

3D Isosurface Plots in Python

How to make 3D Isosurface Plots in Python with Plotly.

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With go.Isosurface, you can plot [isosurface contours](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Isosurface) (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Isosurface) of a scalar field value, which is defined on x, y and z coordinates.

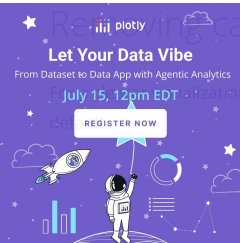
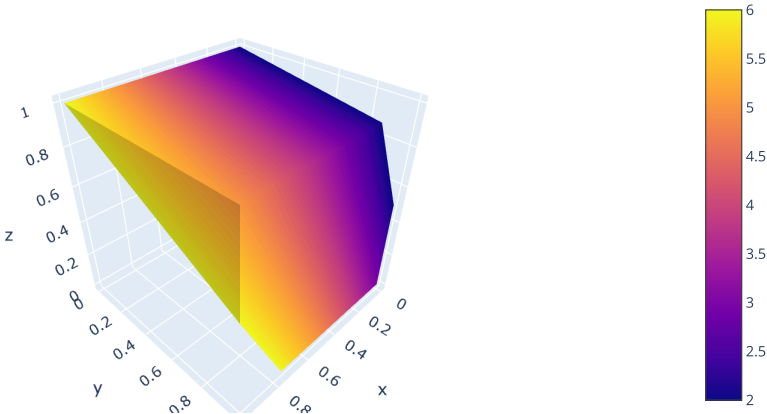
Basic Isosurface

In this first example, we plot the isocontours of values isomin=2 and isomax=6. In addition, portions of the sides of the coordinate domains for which the value is between isomin and isomax (named the caps) are colored. Please rotate the figure to visualize both the internal surfaces and the caps surfaces on the sides.

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go

fig= go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=[0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1],
    y=[1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0],
    z=[1,1,0,0,1,1,0,0],
    value=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8],
    isomin=2,
    isomax=6,
))

fig.show()
```



Removing caps when visualizing isosurfaces

When visualizing internal surfaces, it is possible to remove the caps (color-coded surfaces on the sides of the visualization domain). Caps are visible by

```

import plotly.graph_objects as go
import numpy as np

X, Y, Z = np.mgrid[-5:5:40j, -5:5:40j, -5:5:40j]

# ellipsoid
values = X * X * 0.5 + Y * Y + Z * Z * 2

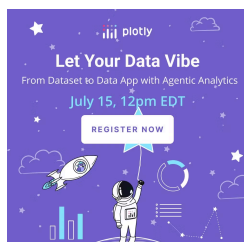
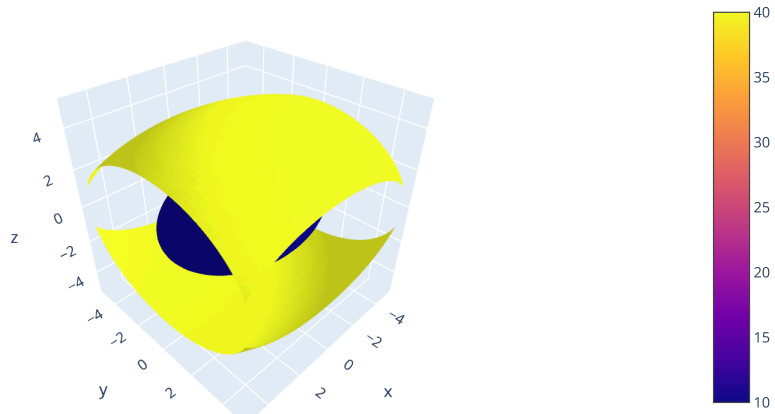
fig = go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=X.flatten(),
    y=Y.flatten(),
    z=Z.flatten(),
    value=values.flatten(),
    isomin=10,
    isomax=40,
    caps=dict(x_show=False, y_show=False)
))
fig.show()

