

# Inserting references in Rd and roxygen2 documentation

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## Abstract

Package **Rdpack** provides a straightforward way to insert BibTeX references and citations in the documentation of an R package, using the RdMacros feature introduced in R 3.2.0. It works for ‘roxygen2’ documentation, as well.

This vignette is part of package Rdpack, version 0.8-0. The latest released version of **Rdpack** is at [Rdpack on CRAN](#). The development version is at [Rdpack on Github](#). Report bugs and feature requests at [Rdpack Issues](#).

*Keywords:* bibliographic references, Rd, bibtex, citations, R.

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## 1. Setup

To prepare a package for importing BibTeX references it is necessary to tell the package management tools that package **Rdpack** and its Rd macros are needed. The references should be put in file `inst/REFERENCES.bib`. These steps are enumerated below in somewhat more detail for convenience:

1. Add the following lines to file ‘DESCRIPTION’:

```
Imports: Rdpack
RdMacros: Rdpack
```

Make sure the capitalisation of `RdMacros` is as shown. If the field ‘`RdMacros`’ is already present, add ‘`Rdpack`’ to the list on that line. Similarly for field ‘`Imports`’.

2. Add the following line to file ‘NAMESPACE’<sup>1</sup>:

```
importFrom(Rdpack,reprompt)
```

The equivalent line for ‘roxygen2’ is

```
#' @importFrom Rdpack reprompt
```

3. Create file `REFERENCES.bib` in subdirectory `inst/` of your package and put the bibtex references in it.

## 2. Inserting references in package documentation

Once the steps outlined in the previous section are done, references can be inserted in the documentation as `\insertRef{key}{package}`, where `key` is the bibtex key of the reference and `package` is your package. This works in Rd files and in roxygen documentation chunks.

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<sup>1</sup>Any function for package **Rdpack** will do. This is to avoid getting a warning from ‘R CMD check’.

In fact, argument 'package' can be any installed R package<sup>2</sup>, not necessarily the current one. This means that you don't need to copy references from other packages to your "REFERENCES.bib" file. This works for packages that have "REFERENCES.bib" in their installation directory and for the default packages. See also the help pages `?Rdpack::insertRef` and `?Rdpack::Rdpack-package`. For example, the help page `?Rdpack::insertRef` contains the following lines in section "References" of the Rd file:

```
\insertRef{Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
\insertRef{R}{bibtex}
```

The first line above inserts the reference labeled `Rpack:bibtex` in `Rdpack`'s `REFERENCES.bib`. The second line inserts the reference labeled `R` in file `REFERENCES.bib` in package 'bibtex'.

A roxygen2 documentation chunk might look like this:

```
#' @references
#' \insertRef{Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
#'
#' \insertRef{R}{bibtex}
```

### 3. Inserting citations

From version 0.7 of **Rdpack**, additional Rd macros are available for citations<sup>3</sup>. They can be used in both Rd and roxygen2 documentation. If you are using these, it will be prudent to require at least this version of `Rdpack` in the "Imports:" directive in file `DESCRIPTION: Rdpack (>= 0.7)`.

#### 3.1. Macros for citations

`\insertCite{key}{package}` cites the key and records it for use by `\insertAllCited{}`, see below. `key` can contain more keys separated by commas. Here are some examples (on the left is the code in the documentation chunk, on the right the rendered citation):

Documentation source	rendered
<code>\insertCite{parseRd}{Rdpack}</code>	(Murdoch 2010)
<code>\insertCite{Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}</code>	(Francois 2014)
<code>\insertCite{parseRd,Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}</code>	(Murdoch 2010; Francois 2014)

By default the citations are parenthesised `\insertCite{parseRd}{Rdpack}` produces (Murdoch 2010), as in the examples above. To get textual citations, like Murdoch (2010), put the string `;textual` at the end of the key. Here are the examples from the table above, rendered as textual citations:

Documentation source	
<code>\insertCite{parseRd;textual}{Rdpack}</code>	Murdoch (2010)
<code>\insertCite{Rpack:bibtex;textual}{Rdpack}</code>	Francois (2014)
<code>\insertCite{parseRd,Rpack:bibtex;textual}{Rdpack}</code>	Murdoch (2010); Francois (2014)

The last line in the table demonstrates that this also works with several citations.

The macro `\insertNoCite{key}{package}` records one or more references for `\insertAllCited` but does not cite it. Setting `key` to `*` will record all references from the specified package. For example,

<sup>2</sup>There is of course the risk that the referenced entry may be removed from the other package. So this is probably only useful for one's own packages. Also, the other package would better be one of the packages mentioned in `DESCRIPTION`.

