Use Cases

for

<Sportify>

Version 1.0 approved

Prepared by <Ding Ren>

<Haagen Daz>

<8/02/24>

Revision History

Name	Date	Reason For Changes	Version

Guidance for Use Case Template

Document each use case using the template shown in the Appendix. This section provides a description of each section in the use case template.

1. Use Case Identification

1.1. Use Case ID

Give each use case a unique numeric identifier, in hierarchical form: X.Y. Related use cases can be grouped in the hierarchy. Functional requirements can be traced back to a labeled use case.

1.2. Use Case Name

State a concise, results-oriented name for the use case. These reflect the tasks the user needs to be able to accomplish using the system. Include an action verb and a noun. Some examples:

- View part number information.
- Manually mark hypertext source and establish link to target.
- Place an order for a CD with the updated software version.

1.3. Use Case History

1.3.1 Created By

Supply the name of the person who initially documented this use case.

1.3.2 Date Created

Enter the date on which the use case was initially documented.

1.3.3 Last Updated By

Supply the name of the person who performed the most recent update to the use case description.

1.3.4 Date Last Updated

Enter the date on which the use case was most recently updated.

2. Use Case Definition

2.1. Actor

An actor is a person or other entity external to the software system being specified who interacts with the system and performs use cases to accomplish tasks. Different actors often correspond to different user classes, or roles, identified from the customer community that will use the product. Name the actor(s) that will be performing this use case.

2.2. Description

Provide a brief description of the reason for and outcome of this use case, or a high-level description of the sequence of actions and the outcome of executing the use case.

2.3. Preconditions

List any activities that must take place, or any conditions that must be true, before the use case can be started. Number each precondition. Examples:

- 1. User's identity has been authenticated.
- 2. User's computer has sufficient free memory available to launch task.

2.4. Postconditions

Describe the state of the system at the conclusion of the use case execution. Number each postcondition. Examples:

- 1. Document contains only valid SGML tags.
- 2. Price of item in database has been updated with new value.

2.5. Priority

Indicate the relative priority of implementing the functionality required to allow this use case to be executed. The priority scheme used must be the same as that used in the software requirements specification.

2.6. Frequency of Use

Estimate the number of times this use case will be performed by the actors per some appropriate unit of time.

2.7. Flow of Events

Provide a detailed description of the user actions and system responses that will take place during execution of the use case under normal, expected conditions. This dialog sequence will ultimately lead to accomplishing the goal stated in the use case name and description. This description may be written as an answer to the hypothetical question, "How do I <accomplish the task stated in the use case name>?" This is best done as a numbered list of actions performed by the actor, alternating with responses provided by the system.

2.8. Alternative Flows

Document other, legitimate usage scenarios that can take place within this use case separately in this section. State the alternative course, and describe any differences in the sequence of steps that take place. Number each alternative course using the Use Case ID as a prefix, followed by "AC" to indicate "Alternative Course". Example: X.Y.AC.1.

2.9. Exceptions

Describe any anticipated error conditions that could occur during execution of the use case, and define how the system is to respond to those conditions. Also, describe how the system is to

respond if the use case execution fails for some unanticipated reason. Number each exception using the Use Case ID as a prefix, followed by "EX" to indicate "Exception". Example: X.Y.EX.1.

2.10. Includes

List any other use cases that are included ("called") by this use case. Common functionality that appears in multiple use cases can be split out into a separate use case that is included by the ones that need that common functionality.

2.11. Special Requirements

Identify any additional requirements, such as nonfunctional requirements, for the use case that may need to be addressed during design or implementation. These may include performance requirements or other quality attributes.

2.12. Assumptions

List any assumptions that were made in the analysis that led to accepting this use case into the product description and writing the use case description.

2.13. Notes and Issues

List any additional comments about this use case or any remaining open issues or TBDs (To Be Determineds) that must be resolved. Identify who will resolve each issue, the due date, and what the resolution ultimately is.

Use Cases

Use Case ID:	UC01		
Use Case	Calculate Distances		
Name:			
Created By:	Ding Ren	Last Updated	Ding Ren
		By:	
Date Created:	8/2/24	Date Last	8/2/24
		Updated:	

Actor:	Google Maps API
Description:	Calculates distances from user-specified location to
	every sports location in a certain circular radius using a
	specific mode of transport, which are set by the user.
Preconditions:	The circular radius for which sport facilities are
	considered must be set.
	Mode of transport must be set.
Postconditions:	
Priority:	
Frequency of Use:	Everytime a new query is made.
	Everytime the search radius changes.
	Everytime the user-specified location changes.
	Everytime mode of transport changes.
Flow of Events:	Based on departure location, Sportify sets the
	circular radius of xkm.
	Sportify adds every sports facility within the
	radius into a list.
	Sportify calls the Google Maps API.
	The Google Maps API calculates the distance
	based on the selected mode of transport between
	user departure location and every sports location
	in the list.
	5. The Google Maps API returns all the calculated
	information to the System.
	6. Sportify returns the list of results for each sports
Alternative Flows:	location.
Exceptions: Includes:	
	ADI rosponos timo should be 0.15 which can be secreted
Special Requirements:	API response time should be 0.1s which can be counted
	as immediate response where users would not feel any
	interruption.

