







#### **Generative Information Retrieval**

SIGIR 2024 tutorial – Sections 6 & 7

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## Section 6: Applications



#### A range of target tasks

#### **Fact Verification**

De Cao et al. 2021, Chen et al. 2022b, Chen et al. 2022a, Thorne et al. 2022, Lee et al. 2023

#### Open Domain QA

De Cao et al. 2021, Chen et al. 2022b, Zhou et al. 2022, Lee et al. 2023

#### **Entity Linking**

De Cao et al. 2021, Chen et al. 2022b, Lee et al. 2023

Knowledge-intensive language tasks



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#### Multi-hop retrieval

Lee et al 2022

#### Recommendation

Si et al. 2023, Rajput et al. 2023

#### Code retrieval

Naddem et al. 2022

More retrieval tasks



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#### Code retrieval

Naddem et al. 2022

#### Official site retrieval

Tang et al. 2023a

Industry retrieval tasks



## How to adapt a GR model for a task?

- Docid design
- Training approach
- Inference strategy



#### Knowledge-intensive language tasks

#### Slot Filling Star Trek (SEP) creator Gene Roddenberry zsRE -17157886-1 Open Domain OA When did Star Trek go off the air June 3, 1969 NO 17157886-5 Which Star Trek star directed Three Men and a Baby? 17157886-4, 596639-7 TOA Treklanta (formerly "TrekTray Atlanta") is an annual convention for what American science fiction media franchise? Star Trek 17157886-1, 28789994-6 HoPo



Treklanta is an annual "Star Trek" convention based in Atlanta. Georgia that

places special emphasis on fan-based events, activities, programming and

productions.6 [...

#### Star Trek 17157886 Star Trek is an American media franchise based on the science fiction television series created by Gene Roddenberry. [...] It followed the interstellar adventures of Captain James T. Kirk (William Shatner) and his crew aboard the starship USS "Enterprise", a space exploration vessel built by the United Federation of Planets in the 23rd century 2 The "Star Trek" canon includes "The Original Series", an animated series, five spin-off television series, the film franchise, and further adaptations in several media. 3 [...] The original 1966-69 series featured William Shatner as Captain James T. Kirk, Leonard Nimov<sup>4</sup> as Spock, DeForest Kelley as Dr. Leonard "Bones" McCov. James Doohan as Montgomery "Scotty" Scott, Nichelle Nichols as Uhura, George Takei as Hikaru Sulu, and Walter Koenig as Pavel Chekov. During the series' first run, it earned several nominations for the Hugo Award for Best Dramatic Presentation, and won twice. [...] NRC canceled the show after three seasons: the last original enjoyde aired on June 3, 1969<sup>5</sup>, [...] Three Men and a Baby 596639 Three Men and a Baby is a 1987 American comedy film directed by Leonard Nimov and starring Tom Selleck, Steve Guttenberg, Ted Danson and Nancy Travis. [...] to \$1.125 for the eclectic Movie Lovers' Treklanta 28789994 Collection of 75 movies. (...)

#### Dialogue I am a big fan of Star Trek, the American franchise created by Gene Roddenberry. I don't know much about it. When did the first anisoda air? It debuted in 1996 and aired for 3 seasons on NRC What is the plot of the show? William Shatner plays the role of Cantain Kirk. He did a great job. WoW 17157886-2 Fact Checking Star Trek had spin-off television series. Supports 17157886-3 EEV/ **Entity Linking** [...] Currently the site offers five movie collections ranging from \$149 for 10 ISTART ENTIStar Trek (END ENTIFILMS

CnWn

Star Trek

17157886



#### KILT example: GENRE [De Cao et al., 2021]

#### Superman saved [START] Metropolis [END]

- 1 Metropolis (comics)
- 2 Metropolis (1927 film)
- Metropolis-Hasting algorithm
   Type specification.

#### What is the capital of Holland

Netherlands

- 2 Capital of the Netherlands
- 3 Holland
- (d) Entity normalization.

#### From 1905 to 1985 Owhango had a [START] railway station [END]

- 1 Owhango railway station
- 2 Train station
- 3 Owhango
- (b) Composing from context.

/hich US nuclear reactor had a major accident in 1979?

- 1 Three Mile Island accident
- 2 Nuclear reactor
- 3 Chernobyl disaster
- (e) Implicit factual knowledge.

#### [START] Farnese Palace [END] is one of the most important palaces in the city of Rome

- Palazzo Farnese
- 3 Palazzo della Farnesina
  - (c) Translation.