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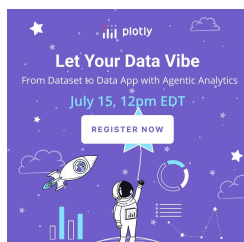
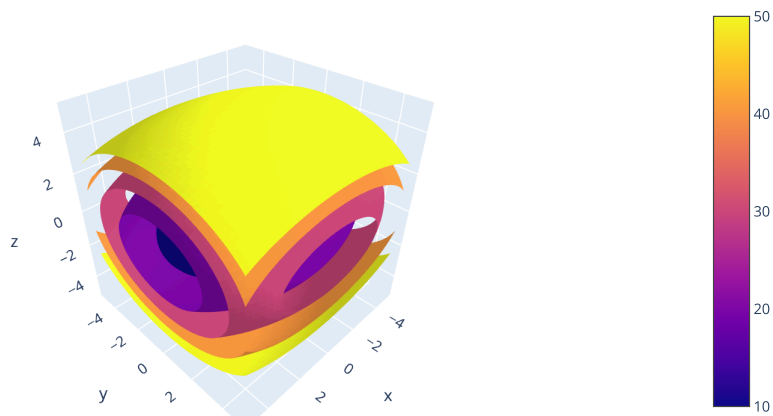
Modifying the number of isosurfaces

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import numpy as np

X, Y, Z = np.mgrid[-5:5:40j, -5:5:40j, -5:5:40j]

# ellipsoid
values = X * X * 0.5 + Y * Y + Z * Z * 2

fig = go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=X.flatten(),
    y=Y.flatten(),
    z=Z.flatten(),
    value=values.flatten(),
    isomin=10,
    isomax=50,
    surface_count=5, # number of isosurfaces, 2 by default: only min and max
    colorbar_nticks=5, # colorbar ticks correspond to isosurface values
    caps=dict(x_show=False, y_show=False)
))
fig.show()
```



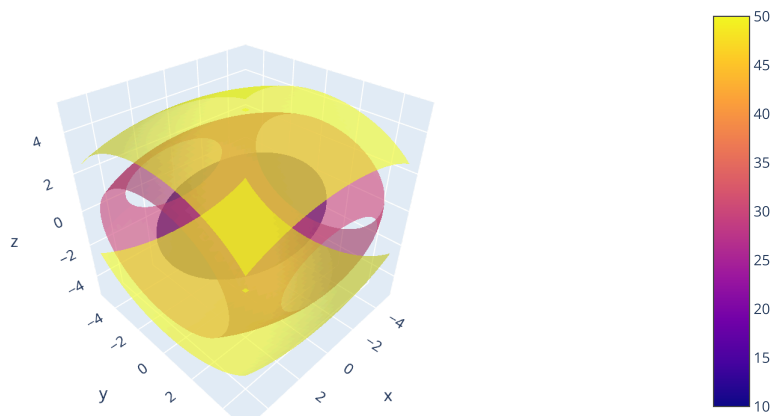
Changing the opacity of isosurfaces

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import numpy as np

X, Y, Z = np.mgrid[-5:5:40j, -5:5:40j, -5:5:40j]

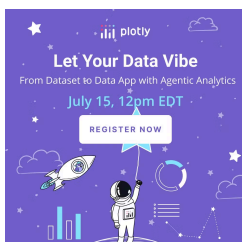
# ellipsoid
values = X * X * 0.5 + Y * Y + Z * Z * 2

fig = go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=X.flatten(),
    y=Y.flatten(),
    z=Z.flatten(),
    value=values.flatten(),
    opacity=0.6,
    isomin=10,
    isomax=50,
    surface_count=3,
    caps=dict(x_show=False, y_show=False)
))
fig.show()
```



Isosurface with Additional Slices

Here we visualize slices parallel to the axes on top of isosurfaces. For a clearer visualization, the fill ratio of isosurfaces is decreased below 1 (completely filled).



```

import plotly.graph_objects as go
import numpy as np

X, Y, Z = np.mgrid[-5:5:40j, -5:5:40j, -5:5:40j]

# ellipsoid
values = X * X * 0.5 + Y * Y + Z * Z * 2

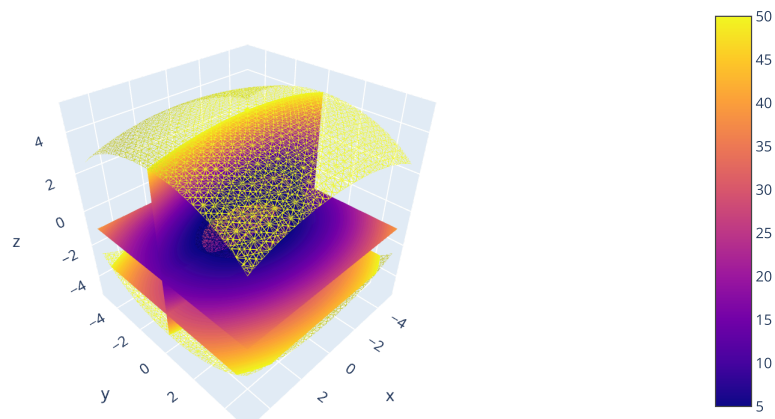
fig = go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=X.flatten(),
    y=Y.flatten(),
    z=Z.flatten(),
    value=values.flatten(),
    isomin=5,
    isomax=50,
    surface_fill=0.4,
    caps=dict(x_show=False, y_show=False),
    slices_z=dict(show=True, locations=[-1, -3,]),
    slices_y=dict(show=True, locations=[0]),
))
fig.show()

