Loan Default Risk Assessment

App Available: https://rocky-badlands-21201.herokuapp.com/

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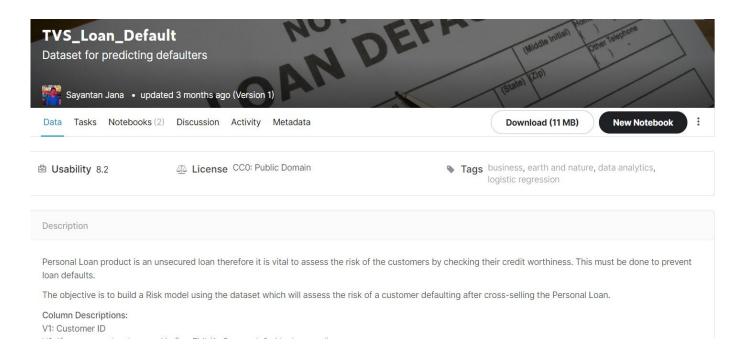
Project Overview

• Goal: create loan default predictor app for TVS Credit Services

• Plan: try out different machine learning models

• **Process**: clean data, create and test models, then develop front end interface

Dataset



Column Descriptions

V2: If a customer has bounced in first EMI (1: Bounced, 0: Not bounced)

V3: Number of times bounced in recent 12 months

V4: Maximum MOB (Month of business with TVS Credit)

V5: Number of times bounced while repaying the loan

V6: EMI

V7: Loan Amount

V8: Tenure

V9: Dealer codes from where customer has purchased the Two wheeler

V10: Product code of Two wheeler (MC: Motorcycle, MO: Moped, SC: Scooter)

V11: No of advance EMI paid

V12: Rate of interest

V13: Gender (Male/Female)

V14: Employment type (HOUSEWIFE: housewife, SELF: Self-employed, SAL: Salaried, PENS: Pensioner, STUDENT: Student)

V15: Resident type of customer

V16: Date of birth

V17: Age at which customer has taken the loan

V18: Number of loans

V19: Number of secured loans

V20: Number of unsecured loans

V21: Maximum amount sanctioned in the Live loans

V22: Number of new loans in last 3 months

V23: Total sanctioned amount in the secured Loans which are Live

V24: Total sanctioned amount in the unsecured Loans which are Live

V25: Maximum amount sanctioned for any Two wheeler loan

V26: Time since last Personal loan taken (in months)

V27: Time since first consumer durables loan taken (in months)

V28: Number of times 30 days past due in last 6 months

V29: Number of times 60 days past due in last 6 months

V30: Number of times 90 days past due in last 3 months

V31: Tier: (Customer's geographical location)

Cleaning & Preprocessing Data

	V	/1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	 V23	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	V29	V30	V31	V32								
0		1	0	0	24.0	0.0	2432.0	46500.0	24.0	1385.0	SC	 NaN	NaN	46500.0	NaN	NaN	0	0	0	TIER 1	0								
1		2	0	1	24.0	1.0	1495.0	28168.0	24.0	2496.0	MO	 NaN	NaN	28168.0	NaN	NaN	0	0	0	TIER 1	0								
2		3	0	0	26.0	0.0	1707.0	38900.0	30.0	1346.0	SC	 NaN	105000.0	38900.0	34.0	31.0	31	31	16	TIER 1	0								
3		4	0	0	24.0	0.0	2128.0	42900.0	24.0	1375.0	SC	 NaN	NaN	42900.0	NaN	NaN	0	0	0	TIER 1	0								
4		5	0	0	27.0	0.0	1824.0	40900.0	30.0	4140.0	MC	 NaN	NaN	40900.0	NaN	NaN	0	0	0	TIER 1	0	Afte	er						
	1											 																	
119523	11952	24	0	1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	 NaN	NaN	N					Max	imum	Age at		Number of	Maximum	Number of		Maximum	Number of	
119524	11952	25	0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	 NaN	NaN	3300	EMI		Loan		amount whi		which	Rate of days past			times 60	re nact Number	amount sanctioned	times 90	Tenure b
119525	11952	26	0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	 NaN	NaN	N			Amour	nt		y Two	has taken	Interest	due in last 6 months	with TVS Credit)	due in last 6 months	of loans	in the Live loans	due in last 3 months	r
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73527 2941.0 47900.0

