

General Electric Customer Churn Problem

GE has partnered with a cellular carrier—SmartAppCellular—that provides dedicated bandwidth and configuration services for cell phone applications. GE is beginning to experience a small amount of attrition, and based on customer feedback, it is related to the cellular service and not the application. GE Healthcare recognizes that other vendors are beginning to compete in this space and is attempting to identify ways to retain its customers.

The Customer Account Management team would like to determine if this data can be used to identify subscribers that may churn. It is important to be able to understand churn default drivers for metadata like longevity, cell usage, and other pertinent groupings which come from the analysis.

-Genesis Taylor

Import Modules

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import time
#import timeit
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
plt.style.use('dark_background')

#stats
from scipy import stats
from scipy.stats import chi2_contingency

#sklearn modeling and metrics
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, f1_score, precision_score, recall_score, log_loss
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, roc_auc_score
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score, GridSearchCV, train_test_split, RandomizedSearchCV
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

```

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.utils import resample

#warning ignorer
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

#for imbalance
from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
from collections import Counter

```

Import and Explore Data Set

```

In [2]: #import data set into dataframe
df = pd.read_csv(r'DAT690_Churn Data_Training.csv')

```

```

In [3]: #Get columns names and data shape and general look
print('Column Names:\n',df.columns)
print('\n')
print("Dataframe Shape:", df.shape)

df.head()

```

Column Names:

```

Index(['REVENUE', 'MOU', 'RECCHRG', 'DIRECTAS', 'OVERAGE', 'ROAM', 'CHANGEM',
      'CHANGER', 'DROPVCE', 'BLCKVCE', 'UNANSVCE', 'CUSTCARE', 'THREEWAY',
      'MOUREC', 'OUTCALLS', 'INCALLS', 'PEAKVCE', 'OPEAKVCE', 'DROPBLK',
      'CALLFWDV', 'CALLWAIT', 'CHURN', 'MONTHS', 'UNIQSUBS', 'ACTVSUBS',
      'CSA', 'PHONES', 'MODELS', 'EQPDAYS', 'CUSTOMER', 'AGE1', 'AGE2',
      'CHILDREN', 'CREDITA', 'CREDITAA', 'CREDITB', 'CREDITC', 'CREDITDE',
      'CREDITGY', 'CREDITZ', 'CREDIT_RATING', 'PRIZMRUR', 'PRIZMUB',
      'PRIZMTWN', 'Column 45', 'REFURB', 'WEBCAP', 'TRUCK', 'RV', 'OCCPROF',
      'OCCCLER', 'OCCCRFT', 'OCCSTUD', 'OCCHMKR', 'OCCRET', 'OCCSELF', 'OCC',
      'OCC_LABEL', 'OWNRENT', 'MARRYUN', 'MARRYYES', 'MARRYNO', 'MARRY',
      'MARRY_LABEL', 'MAILORD', 'MAILRES', 'MAILFLAG', 'TRAVEL', 'PCOWN',
      'CREDITCD', 'RETCALLS', 'RETACCP', 'NEWCELLY', 'NEWCELLN', 'REFER',
      'INCMISS', 'INCOME', 'MCYCLE', 'CREDITAD', 'SETPRCM', 'SETPRC',
      'RETCALL', 'CALIBRAT', 'CHURNDEP'],
      dtype='object')

```

Dataframe Shape: (1000, 84)

```

Out[3]:

```

	REVENUE	MOU	RECCHRG	DIRECTAS	OVERAGE	ROAM	CHANGEM	CHANGER	DROPVCE	BLCKVCE	...	REFER	INCMISS	INCOME	N
0	342.86	2961.25	139.96	11.14	1444.75	62.34	203.75	6.88	10.00	9.33	...	0	1	0	

	REVENUE	MOU	RECCHRG	DIRECTAS	OVERAGE	ROAM	CHANGEM	CHANGER	DROPVCE	BLCKVCE	...	REFER	INCMISS	INCOME	N
1	35.31	307.00	34.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	204.00	-0.32	1.00	2.33	...	0	0	6	
2	84.66	1642.75	80.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.25	-2.47	9.33	9.00	...	0	1	0	
3	65.62	321.50	50.00	0.25	2.25	0.00	-117.50	-13.63	12.67	2.67	...	0	0	7	
4	86.48	807.00	75.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	110.00	-5.25	13.67	0.33	...	0	0	2	

5 rows × 84 columns



```
In [4]: #data type count
df.dtypes.value_counts()
```

```
Out[4]: int64      56
float64     25
object       3
dtype: int64
```

```
In [5]: #descriptive statistics about the data
df.describe()
```

	REVENUE	MOU	RECCHRG	DIRECTAS	OVERAGE	ROAM	CHANGEM	CHANGER	DROPVCE	BLCKVCE	...	
count	997.000000	997.000000	997.000000	997.000000	997.000000	997.000000	991.000000	991.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	...	1000
mean	59.662939	537.777503	47.186058	0.892106	41.523390	1.475938	-3.490585	-1.394097	6.131680	3.538140	...	0
std	48.110161	538.751303	24.436293	2.013783	109.214544	8.477650	254.537147	47.718943	9.044241	7.421263	...	0
min	4.840000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-1345.500000	-341.800000	0.000000	0.000000	...	0
25%	32.900000	165.750000	30.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-77.250000	-6.560000	0.670000	0.000000	...	0
50%	47.240000	364.750000	44.990000	0.250000	1.750000	0.000000	-3.500000	-0.300000	3.000000	1.000000	...	0
75%	70.500000	730.250000	59.990000	0.990000	36.500000	0.170000	62.875000	1.325000	8.000000	3.670000	...	0
max	526.560000	3656.250000	232.490000	22.770000	1444.750000	147.160000	1295.750000	895.570000	130.670000	77.000000	...	6

8 rows × 81 columns



```
In [6]: #unique values
```

```
with pd.option_context('display.max_rows', None, 'display.max_columns', None): # more options can be specified also
    print(df.nunique().sort_values(ascending=False))
```

CUSTOMER	1000
MOU	876
REVENUE	846
MOUREC	843
CHANGEM	768
CHANGER	722
EQPDAYS	583
PEAKVCE	497
OPEAKVCE	442
OVERAGE	339
CSA	277
UNANSVCE	264
OUTCALLS	258
RECCHRG	244
ROAM	171
INCALLS	148
DROPBLK	137
DROPVCE	98
BLCKVCE	81
CALLWAIT	55
CUSTCARE	55
MONTHS	48
DIRECTAS	48
AGE1	37
AGE2	36
THREWAY	24
PHONES	13
SETPRC	11
INCOME	10
OCC_LABEL	8
OCC	8
MODELS	8
UNIQSUBS	7
CREDIT_RATING	7
REFER	7
ACTVSUBS	6
CREDITAD	6
Column 45	4
MARRY	3
CALLFWDV	3
RETACPT	3
RETCALLS	3
CHILDREN	2
CREDITA	2
CHURN	2
CREDITB	2

CREDITAA	2
CHURNDEP	2
CREDITC	2
CREDITDE	2
MARRYYES	2
MARRYNO	2
MARRY_LABEL	2
MAILORD	2
MAILRES	2
MAILFLAG	2
TRAVEL	2
PCOWN	2
CREDITCD	2
NEWCELLY	2
NEWCELLN	2
INCMISS	2
MCYCLE	2
SETPRCM	2
RETCALL	2
MARRYUN	2
OWNRENT	2
OCCSELF	2
WEBCAP	2
CREDITGY	2
CREDITZ	2
CALIBRAT	2
PRIZMUB	2
PRIZMTWN	2
REFURB	2
TRUCK	2
OCCRET	2
RV	2
OCCPROF	2
OCCCLER	2
OCCCRFT	2
OCCSTUD	2
OCCHMKR	2
PRIZMRUR	2

dtype: int64

```
In [7]: #Check Missing/null data
with pd.option_context('display.max_rows', None, 'display.max_columns', None): # more options can be specified also
    print(df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False))
```

CHURNDEP	437
AGE2	14
AGE1	14
CHANGEM	9
CHANGER	9

MOU	3
RECCHRG	3
DIRECTAS	3
OVERAGE	3
ROAM	3
REVENUE	3
NEWCELLY	0
CREDITB	0
CALLFWDV	0
CALLWAIT	0
CHURN	0
MONTHS	0
UNIQSUBS	0
ACTVSUBS	0
CSA	0
PHONES	0
MODELS	0
EQPDAYS	0
CUSTOMER	0
REFER	0
NEWCELLN	0
CHILDREN	0
CREDITA	0
DROPBLK	0
OPEAKVCE	0
PEAKVCE	0
INCMISS	0
RETCALL	0
SETPRC	0
SETPRCM	0
CREDITAD	0
MCYCLE	0
INCOME	0
DROPVCE	0
INCALLS	0
BLCKVCE	0
UNANSVCE	0
CUSTCARE	0
THREWAY	0
MOUREC	0
OUTCALLS	0
CREDITAA	0
CREDITC	0
RETACPT	0
CREDITDE	0
OCC	0
OCC_LABEL	0
OWNRENT	0
MARRYUN	0

MARRYYES	0
MARRYNO	0
MARRY	0
MARRY_LABEL	0
MAILORD	0
MAILRES	0
MAILFLAG	0
TRAVEL	0
PCOWN	0
CREDITCD	0
RETCALLS	0
OCCSELF	0
OCCRET	0
OCCHMKR	0
Column 45	0
CREDITGY	0
CREDITZ	0
CREDIT_RATING	0
CALIBRAT	0
PRIZMUB	0
PRIZMTWN	0
REFURB	0
OCCSTUD	0
WEBCAP	0
TRUCK	0
RV	0
OCCPROF	0
OCCCLER	0
OCCCRFT	0
PRIZMRUR	0

dtype: int64

```
In [8]: #predicted variable
df['CHURN'].value_counts(ascending=True)
```

```
Out[8]: 1    297
0    703
Name: CHURN, dtype: int64
```

Data Cleansing

```
In [9]: #standardize all columns to lowercase for ease of use in querying
df.columns = map(str.lower, df.columns)
#verify
print('Columns:\n',df.columns)
```

```
Columns:
Index(['revenue', 'mou', 'recchrge', 'directas', 'overage', 'roam', 'changem',
```

```

'changer', 'dropvce', 'blckvce', 'unansvce', 'custcare', 'threeway',
'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incalls', 'peakvce', 'opeakvce', 'dropblk',
'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'churn', 'months', 'uniqusubs', 'actvsubs',
'csa', 'phones', 'models', 'eqpdays', 'customer', 'age1', 'age2',
'children', 'credita', 'credita', 'creditb', 'creditc', 'creditde',
'creditgy', 'creditz', 'credit_rating', 'prizmrur', 'prizmub',
'prizmtwn', 'column 45', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv', 'occprof',
'occcler', 'occcrft', 'occstud', 'occhmkr', 'occset', 'occcself', 'occ',
'occ_label', 'ownrent', 'marryun', 'marryyes', 'marryno', 'marry',
'marry_label', 'mailord', 'mailres', 'mailflag', 'travel', 'pcown',
'creditcd', 'retcalls', 'retacct', 'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'refer',
'incmiss', 'income', 'mcycle', 'creditad', 'setprcm', 'setprc',
'retcall', 'calibrat', 'churndep'],
dtype='object')

```

```

In [10]: #fixing mislabeled column according to data descriptipn file
df.rename(columns={'column 45':'przm_num'}, inplace=True)

#verify
print('Columns:\n',df.columns)

```

```

Columns:
Index(['revenue', 'mou', 'recchrge', 'directas', 'overage', 'roam', 'changem',
'changer', 'dropvce', 'blckvce', 'unansvce', 'custcare', 'threeway',
'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incalls', 'peakvce', 'opeakvce', 'dropblk',
'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'churn', 'months', 'uniqusubs', 'actvsubs',
'csa', 'phones', 'models', 'eqpdays', 'customer', 'age1', 'age2',
'children', 'credita', 'credita', 'creditb', 'creditc', 'creditde',
'creditgy', 'creditz', 'credit_rating', 'prizmrur', 'prizmub',
'prizmtwn', 'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv', 'occprof',
'occcler', 'occcrft', 'occstud', 'occhmkr', 'occset', 'occcself', 'occ',
'occ_label', 'ownrent', 'marryun', 'marryyes', 'marryno', 'marry',
'marry_label', 'mailord', 'mailres', 'mailflag', 'travel', 'pcown',
'creditcd', 'retcalls', 'retacct', 'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'refer',
'incmiss', 'income', 'mcycle', 'creditad', 'setprcm', 'setprc',
'retcall', 'calibrat', 'churndep'],
dtype='object')

