

11 - Telecommunications Sector

Organization Responsible

Level of Responsibility	Name of Ministry/Agency/Institution
Ministry	Ministry of Telecommunication & Digital Infrastructure
Institution	Telecom operator/s
Region	SLT
Province	SLT
District	
Regional Telecom Office Area	SLT

Concepts and Definitions

Telecommunications Sector

The telecommunications sector is composed of the different types businesses engaged in the transmission of information, data, etc. using electronic systems like telephone, internet, television and other facilities. They may be owned by the government or by private individuals or corporations. It should be noted that equipment vendors, internet cafes, businesses in the repair of telecommunication equipment and other related services are not included in this sector. They are covered under the industry, trade and services sector.

Damages

In telecommunications sector, damages are the cost of: a) repair of partially damaged assets and/or b) replacement of totally destroyed assets and infrastructure such as electronic equipment, satellites, structures (buildings, radio stations, etc.), vehicles and transmission system assets like poles, cables, and other stock materials or supplies.

Damages occur at the time of, or shortly after the disaster and are to be measured in physical terms for which monetary replacement values are subsequently estimated.

Losses

Losses are the values of foregone revenues or income due to the change in economic flows (income and expenditures) during the period of recovery and reconstruction following the disaster. They are the current value of goods and services that were not and/or will not be produced over a time span due to the disaster until full recovery is attained. Losses in the sector will include the following:

- Foregone sales due to the shut-down of the telecommunication system while the system is under repair or reconstructed after a disaster. This can include both short-term shut-down for repairs and longer-term shut-down due to reconstruction.
- Lower sales due to the decline in demand from consumers (households or companies) that have been affected by the disaster.
- Higher cost of operation which occurs when damaged systems are substituted by alternative sources have a higher unit cost of production like when electricity has to be generated from expensive generators.
- Additional expenses to clean up the debris.

In conducting a post-disaster damage and loss assessment in the telecommunication sector, the following steps are normally followed for every disaster-affected district.

Steps in Undertaking Post-Disaster Damage and Loss Assessment for Telecommunication Sector

Step 1. Collect and/or validate the baseline data for each of the disaster-affected district

Baseline information must be compiled and validated at the national, provincial or district levels before the field assessment or, if possible, prior to the occurrence of disaster. The table below must be completed to be used for the baseline information in the online system.

Table 1: Baseline information on telecommunication companies

Name of District:										
Areas Covered:	Describe below the areas covered by the assessment (Region/Province/RTOM)									
Name of Firm	Own	Ownership Services provided								
Name of Firm	Owiii	ersnip		Fixed			Mobile			
	Public	Private	Voice TV Data/Internet Voice Data/Inter							
Company 1										
Company 2										
Company N										

Notes in filling out Table 1:

- The names of all the firms operating in the area should all be included.
- If the is a joint venture between the government and a private corporation, it can be considered a public for the purpose of damages and loss assessment.

Step 2. Estimate damages and losses

With the baseline information, field assessment should be undertaken in the affected districts after a disaster. Since there is a possibility that only one firm provides the service to a number of districts and provinces, caution should be exercised to avoid double counting. The following should be noted:

- •—Ideally, the damages should be assessed in the district where such assets are located. However, if the assets of telecommunication firms are located in several districts and it is not possible to assess them district by district, it is recommended that the assessment of damages and losses of the firm should be accounted for in the district where the main office of the firm is located. This will enable the online system generate a report on a district level. A short note can be inserted to explain that the damages of the firms are scattered across several districts.
- On the other hand, if the main office is located outside the disaster area, the assessment team must account for the damages in the districts where the assets are located. The losses of the firm will be the aggregate income losses, higher operating costs and other unexpected expenses.

✓ Step 2.1. Estimate the damages and losses to telecommunications companies

During the field visit, direct interviews with the affected firms should be conducted where repair and replacement costs should be estimated for the affected assets of the firm/s. The officials and experts in the firm/s can estimate their respective damages more accurately. Moreover, considering that some of the damages may cover a wide area that may be inaccessible to the assessment team, the

people in the firm/s can get the data quicker from their colleagues in the field.

Alternatively, the firms affected by the disaster can be given the data entry sheets of the online reporting system to enable them to provide the information required for the assessment. The assessment team will input the information provided by the firms in the data entry sheet of the online system.

