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Quiz on Week 8
11.24.17

$$P(n, r) = n! / (n-r)! \text{ or}$$

$$C(n, r) = n! / (r! * (n-r)!)$$

r-permutations with repetition allowed - n^r

r-combinations with repetition allowed - $\frac{(n+r-1)!}{r! * (n-1)!}$

1.

SUCCESSFUL = 10 letters total

S = 3 letters

U = 2 letters

C = 2 letters

E = 1 Letter

F = 1 Letter

L = 1 Letter

$$P(10, 3) * P(7, 2) * P(5, 2) * P(3, 1) * P(2, 1) * P(1, 1)$$

$$= \frac{(10!)}{(3! * 2! * 2! * 1! * 1! * 1!)} = \text{ANS}$$

2.

IMPORTANCE = 10 letters total

a.

$$10! = \text{ANS}$$

b.

[IM]PORTANCE = 9 letters total

$$9! = \text{ANS}$$

c.

IMPORTANCE = 10 letters total, all letters are distinct = $10!$

Consider [POR] as a single letter : IM[POR]TANCE = 8 letters total

Number of permutations with P, O, R together = $8!$

So the number of permutations where POR do not come together is $10! - 8! = \text{ANS}$

3. Consider a bag of jelly beans that has 40 red, 40 yellow, and 40 green jelly beans.

Three different kinds of jelly beans = 3 containers = N

$$C(N+K-1, N)$$

a. How many color sequences can you get by drawing 6 beans from the bag?

With three containers of jellybeans = N and you are drawing 6 beans from the bag, you get $3^6 = \text{ANS}$

b. How many color combinations of 10 beans have at most three yellow beans?

At most having 3 yellow beans is equal to 0 of 10, 1 of 10, 2 of 10, or 3 of 10. Thus:

$$C(40 + 3-1, 40) - C(10 + 3 - 1, 0) + C(10 + 3 - 1, 1) + C(10, 2) + C(10, 3) = \text{ANS}$$

c. How many color combinations of 10 beans have at least seven yellow beans?

At least 7 yellow beans is equal to 7 of 10, 8 of 10, 9 of 10, or 10 of 10. Thus:

$$C(40 + 3-1, 40) - C(10, 7) + C(10, 8) + C(10, 9) + C(10, 10) = \text{ANS}$$

4.

$$C(N+K-1, N)$$

$$C(30 + 4 - 1, 30) = C(33, 30)$$

5.

a.

$$C(8, 4) * C(6, 5)$$

$$= 8! / (4!(8-4)!) * 6! / (5!(6-5)!) = \text{ANS}$$

b.

Choices of girls =

$$C(6, 1) * C(6, 2) * C(6, 3)$$

Choices of boys =

$$C(8, 5) * C(8, 4) * C(8, 3)$$

$$C(6, 1) * C(8, 5) +$$

$$C(6, 2) * C(8, 4) +$$

$$C(6, 3) * C(8, 3)$$

$$= 6! / (1!(6-1)!) * 8! / (5!(8-5)!) +$$

$$6! / (2!(6-2)!) * 8! / (4!(8-4)!) +$$

$$6! / (3!(6-3)!) * 8! / (3!(8-3)!) = \text{ANS}$$