```

```

In [11]: #predicated variable
df['churn'].value_counts(ascending=True)

```

```

Out[11]: 1    297
0    703
Name: churn, dtype: int64

```

```

In [12]: #drop churndep because it is just a field set up for logreg
#drop calibrat bc I want to do my own separation

```



```
df = df.drop(['churndep'], axis=1)
df = df.drop(['calibrat'], axis=1)
```

Changing Data Types

```
In [13]: '''
    Using data dictionary to fix some data types to string/objects.
    So that they won't be misrepresented in any cleaning and calculations.
    They're not actually numbers.
    This is mostly done for analysis purposes in Tableau.
    It is also done to properly handle null values.

'''

df['children'] = df['children'].apply(str)
df['churn'] = df['churn'].apply(str)
df['credit_rating'] = df['credit_rating'].apply(str)
df['credita'] = df['credita'].apply(str)
df['credिताa'] = df['credिताa'].apply(str)
df['creditad'] = df['creditad'].apply(str)
df['creditb'] = df['creditb'].apply(str)
df['creditc'] = df['creditc'].apply(str)
df['creditcd'] = df['creditcd'].apply(str)
df['creditde'] = df['creditde'].apply(str)
df['creditgy'] = df['creditgy'].apply(str)
df['creditz'] = df['creditz'].apply(str)
df['incmiss'] = df['incmiss'].apply(str)
df['income'] = df['income'].apply(str)
df['mailflag'] = df['mailflag'].apply(str)
df['mailord'] = df['mailord'].apply(str)
df['mailres'] = df['mailres'].apply(str)
df['marry'] = df['marry'].apply(str)
df['marryno'] = df['marryno'].apply(str)
df['marryun'] = df['marryun'].apply(str)
df['marryyes'] = df['marryyes'].apply(str)
df['mcycle'] = df['mcycle'].apply(str)
df['newcelln'] = df['newcelln'].apply(str)
df['newcelly'] = df['newcelly'].apply(str)
df['mailflag'] = df['mailflag'].apply(str)
df['mailord'] = df['mailord'].apply(str)
df['mailres'] = df['mailres'].apply(str)
df['marryno'] = df['marryno'].apply(str)
df['marryun'] = df['marryun'].apply(str)
df['marryyes'] = df['marryyes'].apply(str)
df['mcycle'] = df['mcycle'].apply(str)
```

```

df['newcelln'] = df['newcelln'].apply(str)
df['newcelly'] = df['newcelly'].apply(str)
df['occ'] = df['occ'].apply(str)
df['occ_label'] = df['occ_label'].apply(str)
df['occcler'] = df['occcler'].apply(str)
df['occcrft'] = df['occcrft'].apply(str)
df['occhmkr'] = df['occhmkr'].apply(str)
df['occprof'] = df['occprof'].apply(str)
df['occret'] = df['occret'].apply(str)
df['occcself'] = df['occcself'].apply(str)
df['occcstud'] = df['occcstud'].apply(str)
df['ownrent'] = df['ownrent'].apply(str)
df['pcown'] = df['pcown'].apply(str)
df['prizmrur'] = df['prizmrur'].apply(str)
df['prizmtwn'] = df['prizmtwn'].apply(str)
df['prizmub'] = df['prizmub'].apply(str)
df['przm_num'] = df['przm_num'].apply(str)
df['refurb'] = df['refurb'].apply(str)
df['retcall'] = df['retcall'].apply(str)
df['rv'] = df['rv'].apply(str)
df['setprcm'] = df['setprcm'].apply(str)
df['travel'] = df['travel'].apply(str)
df['truck'] = df['truck'].apply(str)
df['webcap'] = df['webcap'].apply(str)

```

```

In [14]: #datatype count
df.dtypes.value_counts()

```

```

Out[14]: object      48
float64    24
int64      10
dtype: int64

```

Missing Values

```

In [15]: #Check Missing/null data
with pd.option_context('display.max_rows', None, 'display.max_columns', None): # more options can be specified also
    print(df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False))

```

```

age2      14
age1      14
changem    9
changer    9
revenue     3
mou         3
recchrge    3

```

directas	3
overage	3
roam	3
csa	0
phones	0
models	0
eqpdays	0
customer	0
creditb	0
children	0
credita	0
creditaa	0
unqsubs	0
creditc	0
creditde	0
creditgy	0
actvsbs	0
callfwdv	0
months	0
churn	0
callwait	0
setprc	0
dropblk	0
opeakvce	0
peakvce	0
incalls	0
outcalls	0
mourec	0
threeway	0
custcare	0
unansvce	0
blckvce	0
dropvce	0
creditz	0
retcall	0
prizmrur	0
prizmub	0
marry_label	0
mailord	0
mailres	0
mailflag	0
travel	0
pcown	0
creditcd	0
retcalls	0
retaccpt	0
newcelly	0
newcelln	0
refer	0

```

incmiss      0
income       0
mcycle       0
creditad     0
setprcm      0
marry        0
marryno      0
marryyes     0
occcler      0
prizmtwn     0
przm_num     0
refurb       0
webcap       0
truck        0
rv           0
occprof      0
occcrft      0
marryun      0
occstud      0
occhmkr      0
occret       0
occsself     0
occ          0
occ_label    0
ownrent      0
credit_rating 0
dtype: int64

```

Age1

```

In [16]: #check values of age1

print("Age1 Values:")
print("Average Age1 w/o Zeroes: ", round(df['age1'].loc[df['age1']!=0].mean(),0))
print("Average Age1: ", round(df['age1'].mean(),0))
print("Minimum Age1 WITH Zeroes: ", df['age1'].min())
print("Minimum Age1 w/o Zeroes: ", df['age1'].loc[df['age1']!=0].min())
print("Maximum Age1: ", df['age1'].max())
print("Null values for Age1: ", pd.isnull(df['age1']).sum())

#check # 0s in age1
print("Number of Age1 Zeroes: ",(df['age1'] ==0).sum())

```

```

Age1 Values:
Average Age1 w/o Zeroes:  43.0
Average Age1:  31.0
Minimum Age1 WITH Zeroes:  0.0
Minimum Age1 w/o Zeroes:  18.0

```

```
Maximum Age1: 94.0
Null values for Age1: 14
Number of Age1 Zeroes: 266
```

```
In [17]: ''' Fill null age values to 0 to match the other ages that are missing AS 0.
          Will also create a "Missing" group for ages out of those groups later. '''
```

```
df['age1'].fillna(value=0, inplace=True)
```

```
In [18]: #recheck values of age1
```

```
print("Age1 Values")
print("Average Age1: ", round(df['age1'].mean(),0))
print("Minimum Age1: ", df['age1'].min())
print("Maximum Age1: ", df['age1'].max())
print("Null values for Age1: ", pd.isnull(df['age1']).sum())
#check # 0s in age1
print("Number of Age1 Zeroes: ",(df['age1'] ==0).sum())
```

```
Age1 Values
Average Age1: 31.0
Minimum Age1: 0.0
Maximum Age1: 94.0
Null values for Age1: 0
Number of Age1 Zeroes: 280
```

Age2

```
In [19]: #check values of age2
```

```
print("Age2 Values:")
print("Average Age2 w/o Zeroes: ", round(df['age2'].loc[df['age2']!=0].mean(),0))
print("Average Age2: ", round(df['age2'].mean(),0))
print("Minimum Age2 WITH Zeroes: ", df['age2'].min())
print("Minimum Age2 w/o Zeroes: ", df['age2'].loc[df['age2']!=0].min())
print("Maximum Age2: ", df['age2'].max())
print("Null values for Age2: ", pd.isnull(df['age2']).sum())

#check # 0s in age2
print("Number of Age2 Zeroes: ",(df['age2'] ==0).sum())
```

```
Age2 Values:
Average Age2 w/o Zeroes: 44.0
Average Age2: 21.0
Minimum Age2 WITH Zeroes: 0.0
Minimum Age2 w/o Zeroes: 18.0
Maximum Age2: 90.0
```

```
Null values for Age2: 14
Number of Age2 Zeroes: 521
```

```
In [20]: ''' Fill null age values to 0 to match the other ages that are missing As 0.
          Will also create a "Missing" group for ages out of those groups later. '''

df['age2'].fillna(value=0, inplace=True)
```

```
In [21]: #recheck values of age2

print("Age2 Values")
print("Average Age2: ", round(df['age2'].mean(),0))
print("Minimum Age2: ", df['age2'].min())
print("Maximum Age2: ", df['age2'].max())
print("Null values for Age2: ", pd.isnull(df['age2']).sum())
#check # 0s in age2
print("Number of Age2 Zeroes: ",(df['age2'] ==0).sum())
```

```
Age2 Values
Average Age2: 21.0
Minimum Age2: 0.0
Maximum Age2: 90.0
Null values for Age2: 0
Number of Age2 Zeroes: 535
```

Because the values for the remaining null columns can legitimately have a zero value, and are numerical and discrete, I am going to fill the rest of those with their mean. I think that it is a safe choice being that the highest null is 9/1000.

```
In [22]: '''
          Because the values for the remaining null columns can legitimately have a zero value,
          and are numerical and discrete, I am going to fill the rest of those with their mean.
          I think that it is a safe choice being that the highest null is 9/1000.'''

#fill rest of nulls with their averages
df= df.fillna(df.mean())
```

```
In [23]: #recheck nulls
df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

```
Out[23]: retcall      0
          callwait    0
          months      0
          uniqsubs    0
          actvsbs     0
          ..
          occself     0
```

```
occ          0
occ_label    0
ownrent      0
revenue      0
Length: 82, dtype: int64
```

Outliers