73528 2870.0 41000.0

73529 2720.0 28350.0

73530 3500.0 50000.0

73531 2750.0 27500.0

47900.0

41000.0

28350.0

50000.0

27500.0

47.0

35.0 3.99

56.0

36.0

6.99

15.10

4.00

14.0

10.0

10.0

8.0

Number

of times

bounced

repaying

0.0

1.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

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0 15.0

3 12.0

0 15.0

0 10.0

160400.0

32000.0

0.0

Deeper Dive into Data

```
In [21]: grouped_df = data_df.groupby(['Target variable ( 1: Defaulters / 0: Non-Defaulters)'])
           grouped df - grouped df.mean()
           grouped df.round(2)
Out[21]:
                                                                                               Maximum
                                                                                                                                             Number
                                                                                                                                                               Number
                                                                                                          Number of
                                                 Maximum
                                                               Age at
                                                                                 Number of
                                                                                                                                Maximum
                                                                                                  MOB
                                                                                                                                            of times
                                                                                                                                                               of times
                                                                                   times 30
                                                                                                            times 60
                                                                                                                                  amount
                                                                                               (Month of
                                                                                                                                             90 days
                                                                                                                                                              bounced
                                                            customer
                                                                                  days past
                                                                                                           days past
                                                                                                                               sanctioned
                                                                                               business
                                                                                                                                             past due
                                                                                                                                                                 while
                                                                                 due in last
                                                                                                          due in last
                                                                                                                               in the Live
                                                                                               with TVS
                                                                                                                                             in last 3
                                                                                                                                                              repaying
                                                                                  6 months
                                                                                                           6 months
                                              wheeler loan
                                                              the loan
                                                                                                                                    loans
                                                                                                 Credit)
                                                                                                                                             months
                                                                                                                                                               the loan
                   Target
              variable (1:
              Defaulters /
                  0: Non-
               Defaulters)
                       0 2339.41 40182.51
                                                  41362.12
                                                                36.89
                                                                         11.39
                                                                                      1.15
                                                                                                  17.45
                                                                                                                0.87
                                                                                                                         4.19
                                                                                                                                 96173.61
                                                                                                                                                0.37
                                                                                                                                                       21.41
                                                                                                                                                                  0.69
                       1 2342.72 41359.86
                                                                         11.66
                                                                                                                                107196.51
                                                                                                                                                       22.11
                                                  43003.46
                                                                34.15
                                                                                      5.41
                                                                                                   18.02
                                                                                                                4.28
                                                                                                                                                1.76
                                                                                                                                                                  1.15
```

- Number of times 30 days past due in last 6 months
- Number of times 60 days past due in last 6 months
- Number of times 90 days past due in last 3 months

Deeper Dive into Data

Average default rate is just over 2%

A potential customer with a recent history of overdue loan payments is at high risk of defaulting

	Percent Chance of Defaulting
30 day groups	
0-1 times 30 days past due in last 6 months	0.964512
2+ times 30 days past due in last 6 months	9.466963
	Percent Chance of Defaulting
60 day groups	
0-1 times 60 days past due in last 6 months	1.109901
2+ times 60 days past due in last 6 months	9.074855
	Percent Chance of Defaulting
90 day groups	
0-1 times 90 days past due in last 6 months	1.656719
3+ times 90 days past due in last 3 months	10.119785

Apply Classification ML Models

- Logistic Regression
- Random Forest
- Gradient-Boosted Tree/Forest
 - SKLearn's HistGradientBoostingClassifier
 - XGBoost XGBClassifier

Logistic Regression

- Used train, test, split from sklearn
- Then proceeded to **oversample** the data

• Performed Grid Search to improve score

```
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
O print(f"Training Data Score: {classifier.score(X_train, y_train)}")
print(f"Testing Data Score: {classifier.score(X_test, y_test)}")
```

Training Data Score: 0.6375132634069126 Testing Data Score: 0.687087781328619

Before

```
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
print(f"Training Data Score: {classifier.score(X_train, y_train)}")
print(f"Testing Data Score: {classifier.score(X_test, y_test)}")

Training Data Score: 0.7754439979822226
Testing Data Score: 0.8417760250220984
```

