Introduction to Theoretical Ecology Assignment 6

Graphical Analysis of Lotka-Volterra Competition Model

The Lotka-Volterra competition model can be written in terms of the carrying capacities of the two competing species N_1 and N_2 :

$$\frac{dN_1}{dt} = r_1 N_1 (1 - \frac{N_1 + \alpha N_2}{K_1})$$

$$\frac{dN_2}{dt} = r_2 N_2 (1 - \frac{N_2 + \beta N_1}{K_2})$$

, where r_1 and r_2 are the intrinsic population growth rates; K_1 and K_2 are the carrying capacities; α is the effect of N_2 on the population growth of N_1 ; β is the effect of N_1 on the population growth of N_2 .

Find all possible equilibrium population sizes of the two species. (5 pts)

Solution:

$$\begin{cases}
0 = r_1 N_1^* (1 - \frac{N_1^* + \alpha N_2^*}{K_1}) \\
0 = r_2 N_2^* (1 - \frac{N_2^* + \beta N_1^*}{K_2})
\end{cases}$$

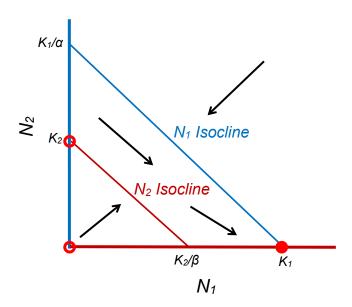
$$({N_1}^*, {N_2}^*) = (0, 0), (K_1, 0), (0, K_2), and (\frac{K_1 - \alpha K_2}{1 - \alpha \beta}, \frac{K_2 - \beta K_1}{1 - \alpha \beta})$$

2. Use graphical analysis to determine the stability of the system for all possible scenarios. Please (1) show the stability criteria in each scenario; (2) mark the equilibrium points (both stable and unstable) in the phase plane; and (3) denote all the intercepts between the isoclines and axes. (10 pts)

Solution:

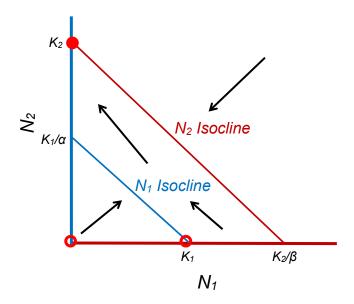
Scenario 1: N₁ wins

- Stable equilibrium point: (*K*₁, 0)
- Stability criteria: K₁ > K₂/β and K₁/α > K₂



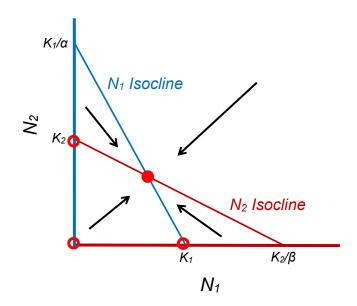
Scenario 2: N₂ wins

- Stable equilibrium point: (0, K₂)
- Stability criteria: $K_2 > K_1/\alpha$ and $K_2/\beta > K_1$



Scenario 3: Stable coexistence

- Stable equilibrium point: $\left(\frac{K_1 \alpha K_2}{1 \alpha \beta}, \frac{K_2 \beta K_1}{1 \alpha \beta}\right)$
- Stability criteria: $K_1/\alpha > K_2$ and $K_2/\beta > K_1$



Scenario 4: Unstable coexistence (saddle)

- Stable equilibrium point: (K_1 , 0) or (0, K_2) (depending on the initial conditions)
- Stability criteria: $K_1 > K_2/\beta$ and $K_2 > K_1/\alpha$