```
In [24]: with pd.option_context('display.max_rows', None, 'display.max_columns', None): # more options can be specified also
         print(df.describe(include='all'))
```

	revenue	mou	recchrg	directas	overage	\
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	
unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
mean	59.662939	537.777503	47.186058	0.892106	41.523390	
std	48.037869	537.941759	24.399574	2.010757	109.050435	
min	4.840000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	32.930000	166.312500	30.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	47.335000	366.000000	44.990000	0.250000	1.875000	
75%	70.110000	729.875000	59.990000	0.990000	37.000000	
max	526.560000	3656.250000	232.490000	22.770000	1444.750000	

	roam	changem	changer	dropvce	blkvce	\
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	
unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
mean	1.475938	-3.490585	-1.394097	6.131680	3.538140	
std	8.464911	253.387989	47.503507	9.044241	7.421263	
min	0.000000	-1345.500000	-341.800000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	0.000000	-77.000000	-6.397500	0.670000	0.000000	
50%	0.000000	-3.490585	-0.320000	3.000000	1.000000	
75%	0.175000	61.687500	1.295000	8.000000	3.670000	
max	147.160000	1295.750000	895.570000	130.670000	77.000000	

	unansvce	custcare	threeway	mourec	outcalls	\
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	
unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
mean	28.854610	1.696210	0.338700	116.669540	27.140610	
std	44.665855	5.040183	1.163631	163.026685	43.787284	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	5.670000	0.000000	0.000000	9.177500	3.330000	
50%	15.670000	0.000000	0.000000	52.985000	13.670000	
75%	37.330000	1.330000	0.330000	154.757500	34.415000	

max	814.330000	93.000000	19.670000	1141.990000	644.330000
-----	------------	-----------	-----------	-------------	------------

	incalls	peakvce	opeakvce	dropblk	callfwdv \
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000
unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
mean	9.058980	93.167050	69.881530	9.696300	0.003330
std	21.936599	115.834207	97.385312	12.683301	0.080151
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	21.000000	10.330000	1.670000	0.000000
50%	2.000000	61.670000	38.165000	5.670000	0.000000
75%	9.000000	120.415000	89.415000	12.330000	0.000000
max	404.000000	1018.670000	1052.330000	148.670000	2.330000

	callwait	churn	months	uniqsubs	actvsubs	csa \
count	1000.000000	1000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000
unique	NaN	2	NaN	NaN	NaN	277
top	NaN	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NYCBRO917
freq	NaN	703	NaN	NaN	NaN	37
mean	1.915810	NaN	18.802000	1.529000	1.346000	NaN
std	5.597785	NaN	9.919031	0.828158	0.605517	NaN
min	0.000000	NaN	6.000000	1.000000	1.000000	NaN
25%	0.000000	NaN	11.000000	1.000000	1.000000	NaN
50%	0.330000	NaN	16.000000	1.000000	1.000000	NaN
75%	1.670000	NaN	24.250000	2.000000	2.000000	NaN
max	101.000000	NaN	59.000000	8.000000	6.000000	NaN

	phones	models	eqpdays	customer	age1 \
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1.000000e+03	1000.000000
unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
mean	1.815000	1.581000	380.558000	1.050803e+06	30.98600
std	1.400977	0.957265	250.540258	2.904940e+04	22.15045
min	1.000000	1.000000	-1.000000	1.000057e+06	0.00000
25%	1.000000	1.000000	202.000000	1.025528e+06	0.00000
50%	1.000000	1.000000	332.000000	1.051723e+06	36.00000
75%	2.000000	2.000000	514.250000	1.075226e+06	48.00000
max	13.000000	9.000000	1344.000000	1.099979e+06	94.00000

	age2	children	credita	credita	creditb	creditc	creditde \
count	1000.000000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
unique	NaN	2	2	2	2	2	2
top	NaN	0	0	0	0	0	0
freq	NaN	754	829	628	822	910	865
mean	20.664000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
std	24.077101	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
min	0.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

25%	0.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
50%	0.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
75%	42.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
max	90.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

	creditgy	creditiz	credit_rating	prizmrur	prizmub	prizmtwn	przm_num	\
count	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
unique	2	2	7	2	2	2	4	
top	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	
freq	983	963	372	953	684	850	542	
mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	refurb	webcap	truck	rv	occprof	occcler	occcrft	occstud	occhmkr	\
count	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
unique	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
top	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
freq	870	900	805	924	832	977	971	997	999	
mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	occret	occself	occ	occ_label	ownrent	marryun	marryyes	marryno	marry	\
count	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
unique	2	2	8	8	2	2	2	2	3	
top	0	0	0	NONE	0	0	0	0	3	
freq	983	986	745	745	669	616	645	739	384	
mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	marry_label	mailord	mailres	mailflag	travel	pcown	creditcd	\
count	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
unique	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
top	UNKNOWN	0	0	0	0	0	1	
freq	739	655	642	981	952	822	675	

mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

	retcalls	retacct	newcelly	newcelln	refer	incmiss	\
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000	1000	1000.000000	1000	
unique	NaN	NaN	2	2	NaN	2	
top	NaN	NaN	0	0	NaN	0	
freq	NaN	NaN	801	883	NaN	762	
mean	0.037000	0.021000	NaN	NaN	0.059000	NaN	
std	0.199175	0.150272	NaN	NaN	0.354464	NaN	
min	0.000000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	0.000000	NaN	
25%	0.000000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	0.000000	NaN	
50%	0.000000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	0.000000	NaN	
75%	0.000000	0.000000	NaN	NaN	0.000000	NaN	
max	2.000000	2.000000	NaN	NaN	6.000000	NaN	

	income	mcycle	creditad	setprcm	setprc	retcall
count	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000.000000	1000
unique	10	2	6	2	NaN	2
top	0	0	0	1	NaN	0
freq	238	989	962	569	NaN	965
mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	36.935690	NaN
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	58.053305	NaN
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.000000	NaN
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.000000	NaN
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	0.000000	NaN
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	59.990000	NaN
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	399.990000	NaN

```
In [25]: #creating a backup dataframe before removing outliers using IQR
df3 = df
```

```
In [26]: #outlier detection
Q1 = df.quantile(0.05)
Q3 = df.quantile(0.95)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
```

```
In [27]: #new dataframe with outliers removed
df=df[~((df < (Q1 - 1.5 * IQR)) |(df > (Q3 + 1.5 * IQR))).any(axis=1)]
```

```
In [28]: #new dataframe shape
df.shape
```

Out[28]: (822, 82)

```
In [29]: #predicited variable count  
df['churn'].value_counts(ascending=True)
```

```
Out[29]: 1    247  
        0    575  
        Name: churn, dtype: int64
```

Grouping

age1

```
In [30]: #value counts  
df['age1'].value_counts(ascending=True)
```

```
Out[30]: 90.0    1  
        18.0    1  
        74.0    1  
        88.0    1  
        86.0    1  
        78.0    2  
        20.0    2  
        80.0    3  
        76.0    3  
        64.0    4  
        70.0    5  
        66.0    5  
        72.0    6  
        62.0    6  
        22.0    7  
        68.0    7  
        60.0    9  
        24.0   19  
        56.0   22  
        26.0   22  
        50.0   23  
        58.0   24  
        48.0   25  
        30.0   27  
        54.0   29  
        38.0   31  
        32.0   31  
        44.0   32  
        36.0   33  
        34.0   34
```

```
52.0    35
28.0    36
42.0    36
40.0    37
46.0    40
0.0     222
Name: age1, dtype: int64
```

```
In [31]: #Group the ages into groups
binsage=[0,17, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, 99]
labelsage=['Missing', '18-24', '25-34', '35-44', '45-54', '55-64', '65+']
df['age_group'] = pd.cut(df['age1'], binsage, labels=labelsage, include_lowest=True)
```

```
In [32]: #Age
print("Distinct values for age:\n", set(df['age_group']))

Distinct values for age:
{'35-44', '45-54', '65+', 'Missing', '25-34', '55-64', '18-24'}
```

```
In [33]: df['age_group'].value_counts(ascending=True)
```

```
Out[33]: 18-24      29
        65+       35
        55-64     65
        25-34    150
        45-54    152
        35-44    169
        Missing  222
Name: age_group, dtype: int64
```

age2

```
In [34]: #Group the ages for age2 into groups using same labels from age1
df['age_group2'] = pd.cut(df['age2'], binsage, labels=labelsage, include_lowest=True)

#Age
print("Distinct values for age:\n", set(df['age_group2']))
df['age_group2'].value_counts(ascending=True)
```

```
Distinct values for age:
{'35-44', '45-54', '65+', 'Missing', '25-34', '55-64', '18-24'}
```

```
Out[34]: 65+      28
        18-24    30
        55-64    44
        25-34    77
        35-44   101
        45-54   106
```

```
Missing      436
Name: age_group2, dtype: int64
```

roam

```
In [35]: print("roam Values")
print("Average roam: ", df['roam'].mean())
print("Minimum roam: ", df['roam'].min())
print("Maximum roam: ", df['roam'].max())
print("Null values: ", pd.isnull(df['roam']).sum())
print("Roam Value Counts:", df['roam'].value_counts(ascending=True))
#check # 0s in Roam
print("Number of Roam Zeroes: ",(df['roam'] ==0).sum())
```

```
roam Values
Average roam:  0.41072726695902795
Minimum roam:  0.0
Maximum roam:  10.54
Null values:  0
Roam Value Counts: 1.73      1
4.27      1
3.49      1
10.54     1
6.91      1
...
0.32      8
0.20     15
0.16     17
0.10     21
0.00    593
Name: roam, Length: 126, dtype: int64
Number of Roam Zeroes:  593
```

```
In [36]: #create groups for roaming
binsroam=[0,0.000000000001,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11]
labelsroam=['Not_Roaming','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','over 10']
df['roaming_range'] = pd.cut(df['roam'], bins=binsroam, labels=labelsroam, include_lowest=True)
```

```
In [37]: print("Distinct values for roam range:\n", set(df['roaming_range']))
print("Value counts for roaming range", df['roaming_range'].value_counts(ascending=True))
```

```
Distinct values for roam range:
{'6', '7', 'Not_Roaming', '9', '4', '2', '5', 'over 10', '1', '3', '8'}
Value counts for roaming range 10      0
over 10      1
9            2
8            4
7            5
```

```

6          6
5          9
3         11
4         11
2         42
1        138
Not_Roaming 593
Name: roaming_range, dtype: int64

```

```

In [38]: #Make sure the datatype for these new grouped columns are strings/objects
df['age_group'] = df['age_group'].astype(str)
df['age_group2'] = df['age_group2'].astype(str)
df['roaming_range'] = df['roaming_range'].astype(str)

df.dtypes

```

```

Out[38]: revenue          float64
mou              float64
recchrg         float64
directas        float64
overage         float64
...
setprc          float64
retcall         object
age_group       object
age_group2      object
roaming_range   object
Length: 85, dtype: object

```

```

In [39]: #did they churn (this was done for visualization but not necessary)
df['churn_status'] = df.churn.replace(to_replace=[0,1], value=['no','yes'])

```

Correlation and importance checks

```

In [40]: #checking which columns are objects/strings
print("Object Columns:\n",list(df.select_dtypes(['object'])))

```

```

Object Columns:
['churn', 'csa', 'children', 'credita', 'credita', 'creditb', 'creditc', 'creditde', 'creditgy', 'creditz', 'credit_rat
ing', 'prizmrur', 'prizmub', 'prizmtwn', 'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv', 'occprof', 'occcler', 'occcrft',
'occstud', 'occhmkr', 'occret', 'occcself', 'occ', 'occ_label', 'ownrent', 'marryun', 'marryyes', 'marryno', 'marry', 'mar
ry_label', 'mailord', 'mailres', 'mailflag', 'travel', 'pcown', 'creditcd', 'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'incmiss', 'income',
'mcycle', 'creditad', 'setprcm', 'retcall', 'age_group', 'age_group2', 'roaming_range', 'churn_status']

```

```

In [41]: #checking which columns are floats
print("Float Columns:\n",list(df.select_dtypes(['float64'])))

```

Float Columns:

```
['revenue', 'mou', 'recchrg', 'directas', 'overage', 'roam', 'changem', 'changer', 'dropvce', 'blkvce', 'unansvce', 'c  
ustcare', 'threeway', 'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incalls', 'peakvce', 'opeakvce', 'dropblk', 'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'age1',  
'age2', 'setprc']
```

```
In [42]: #checking which columns are integers  
print("Int Columns:\n",list(df.select_dtypes(['int64'])))
```

Int Columns:

```
['months', 'uniqusubs', 'actvsubs', 'phones', 'models', 'eqpdays', 'customer', 'retcalls', 'retacct', 'refer']
```

```
In [43]: #separate the data into object vs nonobjects  
notif=df.select_dtypes(exclude=['int','float','int64'])  
intfldtypes = df.select_dtypes(include=['int','float','int64'])  
print(df.shape)  
print(notif.shape)  
print(intfldtypes.shape)
```

```
(822, 86)
```

```
(822, 52)
```

```
(822, 34)
```

```
In [44]: #Label encode objects for correlaton/importance checking  
obj_le= notif.apply(LabelEncoder().fit_transform)
```

```
#re-add with non-objects to df_ml
```

```
df_ml= pd.concat([obj_le,intfldtypes], axis=1, sort=False)
```

```
df_ml=df_ml.drop(['churn_status'], axis=1)
```

```
#check shape
```

```
print(df_ml.shape)
```

```
(822, 85)
```

Spearman's Correlation

```
In [45]: #check correlation  
#Spearman's correlation  
print("Spearman's Correlation:")  
with pd.option_context('display.max_rows', None, 'display.max_columns', None): # more options can be specified also  
    print(df_ml.corr(method='spearman')['churn'].sort_values(ascending=False))  
#corr[np.argsort(corr,axis=0)[::-1]]
```

Spearman's Correlation:

```
churn          1.000000
```

```
eqpdays       0.108040
```

refurb	0.100411
roam	0.081060
prizmub	0.056727
months	0.050740
setprcm	0.044384
uniqsubs	0.042080
creditc	0.041131
marry	0.034076
actvsbs	0.032985
marryun	0.031545
age_group	0.027069
prizmrur	0.024777
creditaa	0.024714
age_group2	0.022143
credita	0.016881
overage	0.015045
incmiss	0.011450
ownrent	0.010160
occ_label	0.009215
creditz	0.007538
income	0.007518
mailflag	0.005134
occstud	0.004336
csa	0.003830
occret	0.003692
age2	0.003310
occprof	0.001567
newcelln	-0.004534
pcown	-0.004606
przm_num	-0.005845
threeway	-0.007253
marryyes	-0.007435
creditb	-0.009634
creditad	-0.012910
occcrft	-0.014661
age1	-0.017232
newcelly	-0.021112
occhmkr	-0.022874
truck	-0.024540
marryno	-0.026379
marry_label	-0.026379
rv	-0.026428
creditcd	-0.026854
prizmtwn	-0.028339
changer	-0.031916
occ	-0.032862
revenue	-0.032905
setprc	-0.032945
occselc	-0.035527

mcycle	-0.037946
children	-0.042250
directas	-0.043221
blkvce	-0.043543
occcler	-0.043674
phones	-0.044333
credit_rating	-0.044515
mailres	-0.045252
callwait	-0.049148
models	-0.050591
creditde	-0.053595
customer	-0.057741
mailord	-0.060496
travel	-0.064411
creditgy	-0.069531
dropblk	-0.071918
peakvce	-0.074349
roaming_range	-0.074933
unansvce	-0.077226
dropvce	-0.077544
changem	-0.077685
webcap	-0.079049
custcare	-0.088075
recchrg	-0.090420
incalls	-0.097669
mourec	-0.097822
outcalls	-0.100629
mou	-0.120161
opeakvce	-0.129500
retcall	NaN
callfwdv	NaN
retcalls	NaN
retacct	NaN
refer	NaN

Name: churn, dtype: float64

Kendall's Correlation

```
In [46]: print("Kendall's Correlation")
          with pd.option_context('display.max_rows', None, 'display.max_columns', None): # more options can be specified also
            print(df_ml.corr(method='kendall')['churn'].sort_values(ascending=False))
```

Kendall's Correlation

churn	1.000000
refurb	0.100411
eqpdays	0.088326
roam	0.075685
prizmub	0.056727
setprcm	0.044384

months	0.042228
creditc	0.041131
uniqsubs	0.040625
actvsbs	0.032551
marry	0.032169
marryun	0.031545
prizmrur	0.024777
creditaa	0.024714
age_group	0.024073
age_group2	0.020270
credita	0.016881
overage	0.013141
incmiss	0.011450
ownrent	0.010160
occ_label	0.008900
creditz	0.007538
income	0.006536
mailflag	0.005134
occstud	0.004336
occret	0.003692
csa	0.003142
age2	0.002960
occprof	0.001567
newcelln	-0.004534
pcown	-0.004606
przm_num	-0.005547
threeway	-0.006963
marryyes	-0.007435
creditb	-0.009634
creditad	-0.012863
occcrft	-0.014661
age1	-0.014661
newcelly	-0.021112
occhmkr	-0.022874
truck	-0.024540
changer	-0.026277
marry_label	-0.026379
marryno	-0.026379
rv	-0.026428
creditcd	-0.026854
revenue	-0.026901
prizmtwn	-0.028339
setprc	-0.030509
occ	-0.031738
occselc	-0.035527
blckvce	-0.037401
mcycle	-0.037946
directas	-0.039044
credit_rating	-0.040060

children	-0.042250
phones	-0.042291
occcler	-0.043674
callwait	-0.044371
mailres	-0.045252
customer	-0.047174
models	-0.049018
creditde	-0.053595
dropblk	-0.059662
mailord	-0.060496
peakvce	-0.061004
changem	-0.063497
unansvce	-0.063568
travel	-0.064411
dropvce	-0.064866
creditgy	-0.069531
roaming_range	-0.071943
recchrg	-0.075686
webcap	-0.079049
custcare	-0.080379
mourec	-0.080610
outcalls	-0.083098
incalls	-0.083561
mou	-0.098193
opeakvce	-0.106335
retcall	NaN
callfwdv	NaN
retcalls	NaN
retacct	NaN
refer	NaN

Name: churn, dtype: float64

In [47]: `df_ml.columns`

Out[47]: Index(['churn', 'csa', 'children', 'credita', 'credita', 'creditb', 'creditc', 'creditde', 'creditgy', 'creditiz', 'credit_rating', 'prizmrur', 'prizmub', 'prizmtwn', 'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv', 'occprof', 'occcler', 'occcrft', 'occcstud', 'occhmkr', 'occret', 'occcself', 'occ', 'occ_label', 'ownrent', 'marryun', 'marryyes', 'marryno', 'marry', 'marry_label', 'mailord', 'mailres', 'mailflag', 'travel', 'pcown', 'creditcd', 'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'incmiss', 'income', 'mcycle', 'creditad', 'setprcm', 'retcall', 'age_group', 'age_group2', 'roaming_range', 'revenue', 'mou', 'recchrg', 'directas', 'overage', 'roam', 'changem', 'changer', 'dropvce', 'blkvce', 'unansvce', 'custcare', 'threeway', 'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incalls', 'peakvce', 'opeakvce', 'dropblk', 'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'months', 'uniquisubs', 'actvsbs', 'phones', 'models', 'eqpdays', 'customer', 'age1', 'age2', 'retcalls', 'retacct', 'refer', 'setprc'], dtype='object')

Chi-Square for importance

```
In [48]: class ChiSquare:
    def __init__(self, dataframe):
        self.df_ml = dataframe
        self.p = None #P-Value
        self.chi2 = None #Chi Test Statistic
        self.dof = None

        self.df_mlObserved = None
        self.df_mlExpected = None

    def _print_chisquare_result(self, colX, alpha):
        result = ""
        if self.p < alpha:
            result = "\n~~~~~The column {0} is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~~\n".format(colX)
        else:
            result = "The column {0} is NOT an important predictor.".format(colX)

        print(result)

    def TestIndependence(self, colX, colY, alpha=0.10):
        X = self.df_ml[colX].astype(str)
        Y = self.df_ml[colY].astype(str)

        self.df_mlObserved = pd.crosstab(Y, X)
        chi2, p, dof, expected = stats.chi2_contingency(self.df_mlObserved.values)
        self.p = p
        self.chi2 = chi2
        self.dof = dof

        self.df_mlExpected = pd.DataFrame(expected, columns=self.df_mlObserved.columns,
                                           index = self.df_mlObserved.index)

        self._print_chisquare_result(colX, alpha)

#Initialize ChiSquare Class
cT = ChiSquare(df_ml)

#Feature Selection
testColumns = ['age_group2', 'csa', 'occ_label', 'marry_label', 'age_group', 'roaming_range',
               'revenue', 'mou', 'recchrge', 'directas', 'overage', 'roam', 'changem',
               'changer', 'dropvce', 'blckvce', 'unansvce', 'custcare', 'threeway',
               'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incalls', 'peakvce', 'opeakvce', 'dropblk',
               'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'months', 'uniqsubs', 'actvsubs',
```

```

'phones', 'models', 'eqpdays', 'customer', 'age1', 'age2', 'children',
'credita', 'credita', 'creditb', 'creditc', 'creditde', 'creditgy',
'creditz', 'credit_rating', 'prizmrur', 'prizmub', 'prizmtwn',
'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv', 'occprof', 'occcler',
'occcrft', 'occstud', 'occhmkr', 'occret', 'occsel', 'occ', 'ownrent',
'marryun', 'marryyes', 'marryno', 'marry', 'mailord', 'mailres',
'mailflag', 'travel', 'pcown', 'creditcd', 'retcalls', 'retacct',
'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'refer', 'incmiss', 'income', 'mcycle',
'creditad', 'setprcm', 'setprc', 'retcall']
for var in testColumns:
    cT.TestIndependence(colX=var,colY="churn" )

```

The column age_group2 is NOT an important predictor.
 The column csa is NOT an important predictor.
 The column occ_label is NOT an important predictor.
 The column marry_label is NOT an important predictor.
 The column age_group is NOT an important predictor.
 The column roaming_range is NOT an important predictor.
 The column revenue is NOT an important predictor.
 The column mou is NOT an important predictor.
 The column recchrge is NOT an important predictor.
 The column directas is NOT an important predictor.
 The column overage is NOT an important predictor.
 The column roam is NOT an important predictor.
 The column changem is NOT an important predictor.
 The column changer is NOT an important predictor.
 The column dropvce is NOT an important predictor.
 The column blkcvce is NOT an important predictor.
 The column unansvce is NOT an important predictor.
 The column custcare is NOT an important predictor.
 The column threeway is NOT an important predictor.
 The column mourec is NOT an important predictor.
 The column outcalls is NOT an important predictor.
 The column incalls is NOT an important predictor.
 The column peakvce is NOT an important predictor.
 The column opeakvce is NOT an important predictor.
 The column dropblk is NOT an important predictor.
 The column callfwdv is NOT an important predictor.
 The column callwait is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column months is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column uniqsubs is NOT an important predictor.  
 The column actvsubs is NOT an important predictor.  
 The column phones is NOT an important predictor.  
 The column models is NOT an important predictor.  
 The column eqpdays is NOT an important predictor.  
 The column customer is NOT an important predictor.

The column age1 is NOT an important predictor.  
The column age2 is NOT an important predictor.  
The column children is NOT an important predictor.  
The column credita is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditaa is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditb is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditc is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditde is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column creditgy is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column creditz is NOT an important predictor.
The column credit_rating is NOT an important predictor.
The column prizmrur is NOT an important predictor.
The column prizmub is NOT an important predictor.
The column prizmtwn is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column przm\_num is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column refurb is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column webcap is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column truck is NOT an important predictor.  
The column rv is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occprof is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occcler is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occcrft is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occstud is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occhmkr is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occret is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occself is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occ is NOT an important predictor.  
The column ownrent is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marryun is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marryyes is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marryno is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marry is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column mailord is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column mailres is NOT an important predictor.
The column mailflag is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column travel is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column pcown is NOT an important predictor.

The column creditcd is NOT an important predictor.  
The column retcalls is NOT an important predictor.  
The column retacct is NOT an important predictor.  
The column newcelly is NOT an important predictor.  
The column newcelln is NOT an important predictor.  
The column refer is NOT an important predictor.  
The column incmiss is NOT an important predictor.  
The column income is NOT an important predictor.  
The column mcycle is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditad is NOT an important predictor.  
The column setprcm is NOT an important predictor.  
The column setprc is NOT an important predictor.  
The column retcall is NOT an important predictor.

```
In [49]: df = df_ml
```

```
In [50]: #new columns
        """
        We will be making new columns out of the important columns from the Chi-Squared test above.

        The important columns are as follows:
            months, creditgy, przm_num, refurb, webcap, mailord, and travel.

        Some will be columns that I think would match well with the important column
        and others will be a combination of important columns.