	There is a way to flag out whether sports facilities are in a particular radius.
Notes and Issues:	

Use Case ID:	UC02		
Use Case	Get Weather Condition	S	
Name:			
Created By:	Ding Ren	Last Updated	Ding Ren
_	_	By:	_
Date Created:	8/2/24	Date Last	8/2/24
		Updated:	

Actor: 1. Rainfall API 2. Weather Forecast API 3. PSI API 4. UV API 5. Air temperature API Description: Obtains and collates weather conditions for the area of Singapore which the user-specified search radius is located. Preconditions: 1. User has entered location. 2. User has specified search-radius. Postconditions: Priority: Frequency of Use: 1. Everytime a new query is made. 2. Everytime the search radius changes. 3. Everytime the user-specified location changes. Flow of Events: 1. Sportify queries the APIs for each location to get the weather conditions. 2. The rainfall API returns rainfall amount in mm of that location. 3. The weather forecast API returns the temperature in degrees of that location. 4. The weather forecast API returns wind speed in km/h of that location. 5. The PSI API returns the PSI readings of that location. 6. The UV API returns the UV levels of that location. Alternative Flows: Exceptions: EX1: If any of the APIs does not return a result 1. Replace any of the weather quantities with NaN if that API does not return a result. Includes: Special Requirements: API response time should be 0.1s which can be counted as immediate response where users would not feel any interruption. Assumptions: Notes and Issues:		
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4. UV API 5. Air temperature API Description: Obtains and collates weather conditions for the area of Singapore which the user-specified search radius is located. Preconditions: 1. User has entered location. 2. User has specified search-radius. Postconditions: Priority: Frequency of Use: 1. Everytime a new query is made. 2. Everytime the search radius changes. 3. Everytime the user-specified location changes. Flow of Events: 1. Sportify queries the APIs for each location to get the weather conditions. 2. The rainfall API returns rainfall amount in mm of that location. 3. The weather forecast API returns the temperature in degrees of that location. 4. The weather forecast API returns wind speed in km/h of that location. 5. The PSI API returns the PSI readings of that location. 6. The UV API returns the UV levels of that location. Alternative Flows: Exceptions: Exceptions: EX1: If any of the APIs does not return a result 1. Replace any of the weather quantities with NaN if that API does not return a result. Includes: Special Requirements: API response time should be 0.1s which can be counted as immediate response where users would not feel any interruption.		Weather Forecast API
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Use Case ID:	UC03		
Use Case	Provide Court Vacancy Levels		
Name:	-		
Created By:	Ding Ren	Last Updated	Ding Ren
		By:	
Date Created:	8/2/24	Date Last	8/2/24
		Updated:	

Actor:	Google maps API
Description:	Gives the vacancy levels of each sport location identified in the search radius, either based on real-time data.
Preconditions:	
Postconditions:	
Priority:	
Frequency of Use:	 Everytime a new query is made. Everytime the search radius changes. Everytime the user-specified location change.
Flow of Events:	 Based on departure location, Sportify sets search radius of xkm. Sportify add every sports location within the radius into a list. Sportify calls Google Maps API to obtain the busy level for every sports location in the list. The Google Maps API returns the busy level Returns the list of results for each sports location
Alternative Flows:	
Exceptions:	
Includes:	
Special Requirements:	API response time should be 0.1s which can be counted as immediate response where users would not feel any interruption.
Assumptions:	Google maps has information about vacancy levels and is up to date.
Notes and Issues:	

Use Case ID:	UC04		
Use Case	Provides Sports Facilities		
Name:	-		
Created By:	Ding Ren	Last Updated	Ding Ren
		By:	_
Date Created:	8/2/24	Date Last	8/2/24
		Updated:	

