

# **Submarine fan - reservoir quality description (Marine depositional environment)**

# Submarine fan - reservoir quality description

**Accumulation ⇔ GU X has good reservoir potential**

**No accumulation ⇔ GU X has poor to no reservoir potential**

**has\_good\_reservoir\_potential(GU):-**

has\_facies (GU, FA),

facies\_porosity (FA, Por), higher\_eq (Por, medium),

facies\_permeability (FA, Perm), higher\_eq (Perm, medium),

facies\_lateral\_continuity (FA, LAC), better\_eq (LAC, moderate),

facies\_vertical\_conectivity (FA, FVC), better\_eq (FVC, moderate).

%% Facies\_porosity and facies\_permeability depend on total grain volume and size and total clay content.

**has\_poor\_to\_no\_reservoir\_potential(GU):-**

has\_facies (GU, FA),

facies\_porosity (FA, Por), lower\_than (Por, medium),

facies\_permeability (FA, Perm), lower\_than (Perm, medium),

facies\_lateral\_continuity (FA, LAC), poorer\_than(LAC, moderate),

facies\_vertical\_conectivity (FA, FVC), poorer\_than (FVC, moderate).

# Submarine fan - reservoir quality description

**Effective migration through a carrier bed (GU X)  $\Leftrightarrow$  GU X has good carrier bed potential**

**Less effective to no migration through a carrier bed (GU X)  $\Leftrightarrow$  GU X has poor to no carrier bed potential**

**has\_good\_carrier\_bed\_potential (GU):-**

has\_facies(GU, FA), facies\_permeability(FA, Perm), higher\_than(Perm, medium),  
facies\_porosity (FA, Por), better\_eq(Por, moderate),  
facies\_lateral\_continuity(Fa, LAC), better\_than( LAC, moderate),  
faces\_vertical\_conectivity(FA, FVC), better\_than(FVC, mderate).

**has\_poor\_to\_no\_carrier\_bed\_potential (GU):-**

has\_facies(GU, FA), facies\_permeability(FA, Perm), lower\_than(Perm, medium),  
facies\_porosity (FA, Por), lower\_than(Por, moderate),  
facies\_lateral\_continuity(Fa, LAC), poorer\_than( LAC, moderate),  
faces\_vertical\_conectivity(FA, FVC), poorer\_than(FVC, mderate).

# Submarine fan - reservoir quality description

has\_facies(GU, a).  
has\_facies(GU, b).  
has\_facies(GU, c).  
has\_facies(GU, d).  
has\_facies(GU, e).  
has\_facies(GU, g).

belongs\_to\_res\_element(a, feeder\_channel).  
belongs\_to\_res\_element(b, distributary\_channel).  
belongs\_to\_res\_element(c, lobe).  
belongs\_to\_res\_element(c, sheet).  
belongs\_to\_res\_element(d, lobe\_fringe).  
belongs\_to\_res\_element(e, levee).  
belongs\_to\_res\_element(g, basin\_plain).

facies\_porosity(a, medium).  
facies\_porosity(b, high).  
facies\_porosity(c, very\_high).  
facies\_porosity(d, low).  
facies\_porosity(e, medium).  
facies\_porosity(g, very\_low).

facies\_permeability(a, very\_high).  
facies\_permeability(b, high).  
facies\_permeability(c, high).  
facies\_permeability(d, low).  
facies\_permeability(e, medium).  
facies\_permeability(g, very\_low).

facies\_lateral\_continuity(a, poor).  
facies\_lateral\_continuity(b, moderate).  
facies\_lateral\_continuity(c, good).  
facies\_lateral\_continuity(d, good).  
facies\_lateral\_continuity(e, poor).  
facies\_lateral\_continuity(g, good).

facies\_vertical\_connectivity(a, poor).  
facies\_vertical\_connectivity(b, moderate).  
facies\_vertical\_connectivity(c, good).  
facies\_vertical\_connectivity(d, poor).  
facies\_vertical\_connectivity(e, poor).  
facies\_vertical\_connectivity(g, good).

better\_than(very\_good, good).  
better\_than(good, moderate).  
better\_than(moderate, poor).  
better\_than(poor, very\_poor).

higher\_than(very\_high, high).  
higher\_than(high, medium).  
higher\_than(medium, low).  
higher\_than(low, very\_low).

poorer\_than(very\_poor, poor).  
poorer\_than(poor, moderate).  
poorer\_than(moderate, good).  
poorer\_than(good, very\_good).

lower\_than(very\_low, low).  
lower\_than(low, medium).  
lower\_than(medium, high).  
lower\_than(high, very\_high).

# Reservoir quality in deep-marine system

**Reservoir quality in deep-marine system** is controlled by:

- The sediment depositional process
- Source of sediments area
- Burial history (temperature and burial depth history)
- Main **depositional processes** are:
  - High-density turbidity currents
  - Low-density turbidity currents
  - Strong sustained seafloor currents – well preserved reservoir quality
- Porosity and especially permeability are influenced by **grain size** and **total clay content**.
  - High-energy transport processes (high-density turbidity currents and strong sustained seafloor currents) deposited the coarsest and most clay-free sediment.
  - Dewatering removes some fines and give slightly better reservoir quality
- Sedimentary rocks that experienced higher thermal exposure have greater quartz cement abundances and poorer reservoir quality.