        """

        #months
        df['months_mou'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mou'].astype(str)
        df['months_creditgy'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['creditgy'].astype(str)
        df['months_przm_num'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['przm_num'].astype(str)
        df['months_refurb'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['refurb'].astype(str)
        df['months_webcap'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['webcap'].astype(str)
        df['months_mailord'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mailord'].astype(str)
        df['months_travel'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['travel'].astype(str)
        df['months_models'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['models'].astype(str)
        df['months_agegroup'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group'].astype(str)
        df['months_agegroup2'] = df['months'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group2'].astype(str)

        #creditgy
        df['creditgy_przm_num'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['przm_num'].astype(str)
        df['creditgy_refurb'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['refurb'].astype(str)
        df['creditgy_webcap'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['webcap'].astype(str)
        df['creditgy_mailord'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mailord'].astype(str)
        df['creditgy_travel'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['travel'].astype(str)
```

```

df['creditgy_income'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['income'].astype(str)
df['creditgy_agegroup'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group'].astype(str)
df['creditgy_agegroup2'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group2'].astype(str)
df['creditgy_occ'] = df['creditgy'].astype(str) + '_' + df['occ'].astype(str)

#przm_num
df['przm_num_refurb'] = df['przm_num'].astype(str) + '_' + df['refurb'].astype(str)
df['przm_num_webcap'] = df['przm_num'].astype(str) + '_' + df['webcap'].astype(str)
df['przm_num_mailord'] = df['przm_num'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mailord'].astype(str)
df['przm_num_travel'] = df['przm_num'].astype(str) + '_' + df['travel'].astype(str)
df['przm_num_dropblk'] = df['przm_num'].astype(str) + '_' + df['dropblk'].astype(str)
df['przm_num_dropvce'] = df['przm_num'].astype(str) + '_' + df['dropvce'].astype(str)
df['przm_num_roam_range'] = df['przm_num'].astype(str) + '_' + df['roaming_range'].astype(str)

#refurb
df['refurb_webcap'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['webcap'].astype(str)
df['refurb_mailord'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mailord'].astype(str)
df['refurb_travel'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['travel'].astype(str)
df['refurb_models'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['models'].astype(str)
df['refurb_dropblk'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['dropblk'].astype(str)
df['refurb_dropvce'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['dropvce'].astype(str)
df['refurb_custcare'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['custcare'].astype(str)
df['refurb_retcalls'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['retcalls'].astype(str)
df['refurb_retcall'] = df['refurb'].astype(str) + '_' + df['retcall'].astype(str)

#webcap
df['webcap_mailord'] = df['webcap'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mailord'].astype(str)
df['webcap_travel'] = df['webcap'].astype(str) + '_' + df['travel'].astype(str)
df['webcap_agegroup'] = df['webcap'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group'].astype(str)
df['webcap_agegroup2'] = df['webcap'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group2'].astype(str)
df['webcap_income'] = df['webcap'].astype(str) + '_' + df['income'].astype(str)
df['webcap_setprc'] = df['webcap'].astype(str) + '_' + df['setprc'].astype(str)
df['webcap_retcall'] = df['webcap'].astype(str) + '_' + df['retcall'].astype(str)

#mailord
df['mailord_travel'] = df['mailord'].astype(str) + '_' + df['travel'].astype(str)
df['mailord_mailres'] = df['mailord'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mailres'].astype(str)
df['mailord_mailflag'] = df['mailord'].astype(str) + '_' + df['mailflag'].astype(str)
df['mailord_agegroup'] = df['mailord'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group'].astype(str)
df['mailord_agegroup2'] = df['mailord'].astype(str) + '_' + df['age_group2'].astype(str)

#travel
df['travel_roaming_range'] = df['travel'].astype(str) + '_' + df['roaming_range'].astype(str)
df['travel_income'] = df['travel'].astype(str) + '_' + df['income'].astype(str)

```



```
df['travel_occ'] =df['travel'].astype(str) + '_' + df['occ'].astype(str)
df['travel_marry'] =df['travel'].astype(str) + '_' + df['marry'].astype(str)
```

```
In [51]: #re_separate the data into object vs nonobjects
notif2=df.select_dtypes(exclude=['int','float','int64'])
intfldtypes2 = df.select_dtypes(include=['int','float','int64'])
print(df.shape)
print(notif2.shape)
print(intfldtypes2.shape)
```

```
(822, 136)
(822, 51)
(822, 85)
```

```
In [52]: #Label encode objects
obj_le2= notif2.apply(LabelEncoder().fit_transform)
#re-add with non-objects
df_m12= pd.concat([obj_le2,intfldtypes2], axis=1, sort=False)
#df_m12=df_m12.drop(['churn_status'], axis=1)
#check shape
print(df_m12.shape)
```

```
(822, 136)
```

```
In [53]: pd.options.display.max_columns = None
pd.options.display.max_rows = None
print(df_m12.columns.tolist())
```

```
['months_mou', 'months_creditgy', 'months_przm_num', 'months_refurb', 'months_webcap', 'months_mailord', 'months_travel',
'months_models', 'months_agegroup', 'months_agegroup2', 'creditgy_przm_num', 'creditgy_refurb', 'creditgy_webcap', 'credi
tgy_mailord', 'creditgy_travel', 'creditgy_income', 'creditgy_agegroup', 'creditgy_agegroup2', 'creditgy_occ', 'przm_num_
refurb', 'przm_num_webcap', 'przm_num_mailord', 'przm_num_travel', 'przm_num_dropblk', 'przm_num_dropvce', 'przm_num_roam
_range', 'refurb_webcap', 'refurb_mailord', 'refurb_travel', 'refurb_models', 'refurb_dropblk', 'refurb_dropvce', 'refurb
_custcare', 'refurb_retcalls', 'refurb_retcalls', 'webcap_mailord', 'webcap_travel', 'webcap_agegroup', 'webcap_agegroup
2', 'webcap_income', 'webcap_setprc', 'webcap_retcalls', 'mailord_travel', 'mailord_mailres', 'mailord_mailflag', 'mailord
_agegroup', 'mailord_agegroup2', 'travel_roaming_range', 'travel_income', 'travel_occ', 'travel_marry', 'churn', 'csa',
'children', 'credita', 'credita', 'creditb', 'creditc', 'creditde', 'creditgy', 'creditz', 'credit_rating', 'prizmrur',
'prizmub', 'prizmtwn', 'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv', 'occprof', 'occcler', 'occrcft', 'occstud', 'occhmk
r', 'occret', 'occsel', 'occ', 'occ_label', 'ownrent', 'marryun', 'marryyes', 'marryno', 'marry', 'marry_label', 'mailor
d', 'mailres', 'mailflag', 'travel', 'pcown', 'creditcd', 'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'incmiss', 'income', 'mcycle', 'credita
d', 'setprcm', 'retcalls', 'age_group', 'age_group2', 'roaming_range', 'revenue', 'mou', 'recchrge', 'directas', 'overag
e', 'roam', 'changem', 'changer', 'dropvce', 'blckvce', 'unansvce', 'custcare', 'threeway', 'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incall
s', 'peakvce', 'opeakvce', 'dropblk', 'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'months', 'uniqusubs', 'actvsbs', 'phones', 'models', 'eqpd
ays', 'customer', 'age1', 'age2', 'retcalls', 'retacctp', 'refer', 'setprc']
```

```
In [54]: #chisquared #2 to check the importance with newly created columns added
class ChiSquare:
```

```

def __init__(self, dataframe):
    self.df_m12 = dataframe
    self.p = None #P-Value
    self.chi2 = None #Chi Test Statistic
    self.dof = None

    self.df_m12Observed = None
    self.df_m12Expected = None

def _print_chisquare_result(self, colX, alpha):
    result = ""
    if self.p < alpha:
        result = "\n~~~~~The column {0} is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~~\n".format(colX)
    else:
        result = "The column {0} is NOT an important predictor.".format(colX)

    print(result)

def TestIndependence(self, colX, colY, alpha=0.10):
    X = self.df_m12[colX].astype(str)
    Y = self.df_m12[colY].astype(str)

    self.df_m12Observed = pd.crosstab(Y, X)
    chi2, p, dof, expected = stats.chi2_contingency(self.df_m12Observed.values)
    self.p = p
    self.chi2 = chi2
    self.dof = dof

    self.df_m12Expected = pd.DataFrame(expected, columns=self.df_m12Observed.columns,
                                       index = self.df_m12Observed.index)

    self._print_chisquare_result(colX, alpha)

#Initialize ChiSquare Class
cT = ChiSquare(df_m12)

#Feature Selection
testColumns = ['months_mou', 'months_creditgy', 'months_przm_num', 'months_refurb', 'months_webcap',
               'months_mailord', 'months_travel', 'months_models', 'months_agegroup',
               'months_agegroup2', 'creditgy_przm_num', 'creditgy_refurb', 'creditgy_webcap',
               'creditgy_mailord', 'creditgy_travel', 'creditgy_income', 'creditgy_agegroup',
               'creditgy_agegroup2', 'creditgy_occ', 'przm_num_refurb', 'przm_num_webcap',
               'przm_num_mailord', 'przm_num_travel', 'przm_num_dropblk', 'przm_num_dropvce',
               'przm_num_roam_range', 'refurb_webcap', 'refurb_mailord', 'refurb_travel',
               'refurb_models', 'refurb_dropblk', 'refurb_dropvce', 'refurb_custcare',
               'refurb_retcalls', 'refurb_retcalls', 'webcap_mailord', 'webcap_travel',

```

```

'webcap_agegroup', 'webcap_agegroup2', 'webcap_income', 'webcap_setprc',
'webcap_retcalls', 'mailord_travel', 'mailord_mailres', 'mailord_mailflag',
'mailord_agegroup', 'mailord_agegroup2', 'travel_roaming_range', 'travel_income',
'travel_occ', 'travel_marry', 'csa', 'children', 'credita', 'credita2', 'creditb',
'creditc', 'creditde', 'creditgy', 'creditg', 'credit_rating', 'prizmrn', 'prizmub',
'prizmtwn', 'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv', 'occprof', 'occcler',
'occcrft', 'occstud', 'occhmkr', 'occret', 'occsel', 'occ', 'occ_label', 'ownrent',
'marryun', 'marryyes', 'marryno', 'marry', 'marry_label', 'mailord', 'mailres',
'mailflag', 'travel', 'pcown', 'creditcd', 'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'incmiss',
'income', 'mcycle', 'creditad', 'setprcm', 'retcalls', 'age_group',
'age_group2', 'roaming_range', 'revenue', 'mou', 'recchrge', 'directas',
'overage', 'roam', 'changem', 'changer', 'dropvce', 'blkvce', 'unansvce',
'custcare', 'threeway', 'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incalls', 'peakvce', 'opeakvce',
'dropblk', 'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'months', 'uniqusubs', 'actvsubs', 'phones',
'models', 'eqpdays', 'customer', 'age1', 'age2', 'retcalls', 'retacct', 'refer',
'setprc']
for var in testColumns:
    cT.TestIndependence(colX=var,colY="churn" )

```

The column months\_mou is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column months\_creditgy is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column months\_przm\_num is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column months\_refurb is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column months\_webcap is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column months\_mailord is NOT an important predictor.

The column months\_travel is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column months\_models is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column months_agegroup is NOT an important predictor.

The column months_agegroup2 is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column creditgy\_przm\_num is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column creditgy\_refurb is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column creditgy\_webcap is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column creditgy\_mailord is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column creditgy\_travel is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column creditgy\_income is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditgy\_agegroup is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditgy\_agegroup2 is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditgy\_occ is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column przm\_num\_refurb is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column przm\_num\_webcap is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column przm\_num\_mailord is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column przm_num_travel is NOT an important predictor.
The column przm_num_dropblk is NOT an important predictor.
The column przm_num_dropvce is NOT an important predictor.
The column przm_num_roam_range is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column refurb\_webcap is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column refurb\_mailord is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column refurb\_travel is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column refurb\_models is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column refurb_dropblk is NOT an important predictor.
The column refurb_dropvce is NOT an important predictor.
The column refurb_custcare is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column refurb\_retcalls is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column refurb\_retcall is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column webcap\_mailord is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column webcap\_travel is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column webcap_agegroup is NOT an important predictor.
The column webcap_agegroup2 is NOT an important predictor.
The column webcap_income is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column webcap\_setprc is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column webcap\_retcalls is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column mailord_travel is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column mailord\_mailres is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column mailord\_mailflag is NOT an important predictor.  
The column mailord\_agegroup is NOT an important predictor.  
The column mailord\_agegroup2 is NOT an important predictor.  
The column travel\_roaming\_range is NOT an important predictor.  
The column travel\_income is NOT an important predictor.  
The column travel\_occ is NOT an important predictor.  
The column travel\_married is NOT an important predictor.  
The column csa is NOT an important predictor.  
The column children is NOT an important predictor.  
The column credits is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditaa is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditb is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditc is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditde is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column creditgy is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column creditz is NOT an important predictor.
The column credit_rating is NOT an important predictor.
The column prizmrur is NOT an important predictor.
The column prizmub is NOT an important predictor.
The column prizmtwn is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column prizm\_num is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column refurb is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

~~~~The column webcap is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column truck is NOT an important predictor.  
The column rv is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occprof is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occcler is NOT an important predictor.

