Reproducible bioinformatics

from a user's perspective

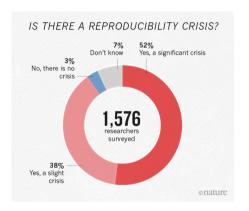
Tom Harrop

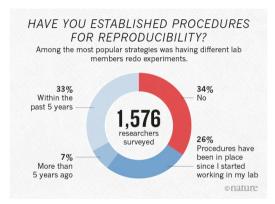
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What is reproducibility?

Reproduce: under identical conditions to the previous result, repeat the analysis and get the **exact** same result

In bionformatics:

- same data
- same methodology (code)
- same result

For reproducible bioinformatics:

- 1. Don't modify raw data
- 2. Record the code
- 3. Capture the computing environment

No peeking at the data

Ziemann et al. Genome Biology (2016) 17:177 DOI 10.1186/s13059-016-1044-7

Genome Biology

COMMENT

Open Access

Gene name errors are widespread in the scientific literature

Mark Ziemann¹, Yotam Eren^{1,2} and Assam El-Osta^{1,3*}

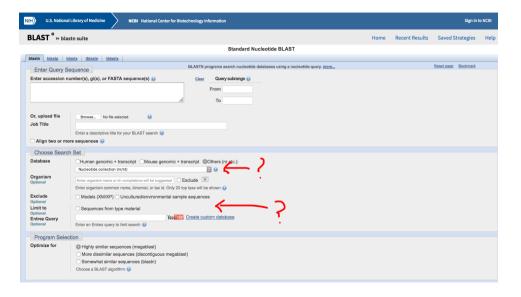
Abstract

The spreadsheet software (Microsoft Excel) when used with default settings, is inown to comere geen annes to dates and floating-point numbers. A programmatic scan of leading genomics journals reveals that approximately one-fifth of papers with supplementary Excel gene lists contain erroneous gene name conversions.

Keywords: Microsoft Excel, Gene symbol, Supplementary data

Abbreviations: GEO, Gene Expression Omnibus; JIE, journal impact factor

Point-and-click software is less likely to be reproducible



Running on the fly probably won't be reproducible

Examples:

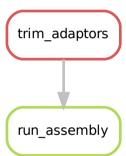
- install software locally
- use software installed by the admin
- type your commands directly into the console and hit enter!
- save a set of scripts to run in order

Possible issues:

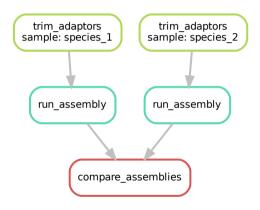
- will it run again?
- are all the steps documented?
- is the code you recorded the same as the code you ran?
- did you correctly record the order of steps?

Workflow managers force you to record every step

```
rule trim adaptors:
    input: 'data/raw_reads/{sample}.fastq',
    output: 'output/trimmed/{sample}.fastq'
    shell: 'trim_adaptors --raw_reads={input} > {output}'
rule run_assembly:
    input: 'output/trimmed/{sample}.fastq'
    output: 'output/assemblies/{sample}.fasta'
    shell: 'choice_assembler --reads={input} > {output}'
```



Reproducibility and convenience



- The code is the documentation
- Scale the same code to different data
- Version control → versioned results

Lots of good options:

```
snakemake ← python3
nextflow ← java
    CWL ← 'vendor-neutral specification'
drake ← R
make ← DIY
```

Reproducible computing environment

Software has

- a version,
- other software **dependencies** (with versions)
- all with system dependencies

e.g. DESeq2

DESeq2_1.26.0

Bioconductor 3.10.1

libblas3 3.8.0, libc6 2.30, etc.

Reproducible computing environment

On our department's hardware:

```
salmon --version
```

salmon 0.9.1

e.g. Ubuntu 19.10:

```
apt policy salmon
```

salmon:

Installed: (none)

Candidate: 0.12.0+ds1-1

Version table:

0.12.0+ds1-1 500

500 http://nz.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu eoan/universe amd64 Packages

Software containers

- Isolated, complete environment (a mini OS)
- Contain specific version of software with dependencies

Singularity:

- Mobility of compute
- Reproducibility
- Support on existing traditional HPC





Singularity containers

Running directly:

```
salmon --help
```

Error in running command bash

Running with Singularity:

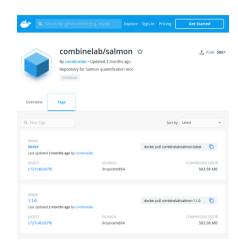
```
singularity exec \
  salmon_1.1.0.sif \
  salmon --help
```

```
Usage: salmon -h|--help or
    salmon -v|--version or
    salmon -c|--cite or
    salmon [--no-version-check] <COMMAND> [-h | options]
```

Getting software in containers

• Some developers provide docker containers

```
singularity pull \
    --name salmon_1.1.0.sif \
    docker://combinelab/salmon:1.1.0
```

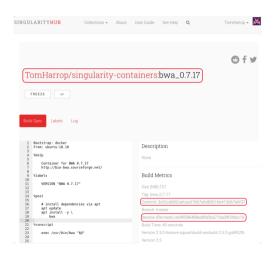


Getting software into containers

Usually have to build it yourself

```
Singularity.bwa_0.7.17
```

```
Bootstrap: docker
From: ubuntu:18.10
%labels
    VERSTON "BWA 0.7.17"
%post
    apt-get update
    apt-get install -y bwa
%runscript
    exec /usr/bin/bwa "$@"
```



Some software can't go in a container

- Licensing issues e.g.
 - http://www.cbs.dtu.dk/cgi-bin/sw_request?rnammer
 - ► Can't distribute the RepeatMasker DB

Workflow managers support containers and clusters

```
rule trim adaptors:
    input:
                     'data/raw_reads/{sample}.fastq',
                     'output/trimmed/{sample}.fastg'
    output:
    singularity:
                    'docker://my_repos/trim_adaptors:2.9'
    shell.
                     'trim_adaptors --raw_reads={input} > {output}'
rule run_assembly:
    input:
                      'output/trimmed/{sample}.fastq'
    output:
                      'output/assemblies/{sample}.fasta'
    singularity:
                      'shub://mv_repos/choice_assembler:1.5'
    shell:
                      'choice_assembler --reads={input} > {output}'
```

Cluster execution, e.g.:

```
snakemake --drmaa " -q username" -j 32
```

Reproducible analysis stack

For reproducible bioinformatics:

- 1. Don't modify raw data
- 2. Record the code (with version control)
- 3. Capture the computing environment

chmod 444 raw_reads.fastq?

Workflow manager (snakemake, nextflow)

+ VCS (git)

Software containers (Singularity)



Pain points of reproducible genomics

- Slow initially
- Convince the sysadmins to install Singularity
- Getting software in containers
- Duplication of effort

Who cares / why

- most of the time you are the only one who reproduces your results
- bonus to containers is easy installation / portability

Getting started

Reproducibility for bioinformatics:

• online lectures e.g. Adam Labadorf of Boston Uni

Workflow managers:

Snakemake Tutorial

Nextflow: Get started

Software containers:

Singularity Quick Start

Version control:

• memorise a handful of git commands