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No  
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### Soal 1

konversi bilangan ke dalam bentuk two's Complement

a) 10 (4-bit)

$$10 = 1010$$

$$0101$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1+ \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$0110 = -10$$

c) -10 (8-bit)

$$-10 = 1111\ 0110$$

$$0000\ 1001$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1+ \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$0000\ 1010 = 10$$

b) 10 (8-bit)

$$10 = 0000\ 1010$$

$$1111\ 0101$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1+ \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$1111\ 0110 = -10$$

d) -67 (8-bit)

$$-67 = 1011\ 1101$$

$$0100\ 0010$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1+ \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$0100\ 0011 = 67$$

### Soal 2

Operasi Aritmatika dengan two's Complement

a)  $4 + 5$  (4-bit)

$$4 = 0100$$

$$5 = 0101 +$$

$$1001 = 9$$

b)  $4 + 5$  (5-bit)

$$4 = 00100$$

$$5 = 00101 +$$

$$01001 = 9$$

c)  $4 - 5$  (4-bit)

$$4 = 0100$$

$$-5 = 1011 +$$

$$1111$$

d)  $4 - 5$  (4-bit)

$$-4 = 1100$$

$$-5 = 1011 +$$

$$0111$$

(tidak dapat dilakukan  
dengan representasi  
two's complement)

### Soal 3

Perkalian  $7 \times -7$ . Multiplier dan multiplicand merupakan bilangan 5-bit.

$$7 = 00111 \Rightarrow M$$

$$-7 = 11001 \Rightarrow Q$$

A	Q	Q-1	M	n	
00000	11001	0	00111	5	
11001	11001	0	00111	4	First Cycle
11100	11100	1	00111		
00011	11100	1	00111	3	Second Cycle
00001	11110	0	00111		
00000	11111	0	00111	2	Third Cycle
11001	11111	0	00111		
11100	11111	1	00111	1	Fourth Cycle
11110	01111	1	00111	0	Fifth Cycle

hasil

$$\Rightarrow 111001111 \Rightarrow -49$$

### Soal 4

Pembagian 15 dibagi 4, (5-bit)

$$Q = 15 = 01111$$

$$M = 4 = 00100$$

n	A	Q				
1	00000	01111	00100 +		00011	10000
5	00000	11110	00001	11100	00100 +	
	11100 +		00011	11000	00111	10000
4	11100		11100 +		01111	00000
	00100	11110	11111	11000	11100 +	
	00001	11100	00100 +		01011	00000
	11100 +		00011	11000	00100 +	
	11101	11100	00011	10000	01111	00000
			11100 +			