MULTIMI MÁSURABILE JORDAN

- Fix $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ o multime masurabila fordan \hat{s} of \hat{t} , \hat{t} : $K \to \mathbb{R}$, \hat{t} wort. Atunci $C\hat{t} = \hat{t}$ |x| |x|
 - Tie $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ 9 multime mosevabile Jodan și $g,h:K\to \mathbb{R}$, foț. cent. Atunci multimea $\Gamma g, h = 2$ (x,y) $\in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \mid x \in \mathbb{R}$, $g(x) \leq y \leq h(x)$ este masuabile Jodan. 4 multimae g(x) = g(x) = g(x)

 - $\Delta I \subseteq \Delta 2$ mult. mas. $J \otimes dan => \Delta 2 \setminus \Delta I$ multime mas. $J \otimes dan \leq I$ $\lambda I (\Delta 2 \setminus \Delta I) = \lambda I \Delta I - \lambda I \Delta I I$
 - · $\Delta_1 \Delta_2 \leq R^m$ punt multimi māsuasiski Jadan => $\Delta_1 U \Delta_2$, $\Delta_1 \Delta_1 \Delta_2 = m.m$ f. $\Rightarrow \lambda_1 |\Delta_1 U \Delta_2| = \lambda_1 |\Delta_1| + \lambda_1 |\Delta_2| - \lambda_1 |\Delta_1 |\Delta_2|$. | dacā sunt oligiunck |=> $\lambda_1 |\Delta_1 |U \Delta_2| = \lambda_1 |\Delta_1| + \lambda_1 |\Delta_2|$

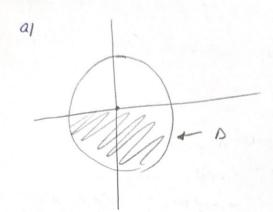
EXI: Ja se clem. ca wm. multimi sunt mesuresile Jordan și sa se calculeze mesure lor

al D= { (x,y) E R2 | x2+y2=4, y=0)

61 N= { IXIYIER2 | X2+42 = 9, 4=0}

CI D= { 1xy1 EAL / x= y si y cx}

Doca mag. sunt: = sau = -> imchisé = sau > -> deschisci nu e miciana



D= multime inchisa ! mu poute liGF pt-ca mu ocem micio galitate!

Bénum as a mult. sit. intre 2 6f de

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 \le 4 \\ y \le 0 \end{cases}$$

$$y^{2} = x^{2} + y^{2} = 4$$
 = $y^{2} = 4$ = $y \in [-2, 2]$ $y \in [-2, 0]$

$$x^{2}+y^{2} \leq 4$$

$$x^{2} \leq 4-y^{2}$$

$$x \in [-\sqrt{4-y^{2}}, \sqrt{4-y^{2}}]$$

Acum. calc. máscura

Vom calcula

$$\int_{-2}^{0} \left(\int_{-\sqrt{4-y^2}}^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} = \frac{A_{1}y_1}{1} dx \right) dy = \int_{-2}^{0} 2\sqrt{4-y^2} dy$$

$$y=2$$
simt $y=0 \Rightarrow t=2$ it $y=2 \Rightarrow t=3\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$2\int_{\frac{3\pi}{d}}^{2\pi} \sqrt{4-4\sin^2t} \cdot 2\cot t dt = 2\int_{\frac{3\pi}{d}}^{2\pi} \sqrt{4\cos^2t} \cdot 2\cos t dt$$

$$= 8 \int_{3\pi}^{2\pi} \cos^2 t \, dt = 8 \int_{3\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{1 + \cos 2t}{2} \implies 9 \int_{3\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{1 + \cos 2t}{2} \, dt$$

b)
$$D = \{1x_1y_1 \in R^2 \mid x^2+y^2=4, y \in 0\}$$

$$= \{1x_1y_1 \in R^2 \mid x^2+y^2=4, y \in 0\} \setminus \{1x_1y_1 \in R^2 \mid x^2+y^2=4, y \in 0\}$$

$$\chi^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$\begin{cases} x^{2} = 4 - y^{2} = , & \begin{cases} y^{2} = 4 \\ 4 - y^{2} \ge 0 \end{cases} & \text{if } C = 2,0)$$

 $D_{2} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}, x = \{ 4-y^{2} \} \cup \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \} \cup \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \} \cup \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \} \cup \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1} \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid y \in \mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = 0 \}$ $\mathcal{E}^{-2}_{1} = \{ 1x_{1}y_{1}$

N=DIN2 DID2-mm) = Dmm) = D- QT-0=2T

CI $D = \{(x_1y_1 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 \leq y_1, y \leq x_1\}$ D mu este multime inchisa $=> D = \{(x_1y_1 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 \leq y_1, y \leq x_1\} = \{(x_1y_1 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 \leq y_1, y \leq x_1\} = \{(x_1y_1 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 \leq y_1, y \leq x_1\} \}$ $D = \{(x_1y_1 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 \leq y_1, y \leq x_1\} = \{(x_1y_1 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 \leq y_1, y \leq x_1\} \}$ $D = \{(x_1y_1 \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 \leq y_1, y \leq x_1\} \}$

 $\begin{cases} X^{2} \leq y \\ y \leq x \end{cases}$ $X^{2} \leq y \leq x \Rightarrow x^{2} - x \leq 0 \Rightarrow x \in [\alpha]$

 $\int_{0}^{1} \left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\int_{x}^{x^{2}} A \, dy \right) dx$