blotly | Graphing Libraries (https://plotly.com/)(/graphing-libraries/)

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◆ Suggest an edit to this (https://github.com/plotly/plotly.py/edit/doc-prod/doc/python/3d-bubblecharts.md)

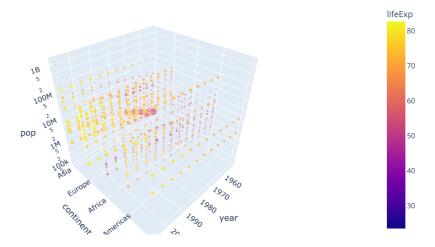
3D Bubble Charts in Python

How to make 3D Bubble Charts in Python with Plotly. Three examples of 3D Bubble Charts.

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3d Bubble chart with Plotly Express

```
import plotly.express as px
  import numpy as np
df = px.data.gapminder()
  \label{fig} {\tt fig = px.scatter\_3d(df, x='year', y='continent', z='pop', size='gdpPercap', color='lifeExp', and the property of the property
                                                                                                                                                                                    hover_data=['country'])
  fig.update_layout(scene_zaxis_type="log")
  fig.show()
```

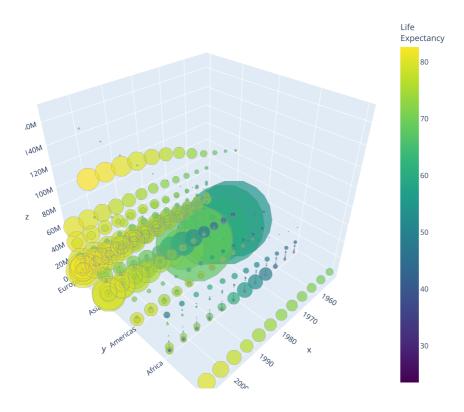


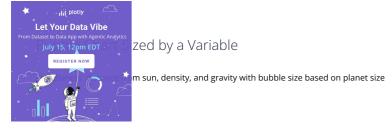
Simple Bubble Chart



```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import pandas as pd
# Get Data: this ex will only use part of it (i.e. rows 750-1500)
df = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/master/gapminderDataFiveYear.csv')
start, end = 750, 1500
fig = go.Figure(data=go.Scatter3d(
    x=df['year'][start:end],
   y=df['continent'][start:end],
    z=df['pop'][start:end],
   text=df['country'][start:end],
   mode='markers',
   marker=dict(
       sizemode='diameter',
       sizeref=750,
       size=df['gdpPercap'][start:end],
       color = df['lifeExp'][start:end],
       colorscale = 'Viridis',
       colorbar_title = 'Life<br>Expectancy',
       line_color='rgb(140, 140, 170)'
))
fig.update_layout(height=800, width=800,
                 title=dict(text='Examining Population and Life Expectancy Over Time'))
fig.show()
```

Examining Population and Life Expectancy Over Time

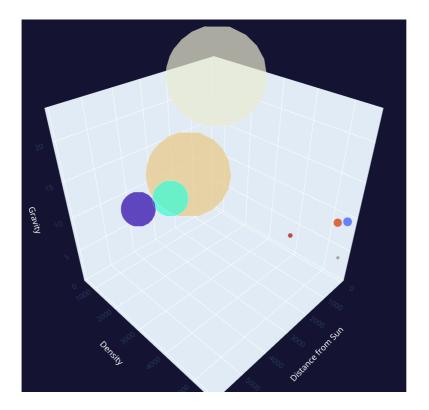




```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
planets = ['Mercury', 'Venus', 'Earth', 'Mars', 'Jupiter', 'Saturn', 'Uranus', 'Neptune', 'Pluto']
planet_colors = ['rgb(135, 135, 125)', 'rgb(210, 50, 0)', 'rgb(50, 90, 255)',
                 'rgb(178, 0, 0)', 'rgb(235, 235, 210)', 'rgb(235, 205, 130)',
                 'rgb(55, 255, 217)', 'rgb(38, 0, 171)', 'rgb(255, 255, 255)']
distance_from_sun = [57.9, 108.2, 149.6, 227.9, 778.6, 1433.5, 2872.5, 4495.1, 5906.4]
density = [5427, 5243, 5514, 3933, 1326, 687, 1271, 1638, 2095]
gravity = [3.7, 8.9, 9.8, 3.7, 23.1, 9.0, 8.7, 11.0, 0.7]
planet_diameter = [4879, 12104, 12756, 6792, 142984, 120536, 51118, 49528, 2370]
# Create trace, sizing bubbles by planet diameter
fig = go.Figure(data=go.Scatter3d(
  x = distance_from_sun,
   y = density,
   z = gravity,
   text = planets,
   mode = 'markers',
   marker = dict(
       sizemode = 'diameter',
       sizeref = 750, # info on sizeref: https://plotly.com/python/reference/scatter/#scatter-marker-sizeref
       size = planet_diameter,
       color = planet_colors,
))
fig.update_layout(
    width=800,
   height=800,
   title=dict(text="Planets!"),
   scene=dict(
        xaxis=dict(
           title=dict(
               text="Distance from Sun",
               font=dict(
                   color="white"
       ),
        yaxis=dict(
           title=dict(
               text="Density",
               font=dict(
                   color="white"
       ).
        zaxis=dict(
           title=dict(
               text="Gravity",
               font=dict(
                   color="white"
           )
       ),
       bgcolor="rgb(20, 24, 54)"
   )
)
fig.show()
```



