```
In [24]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         from scipy.stats import norm
         import math
         import os
         import json
In [29]: def get_csvs_from_dir(directory):
             datasets_dir = os.path.join(directory, 'environment', 'datasets')
                 csv_files = [os.path.join(datasets_dir, file) for file in os.listdir(datasets_di
                 stock_names = [os.path.basename(file).replace('.csv', '') for file in csv_files]
                 return csv_files, stock_names
             except FileNotFoundError:
                 print(f"The directory {datasets_dir} does not exist.")
                 return [], []
         def load_data(file_path):
             df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
             df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
             df.set_index('date', inplace=True)
             return df
         def black_scholes(S, K, T, r, sigma, option_type='call'):
             d1 = (np.log(S / K) + (r + 0.5 * sigma**2) * T) / (sigma * np.sqrt(T))
             d2 = d1 - sigma * np.sqrt(T)
             return (S * norm.cdf(d1) - K * np.exp(-r * T) * norm.cdf(d2)) if option_type == 'cal
         def calculate_arbitrage(df, r, sigma, T, volume, results_dir, model_name):
             # if model_name is 'lstm', then no profit should be gotten in the first 10 days sinc
             # but the df should still be the same length as the original df
             if model_name == 'lstm':
                 df = df[10:]
             results = []
             for index, row in df.iterrows():
                 call_price_predicted = black_scholes(row[model_name], row['actual'], T, r, sigma
                 put_price_predicted = black_scholes(row[model_name], row['actual'], T, r, sigma,
                 call_price_actual = black_scholes(row['actual'], row['actual'], T, r, sigma, 'ca
                 put_price_actual = black_scholes(row['actual'], row['actual'], T, r, sigma, 'put
                 arbitrage_type, gain = identify_arbitrage(call_price_predicted, put_price_predic
                 results.append({'Month': index.strftime('%Y-%m'), 'Arbitrage Type': arbitrage_ty
             results_df = pd.DataFrame(results)
             # if model_name is 'lstm' then first 10 days with 0 value should be added to the res
             if model name == 'lstm':
                 results_df = pd.concat([pd.DataFrame([{'Month': index.strftime('%Y-%m'), 'Arbitr
             # Save results to a csv file
             results_df.to_csv(os.path.join(results_dir, model_name+'_arbitrage.csv'), index=Fals
             return results_df
         def identify_arbitrage(call_pred, put_pred, call_act, put_act, volume):
             if call_act > call_pred:
                 return 'Buy Call', (call_act - call_pred) * volume
             elif put_act > put_pred:
                 return 'Buy Put', (put_act - put_pred) * volume
             return 'No Arbitrage', 0
```

```
if isinstance(obj, (np.int64, np.int32)):
                  return int(obj)
             elif isinstance(obj, (np.float64, np.float32)):
                 return float(obj)
             elif isinstance(obj, np.ndarray):
                  return obj.tolist()
             raise TypeError(f"Type {type(obj)} not serializable")
         def update_statistics(arbitrage_df, results_dir, model_name):
             stats = {
                  'mean_arbitrage_gain': arbitrage_df['Gain'].mean(),
                  'max_arbitrage_gain': arbitrage_df['Gain'].max(),
                  'total_arbitrage_gain': arbitrage_df['Gain'].sum(),
                  'total_opportunities': len(arbitrage_df),
                  'opportunities_with_gain': (arbitrage_df['Gain'] > 0).sum(),
                  'opportunities_with_loss': (arbitrage_df['Gain'] < 0).sum(),</pre>
                  'opportunities_with_no_arbitrage': (arbitrage_df['Arbitrage Type'] == 'No Arbitr
             }
             json_file_path = os.path.join(results_dir, 'profit_stats.json')
             # if file exists, append to it, else create a new file
             if os.path.exists(json_file_path):
                 with open(json_file_path, 'r') as file:
                     data = json.load(file)
                 data[model_name] = stats
                 with open(json_file_path, 'w') as file:
                     json.dump(data, file, indent=4, default=json_serializer)
             else:
                 with open(json_file_path, 'w') as file:
                     json.dump({model_name: stats}, file, indent=4, default=json_serializer)
In [30]: def process_stocks(directory, r, sigma, T, volume, model_name):
             datasets, stock_names = get_csvs_from_dir(directory)
             stock_names = stock_names
             for stock_name in stock_names:
                  results_dir = os.path.join(directory, 'agents', 'trained_models', stock_name)
                 predictions_dir = os.path.join(results_dir, 'predictions.csv')
                 df = load_data(predictions_dir)
                 arbitrage_df = calculate_arbitrage(df, r, sigma, T, volume, results_dir, model_n
                 update_statistics(arbitrage_df, results_dir, model_name)
                 print(f"Processed {stock_name}")
         if __name__ == '__main__':
             project_dir = os.path.dirname(os.getcwd())
             model_name = 'multidqn' # 'arima', 'lstm', 'multidqn'
             # Parameters: risk-free rate, volatility, time to maturity, volume (to simulate larg
             r, sigma, T, volume = 0.01, 0.2, 1/12, 1000000
             process_stocks(project_dir, r, sigma, T, volume, model_name)
         Processed a
         Processed aapl
         Processed abc
         Processed abt
         Processed acn
         Processed adbe
         Processed adi
         Processed adm
         Processed adp
         Processed ads
         Processed adsk
         Processed aee
         Processed aep
         Processed aes
```

def json_serializer(obj):

Processed afl
Processed agn
Processed aig
Processed aiv
Processed amzn
Processed jnj
Processed jpm
Processed ko
Processed mmm
Processed msft