The value of damages and losses can be summarized in the following table which will appear in the online reporting system.

Table 2. Damages and losses of telecommunication firms

District						
Name of Firm						
	Fixed	l: Voice, TV, Data/In	TV, Data/Internet Mobile			Voice, Data/Internet
Services provided		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				, ,
Ownership		Public				Private
5		Male				
Number of employees	Number of employees			Female		Total
Number of clients affected						
Transcr of chemis affected	<u>- </u>	Damag	es			
		Replacement Val		Repa	ir Cost for	
Assets		Totally Destroy Assets (LKR)		P	artially ged Assets	Total Damages (LKR)
		ASSEES (ERRY)			(LKR)	
Structures						
Towers						
Outside plant networks						
Submarine cables						
Network Equipment build	dings					
Office buildings & Land p	roperties					
Workshops						
Warehouses						
Others						
Total						
Equipment						
Indoor equipment						
Customer premises						
Operator premises						
Outdoor equipment						
Customer premises						
Operator premises						
Warehouse inventory						
Power Systems						
Office equipment						
Others						
Total						
Machinery						
Workshop machinery and	d Tools					
Heavy machinery						
Others						
Total						
Vehicles						

Others			
TOTAL			
	Losses		
Types of Losses	Year 1	Year 2	Total (LKR)
Foregone income			
Cleaning up of debris			
Higher operating costs			
Other unexpected expenses			
TOTAL			

Notes in filling out table 2:

- The 'Replacement Value of Totally Destroyed Assets' refers to the amount needed to replace totally destroyed assets.
- The 'Cost of Repair for Partially Damaged Assets' refers to the amount needed to repair partially damaged assets.
- The 'Total Damages' will be the sum of the total replacement value and the total cost of repair.
- The 'Reduction in Value in Output (%)' is the estimated percentage reduction of income of the firm due to the disaster within the year the disaster occurred and on the next year.
- The 'Total Losses' will be the sum of the losses for Year 1 and Year 2.
- The information for Table 2 can be derived from interviews of the officials of the firms or they can be given the said Table 2 to enable them to provide the information required for the assessment. The assessment team will input on the online system the information provided by the firms.

✓ Step 2.2. Summarize the damages and losses in the sector in a district

Based on the assessment of the firms or companies, or the reports of the companies, the damages and losses will be summarized online in the following table.

Table 3. Summary of damages and losses in a District

District								
		Year	r 1		Yea	ar 2	Total (LVD)	
Name of Firms	Damag	es (LKR)	Losses	sses (LKR) Losses (LKR)		Total (LKR)		
	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
Firm 1								
Firm N								
TOTAL								

Note in filling out Table 3.

• If Firm 1 is private in ownership, its damages and losses must be under the column of 'Private' otherwise 'Public'.

✓ Step 2.3. Summarize damages and losses of the sector in a province

The total estimated effects of the disaster in the province will be summarized by combining the values of damages and losses in the Districts. The following table is used in the online system.

Table 4. Summary of damages and losses in a province

Province			
District	Year 1	Year 2	Total (LKR)

	Damage	es (LKR)	Losses	(LKR)	Losses	Losses (LKR)		
	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
District 1								
Firm 1								
Firm N								
Total								
District N								
Firm 1								
Firm N								
Total								
GRAND TOTAL								

Note in filling out Table 4.

• It is possible that the damages of a single firm will cut across several districts. If it will be difficult to assess the firm's damages and losses by District, a single assessment can be made with reference or location to a single district. It is recommended, however, that a note should be made to explain that the damages and losses of the firm is the total for several districts.

✓ Step 2.4. Summarize damages and losses in the sector nationwide

A nationwide summary of the assessment will be created enumerating the damages and losses of the sector at each province. The data in the national summary should include all the information gathered by the various teams that assessed the different disaster-affected districts. The following table will be used for the national summary.

Table 5. Summary of damages and losses nationwide

		Year	r 1		Year 2			
Provinces	Damages (LKR)		Losses (LKR)		Losses (LKR)		Total (LKR)	
	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
Province 1								
Firm 1								
Firm N								
Total								
Province N								
Firm 1								
Firm N								
Total								
GRAND TOTAL								