RFID MODULE

Mifare Reader / Writer

SL018

User Manual

Version 2.0
Nov 2012
StrongLink

CONTENT

## 1. MAIN FEATURES

- Tags supported: Mifare 1k, Mifare 4k, Mifare UltraLight and NFC NATG203

- Auto detecting tag

- Integrated antenna

- 0 to 400 KHz bit-wide I^2C bus communication

- 4.5 to 7.0 VDC supply voltage

- Operating distance: Up to 60 mm, depending on tag

- Storage temperature: -40 ℃ ~ +85 ℃

- Operating temperature: -20 ℃ ~ +70 ℃

- Dimension: $65 \times 45 \times 7$ mm

- The TagSta pin at low level indicates tag in detective range, and high level indicating tag out

2. PINNING INFORMATION
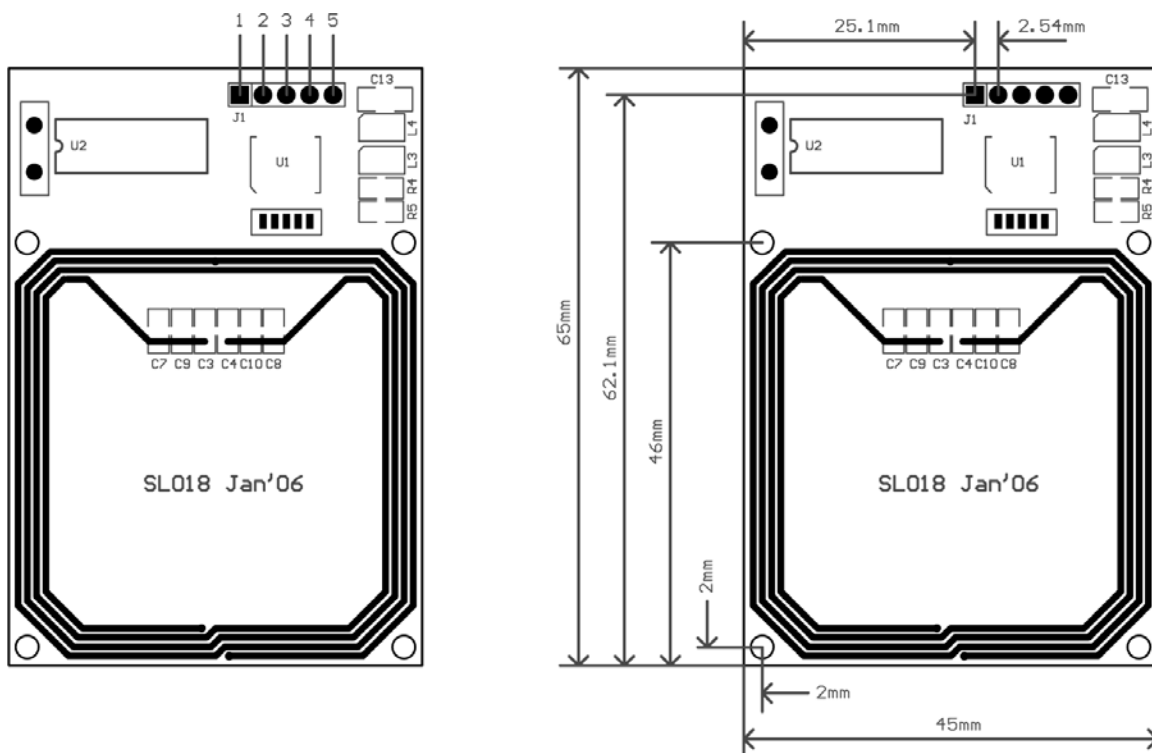
HOLE Dia. = 2.5mm, × 4

PIN	SYMBOL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	TagSta	Output	Tag detect signal low level indicating tag in high level indicating tag out
2	SDA	Input/Output	Serial Data Line
3	SLC	Input	Serial Clock Line
4	VCC	PWR	Power Supply
5	GND	PWR	Ground

3. DEVICE OPERATION

3-1. CLOCK AND DATA TRANSITIONS:
The SDA pin is normally pulled high with an external device. Data on the SDA pin may change only during SCL low time periods. Data changes during SCL high periods will indicate a start or stop condition as defined below.

