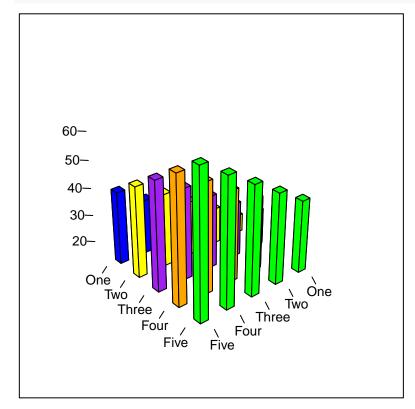
3D Visualisations: What are the alternatives?

We are not going to teach you how to make a 3D visualisation in R because even though at a low density a 3D barchart might work for data with a low density, the alternatives visualisations work in all instances. Another reason, is that there is only one library to make a 3D visualisation and it does not produce a high quality visualisation. If you do want to make a 3D column chart, excel would be a better choice. So lets take a look at that 3D visualisation again and try to come up with alternatives.

```
cloud(as.numeric(as.character(Observation))~as.factor(Type_1)+as.factor(Type_2), Dataset, panel.3d.clouxbase=0.3,
    ybase=0.3,
    zlab = NULL,
    col.facet=c("blue", "yellow", "purple", "orange", "green"),
    group = Type_1,
    scales=list(arrows=FALSE, col=1), xlab = NULL, ylab = NULL, main = NULL,
    par.box = list(col = NA), lcol=NULL
)
```



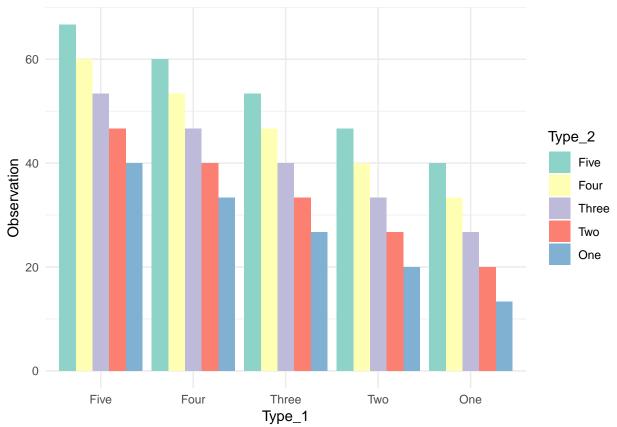
So lets take a quick look at the data. Initially, we will explore fake densely generated data and then we will explore a real dataset. The fake data was generated based on real data exploring number of observations based on number of genes and number of cell types.

##		Type_1	Type_2	Observation
##	1	Five	One	40.00000
##	2	Five	Two	46.66667
##	3	Five	Three	53.33333
##	4	Five	Four	60.00000
##	5	Five	Five	66.66667
##	6	Four	One	33.33333
##	7	Four	Two	40.00000
##	8	Four	Three	46.66667
##	9	Four	Four	53.33333
##	10	Four	Five	60.00000
##	11	Three	One	26.66667
##	12	Three	Two	33.33333
##	13	Three	Three	40.00000
##	14	Three	Four	46.66667
##	15	Three	Five	53.33333
##	16	Two	One	20.00000
##	17	Two	Two	26.66667
##	18	Two	Three	33.33333
##	19	Two	Four	40.00000
##	20	Two	Five	46.66667
##	21	One	One	13.33333
##	22	One	Two	20.00000
##	23	One	Three	26.66667
##	24	One	Four	33.33333
##	25	One	Five	40.00000

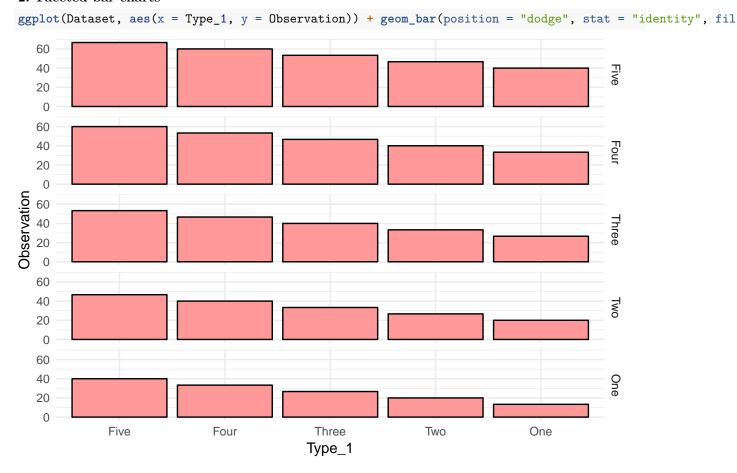
 $\#\#\#\mathrm{So}$ what are the different alternatives to a 3D column chart?

1. Dodge Bar Chart

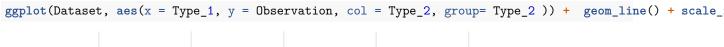


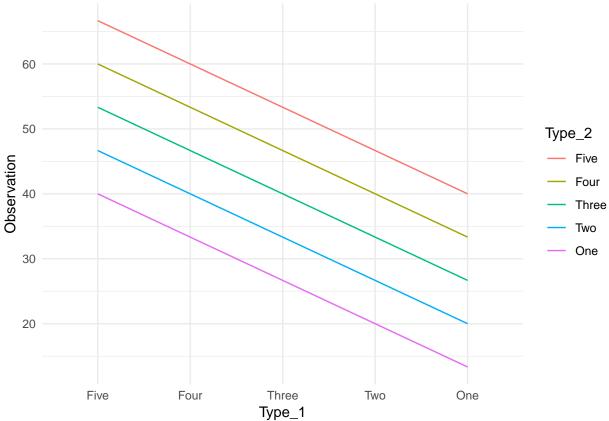


2. Faceted bar charts



3. Line Chart





4. Scatterplots

ggplot(Dataset, aes(x = Type_1, y = Observation , col = Type_2)) + geom_point() + scale_fill_brewer(pa