```

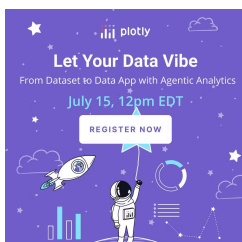
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Multiple Isosurfaces with Caps



```

import plotly.graph_objects as go
import numpy as np

X, Y, Z = np.mgrid[-5:5:40j, -5:5:40j, 0:5:20j]

values = X * X * 0.5 + Y * Y + Z * Z * 2

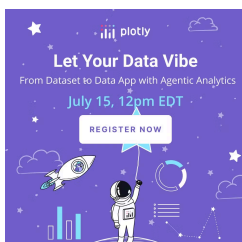
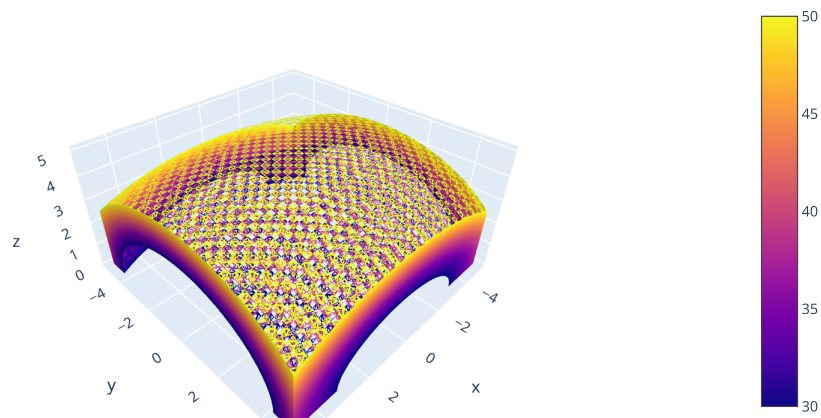
fig = go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=X.flatten(),
    y=Y.flatten(),
    z=Z.flatten(),
    value=values.flatten(),
    isomin=30,
    isomax=50,
    surface=dict(count=3, fill=0.7, pattern='odd'),
    caps=dict(x_show=True, y_show=True),
))
fig.show()

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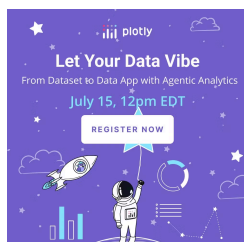
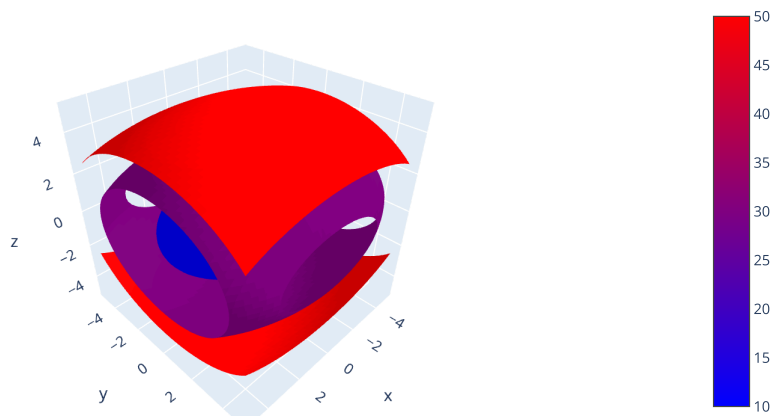
Changing the default colorscale of isosurfaces

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import numpy as np

X, Y, Z = np.mgrid[-5:5:40j, -5:5:40j, -5:5:40j]

# ellipsoid
values = X * X * 0.5 + Y * Y + Z * Z * 2

fig = go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=X.flatten(),
    y=Y.flatten(),
    z=Z.flatten(),
    value=values.flatten(),
    colorscale='BlueRed',
    isomin=10,
    isomax=50,
    surface_count=3,
    caps=dict(x_show=False, y_show=False)
))
fig.show()
```



