





Dash Python > Duplicate Callback Outputs

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## Duplicate Callback Outputs

New in Dash 2.9: Dash supports the allow\_duplicate=True argument to allow multiple callbacks to target the same output. See the "Setting [allow\_duplicate] on Duplicate Outputs" example below.

A duplicate callback output is when the same component-property pair is an Output on more than one callback. A component-property pair means the id of the component and the property. In this html.Hl component, the component-property pair is 'app-heading', 'children':

If you add <code>[app-heading]</code>, <code>[children]</code> as an <code>[Output]</code> on two callbacks in your app you'll get a "Duplicate callback outputs" error when running in debug mode as the the default behavior of callbacks is that a component/property pair can only be the Output of one callback.

```
Errors (1)
Duplicate callback outputs
                                                                         1:11:52 PM
In the callback for output(s):
  our-graph.figure
Output 0 (our-graph.figure) is already in use.
To resolve this situation, set `allow_duplicate=True`
on duplicate outputs, or try combining these into one callback function, distinguishing the trigger
by using `dash.callback_context` if necessary.
```

## **Duplicate Callback Outputs Example**

This is a complete example demonstrating an app that throws a "Duplicate callback outputs" error. Here we have two [html.Button] components and a [dcc.Graph] component in our [app.layout]:

```
html.Button('Reset Graph', id='reset'),
```

If we try to update the graph component's ([our-graph]) [fig] property differently depending on which button is clicked, we cannot do this by adding 'our-graph', 'fig' as an Output on two callbacks:

```
@callback(
   prevent_initial_call=True
def draw_graph(_):
```



```
Input('reset', 'n_clicks'),
   prevent_initial_call=True
)
def reset_graph(_):
   return go.Figure()
```

## **Updating the Same Output From Different Inputs**

We can update our graph in the above example differently based on the inputs by combining the inputs into one callback and using dash.callback\_context to determine which input triggered the callback.

Here is the same example rewritten. Our new callback has the two inputs. It gets the ID of the component that triggered the callback using <code>ctx.triggered\_id</code>. This will return either <code>draw</code> or <code>reset</code>. If it is <code>draw</code>, the callback returns <code>draw\_graph()</code>. If it is <code>reset</code> it returns <code>reset\_graph()</code>:

```
from dash import Dash, Input, Output, ctx, html, dcc, callback
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go

app = Dash()

app.layout = html.Div([
    html.Button('Draw Graph', id='draw'),
    html.Button('Paset Graph', id='reset'),
    dcc.Graph(id='graph')

})

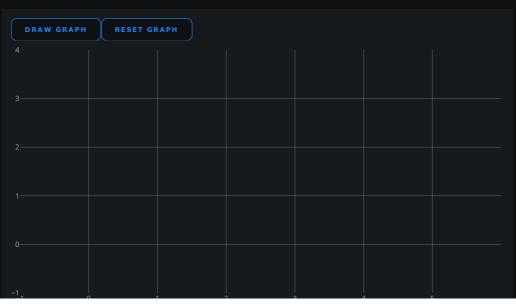
@callback(
    Output('graph', 'figure'),
    Input('draw', 'n_clicks'),
    Input('draw', 'n_clicks'),
    prevent_initial_call=True
)

def update_graph(bl, b2):
    triggered_id = ctx.triggered_id
    print(triggered_id = 'reset':
        return reset_graph()
    elif triggered_id == 'draw':
        return draw_graph()

def draw_graph():
    df = px.data.iris()
    return px.scatter(df, x=df.columns[0], y=df.columns[1])

def reset_graph():
    return go.Figure()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```





See **Determining Which Callback Input Changed** for more on <code>dash.callback\_context</code> and understanding which input triggered a callback.

## Setting allow\_duplicate on Duplicate Outputs

In Dash 2.9 and later, you can set <a href="allow\_duplicate=True">allow\_duplicate=True</a> on a callback output if it is already used as an output on another callback. This will allow you to target the same component-property from different callbacks. Here is the earlier example rewritten to allow duplicates.

When setting <code>allow\_duplicate=True</code> on a callback output, you'll need to either set <code>prevent\_initial\_call=True</code> on the callback, or set <code>[app = Dash(prevent\_initial\_callbacks="initial\_duplicate")</code> on your app. This prevents callbacks that target the same output running at the same time when the page initially loads. <code>allow\_duplicate</code> is common when using the <code>Patch object for Partial Property Updates</code>.

```
from dash import Dash, Input, Output, html, dcc, callback
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go

app = Dash()

app.layout = html.Div([
    html.Button('Draw Graph', id='draw-2'),
    html.Button('Reset Graph', id='reset-2'),
    dcc.Graph(id='duplicate-output-graph')

})

@callback(
    Output('duplicate-output-graph', 'figure', allow_duplicate=True),
    Input('draw-2', 'n_clicks'),
    prevent_initial_call=True
)

def draw_graph(n_clicks):
    df = px.data.iris()
    return px.scatter(df, x=df.columns[0], y=df.columns[1])

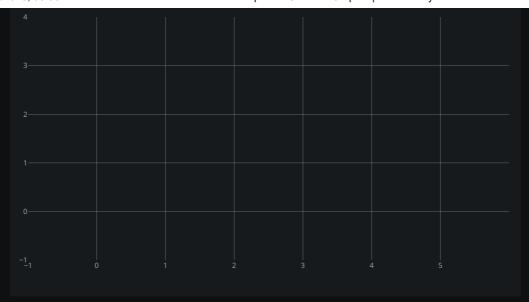
@callback(
    Output('duplicate-output-graph', 'figure'),
    Input('reset-2', 'n_clicks'),
)

def reset_graph(input):
    return go.Figure()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

DRAW GRAPH RESET GRAPH





Where you have multiple callbacks targeting the same output, and they both run at the same time, the order in which updates happen is not guaranteed. This may be an issue if you are updating the same part of the property from each callback. For example, a callback output that updates the entire figure and another one that updates the figure layout.

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