

Dendrograms in Python

How to make a dendrogram in Python with Plotly.

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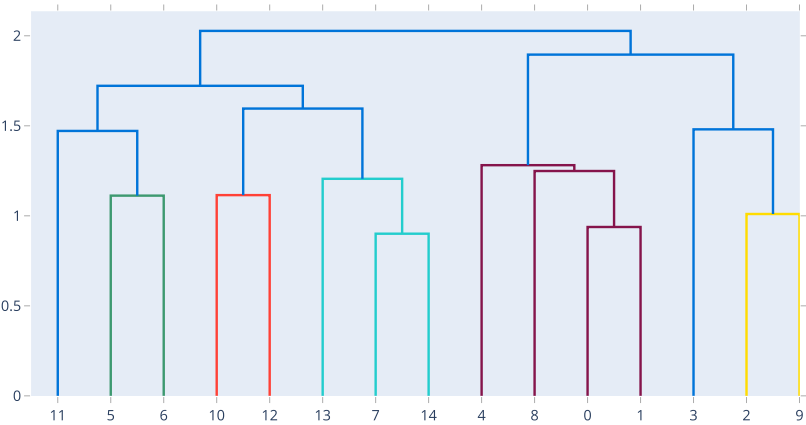
Basic Dendrogram

A [dendrogram](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dendrogram) (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dendrogram>) is a diagram representing a tree. The [figure factory](https://plotly.com/python/figure-factories/) ([/python/figure-factories/](https://plotly.com/python/figure-factories/)) called `create_dendrogram` performs [hierarchical clustering](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hierarchical_clustering) (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hierarchical_clustering) on data and represents the resulting tree. Values on the tree depth axis correspond to distances between clusters.

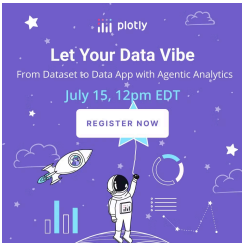
Dendrogram plots are commonly used in computational biology to show the clustering of genes or samples, sometimes in the margin of heatmaps.

```
import plotly.figure_factory as ff
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(1)

X = np.random.rand(15, 12) # 15 samples, with 12 dimensions each
fig = ff.create_dendrogram(X)
fig.update_layout(width=800, height=500)
fig.show()
```



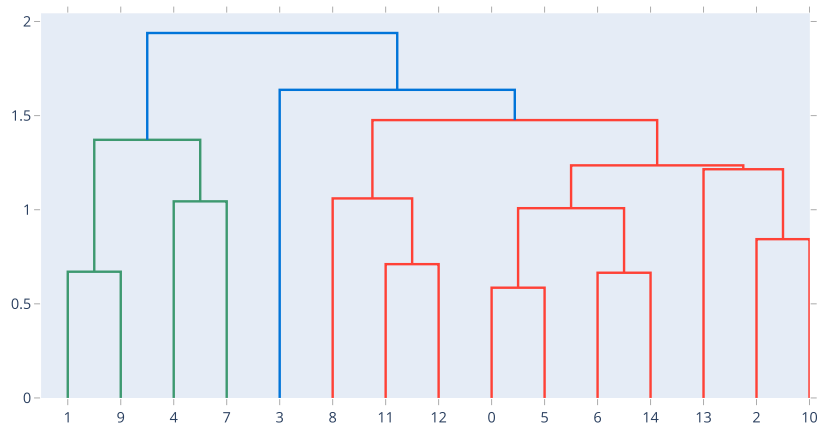
Set Color Threshold



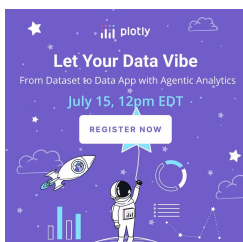
```
import plotly.figure_factory as ff

import numpy as np

X = np.random.rand(15, 10) # 15 samples, with 10 dimensions each
fig = ff.create_dendrogram(X, color_threshold=1.5)
fig.update_layout(width=800, height=500)
fig.show()
```



