

Inserting references in Rd and roxygen2 documentation

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Abstract

Package **Rdpack** provides a straightforward way to insert BibTeX references in the documentation of an R package, using the RdMacros feature introduced in R 3.2.0. It works for ‘roxygen2’ documentation, as well.

This vignette is part of package Rdpack, version 0.10-2.

Keywords: bibliographic references, Rd, bibtex, citations, R.

1. Setup

To prepare a package for importing BibTeX references it is necessary to tell the package management tools that package **Rdpack** and its Rd macros are needed. The references should be put in file `inst/REFERENCES.bib`. These steps are enumerated below in somewhat more detail for convenience:

1. Add the following lines to file ‘DESCRIPTION’:

```
Imports: Rdpack
RdMacros: Rdpack
```

Make sure the capitalisation of `RdMacros` is as shown. If the field ‘`RdMacros`’ is already present, add ‘`Rdpack`’ to the list on that line. Similarly for field ‘`Imports`’.

2. Add the following line to file ‘NAMESPACE’¹:

```
importFrom(Rdpack,reprompt)
```

The equivalent line for ‘roxygen2’ is

```
#' @importFrom Rdpack reprompt
```

3. Create file `REFERENCES.bib` in subdirectory `inst/` of your package and put the bibtex references in it.

2. Inserting references in package documentation

Once the steps outlined in the previous section are done, references can be inserted in the documentation as `\insertRef{key}{package}`, where `key` is the bibtex key of the reference and `package` is your package. This works in Rd files and in roxygen documentation chunks.

In fact, argument ‘`package`’ can be any installed R package², not necessarily the current one. This means that you don’t need to copy references from other packages to your “`REFERENCES.bib`” file.

¹Any function for package **Rdpack** will do. This is to avoid getting a warning from ‘R CMD check’.

²There is of course the risk that the referenced entry may be removed from the other package. So this is probably only useful for one’s own packages. Also, the other package would better be one of the packages mentioned in `DESCRIPTION`.}

This works for packages that have "REFERENCES.bib" in their installation directory and for the default packages. See also the help pages `?Rdpack::insertRef` and `?Rdpack::Rdpack-package`. For example, the help page `?Rdpack::insertRef` contains the following lines in section “References” of the Rd file:

```
\insertRef{Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
\insertRef{R}{bibtex}
```

The first line above inserts the reference labeled `Rpack:bibtex` in `Rdpack`’s `REFERENCES.bib`. The second line inserts the reference labeled `R` in file `REFERENCES.bib` in package ‘bibtex’.

A roxygen2 documentation chunk might look like this:

```
#' @references
#' \insertRef{Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
#'
#' \insertRef{R}{bibtex}
```

3. Inserting citations

From version 0.7 of **Rdpack**, additional Rd macros are available for citations³. They can be used in both Rd and roxygen2 documentation. If you are using these, it will be prudent to require at least this version of `Rdpack` in the “Imports:” directive in file `DESCRIPTION: Rdpack (>= 0.7)`.

3.1. Macros for citations

`\insertCite{key}{package}` cites the key and records it for use by `\insertAllCited{}`, see below. The style of the citations is author-year. The “et al” convention is used when there are more than two authors⁴.

`key` can contain more keys separated by commas. Here are some examples (on the left is the code in the documentation chunk, on the right the rendered citation):

Documentation source	rendered
<code>\insertCite{parseRd}{Rdpack}</code>	(Murdoch 2010)
<code>\insertCite{Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}</code>	(Francois 2014)
<code>\insertCite{parseRd,Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}</code>	(Murdoch 2010; Francois 2014)

By default the citations are parenthesised `\insertCite{parseRd}{Rdpack}` produces (Murdoch 2010), as in the examples above. To get textual citations, like Murdoch (2010), put the string `;textual` at the end of the key. Here are the examples from the table above, rendered as textual citations:

Documentation source	
<code>\insertCite{parseRd;textual}{Rdpack}</code>	Murdoch (2010)
<code>\insertCite{Rpack:bibtex;textual}{Rdpack}</code>	Francois (2014)
<code>\insertCite{parseRd,Rpack:bibtex;textual}{Rdpack}</code>	Murdoch (2010); Francois (2014)

The last line in the table demonstrates that this also works with several citations.

The macro `\insertNoCite{key}{package}` records one or more references for `\insertAllCited` but does not cite it. Setting `key` to `*` will record all references from the specified package. For example,

³They were introduced in the development version 0.6-1, but 0.7 is the first version with them released on CRAN.

⁴This feature was introduced in `Rdpack` 0.8-2.

`\insertNoCite{R}{bibtex}` records the reference whose key is R, while `\insertNoCite{*}{utils}` records all references from package “utils” for inclusion by `\insertAllCited`.