Data transfer on the I²C-bus.
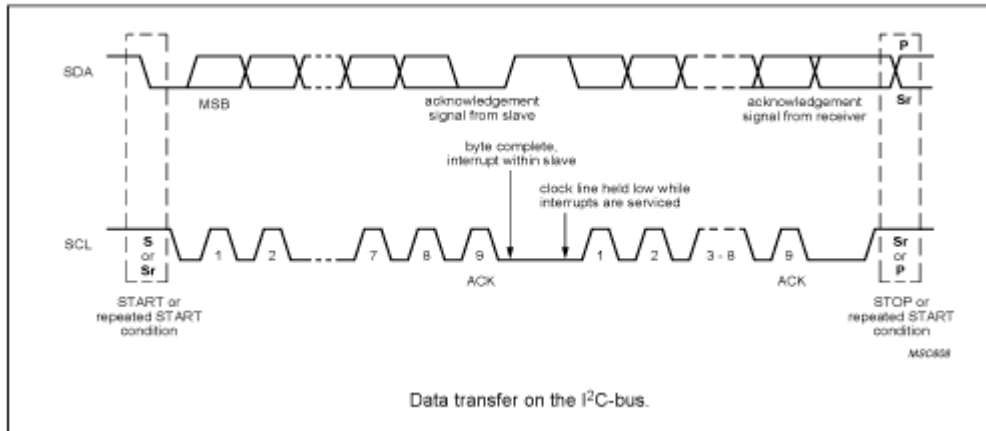
3-2. START CONDITION
A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a start condition which must precede any other command

3-3. STOP CONDITION
 A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a stop condition.


START and STOP conditions.
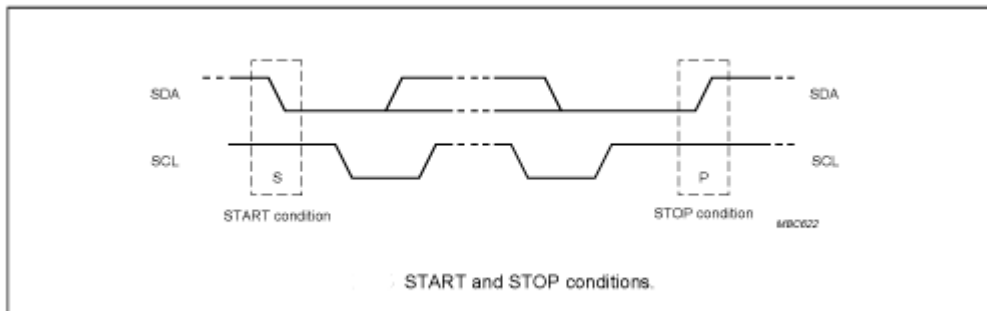
3-4. ACKNOWLEDGE
All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the SL018 in 8-bit words. The SL018 sends a zero to acknowledge that it is not busy,and has received each word. This happens during the ninth clock cycle.

3-5. BUSY STATE

When the SL018 has received command, then don't acknowledge IIC bus until ends with the card communication.

Acknowledge on the I²C-bus.
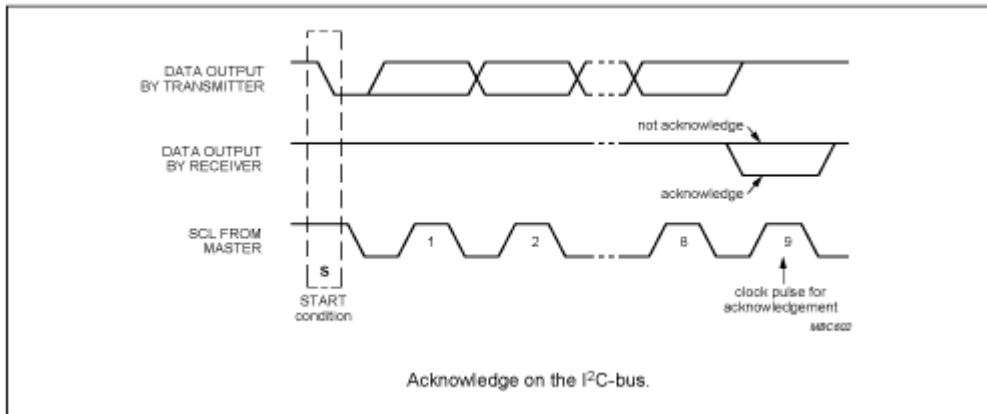
3-6. DEVICE ADDRESSING

The SL018 devices require an 8-bit device address word following a start condition to enable the chip for a read or write operation.
The device address word consists of 7 bits addressing and 1 bit operation select bit.
The first 7 bits are the SL018 addressing, is 1010000
The eighth bit of the device address is the read/write operation select bit. A read operation is initiated if this bit is high and a write operation is initiated if this bit is low.

The first byte after the START procedure.