The column occcrft is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occstud is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occhmkr is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occret is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occself is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occ is NOT an important predictor.  
The column occ\_label is NOT an important predictor.  
The column ownrent is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marryun is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marryyes is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marryno is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marry is NOT an important predictor.  
The column marry\_label is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column mailord is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column mailres is NOT an important predictor.
The column mailflag is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column travel is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column pcown is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditcd is NOT an important predictor.  
The column newcelly is NOT an important predictor.  
The column newcelln is NOT an important predictor.  
The column incmiss is NOT an important predictor.  
The column income is NOT an important predictor.  
The column mcycle is NOT an important predictor.  
The column creditad is NOT an important predictor.  
The column setprcm is NOT an important predictor.  
The column retcall is NOT an important predictor.  
The column age\_group is NOT an important predictor.  
The column age\_group2 is NOT an important predictor.  
The column roaming\_range is NOT an important predictor.  
The column revenue is NOT an important predictor.  
The column mou is NOT an important predictor.  
The column recchrg is NOT an important predictor.  
The column directas is NOT an important predictor.  
The column overage is NOT an important predictor.  
The column roam is NOT an important predictor.  
The column changem is NOT an important predictor.  
The column changer is NOT an important predictor.  
The column dropvce is NOT an important predictor.  
The column blkcvce is NOT an important predictor.  
The column unansvce is NOT an important predictor.  
The column custcare is NOT an important predictor.  
The column threeway is NOT an important predictor.  
The column mourec is NOT an important predictor.  
The column outcalls is NOT an important predictor.

The column incalls is NOT an important predictor.  
The column peakvce is NOT an important predictor.  
The column opeakvce is NOT an important predictor.  
The column dropblk is NOT an important predictor.  
The column callfwdv is NOT an important predictor.  
The column callwait is NOT an important predictor.

~~~~The column months is IMPORTANT for Prediction.~~~~

The column unisubs is NOT an important predictor.
The column actvsbs is NOT an important predictor.
The column phones is NOT an important predictor.
The column models is NOT an important predictor.
The column eqpdays is NOT an important predictor.
The column customer is NOT an important predictor.
The column age1 is NOT an important predictor.
The column age2 is NOT an important predictor.
The column retcalls is NOT an important predictor.
The column retacct is NOT an important predictor.
The column refer is NOT an important predictor.
The column setprc is NOT an important predictor.

```
In [55]: #Creating a dataframe with important columns for visualizations later
df1 = df[['age_group', 'months_creditgy', 'months_przm_num', 'months_refurb', 'months_webcap',
          'months_models', 'creditgy_przm_num', 'creditgy_refurb', 'creditgy_webcap',
          'creditgy_mailord', 'creditgy_travel', 'przm_num_refurb', 'przm_num_webcap',
          'przm_num_mailord', 'refurb_webcap', 'refurb_mailord', 'refurb_travel',
          'refurb_models', 'refurb_retcalls', 'refurb_retcalls', 'webcap_mailord',
          'webcap_travel', 'webcap_setprc', 'webcap_retcalls', 'mailord_mailres',
          'creditgy', 'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'mailord', 'travel',
          'months', 'churn']]
```

```
In [56]: #saving previously mentions dataframe to a csv for visualizations
df1.to_csv(r'celldata_to_visualize.csv', index=False)
```

Model Preparation

```
In [57]: #separate dtypes to do label encoding to actual df dataframe
notif=df.select_dtypes(exclude=['int','float','int64'])
intfldtypes = df.select_dtypes(include=['int','float','int64'])
print('Objects',notif.columns)
print("\nNonObjects",intfldtypes.columns)

#checking to make sure all are accounted for
print(df.shape)
```

```
print(notif.shape)
print(intfldtypes.shape)
```

```
Objects Index(['months_mou', 'months_creditgy', 'months_przm_num', 'months_refurb',
              'months_webcap', 'months_mailord', 'months_travel', 'months_models',
              'months_agegroup', 'months_agegroup2', 'creditgy_przm_num',
              'creditgy_refurb', 'creditgy_webcap', 'creditgy_mailord',
              'creditgy_travel', 'creditgy_income', 'creditgy_agegroup',
              'creditgy_agegroup2', 'creditgy_occ', 'przm_num_refurb',
              'przm_num_webcap', 'przm_num_mailord', 'przm_num_travel',
              'przm_num_dropblk', 'przm_num_dropvce', 'przm_num_roam_range',
              'refurb_webcap', 'refurb_mailord', 'refurb_travel', 'refurb_models',
              'refurb_dropblk', 'refurb_dropvce', 'refurb_custcare',
              'refurb_retcalls', 'refurb_retcalls', 'webcap_mailord', 'webcap_travel',
              'webcap_agegroup', 'webcap_agegroup2', 'webcap_income', 'webcap_setprc',
              'webcap_retcalls', 'mailord_travel', 'mailord_mailres',
              'mailord_mailflag', 'mailord_agegroup', 'mailord_agegroup2',
              'travel_roaming_range', 'travel_income', 'travel_occ', 'travel_marry'],
              dtype='object')

NonObjects Index(['churn', 'csa', 'children', 'credita', 'credita', 'creditb', 'creditc',
                  'creditde', 'creditgy', 'creditiz', 'credit_rating', 'prizmrur',
                  'prizmub', 'prizmtwn', 'przm_num', 'refurb', 'webcap', 'truck', 'rv',
                  'occprof', 'occcler', 'occcrft', 'occstud', 'occhmkr', 'occret',
                  'occsel', 'occ', 'occ_label', 'ownrent', 'marryun', 'marryyes',
                  'marryno', 'marry', 'marry_label', 'mailord', 'mailres', 'mailflag',
                  'travel', 'pcown', 'creditcd', 'newcelly', 'newcelln', 'incmiss',
                  'income', 'mcycle', 'creditad', 'setprcm', 'retcalls', 'age_group',
                  'age_group2', 'roaming_range', 'revenue', 'mou', 'recchrg', 'directas',
                  'overage', 'roam', 'changem', 'changer', 'dropvce', 'blkvce',
                  'unansvce', 'custcare', 'threeway', 'mourec', 'outcalls', 'incalls',
                  'peakvce', 'opeakvce', 'dropblk', 'callfwdv', 'callwait', 'months',
                  'uniqusubs', 'actvsubs', 'phones', 'models', 'eqpdays', 'customer',
                  'age1', 'age2', 'retcalls', 'retaccpt', 'refer', 'setprc'],
                  dtype='object')
(822, 136)
(822, 51)
(822, 85)
```

```
In [58]: #Label encode objects
obj_le= notif.apply(LabelEncoder().fit_transform)

#re-add with non-objects
df_pred= pd.concat([obj_le,intfldtypes], axis=1, sort=False)
#check shape
print(df_pred.shape)
```

```
(822, 136)
```


Resampling imbalanced data

```
In [59]: #set X and y for modeling
X=df_pred.drop(['churn'],axis=1)
y=df_pred['churn']
```

```
In [60]: #checking value count of churn
df_pred.churn.value_counts()
```

```
Out[60]: 0    575
         1    247
         Name: churn, dtype: int64
```

```
In [61]: # SMOTE oversampling method from imblearn used to resample data
oversample = SMOTE(random_state=42)
X, y = oversample.fit_resample(X, y)

# summarize the new class distribution
counter = Counter(y)
print(counter)
```

```
Counter({0: 575, 1: 575})
```

```
In [62]: # setting up testing and training sets
res_X_train, res_X_test, res_y_train, res_y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
                                                                    test_size=0.25, random_state=42)
```

```
In [63]: #scale X variable data
scaler = StandardScaler()

#fit training set
scaler.fit(res_X_train)

# Apply transform to both the training set and the test set
res_X_train = scaler.transform(res_X_train)
res_X_test = scaler.transform(res_X_test)
```

```
In [64]: #confusion matrix plot function
def cm_plot(var):
    plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
    plt.clf()
    plt.imshow(var, interpolation='nearest', cmap='bwr')
    classNames = ['Did Not Churn','Churned']
    plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
```

```

plt.ylabel('Actual\n')
plt.xlabel('Predicted\n')
tick_marks = np.arange(len(classNames))
plt.xticks(tick_marks, classNames)
plt.yticks(tick_marks, classNames)
s = [['TN', 'FP'], ['FN', 'TP']]

for i in range(2):
    for j in range(2):
        plt.text(j,i, str(s[i][j])+"="+str(var[i][j]),horizontalalignment='center')
plt.show()

#Modeling to compare Random Forest and Logistic Regression
classifiers = [
    RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42, n_estimators=100),
    LogisticRegression(random_state=42)]

#putting performance measure results in df
res_cols=["Classifier", "Accuracy", "Log Loss", "Cross Val", "Recall", "Roc Auc", "F1",
          "False Positive Rate", "Error Rate"]
results = pd.DataFrame(columns=res_cols)

#measure specifications
for clf in classifiers:
    clf.fit(res_X_train, res_y_train)
    name = clf.__class__.__name__

    print("\n"*3)
    print(name, "Results:")

    print('~'*40)
    res_y_pred = clf.predict(res_X_test)
    acc = accuracy_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred)
    print("Accuracy: {:.4%}".format(acc))

    cv = np.mean(cross_val_score(clf, res_X_train, res_y_train, cv=10))
    print("Cross validation scores:", cv)

    train_predictions = clf.predict_proba(res_X_test)
    logloss = log_loss(res_y_test, train_predictions)
    print("Log Loss: {}".format(logloss))

    cm = confusion_matrix(res_y_test, res_y_pred)

    cm_plot(cm)

```

```

#FPR and Error Rate setup
tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(res_y_test, res_y_pred).ravel()

fpr = fp/(tn+fp)
ers = 1-acc
rec= recall_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred)
roc=roc_auc_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred, average='weighted')
f1s=f1_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred, average='weighted')
results_final = pd.DataFrame([[name, round(acc*100,3), round(logloss,3),
                                round(cv*100,3), round(rec*100,3), round(roc*100,3),
                                round(f1s*100,3), round(fpr*100,3), round(ers*100,3)]],
                                columns=res_cols)

results = results.append(results_final)

print(""*40)

```

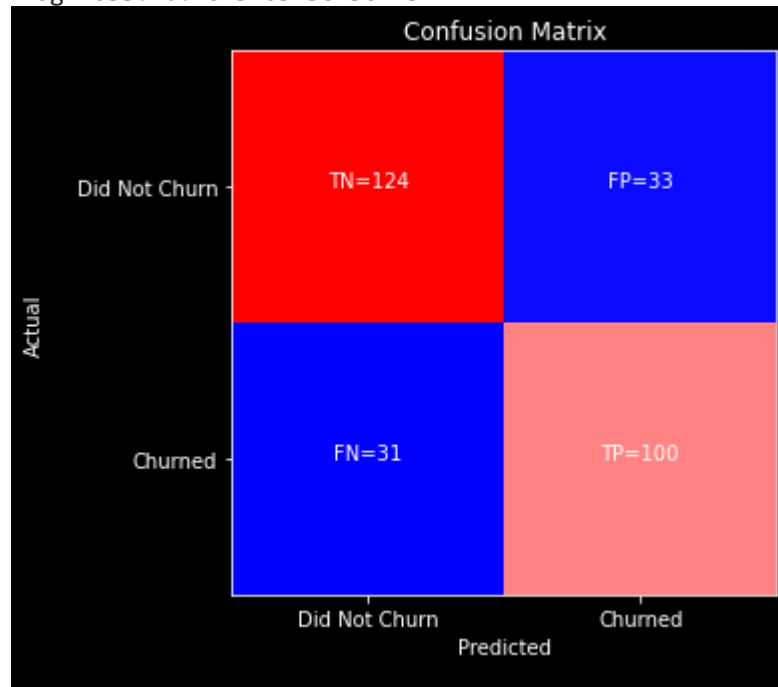
RandomForestClassifier Results:

~~~~~

Accuracy: 77.7778%

Cross validation scores: 0.7656642608928095

Log Loss: 0.48431632387361134



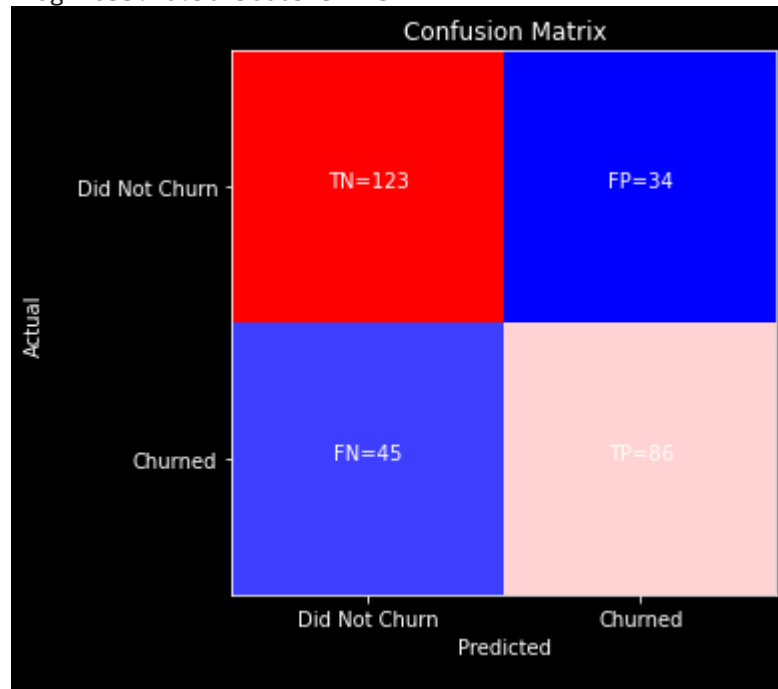
LogisticRegression Results:

~~~~~

Accuracy: 72.5694%

Cross validation scores: 0.742381716118685

Log Loss: 0.5025600393212577