To mix the citations with other text, such as “see also” and “chapter 3”, write the list of keys as a free text, starting it with the symbol @ and prefixing each key with it. The @ symbol will not appear in the output. For example, the following code:

```
\insertCite{@see also @parseRd and @Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
\insertCite{@see also @parseRd; @Rpack:bibtex}{Rdpack}
\insertCite{@see also @parseRd and @Rpack:bibtex;textual}{Rdpack}
```

produces:

```
(see also Murdoch 2010 and Francois 2014)
(see also Murdoch 2010; Francois 2014)
see also Murdoch (2010) and Francois (2014)
```

`\insertCiteOnly{key}{package}` is as `\insertCite` but does not record the key for the list of references assembled by `\insertAllCited`.

3.2. Automatically generating lists of references

The macro `\insertAllCited{}` can be used to insert all references cited with `\insertCite` or `\insertNoCite`. A natural place to put this macro is the references section. The Rd section may look something like:

```
\references{
  \insertAllCited{}
}
```

The analogous documentation chunk in roxygen2 might look like this:

```
#' @references
#'   \insertAllCited{}
```

4. Possible issues

4.1. Warning from ‘R CMD build’

If ‘R CMD build’ or `devtools::build()` gives a warning along the lines of:

```
Warning: C:/temp/RtmpqWQqji/.../XXX.Rd:52: unknown macro '\insertRef'
```

then check the syntax in file DESCRIPTION — the most common cause of this is misspelling `RdMacros:.` Make sure in particular that ‘M’ is uppercase.

4.2. Development using ‘devtools’

The described procedure works transparently in ‘roxygen2’ chunks and with Hadley Wickham’s ‘devtools’. Packages are built and installed properly with the ‘devtools’ commands and the references are processed as expected.

Currently (2017-08-04) if you run help commands `?xxx` for functions from the package you are working on and their help pages contain references, you may encounter some puzzling warning messages in ‘developer’ mode, something like:

```
1: In tools::parse_Rd(path) :
  ~/mypackage/man/abcde.Rd: 67: unknown macro '\insertRef'
```

These warnings are again about unknown macros but the reason is completely different: they pop up because “devtools” reroutes the help command to process the developer’s Rd sources (rather than the documentation in the installed directory) but doesn’t tell `parse_Rd` where to look for additional macros⁵.

These warnings are harmless - the help pages are built properly and no warnings appear outside “developer” mode, e.g. in a separate R session. You may also consider using the function `viewRd()`, discussed below, for viewing Rd files.

4.3. Latex markup in BibTeX entries

In principle, BibTeX entries may contain arbitrary Latex markup, while the Rd format supports only a subset. As a consequence, some BibTeX entries may need some editing when included in `REFERENCES.bib`⁶. Only do this for entries that do not render properly or cause errors, since most of the time this should not be necessary.

If mathematics doesn’t render properly replace the Latex dollar syntax with Rd’s `\eqn`, e.g. `x^2` with `\eqn{x^2}`. This should not be needed for versions of `Rdpack` 0.8-4 or later.

Some Latex macros may have to be removed or replaced with suitable Rd markup. Again, do this only if they cause problems, since some are supported, e.g. `\doi`.

See also the overview help page, `help("Rdpack-package")`, of **Rdpack**. Among other things, it contains some dummy references which illustrate the above.

4.4. Encoding of file `REFERENCES.bib`

If a package has a declared encoding (in file `DESCRIPTION`), `REFERENCES.bib` is read-in with that encoding⁷. Otherwise, the encoding of `REFERENCES.bib` is assumed to be UTF-8 (which includes ASCII as a subset).

Note that BibTeX entries downloaded from online databases and similar sources may contain unexpected characters in other encodings, e.g. ‘latin1’. In such cases the check tools in R-devel (since about 2018-10-01) give warnings like:

```
prepare_Rd: input string 1 is invalid in this locale
```

To resolve this, convert the file to the declared encoding or UTF-8. Alternatively, replace the offending symbols with their classic T_EX/L^AT_EX equivalents (which are ASCII).

5. Viewing Rd files

A function, `viewRd`, to view Rd files in the source directory of a package was introduced in version 0.4-23 of **Rdpack**. A typical user call would look something like:

```
Rdpack::viewRd("../man/filename.Rd")
```

By default the requested help page is shown in text format. To open the page in a browser, set argument `type` to `"html"`:

⁵The claims in this sentence can be deduced entirely from the informative message. Indeed, (1)~the error is in processing a source Rd file in the development directory of the package, and (2)~the call to `\parse_Rd` specifies only the file.

⁶Thanks to Michael Dewey for suggesting the discussion of this.

⁷From `Rdpack` (>=0.9-1) The issue of not handling the encoding was raised by Professor Brian Ripley.

```
Rdpack::viewRd("./man/filename.Rd", type = "html")
```

Users of 'devtools' can use `viewRd()` in place of `help()` to view Rd sources⁶.

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