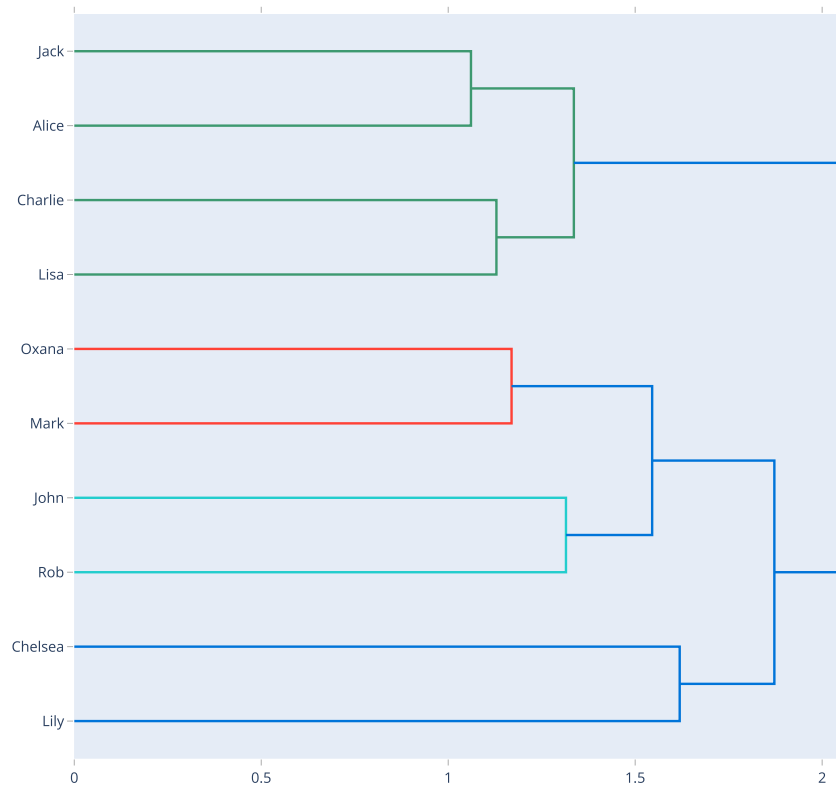
Set Orientation and Add Labels



```
import plotly.figure_factory as ff

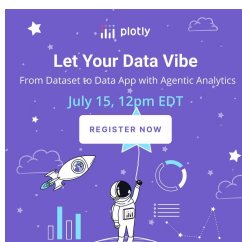
import numpy as np

X = np.random.rand(10, 12)
names = ['Jack', 'Oxana', 'John', 'Chelsea', 'Mark', 'Alice', 'Charlie', 'Rob', 'Lisa', 'Lily']
fig = ff.create_dendrogram(X, orientation='left', labels=names)
fig.update_layout(width=800, height=800)
fig.show()
```



Plot a Dendrogram with a Heatmap

See also the [Dash Bio demo \(https://dash-bio.plotly.host/dash-clustergram/\)](https://dash-bio.plotly.host/dash-clustergram/).



```

import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.figure_factory as ff

import numpy as np
from scipy.spatial.distance import pdist, squareform

# get data
data = np.genfromtxt("http://files.figshare.com/2133304/ExpRawData_E_TABM_84_A_AFFY_44.tab",
                    names=True, usecols=tuple(range(1,30)), dtype=float, delimiter="\t")
data_array = data.view((float, len(data.dtype.names)))
data_array = data_array.transpose()
labels = data.dtype.names

# Initialize figure by creating upper dendrogram
fig = ff.create_dendrogram(data_array, orientation='bottom', labels=labels)
for i in range(len(fig['data'])):
    fig['data'][i]['yaxis'] = 'y2'

# Create Side Dendrogram
dendro_side = ff.create_dendrogram(data_array, orientation='right')
for i in range(len(dendro_side['data'])):
    dendro_side['data'][i]['xaxis'] = 'x2'

# Add Side Dendrogram Data to Figure
for data in dendro_side['data']:
    fig.add_trace(data)

# Create Heatmap
dendro_leaves = dendro_side['layout']['yaxis']['ticktext']
dendro_leaves = list(map(int, dendro_leaves))
data_dist = pdist(data_array)
heat_data = squareform(data_dist)
heat_data = heat_data[dendro_leaves,:]
heat_data = heat_data[:,dendro_leaves]

heatmap = [
    go.Heatmap(
        x = dendro_leaves,
        y = dendro_leaves,
        z = heat_data,
        colorscale = 'Blues'
    )
]

heatmap[0]['x'] = fig['layout']['xaxis']['tickvals']
heatmap[0]['y'] = dendro_side['layout']['yaxis']['tickvals']

# Add Heatmap Data to Figure
for data in heatmap:
    fig.add_trace(data)

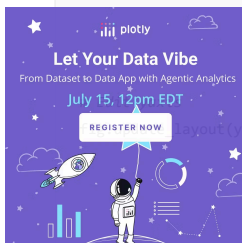
# Edit Layout
fig.update_layout({'width':800, 'height':800,
                  'showlegend':False, 'hovermode': 'closest',
                  })

# Edit xaxis
fig.update_layout(xaxis={'domain': [.15, 1],
                        'mirror': False,
                        'showgrid': False,
                        'showline': False,
                        'zeroline': False,
                        'ticks':""})

# Edit xaxis2
fig.update_layout(xaxis2={'domain': [0, .15],
                        'mirror': False,
                        'showgrid': False,
                        'showline': False,
                        'zeroline': False,
                        'showticklabels': False,
                        'ticks':""})

# Edit xaxis3
fig.update_layout(xaxis3={'domain': [0, .85],
                        'mirror': False,
                        'showgrid': False,
                        'showline': False,
                        'zeroline': False,

