *site.yml* file. Then after running the file, go again to the CentOS server and enter its IP address on the browser. Describe the result.

To automatically enable the service every time we run the playbook, use the command *enabled: true* similar to Figure 7.1.2 and save the playbook.



```
TASK [install apache and php for ubuntu servers] *******************************
ok: [server1]
: ok=3 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0
escued=0
    ignored=0
            changed=0 unreachable=0
                      failed=0
escued=0
    ignored=0
            changed=0
                unreachable=0
                      failed=0
escued=0
    ignored=0
            changed=0
                unreachable=0
                      failed=0
escued=0
    ignored=0
punopaughey@workstation:~/CPE212_Activity6$
```

figure 3.2: running the playbook



Reflections:

Answer the following:

- 1. What is the importance of putting our remote servers into groups?
 - We can organize our remote servers by its purpose (db server, web server), and/or by its operating system.
- 2. What is the importance of tags in playbooks?
 - To classify the play's name according to its task
- 3. Why do you think some services need to be managed automatically in playbooks?
 - To reduce the time taken by configuring it automatically in the playbook instead of manually managing the remote servers.

github link: https://github.com/KHLVN/CPE212_Activity6