#### Stripes had Conrad Dunn featured in it

- Conrad Dunn
- 2 Stripes (film)
- 3 Kris Kristofferson
  - (f) Exact copy.

- Entity retrieval: Entity disambiguation, document retrieval, and etc
- Corpus: Wikipedia
- Input: Query
- Output: Destination/ relevant pages' title



## KILT example: GENRE [De Cao et al., 2021]

• Docid: Titles

• Training: MLE objective with document-title and query-title pairs

• Inference: Constrained beam search with a prefix tree

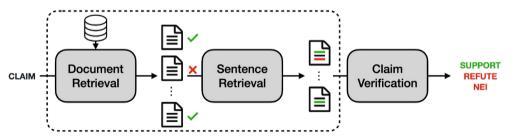


## KILT example: GERE [Chen et al., 2022]

 Fact verification: Verify a claim using multiple evidential sentences from trustworthy corpora

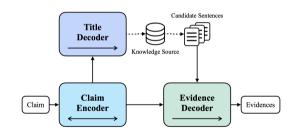
■ Input: Claim

■ Output: Support/Refute/Not enough information



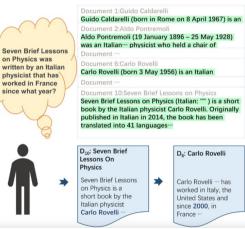


## KILT example: GERE [Chen et al., 2022]



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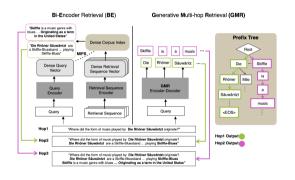


#### Multi-hop retrieval

- One needs to retrieve multiple documents that together provide sufficient evidence to answer the query
- Previously retrieved items are appended to the guery while iterating through multiple hops



## Multi-hop retrieval [Lee et al., 2022]



- Docid: Word-based answer
- Jointly training:
  - Indexing: Randomly select the first m words of the document as input and predict the remaining words with MLE
  - Retrieval: Learn pseudo query-answer pairs with MLE
- **Inference**: Constrained beam search with a prefix tree



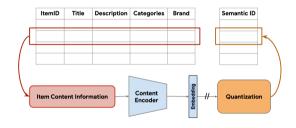
 Sequential recommendation: Help users discover content of interest; ubiquitous in various recommendation domains

■ Input: User history

Output: Next item docid



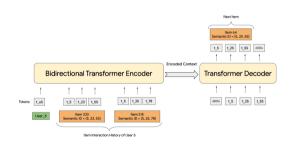
## Item recommendation [Rajput et al., 2023]



- Docid: Product quantization strings
- Docid training: Train a residual-quantized variational autoencoder model with a docid reconstruction loss and a multi-stage quantization loss



## Item recommendation [Rajput et al., 2023]

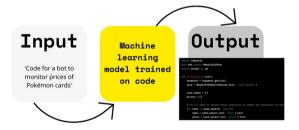


#### • Recommendation training

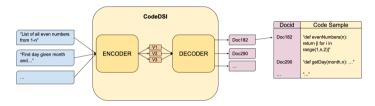
- Construct item sequences for every user by sorting chronologically the items they have interacted with
- Given item sequences, the model is to predict the next item with MLE
- Inference: Beam search



- Code retrieval: A model takes natural language queries as input and, in turn, relevant code samples from a database are returned
  - Input: Query
  - Output: Relevant code samples



## Code retrieval [Nadeem et al., 2022]



- Docid: Naively structured strings/ semantically structured strings
- Training: Standard indexing loss with code-docid pairs and retrieval loss with query-docid pairs
- Inference: Beam search



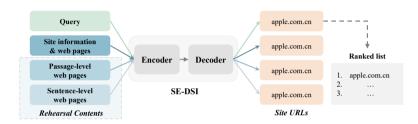
## Official site retrieval [Tang et al., 2023]



 Official sites: Web pages that have been operated by universities, departments, or other administrative units



## Official site retrieval [Tang et al., 2023]



- **Docid**: Unique site URLs
- Jointly training:
  - Indexing: Learn site information (site name/ site domain/ ICP record) docid pairs, web pages-docid pairs, and important web pages-docid pairs with MLE
  - Retrieval: Learn query docid pairs with MLE
- Inference: Constrained beam search with a prefix tree