# Reservoir quality in deep-marine system

## Facies description (Mutti & Ricci)

### Facies A

- **Debris flow**, consists of poorly sorted, mud-rich sst with subangular and pebbly mudstones; the large, subangular clast imply short transport distance; total grain volume is between 42-68%, total clay volume is between 18-40%.
- **Porosity** between **5-30%**, but mostly between **5-12%**
- **Permeability** from **0.1 to 1000mD**, but median is around **1mD**.

### Facies B

- **Massive sst**, amalgamated, interbedded or dewatered, have grain size from fine to course-grained, but mostly **medium-grained**; have the least **total clay content**, between **8-26%**, the most **total grain volume**, between **48-82%**.
- Good depositional **porosity**, between **15-30%**, with a median porosity of 25 %.
- **Permeability** generally up to **10mD**, a bit lower in interbedded sst, and higher than 100 mD in dewatered sst.

### Facies C and Facies D

- **Graded and laminated sst**, have grain size from **fine to medium-grained**, sometimes course-grained; have **total grain volume** between **52-68%**, but also lower, between 40-48%; **total clay content** ranges between **6-40%**.
- **Porosity** between 5-25%.
- **Permeability** between 0.1->1000mD; cross-laminated sst have almost have values lower than 1mD; graded sst have more than half values higher than 1 mD.

# Reservoir quality in deep-marine system

## Facies description (Mutti & Ricci)

### Facies E

- **Heterolithic sediments** are made up of thin sst beds, < than 10 cm, very fine to fine-grained; **total grain volume** is between **30-68%**, and **total clay content** between **12-68%**.
- **Porosity** between **5-35%**.
- **Permeability** between 0.1 – 1000mD , but more than 90% values below 1mD.

### Facies F

- **Deformed sst**, have a **total grain volume** of **54-76%**, **total clay content** between **14-22%**.
- **Porosity** is between 5-25%, with a median porosity of 13-14%.
- **Permeability** is between **0.1 – 100mD**, with injected sst having more values(40%) above 1mD than the slumps and slides (20%).

# Submarine fan - reservoir quality description

We can use only a limited number of scenarios, like the 3 examples below, or we can simulate all possible scenarios based on proximal\_than relationship.

Valid scenarios must take into account the distance from the source of sediments;  
proximal to distal: feeder channel, distributary channel, lobe, lobe fringe, basin plane.

proximal\_than( feeder\_channel, distributary\_channel).  
proximal\_than( distributary\_channel, lobe).  
proximal\_than( lobe, lobe\_fringe).  
proximal\_than( lobe\_fringe, basin\_plane).

proximal\_than( GU14, GU11).  
proximal\_than( GU11, GU8).  
proximal\_than( GU8, GU5).

## Scenario 1

Belongs\_to\_res\_element({GU5, GU8, GU11, GU14}, lobe).

**Scenario 2** belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU5, lobe).

belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU8, lobe).

belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU11, distributary\_channel).

belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU14, feeder\_channel).

## Scenario 3

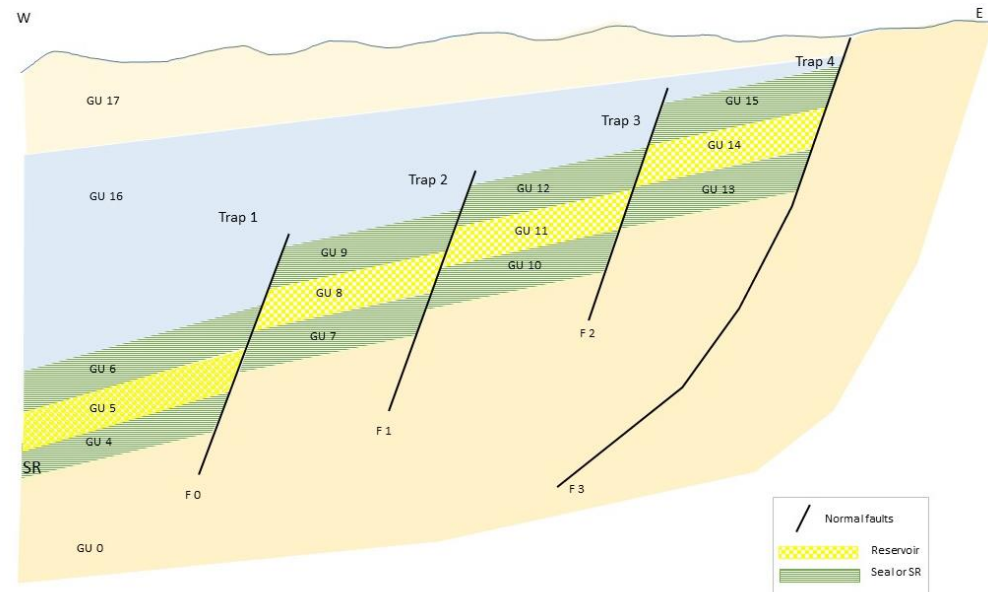
belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU5, lobe\_fringe).

belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU8, lobe).

belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU11, distributary\_channel).

belongs\_to\_res\_element(GU14, feeder\_channel).

**Scenario 4** and so on





# Summary

- GU X has good reservoir potential if GU X belongs to reservoir elements: lobe, sheet, distributary channel, levee, feeder channel.
- GU X has poor to no reservoir potential if GU X belongs to reservoir elements: lobe fringe, basin plain.
- GU X has good carrier bed potential if GU X belongs to reservoir elements: lobe, sheet, distributary channel.
- GU X has poor to no carrier bed potential if GU X belongs to reservoir elements: lobe fringe, feeder channel, basin plain.