Planets!



Edit the Colorbar

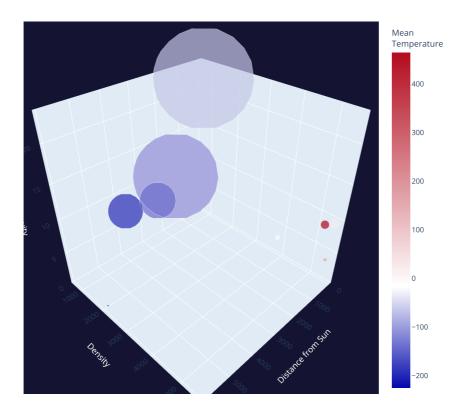
Plot planets' distance from sun, density, and gravity with bubble size based on planet size



```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
planets = ['Mercury', 'Venus', 'Earth', 'Mars', 'Jupiter', 'Saturn', 'Uranus', 'Neptune', 'Pluto']
temperatures = [167, 464, 15, -20, -65, -110, -140, -195, -200, -225]
distance_from_sun = [57.9, 108.2, 149.6, 227.9, 778.6, 1433.5, 2872.5, 4495.1, 5906.4]
density = [5427, 5243, 5514, 3933, 1326, 687, 1271, 1638, 2095]
gravity = [3.7, 8.9, 9.8, 3.7, 23.1, 9.0, 8.7, 11.0, 0.7]
planet_diameter = [4879, 12104, 12756, 6792, 142984, 120536, 51118, 49528, 2370]
# Create trace, sizing bubbles by planet diameter
fig = go.Figure(go.Scatter3d(
   x = distance_from_sun,
   y = density,
   z = gravity,
   text = planets,
   mode = 'markers',
   marker = dict(
       sizemode = 'diameter',
       sizeref = 750, # info on sizeref: https://plotly.com/python/reference/scatter/#scatter-marker-sizeref
       size = planet_diameter,
       color = temperatures,
       colorbar_title = 'Mean<br>Temperature',
       colorscale=[[0, 'rgb(5, 10, 172)'], [.3, 'rgb(255, 255, 255)'], [1, 'rgb(178, 10, 28)']]
))
fig.update_layout(
    width=800,
   height=800,
   title=dict(text="Planets!"),
   scene=dict(
        xaxis=dict(
           title=dict(
               text="Distance from Sun",
               font=dict(
                   color="white"
       ),
        yaxis=dict(
           title=dict(
               text="Density",
               font=dict(
                   color="white"
       ).
        zaxis=dict(
           title=dict(
               text="Gravity",
               font=dict(
                  color="white"
           )
       ),
       bgcolor="rgb(20, 24, 54)"
   )
)
fig.show()
```



Planets!



Reference

See $\frac{https://plotly.com/python/reference/scatter3d/ (https://plotly.com/python/reference/scatter3d/)}{marker-sizeref (https://plotly.com/python/reference/scatter/#scatter-marker-sizeref)}$

for more information and chart attribute options!

What About Dash?

<u>Dash (https://dash.plot.ly/)</u> is an open-source framework for building analytical applications, with no Javascript required, and it is tightly integrated with the Plotly graphing library.

Learn about how to install Dash at https://dash.plot.ly/installation).

Everywhere in this page that you see fig.show(), you can display the same figure in a Dash application by passing it to the figure argument of the <u>Graph component</u> (https://dash.plot.ly/dash-core-components/graph) from the built-in dash_core_components package like this:

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go # or plotly.express as px
fig = go.Figure() # or any Plotly Express function e.g. px.bar(...)
# fig.add_trace( ... )
# fig.update_layout( ... )

from dash import Dash, dcc, html

app = Dash()
app.layout = html.Div([
    dcc.Graph(figure=fig)

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use_reloader=False) # Turn off reloader if inside Jupyter
```



(https://dash.plotly.com/tutorial?utm_medium=graphing_libraries&utm_content=python_footer)

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