```
In [65]: #checking scores of rf and lr
print("Shape", results.shape)
results.head(10)
```

Shape (2, 9)

```
Out[65]:
```

| | Classifier | Accuracy | Log Loss | Cross Val | Recall | Roc Auc | F1 | False Positive Rate | Error Rate |
|---|------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---------------------|------------|
| 0 | RandomForestClassifier | 77.778 | 0.484 | 76.566 | 76.336 | 77.658 | 77.791 | 21.019 | 22.222 |
| 0 | LogisticRegression | 72.569 | 0.503 | 74.238 | 65.649 | 71.996 | 72.433 | 21.656 | 27.431 |

```
In [ ]: '''AFTER EVALUATING THE ALGORITHMS AND THEIR PERFORMANCE
RANDOM FOREST PERFORMED THE BEST SO PARAMETER TUNING WILL BE DONE TO IT
FOR THE BEST SET OF PARAMETERS'''
```

```

#not necessary to re-run unless you want to parameter tune again (timely)

#Get tuning parameter of random forest
#random forest

# timing to see how long it takes

#start
tune_start_rfc = time.time()
rfc = RandomForestClassifier()
print('\n')
param_grid = {
    'bootstrap': [True, False],
    'n_estimators': [400, 1000],
    'criterion': ['entropy', 'gini'],
    'max_depth': [100, 150],
    'min_samples_split': [0, 2, 4],
    'max_features': ['auto', 2, 3],
    'n_jobs': [None, 2],
    'warm_start': [True],
    'random_state': [42]}

grid_rfc = GridSearchCV(rfc, param_grid = param_grid, scoring='accuracy', cv = 10)
grid_rfc.fit(res_X_train, res_y_train)
rfcbest_estimator = grid_rfc.best_estimator_
print("Random Forest:\n", grid_rfc.best_params_)
print('\n')
tune_end_rfc = time.time()
print("\nTuning Random Forest Time (in minutes): ", (tune_end_rfc - tune_start_rfc)/60)

```

```

In [66]: #Final Random Forest Modelling
classifiers = [
    RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=False, criterion='gini', max_depth=100,
                           min_samples_split=2, n_estimators=1000, max_features=3,
                           class_weight='balanced', warm_start=True, n_jobs=None,
                           random_state=42)]

#putting results2 in df
res_cols=["Classifier", "Accuracy", "Log Loss", "Cross Val", "Recall", "Roc Auc", "F1",
          "False Positive Rate", "Error Rate"]
results2 = pd.DataFrame(columns=res_cols)

```

```

for clf in classifiers:
    clf.fit(res_X_train, res_y_train)
    name = clf.__class__.__name__

    print("\n"*3)
    print(name, "results2:")

    print('~'*40)
    res_y_pred = clf.predict(res_X_test)
    acc = accuracy_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred)
    print("Accuracy: {:.4%}".format(acc))

    cv = np.mean(cross_val_score(clf, res_X_train, res_y_train, cv=10))
    print("Cross validation scores:", cv)

    train_predictions = clf.predict_proba(res_X_test)
    logloss = log_loss(res_y_test, train_predictions)
    print("Log Loss: {}".format(logloss))

    cm = confusion_matrix(res_y_test, res_y_pred)

    cm_plot(cm)

    #FPR and Error Rate setup
    tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(res_y_test, res_y_pred).ravel()

    fpr = fp/(tn+fp)
    ers = 1-acc
    rec = recall_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred)
    roc = roc_auc_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred, average='weighted')
    f1s = f1_score(res_y_test, res_y_pred, average='weighted')
    results2_final = pd.DataFrame([[name, round(acc*100,3), round(logloss,3),
                                     round(cv*100,3), round(rec*100,3), round(roc*100,3),
                                     round(f1s*100,3), round(fpr*100,3), round(ers*100,3)]],
                                   columns=res_cols)
    results2 = results2.append(results2_final)

print("*"*40)

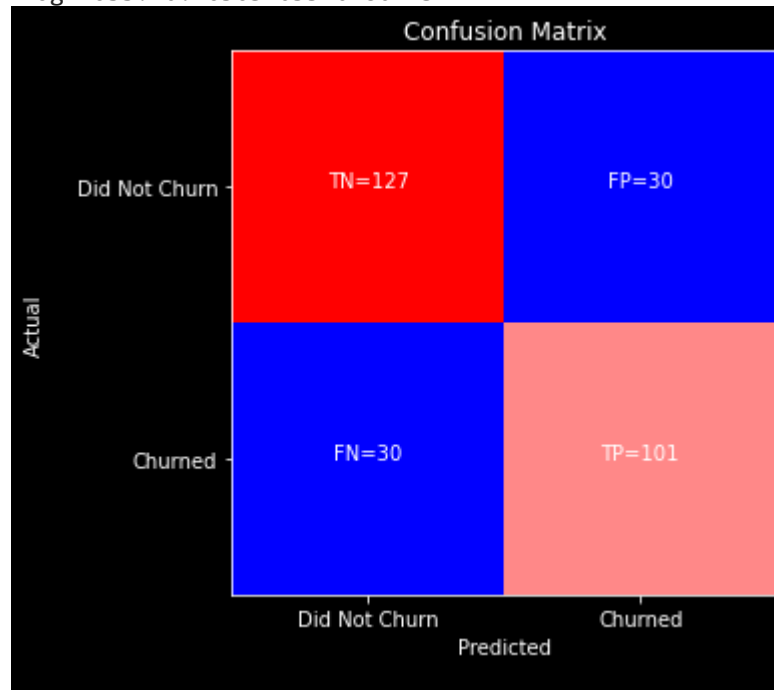
```

RandomForestClassifier results2:

~~~~~

Accuracy: 79.1667%

Log Loss: 0.46563905510980913



\*\*\*\*\*

```
In [ ]: #checking feature importance just in case
start_time = time.time()

importances = clf.feature_importances_

feature_names = X.columns

forest_importances = pd.Series(importances, index=feature_names)

elapsed_time = time.time() - start_time

print(f"Elapsed time to compute the importances: "
      f"{elapsed_time:.3f} seconds")
```

```
In [ ]: with pd.option_context('display.max_rows', None, 'display.max_columns', None): # more options can be specified also
        print(forest_importances.sort_values(ascending=False))
```

[illegible]

```
results2.head()
```

Out[67]:

	Classifier	Accuracy	Log Loss	Cross Val	Recall	Roc Auc	F1	False Positive Rate	Error Rate
0	RetunedRandomForestClassifier	79.167	0.466	76.676	77.099	78.995	79.167	19.108	20.833

In [68]:

```
ml_results = pd.concat([results,results2])
ml_results.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
print("Shape",ml_results.shape)
ml_results.head(10)
```

Shape (3, 9)

Out[68]:

	Classifier	Accuracy	Log Loss	Cross Val	Recall	Roc Auc	F1	False Positive Rate	Error Rate
0	RandomForestClassifier	77.778	0.484	76.566	76.336	77.658	77.791	21.019	22.222
1	LogisticRegression	72.569	0.503	74.238	65.649	71.996	72.433	21.656	27.431
2	RetunedRandomForestClassifier	79.167	0.466	76.676	77.099	78.995	79.167	19.108	20.833

In [69]:

```
'''
    testing model on another set of data
    importing cleaned dataset (verificationdataset.csv) from another notebook to be tested.'''

#import data set into dataframe
ver_df= pd.read_csv(r'verificationdataset.csv')

#Create X an y test sets
ver_X_test = ver_df.drop(['churn'],axis=1)
ver_y_test = ver_df['churn']
```

In [70]:

```
#scale verification X set
ver_X_test = scaler.transform(ver_X_test)
```

In [71]:

```
#Final Random Forest Modelling
classifiers = [
    RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=False, criterion='gini', max_depth=100,
                           min_samples_split=2, n_estimators=1000, max_features=3,
                           class_weight='balanced', warm_start=True, n_jobs=None,
                           random_state=42)]

#putting results3 in df
res_cols=["Classifier", "Accuracy", "Log Loss", "Cross Val", "Recall", "Roc Auc","F1",
```



```

        "False Positive Rate", "Error Rate"]
results3 = pd.DataFrame(columns=res_cols)

for clf in classifiers:
    clf.fit(res_X_train, res_y_train)
    name = clf.__class__.__name__

    print("\n"*3)
    print(name,"results3:")

    print('~'*40)
    ver_y_pred = clf.predict(ver_X_test)
    acc = accuracy_score(ver_y_test, ver_y_pred)
    print("Accuracy: {:.4%}".format(acc))

    cv= np.mean(cross_val_score(clf, res_X_train, res_y_train, cv=10))
    print("Cross validation scores:",cv)

    train_predictions = clf.predict_proba(ver_X_test)
    logloss = log_loss(ver_y_test, train_predictions)
    print("Log Loss: {}".format(logloss))

    cm = confusion_matrix(ver_y_test, ver_y_pred)

    cm_plot(cm)

    #FPR and Error Rate setup
    tn, fp, fn, tp = confusion_matrix(ver_y_test,ver_y_pred).ravel()

    fpr = fp/(tn+fp)
    ers = 1-acc
    rec= recall_score(ver_y_test, ver_y_pred)
    roc=roc_auc_score(ver_y_test, ver_y_pred, average='weighted')
    f1s=f1_score(ver_y_test, ver_y_pred, average='weighted')
    results3_final = pd.DataFrame([[name, round(acc*100,3), round(logloss,3),
                                     round(cv*100,3), round(rec*100,3), round(roc*100,3),
                                     round(f1s*100,3),round(fpr*100,3),round(ers*100,3)]],
                                   columns=res_cols)
    results3 = results3.append(results3_final)

print("~"*40)

```

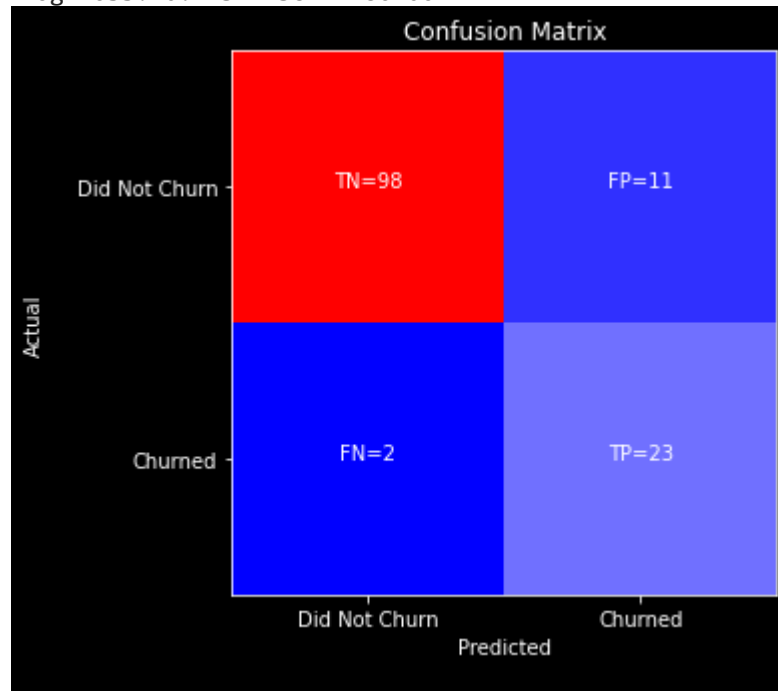
RandomForestClassifier results3:

~~~~~

Accuracy: 90.2985%

Cross validation scores: 0.7667602245388934

Log Loss: 0.42397438171986906