3-7. WRITE OPERATIONS

The host device send a command(refer chapter 4) to SL018 via write operation, then SL018 will carry out the order that receive. Finished time according to different order
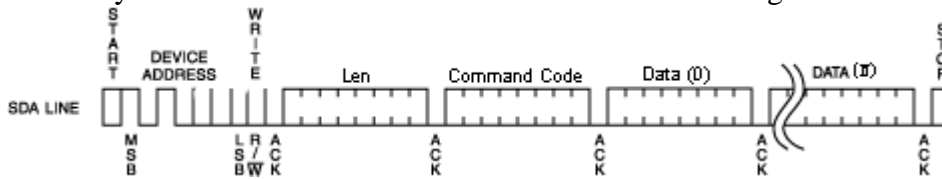
3-8. READ OPERATIONS

The host device passes to read the operation gets the order carries out the result
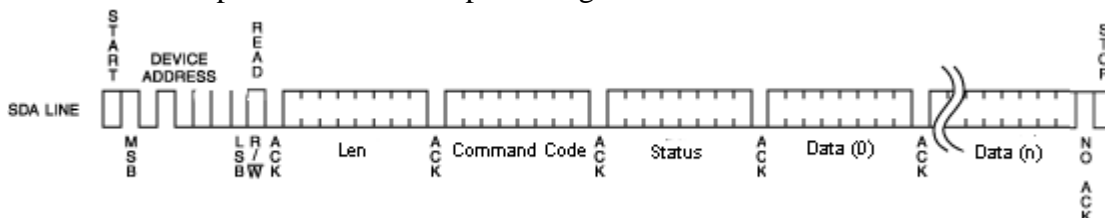
4. COMMAND DESCRIPTION

4-1. FORMAT
Host Write Command to SL018:

Address	Len	Command	Data

Address:　　1 byte, 0xA0
Len:　　　　1 byte, indicating the bytes number from Command code to the end of Data
Command:　1 byte Command code, see Table 3
Data:　　　Variable length depends on the command type

Host Read The Result:

Address	Len	Command	Status	Data

Address:　　1 byte, 0xA1
Len:　　　　1 byte, indicating the bytes number from Command code to the end of Data
Command:　1 byte Command code, see Table 3
Status:　　　1 byte Command status, see Table 4
Data:　　　Variable length depends on the command type.

4-2. COMMAND OVERVIEW
Table 3

Command	Description
0x01	Select Mifare card
0x02	Login to a sector
0x03	Read a data block
0x04	Write a data block
0x05	Read a value block
0x06	Initialize a value block
0x07	Write master key (key A)
0x08	Increment value
0x09	Decrement value
0x0A	Copy value
0x10	Read a data page (Ultralight & NTAG203)
0x11	Write a data page (Ultralight & NTAG203)
0x40	Control the red led
0xF0	Get firmware version
0xFF	Reset

STATUS OVERVIEW
Table 4

Status	Description
0x00	Operation succeed
0x01	No tag
0x02	Login succeed
0x03	Login fail
0x04	Read fail
0x05	Write fail
0x06	Unable to read after write
0x0A	Collision occur
0x0C	Load key fail
0x0D	Not authenticate
0x0E	Not a value block

4-3. COMMAND LIST

4-3-1. Select Mifare card
Host Write:

Len	0x01

Host Read:

Len	0x01	Status	UID	Type

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
         0x01:   No tag
         0x0A: Collision occur
UID: The uniquely serial number of Mifare card
Type: 0x01:   Mifare 1k, 4 byte UID
         0x02:   Mifare 1k, 7 byte UID [1]
         0x03:   Mifare UltraLight or NATG203[2], 7 byte UID
         0x04:   Mifare 4k, 4 byte UID
         0x05:   Mifare 4k, 7 byte UID [1]
         0x06:   Mifare DesFire, 7 byte UID
         0x0A: Other

4-3-2. Login to a sector
Host Write:

Len	0x02	Sector	Type	Key

Sector: Sector need to login
Type: Key type (0xAA: authenticate with KeyA, 0xBB: authenticate with KeyB)
Key: Authenticate key, 6 bytes
Host Read:

Len	0x02	Status

Status: 0x02:   Login succeed
         0x01:   No tag
         0x03:   Login fail
         0x0C: Load key fail

4-3-3. Read a data block
Host Write:

Len	0x03	Block

Block: The block number to be read, 1 byte
Host Read:

Len	0x03	Status	Data

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
         0x04:   Read fail
         0x0D: Not authenticate
         0x01:   No tag
Data: Block data returned if operation succeeds, 16 bytes.

4-3-4. Write a data block
Host Write:

Len	0x04	Block	Data

Block: The block number to be written, 1 byte.
Data: The data to write, 16 bytes.