<sup>3</sup>Actually, they were introduced in the development version 0.6-1, but 0.7 is the first version with them released on CRAN.

`\insertNoCite{R}{bibtex}` records the reference whose key is R, while `\insertNoCite{*}{utils}` records all references from package “utils” for inclusion by `\insertAllCited`.

To mix the citations with other text, such as “see also” and “chapter 3”, write the list of keys as a free text, starting it with the symbol @ and prefixing each key with it. The @ symbol will not appear in the output. For example, the following code:

```
\insertCite{@see also @parseRd and @Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
\insertCite{@see also @parseRd; @Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
\insertCite{@see also @parseRd and @Rpack:bibtex;textual}{Rdpack}
```

produces:

```
(see also Murdoch 2010 and Francois 2014)
(see also Murdoch 2010; Francois 2014)
see also Murdoch (2010) and Francois (2014)
```

`\insertCiteOnly{key}{package}` is as `\insertCite` but does not record the key for the list of references assembled by `\insertAllCited`.

### 3.2. Automatically generating lists of references

The macro `\insertAllCited{}` can be used to insert all references cited with `\insertCite` or `\insertNoCite`. A natural place to put this macro is the references section. The Rd section may look something like:

```
\references{
  \insertAllCited{}
}
```

The analogous documentation chunk in roxygen2 might look like this:

```
#' @references
#'   \insertAllCited{}
```

## 4. Changing the style of references

Bibliography styles for lists of references are supported from **Rdpack** ( $\geq 0.8$ ). Currently the only alternative offered is to use long names (Georgi N. Boshnakov) in place of the default style (Boshnakov GN). More comprehensive alternatives can be included if needed or requested.

To cause all list of references produced by `insertAllCited` in a package to appear with full names, add `.onLoad()` function to your package. If you don't have `.onLoad()`, just copy the following definition:

```
.onLoad <- function(lib, pkg){
  Rdpack::Rdpack_bibstyles(package = pkg, authors = "LongNames")
  invisible(NULL)
}
```

If you already have `.onLoad()`, add the line containing the `Rdpack::Rdpack_bibstyles` call to it. After installing/reloading your package the lists of references should appear with long author names. **Rdpack** itself now uses this style.

## 5. Possible issues

### 5.1. Warning from 'R CMD build'

If 'R CMD build' or `devtools::build()` gives a warning along the lines of:

```
Warning: C:/temp/RtmpqWQqji/.../XXX.Rd:52: unknown macro '\insertRef'
```

then check the syntax in file DESCRIPTION — the most common cause of this is misspelling `RdMacros::`. Make sure in particular that 'M' is uppercase.

### 5.2. Development using 'devtools'

The described procedure works transparently in 'roxygen2' chunks and with Hadley Wickham's 'devtools'. Packages are built and installed properly with the 'devtools' commands and the references are processed as expected.

Currently (2017-08-04) if you run help commands `?xxx` for functions from the package you are working on and their help pages contain references, you may encounter some puzzling warning messages in 'developer' mode, something like:

```
1: In tools::parse_Rd(path) :  
  ~/mypackage/man/abcde.Rd: 67: unknown macro '\insertRef'
```

These warnings are again about unknown macros but the reason is completely different: they pop up because "devtools" reroutes the help command to process the developer's Rd sources (rather than the documentation in the installed directory) but doesn't tell `parse_Rd` where to look for additional macros<sup>4</sup>.

These warnings are harmless - the help pages are built properly and no warnings appear outside "developer" mode, e.g. in a separate R session. You may also consider using the function `viewRd()`, discussed below, for viewing Rd files.

### 5.3. Viewing Rd files

A function, `viewRd`, to view Rd files in the source directory of a package was introduced in version 0.4-23 of **Rdpack**. A typical user call would look something like:

```
Rdpack::viewRd("./man/filename.Rd")
```

By default the requested help page is shown in text format. To open the page in a browser, set argument `type` to "html":

```
Rdpack::viewRd("./man/filename.Rd", type = "html")
```

Users of 'devtools' can use `viewRd()` in place of `help()` to view Rd sources<sup>5</sup>.

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<sup>4</sup>The claims in this sentence can be deduced entirely from the informative message. Indeed, (1) the error is in processing a source Rd file in the development directory of the package, and (2) the call to `\parse_Rd` specifies only the file.

<sup>5</sup>Yes, your real sources are the \*.R files but `devtools::document()` transfers the roxygen2 documentation chunks to Rd files (and a few others), which are then rendered by R tools.

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