A otor:	Coogle Mans ADI
Actor:	Google Maps API
Description:	Obtains a list of sports facilities that are within
	search-radius.
Preconditions:	User specify location.
	User specify search radius.
Postconditions:	
Priority:	
Frequency of Use:	Everytime a new query is made.
	Everytime the search radius changes.
	Everytime the user-specified location change.
Flow of Events:	Based on departure location, Sportify sets search radius of xkm.
	Sportify call Google Maps API to find the list of
	sports facilities within the search radius
	3. The Google Maps API returns the list of results
	for each sports location
Alternative Flows:	AF-S2: If no sports location within search radius, display
7	error message
	Sportify displays the message " No sports
	location! Increase your radius size or change
	location!"
	Sportify prompts the user to enter new location or
	search radius.
Exceptions:	Scarcii Iadius.
Includes:	
	ADI was a constitue as be said by 0.4s which as a big as a start
Special Requirements:	API response time should be 0.1s which can be counted
	as immediate response where users would not feel any
	interruption.
Assumptions:	Google Maps API must be up to date.
Notes and Issues:	

Use Case ID:	UC05		
Use Case Name:	Calculate Final Score		
Created By:	Ding Ren	Last Updated Bv:	Ding Ren
Date Created:	8/2/24	Date Last Updated:	8/2/24

Actor:	
Description:	Calculates score for each sport in every sport location
	for Sportify to rank .
Preconditions:	
Postconditions:	
Priority:	
Frequency of Use:	Everytime a new query is made.
	Everytime the search radius changes.
	Everytime the user-specified location change.
	Everytime the mode of transport changes.
Flow of Events:	 Sportify uses the included use case Get Weather Conditions to take in weather conditions from each API. Sportify uses the included use case Calculate
	Distances to get distances and busy levels from Google maps API.
	Sportify generates a score based on the variables obtained for each sport facility location.
	Sportify ranks each sport facility location based on the scores calculated.
A 14 a ma a 45	on the scores calculated.
Alternative Flows:	
Exceptions:	
Includes:	UC01, UC02, UC03
Special Requirements:	
Assumptions:	
Notes and Issues:	

Use Case ID:	UC06		
Use Case	Specify Search Criteria		
Name:			
Created By:	Randall	Last Updated	Randall
_		By:	
Date Created:	8/2/24	Date Last	8/2/24
		Updated:	

Actor:	,,
Description:	User specifies the search radius and preferred mode of
	transport for Sportify to take in account.
Preconditions:	
Postconditions:	
Priority:	
Frequency of Use:	 Everytime a new query is made.
	Everytime the search radius changes.
	Everytime the user-specified location change.
	Everytime the mode of transport changes.
Flow of Events:	 Sportify requests the input of a departure
	location, a specified radius and the preferred
	mode of transport.
	User clicks the "select current location" button.
	User enters a specified radius and a preferred
	mode of transport.
	User chooses a location as the departure
	location.
Alternative Flows:	· · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	The Google Maps API will give a drop-down list
	of search suggestions containing relevant
	locations.
	User chooses a location as the departure
	location.
	Sportify returns to step 3.AF-S2: If user chooses to type in a departure location
	1. No result is given by the Google API.
	No result is given by the Google API. User should report the issue or start another
	search.
	2. Sportify returns to step 1.
Exceptions:	2. Sporting rotains to stop 1.
Includes:	
Special Requirements:	
Assumptions:	
Notes and Issues:	
140100 0110 100003.	

Use Case ID:	UC07		
Use Case Name:	Display Top Recommendations		
Created By:	Steven	Last Updated Bv:	Steven
Date Created:	8/2/24	Date Last Updated:	8/2/24

1	
Actor:	User
Description:	Collates all sports facilities with their respective sports
	according to the final scores. Displays all sports facilities
	sorted by the final scores in descending order.
Preconditions:	Final score is calculated and ready for all search
	facilities.
Postconditions:	
Priority:	
Frequency of Use:	Everytime new final score is calculated.
Flow of Events:	Sportify uses the included use case Calculate
	Final Score to get final score for all sports
	facilities.
	Sportify ranks them in descending order.
	3. Sportify displays them according to their ranks.
	Sportify uses the included use case Provide
	Court Locations to get all detailed locations.
	5. Spotify shows all available locations in the search
	radius including:
	a. Name of location
	b. Address
	c. Type of activity
	d. Distance based of the mode of travel
	6. Sportify uses the included use case Provide
	vacancy level to obtain the vacancy level for each
	court location.
	7. Sportify uses the included use case Get weather
	conditions to get the weather conditions for each
	court location.
	User presses find out more button shows:
	a. Vacancy
	b. Temperature
	c. Thunderstorm
	d. Rain
	e. PSI
	f. UVI
Alternative Flows:	

Exceptions:	EX1: If the final score is negative, out of range, zero,
	NaN
	 Sportify prompts user to restart app.
Includes:	UC02, UC03, UC04, UC05
Special Requirements:	Requires data from other use cases.
Assumptions:	All previous use cases are correct and provide accurate
	information.
Notes and Issues:	