Host Read:

Len	0x04	Status	Data

Status: 0x00: Operation succeed
0x01: No tag
0x05: Write fail
0x06: Unable to read after write
0x07: Read after write error
0x0D: Not authenticate
Data: Block data written if operation succeeds, 16 bytes.

4-3-5. Read a value block
Host Write:

Len	0x05	Block

Block: The block number to be read, 1 byte.

Host Read:

Len	0x05	Status	Value

Status: 0x00: Operation succeed
0x01: No tag
0x04: Read fail
0x0D: Not authenticate
0x0E: Not a value block
Value: Value returned if the operation succeeds, 4 bytes.

4-3-6. Initialize a value block
Host Write:

Len	0x06	Block	Value

Block: The block number to be initialized, 1 byte.
Value: The value to be written, 4 bytes.

Host Read:

Len	0x06	Status	Value

Status: 0x00: Operation succeed
0x01: No tag
0x05: Write fail
0x06: Unable to read after write
0x07: Read after write error
0x0D: Not authenticate
Value: Value written if the operation succeeds, 4 bytes.

4-3-7. Write master key (KeyA)
Host Write:

Len	0x07	Sector	Key

Sector: The sector number to be written, 1 byte.
Key: Authentication key, 6 bytes
Host Read:

Len	0x07	Status	Key

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
           0x01:   No tag
           0x05:   Write fail
           0x0D: Not authenticate
Key: Authentication key written if the operation succeeds, 6 bytes.

4-3-8. Increment value
Host Write:

Len	0x08	Block	Value

Block: The block number to be increased, 1 byte.
Value: The value to be increased by, 4 bytes.
Host Read:

Len	0x08	Status	Value

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
           0x01:   No tag
           0x05:   Write fail
           0x06:   Unable to read after write
           0x0D: Not authenticate
           0x0E: Not a value block
Value: The value after increment if the operation succeeds, 4 bytes

4-3-9. Decrement value
Host Write:

Len	0x09	Block	Value

Block: The block number to be decreased, 1 byte
Value: The value to be decreased by, 4 bytes
Host Read:

Len	0x09	Status	Value

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
           0x01:   No tag
           0x05:   Write fail
           0x06:   Unable to read after write
           0x0D: Not authenticate
           0x0E: Not a value block
Value: The value after decrement if the operation succeeds, 4 bytes

4-3-10. Copy value
Host Write:

Len	0x0A	Source	Destination

Source: The source block copy from, 1 byte
Destination: The destination copy to, 1 byte
The source and destination must in the same sector
Host Read:

Len	0x0A	Status	Value

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
              0x01:   No tag
              0x05:   Write fail
              0x06:   Unable to read after write
              0x0D: Not authenticate
              0x0E: Not a value block (Source)
Value: The value after copy if the operation succeeds, 4 bytes

4-3-11. Read a data page (UltraLight & NTAG203)
Host Write:

Len	0x10	Page

Page: The page number to be read, 1 byte
Host Read:

Len	0x10	Status	Data

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
              0x01:   No tag
              0x04:   Read fail
Data: Block data returned if operation succeeds, 4 bytes.

4-3-12. Write a data Page (UltraLight & NTAG203)
Host Write:

Len	0x11	Page	Data

Page: The page number to be written, 1 byte.
Data: The data to write, 4 bytes.
Host Read:

Len	0x11	Status	Data

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
              0x01:   No tag
              0x05:   Write fail
              0x06:   Unable to read after write
              0x07:   Read after write error
Data: page data written if operation succeeds, 4 bytes.

4-3-13. Control Red Led
Host Write:

Len	0x40	Code

Code: 0 command red led turn off , other red led turn on, 1 byte
Host Read:

Len	0x40	Status

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed

4-3-14. Reset
Host Write:

Len	0xFF

No return

4-3-15. Get firmware version
Host Write:

Len	0xF0

Host Read: [3]

Len	0xF0	Status	Data

Status: 0x00:   Operation succeed
Data: firmware version.

Remark

[1] In order to support 7 byte UID Mifare class, the firmware of SL018 has been updated to Ver2.2 in Mar 2011.
And older firmware version (such as Ver1.0, 1.6, 2.0, etc) only supports 4 byte UID.
Please refer to NXP Customer Letter UID for detailed information of 4 byte & 7 byte UID of Mifare products.

[2] To support NATG203, the firmware of SL030 has been updated to Ver2.3 in Oct 2012. The older firmware version only supports reading/writing data page address less than 16.

[3] One sample of SL018 response

	Len	Command	Status	Data (Firmware version)
HEX	0B	F0	00	53 4C 30 31 38 2D 32 2E 32
ASCII				"SL018-2.2"