```



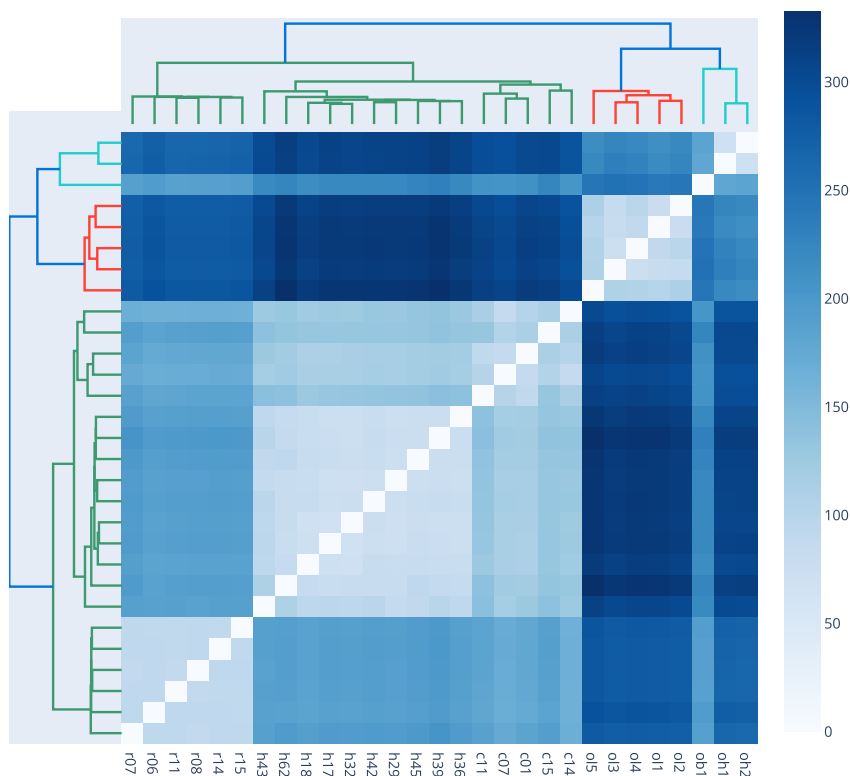
```

        'showticklabels': False,
        'ticks': ""
    })

    # Edit yaxis2
    fig.update_layout(yaxis2={'domain': [.825, .975],
                              'mirror': False,
                              'showgrid': False,
                              'showline': False,
                              'zeroline': False,
                              'showticklabels': False,
                              'ticks': ""})

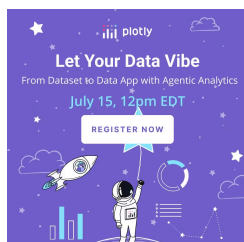
    # Plot!
    fig.show()

```



Reference

For more info on `ff.create_dendrogram()`, see the [full function reference](https://plotly.com/python-api-reference/generated/plotly.figure_factory.create_dendrogram.html) (https://plotly.com/python-api-reference/generated/plotly.figure_factory.create_dendrogram.html)



What About Dash?

[Dash \(https://dash.plot.ly/\)](https://dash.plot.ly/) is an open-source framework for building analytical applications, with no Javascript required, and it is tightly integrated with the Plotly graphing library.

Learn about how to install Dash at <https://dash.plot.ly/installation> (https://dash.plot.ly/installation).


Everywhere in this page that you see `fig.show()`, you can display the same figure in a Dash application by passing it to the `figure` argument of the [Graph component](https://dash.plot.ly/dash-core-components/graph) (https://dash.plot.ly/dash-core-components/graph) from the built-in `dash_core_components` package like this:

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go # or plotly.express as px
fig = go.Figure() # or any Plotly Express function e.g. px.bar(...)
# fig.add_trace( ... )
# fig.update_layout( ... )

from dash import Dash, dcc, html

app = Dash()
app.layout = html.Div([
    dcc.Graph(figure=fig)
])

app.run(debug=True, use_reloader=False) # Turn off reloader if inside Jupyter
```



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pop

lifeExp

gdpPerCap

country	pop	continent	lifeExp	gdpPerCap
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Albania	3600523	Europe	76.423	5937.829525999999
Algeria	33333216	Africa	72.381	6223.367465
Angola	12420476	Africa	42.731	4707.231267
Argentina	40301927	Americas	75.32	12779.37964
Australia	20434176	Oceania	81.235	34435.367439999995
Austria	8199783	Europe	79.829	36126.4927
Bahrain	706573	Asia	75.635	29796.04834
Bangladesh	150448339	Asia	64.062	1701.253792
Belgium	10391226	Europe	79.441	33062.04908
Benin	8878314	Africa	56.728	1441.284873
Bolivia	9139152	Americas	65.554	3821.137884



(https://dash.plotly.com/tutorial?utm_medium=graphing_libraries&utm_content=python_footer)

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