## **Overall performance**

Tasks (Datasets)	GR method & DR baseline	Retrieval performance	Memory cost	Inference time
<b>KILT</b> (Wikipedia)	GENRE	83.6 RP ✓	2.1 GB ✓	-
	DPR+BERT	72.9 RP	70.9GB	-
Fact Verification - Document retrieval (FEVER)	GERE	84.3 P ✓	-	5.35ms ✓
	RAG	62.17 P	-	13.89ms
<b>Multi-hop retrieval</b> (EntailTree & HotpotQA)	GMR	52.5 F1 ✓	2.95 GB ✓	-
	ST5	16.9 F1	15.81GB	-
Sequential recommendation (Sports and Outdoors)	TIGER	1.81 nDCG@5 ✓	-	-
	S³-Rec	1.61 nDCG@5	-	-
Code retrieval (CodeSearchNet)	CodeDSI	90.4 Acc ✓	-	-
	CodeBERT	89.8 Acc	-	-
Official site retrieval (Industry online data)	SE-DSI	+42.4 R@20 ✓	-31 times ✓	-2.5 times ✓
	DualEnc	-	-	-



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The performance of current GR methods can only compete with part of dense retries baselines, but still falls short compared to full-ranking methods

#### **Applications: limitations**

- The current performance of GR can only be compared to the index-retrieval stage of certain dense retrieval methods
- Generalizing to ultra-large-scale corpora remains a challenge
- How to adapt to the significant dynamic changes in large-scale corpora for online applications



# Section 7: Challenges & Opportunities

#### **Tutorial summary**

- Definition & preliminaries
- Generative retrieval: docid design
  - Single docids: number-based and word-based identifiers
  - Multiple docids: single type and diverse types
- Generative retrieval: training approaches
  - Stationary scenarios: supervised learning and pre-training
  - Dynamic scenarios
- Generative retrieval: inference strategies
  - Single docids: constrained greedy search, constrained beam search and FM-index
  - Multiple docids: aggregation functions
- Generative retrieval: applications



## Pros of generative retrieval

Information retrieval in the era of language models



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- Encode the global information in corpus; optimize in an end-to-end way
- The semantic-level association extending beyond mere signal-level matching



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#### Information retrieval in the era of language models

- Encode the global information in corpus; optimize in an end-to-end way
- The semantic-level association extending beyond mere signal-level matching
- Constraint decoding over thousand-level vocabulary
- Internal index which eliminates large-scale external index



- Large-scale real-word corpus
  - Current research can generalize from corpora of hundreds of thousands to millions
  - How to accurately memorize vast amounts of complex data?



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  - How to keep such GR models up-to-date?
  - How to learn on new data without forgetting old ones?



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- Multi-modal/granularity/language search tasks
  - Different search tasks leverage very different indexes
  - How to unify different search tasks into a single generative form?
  - How to capture task specifications while obtaining the shared knowledge?



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- Combining GR with retrieval-augmented generation (RAG)
  - How to integrate GR with RAG to enhance the effectiveness of both?



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- Debuggable
  - Attribution analysis: how to conduct causal traceability analysis on the causes, key links and other factors of specific search results?
  - Model editing: how to accurately and conveniently modify training data or tune hyperparameters in the loss function?



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#### Robustness

■ When a new technique enters into the real-world application, it is critical to know not only how it works in average, but also how would it behave in abnormal situatio

# Cons of generative retrieval: User-centered

Searching is a socially and contextually situated activity with diverse set of goals and needs for support that must not be boiled down to a combination of text matching and text generating algorithms [Shah and Bender, 2022]

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- Human information seeking behavior
- Transparency
- Provenance
- Accountability



# Cons of generative retrieval: Performance

The current performance of GR can only be compared to the index-retrieval stage of traditional methods, and it has not yet achieved the additional improvement provided by re-ranking



- Closed-book: The language model is the only source of knowledge leveraged during generation, e.g.,
  - Capturing document ids in the language models
  - Language models as retrieval agents via prompting
- Open-book: The language model can draw on external memory prior to, during and after generation, e.g.,
  - Retrieve-augmented generation of answers
  - Tool-augmented generation of answers



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 How to combine the short-term relevance goal with long-term goals such as diversity



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#### Address needs of interactive environments

- Interactive systems must operate under high degrees of uncertainty
  - User feedback, non-stationarity, exogenous factor, user preferences, . . .



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## Searching/recommending slates of items

- Interface of many search/recommendation platforms requires showing combinations of results to users on the same page
- Different combinations may lead to different short vs. long-term outcomes
- Problem thus becomes combinatorial in nature, intractable for most applicatic



# Resources and sharing

Sharing more than code

- Models
- . . .

Reducing compute resources



Re-invent information retrieval in the age of large language models!



# Q & A

# Thank you for joining us today!

All materials are available at

https://TheWebConf2024-generative-IR.github.io



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