After

Random Forest

First the dataset dropped the columns of "Customer ID" and "Dealer codes from where customer has purchased the Two wheeler"

Running a Decision Tree generated a p-value of around 0.95, and running Random Forest generated a p-value of around 0.97

```
sorted(zip(rf.feature_importances_, feature_names), reverse=True)

[(0.08890478850921141, 'EMI'),
  (0.07965104050998616, 'Maximum amount sanctioned for any Two wheeler loan'),
  (0.07884458576267889, 'Loan Amount'),
  (0.07560229260981725, 'Age at which customer has taken the loan'),
  (0.07189866677683529, 'Rate of Interest'),
```

Gradient-Boosted ML Models

- Similar to random forests technically tree ensembles
- Trees are built to optimize an objective function
- Each tree is built while keeping previous trees fixed
- Trees built by adding levels a leaf is split into two leaves if tree score improves from split
- Useful for imbalanced classes in classification problems

Scoring Metric - How to Compare Models?

- Accuracy is not a valid comparison metric classifiers will classify all customers as non-defaulters
 - This would result in ~98% accuracy rate
- Compare by money predicted to be saved/spent when model is implemented to screen customers for personal loan offers
 - Ratio of default loan worth to non-default loan worth is **theoretically** 5:1
 - Must find a model that maximizes the equation:
 - 5 * (# of defaulters correctly identified) (# of customers incorrectly identified as defaulters)
 - Later added a multiplicative factor to improve precision:
 - (# of defaulters correctly identified)/(# of total defaulters)

Best Model - XGBoost's XGBClassifier

- 30-40% of all defaulters consistently found
- Loan defaulter/false negative ratio of 4.5-4.8 to 1
 - Slightly better than 5:1 ratio to "break even"

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Non-Default	0.98	0.96	0.97	14367
Default	0.17	⇒ 0.38	0.24	340

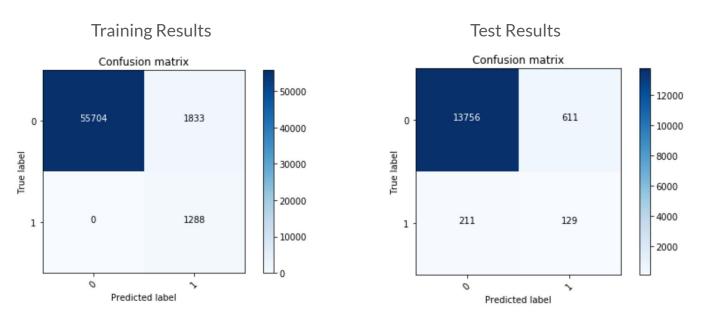
Financial Analysis of XGBoost Model

- 5:1 Ratio : Average Completed Loan Profit ≈ 8,000 Rupees, Average Loan Amount ≈ 40,000 Rupees
- Successfully predicted 645 defaulters, but 3,055 false positives
- Utilizing the model for our sample data would have resulted in an additional 990,000 rupee profit, or \$13,800

Best Model - Issues

- Overfitting became an issue with training set data
- Could only rely on model's results on test set data
 - Made comparison with other models difficult due to limited test dataset size
- Model technically makes money using **theoretical** maximum loan ratio of 5:1, but this ratio is an estimate
- Previous best models were likely overfit but not detected due to the new scoring metric and lack of confusion matrices, so hard to compare to earlier "best" models

Best Model - Issues cont'd



Limitations of the Dataset

Not a lot of defaulters

Which generates more false positive on defaults

Overfitting likely due to 50:1 class ratio of non-defaulters to defaulters

Usually need > 10k samples of each class for best results, only have ~ 1700 defaulters in dataset

Next Steps

- Collect more data
 - Need more data overall to improve ML results higher row count
 - More data helps prevent overfitting
 - More precise data on average losses per default
 - Need more exact data in specific columns to improve modeling (e.g. "Maximum Amount Sanctioned for Live Loans")
 - May need more features such as "Annual Income"
- Try more ML algorithms
 - Neural Networks

Questions?