

Calculating the metric tensor of an egg.

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1 Introduction.

We know that the metric tensor of the egg is:

$$g_{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} (\cos u)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(\sin u)^2(2 \cos u + 5)^2 & 0 \\ 0 & (\sin u)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$g^{ij} = g_{ij}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{(\cos u)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(\sin u)^2(2 \cos u + 5)^2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{(\sin u)^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

The geodesic equation is:

$$\frac{d^2 u^a}{dt^2} + \Gamma_{bc}^a \frac{du^b}{dt} \frac{du^c}{dt} = 0$$

where $u^1 = v$, $u^2 = u$ and $\Gamma_{bc}^a = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^b \delta u^c} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u^d} g^{da}$

2 Calculating the christoffel symbols.

From before we know that:

$$\frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos v \cos u \\ \sin v \cos u \\ -\frac{1}{4}(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta v} = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin v \sin u \\ \cos v \sin u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

We can calculate that:

$$\frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^2} = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos v \sin u \\ -\sin v \sin u \\ \frac{1}{4}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta v^2} = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos v \sin u \\ -\sin v \sin u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta v \delta u} = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u \delta v} = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin v \cos u \\ \cos v \cos u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now we can calculate the christoffel symbols

$$\Gamma_{bc}^1 = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^b \delta u^c} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u^d} g^{d1} = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^b \delta u^c} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u^1} g^{11} + \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^b \delta u^c} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u^2} g^{21}$$

g^{21} is equal to zero so

$$\Gamma_{bc}^1 = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^b \delta u^c} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u^1} g^{11}$$

$$\Gamma_{11}^1 = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^1 \delta u^1} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u^1} g^{11} = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^2} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u} g^{11}$$

In this coordinate system multiplying vectors is easier:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} &= (a^x \vec{e}_x + a^y \vec{e}_y + a^z \vec{e}_z) \cdot (b^x \vec{e}_x + b^y \vec{e}_y + b^z \vec{e}_z) = \\ &= a^x b^x (\vec{e}_x \cdot \vec{e}_x) + a^x b^y (\vec{e}_x \cdot \vec{e}_y) + a^x b^z (\vec{e}_x \cdot \vec{e}_z) + \\ &+ a^y b^x (\vec{e}_y \cdot \vec{e}_x) + a^y b^y (\vec{e}_y \cdot \vec{e}_y) + a^y b^z (\vec{e}_y \cdot \vec{e}_z) + \\ &+ a^z b^x (\vec{e}_z \cdot \vec{e}_x) + a^z b^y (\vec{e}_z \cdot \vec{e}_y) + a^z b^z (\vec{e}_z \cdot \vec{e}_z) \end{aligned}$$

$(\vec{e}_a \cdot \vec{e}_b) = 0$ when $a \neq b$ and $(\vec{e}_a \cdot \vec{e}_b) = 1$ when $a = b$ so:

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = a^x b^x + a^y b^y + a^z b^z$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^2} \cdot \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u} &= \begin{bmatrix} -\cos v \sin u \\ -\sin v \sin u \\ \frac{1}{4}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u) \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos v \cos u \\ \sin v \cos u \\ -\frac{1}{4}(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5) \end{bmatrix} = \\ &= -(\cos v)^2 (\cos u)(\sin u) - (\sin v)^2 (\cos u)(\sin u) - \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{16}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u)(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5) = \\ &= -(\cos u)(\sin u) - \frac{1}{16}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u)(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_{11}^1 &= \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^2} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u} g^{11} = \\ &= -(\cos u)(\sin u) - \frac{1}{16}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u)(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5) \cdot g^{11} = \\ &= \frac{-(\cos u)(\sin u) - \frac{1}{16}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u)(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5)}{(\cos u)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(\sin u)^2(2 \cos u + 5)^2} \\ \Gamma_{12}^1 &= \Gamma_{21}^1 = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u \delta v} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u} g^{11} = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta v \delta u} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta v} g^{21} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

We will just skip the christoffel symbols when there's g^{21} or g^{12}

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_{22}^1 &= \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta v^2} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta u} g^{11} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -\cos v \sin u \\ -\sin v \sin u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \cos v \cos u \\ \sin v \cos u \\ -\frac{1}{4}(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5) \end{bmatrix} = \\ &= -(\cos v)^2 (\sin u)(\cos u) - (\sin v)^2 (\sin u)(\cos u) = -(\sin u)(\cos u) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Gamma_{22}^1 = -(\sin u)(\cos u) \cdot g^{11} = \frac{-(\sin u)(\cos u)}{(\cos u)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(\sin u)^2(2 \cos u + 5)^2}$$

$$\Gamma_{11}^2 = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u^2} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta v} g^{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{bmatrix} -\cos v \sin u \\ -\sin v \sin u \\ \frac{1}{4}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u) \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -\sin v \sin u \\ \cos v \sin u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \\ & = (\cos v)(\sin v)(\sin u)^2 - (\cos v)(\sin v)(\sin u)^2 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Gamma_{11}^2 = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{12}^2 = \Gamma_{21}^2 = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u \delta v} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta v} g^{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta u \delta v} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta v} = \begin{bmatrix} -\sin v \cos u \\ \cos v \cos u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -\sin v \sin u \\ \cos v \sin u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \\ & = (\sin v)^2(\sin u)(\cos u) + (\cos v)^2(\sin u)(\cos u) = (\sin u)(\cos u) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Gamma_{12}^2 = \Gamma_{21}^2(\sin u)(\cos u) \cdot g^{22} = (\sin u)(\cos u) \left(\frac{1}{(\sin u)^2} \right) = \frac{\cos u}{\sin u}$$

$$\Gamma_{22}^2 = \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta v^2} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta v} g^{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\delta^2 \vec{R}}{\delta v^2} \frac{\delta \vec{R}}{\delta v} = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos v \sin u \\ -\sin v \sin u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -\sin v \sin u \\ \cos v \sin u \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \\ & = (\sin u)^2(\sin v)(\cos v) - (\sin u)^2(\sin v)(\cos v) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Gamma_{22}^2 = 0$$

3 The christoffel symbols.

We found that:

$$\Gamma_{11}^1 = \frac{-(\cos u)(\sin u) - \frac{1}{16}(-2 \cos 2u - 5 \cos u)(\sin u)(2 \cos u + 5)}{(\cos u)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(\sin u)^2(2 \cos u + 5)^2}$$

$$\Gamma_{12}^1 = \Gamma_{21}^1 = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{22}^1 = \frac{-(\sin u)(\cos u)}{(\cos u)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(\sin u)^2(2 \cos u + 5)^2}$$

$$\Gamma_{11}^2 = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{12}^2 = \Gamma_{21}^2 = \frac{\cos u}{\sin u}$$

$$\Gamma_{22}^2 = 0$$