Customizing the layout and appearance of isosurface plots

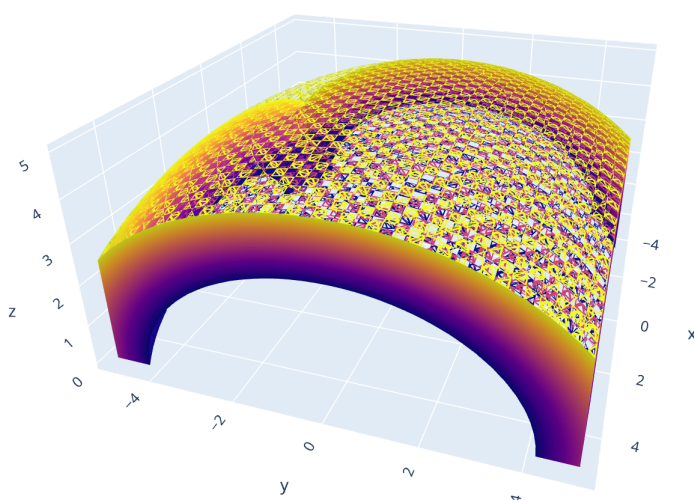
```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import numpy as np

X, Y, Z = np.mgrid[-5:5:40j, -5:5:40j, 0:5:20j]

values = X * X * 0.5 + Y * Y + Z * Z * 2

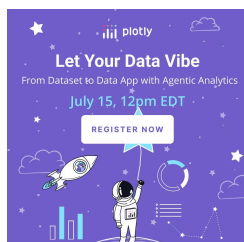
fig = go.Figure(data=go.Isosurface(
    x=X.flatten(),
    y=Y.flatten(),
    z=Z.flatten(),
    value=values.flatten(),
    isomin=30,
    isomax=50,
    surface=dict(count=3, fill=0.7, pattern='odd'),
    showscale=False, # remove colorbar
    caps=dict(x_show=True, y_show=True),
))

fig.update_layout(
    margin=dict(t=0, l=0, b=0), # tight layout
    scene_camera_eye=dict(x=1.86, y=0.61, z=0.98))
fig.show()
```



Reference

See <https://plotly.com/python/reference/isosurface/> (<https://plotly.com/python/reference/isosurface/>) for more information and chart attribute options!



What About Dash?

Dash (<https://dash.plot.ly/>) is an open-source framework for building analytical applications, with no Javascript required, and it is tightly integrated with the Plotly graphing library.

Learn about how to install Dash at <https://dash.plot.ly/installation> (<https://dash.plot.ly/installation>).

Everywhere in this page that you see `fig.show()`, you can display the same figure in a Dash application by passing it to the `figure` argument of the `Graph` component (<https://dash.plot.ly/dash-core-components/graph>) from the built-in `dash_core_components` package like this:

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```
import plotly.graph_objects as go # or plotly.express as px
fig = go.Figure() # or any Plotly Express function e.g. px.bar(...)
# fig.add_trace( ... )
# fig.update_layout( ... )

from dash import Dash, dcc, html

app = Dash()
app.layout = html.Div([
    dcc.Graph(figure=fig)
])

app.run(debug=True, use_reloader=False) # Turn off reloader if inside Jupyter
```



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lifeExp

gdpPerCap

country	pop	continent	lifeExp	gdpPerCap
Afghanistan	31889923	Asia	43.828	974.5883384
Albania	3600523	Europe	76.423	5937.829525999999
Algeria	33333216	Africa	72.381	6223.367465
Angola	12420476	Africa	42.731	4707.231267
Argentina	40301927	Americas	75.32	12779.37964
Australia	20434176	Oceania	81.235	34435.367439999995
Austria	8199783	Europe	79.829	36126.4927
Bahrain	706573	Asia	75.635	29796.04834
Bangladesh	150448339	Asia	64.062	1701.253792
Belgium	10931226	Europe	79.441	33062.04908
Benin	8878314	Africa	56.728	1441.284873
Bolivia	9119152	Americas	65.554	3821.137884



(https://dash.plotly.com/tutorial?utm_medium=graphing_libraries&utm_content=python_footer)

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