```
In [72]: results3['Classifier'] = results3['Classifier'].replace(['RandomForestClassifier'],  
                                                             'VerificationRandomForestClassifier')  
results3.head()
```

```
Out[72]:
```

| | Classifier | Accuracy | Log Loss | Cross Val | Recall | Roc Auc | F1 | False Positive Rate | Error Rate |
|---|------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|-------|---------------------|------------|
| 0 | VerificationRandomForestClassifier | 90.299 | 0.424 | 76.676 | 92.0 | 90.954 | 90.83 | 10.092 | 9.701 |

```
In [73]: ml_results = pd.concat([results,results2,results3])  
ml_results.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)  
print("Shape",ml_results.shape)  
ml_results.head(10)
```

Shape (4, 9)

```
Out[73]:
```

| | Classifier | Accuracy | Log Loss | Cross Val | Recall | Roc Auc | F1 | False Positive Rate | Error Rate |
|--|------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|----|---------------------|------------|
|--|------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|----|---------------------|------------|

| | Classifier | Accuracy | Log Loss | Cross Val | Recall | Roc Auc | F1 | False Positive Rate | Error Rate |
|---|------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|---------------------|------------|
| 0 | RandomForestClassifier | 77.778 | 0.484 | 76.566 | 76.336 | 77.658 | 77.791 | 21.019 | 22.222 |
| 1 | LogisticRegression | 72.569 | 0.503 | 74.238 | 65.649 | 71.996 | 72.433 | 21.656 | 27.431 |
| 2 | RetunedRandomForestClassifier | 79.167 | 0.466 | 76.676 | 77.099 | 78.995 | 79.167 | 19.108 | 20.833 |
| 3 | VerificationRandomForestClassifier | 90.299 | 0.424 | 76.676 | 92.000 | 90.954 | 90.830 | 10.092 | 9.701 |

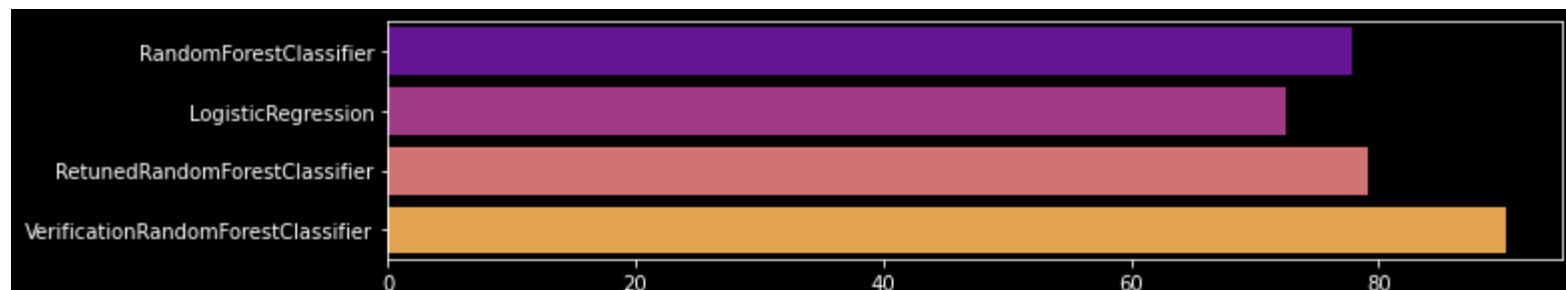
In [74]: *#Visualize scores for all models*

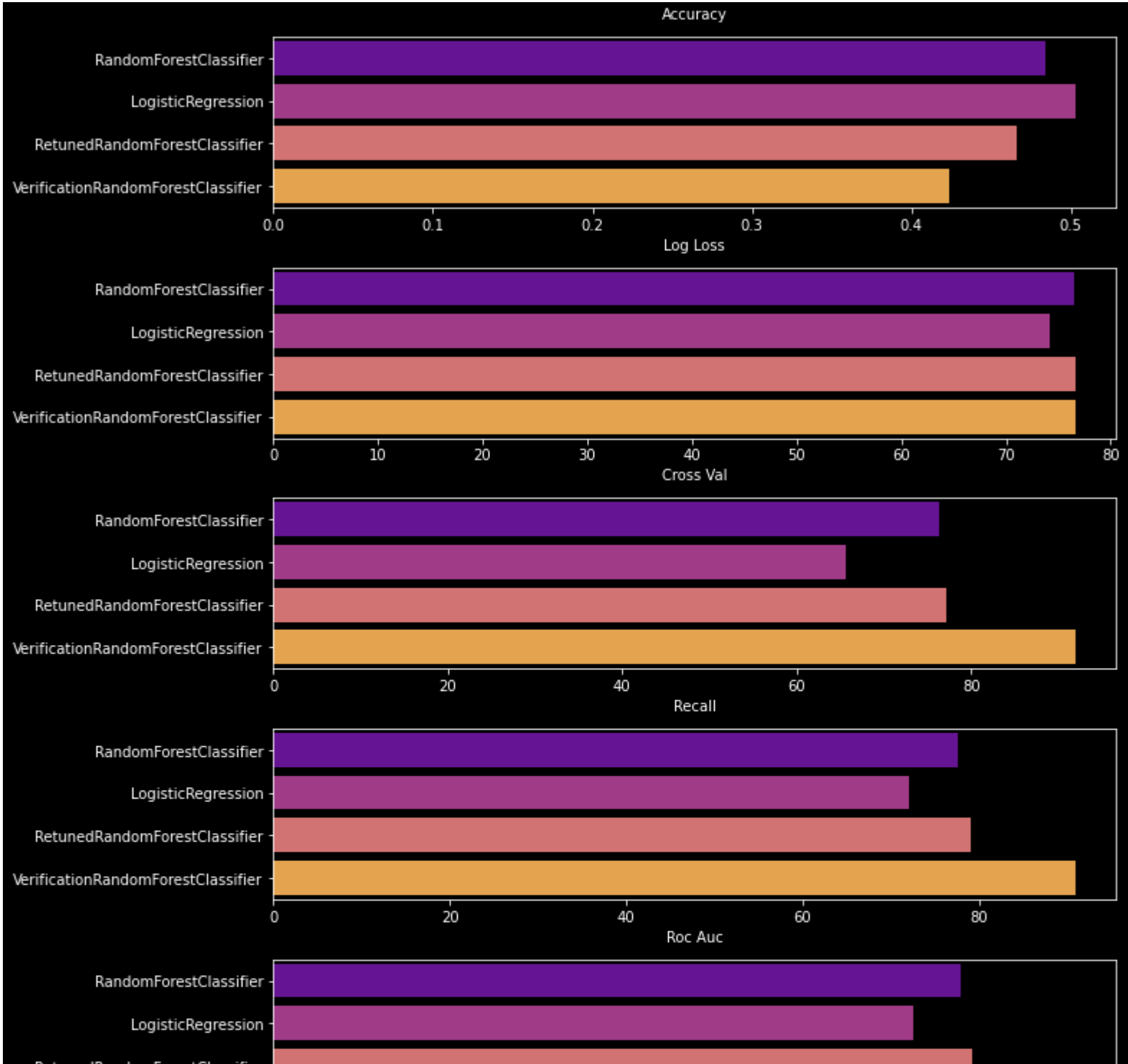
```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=8, ncols=1, figsize = (11,18))

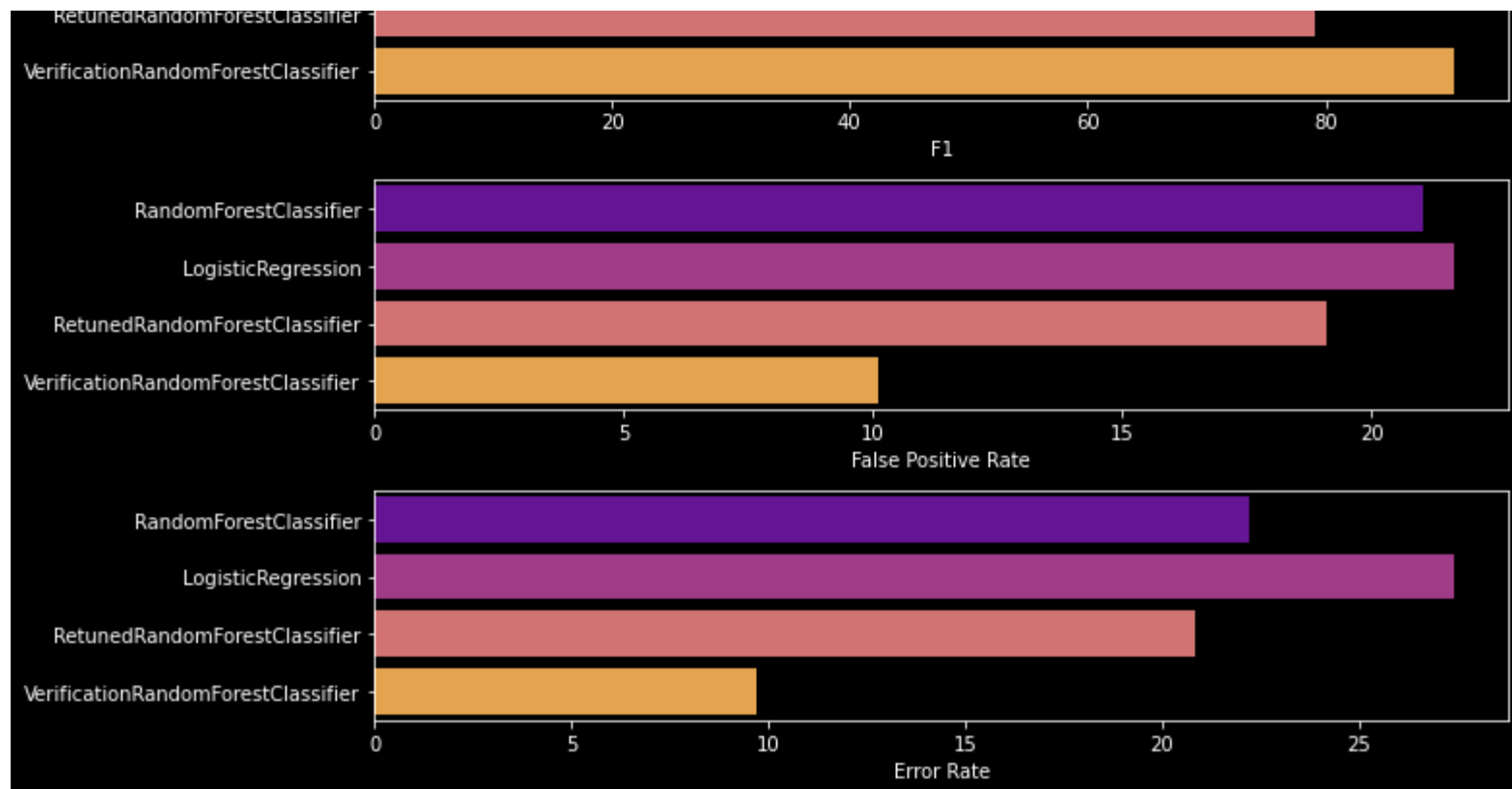
sns.barplot(x='Accuracy', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[0])
sns.barplot(x='Log Loss', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[1])
sns.barplot(x='Cross Val', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[2])
sns.barplot(x='Recall', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[3])
sns.barplot(x='Roc Auc', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[4])
sns.barplot(x='F1', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[5])
sns.barplot(x='False Positive Rate', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[6])
sns.barplot(x='Error Rate', y='Classifier', data=ml_results, palette='plasma', ax=ax[7])

#remove classifier label from y
ax[0].set(ylabel = '')
ax[1].set(ylabel = '')
ax[2].set(ylabel = '')
ax[3].set(ylabel = '')
ax[4].set(ylabel = '')
ax[5].set(ylabel = '')
ax[6].set(ylabel = '')
ax[7].set(ylabel = '')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig('machinelearningresults.png')
plt.show()
```







```
In [75]: ml_results.to_csv('ml_results.csv', index=False)
```