windows下 vs code 本地解释器调用远程服务器

(1) 检查win下是否有 ssh

```
| Windows PowerShell
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| MiXPMF和 (C) Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。
| PS C:\Users\LGL\ ssh
| usage: ssh | -46AscY6gKMMnqsTtVvXxYy| [-b bind_address] [-c cipher_spec]
| E-D bind_address:]port| | E-I log_file| [-e scape_char]
| F-F contigite| [-I pices] [-i lidentity file]
| E-J [user@]host!:port] [-d address] [-l login_name] [-m mac_spec]
| E-O ctl_cnd| [-o ption] [-q query_option] [-R address]
| E-S ctl_path] [-W host:port] [-w local_tun[:remote_tun]]
| User@]hostname [command]
| PS C:\Users\LGL\)
```

(2) vs终端下连接远程服务器



指令为:

```
ssh -R 52698:127.0.0.1:52698 usrname@ip -p port
```

(3) 远程文件本地显示用于编辑、运行

```
rmate -p port filename_in_your_linux
```

- (4) Remote development + openssh
 - 1. 制作密钥对

首先在服务器上制作密钥对。首先用密码登录到你打算使用密钥登录的账户,然后执行以下命令:

```
[root@host ~]$ ssh-keygen <== 建立密钥对
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id_rsa): <== 按 Enter
Created directory '/root/.ssh'.
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase): <== 输入密钥锁码, 或直接按 Enter 留空
Enter same passphrase again: <== 再输入一遍密钥锁码
Your identification has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa. <== 私钥 (要放到win下指定目录供配对)
Your public key has been saved in /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub. <== 公钥
The key fingerprint is:
0f:d3:e7:1a:1c:bd:5c:03:f1:19:f1:22:df:9b:cc:08 root@host
```

密钥锁码在使用私钥时必须输入,这样就可以保护私钥不被盗用。当然,也可以留空,实现无密码登录。

现在,在 root 用户的家目录中生成了一个 .ssh 的隐藏目录,内含两个密钥文件。id_rsa 为私钥,id_rsa.pub 为公钥。

2. 在服务器上安装公钥

键入以下命令,在服务器上安装公钥:

```
[root@host ~]$ cd .ssh
[root@host .ssh]$ cat id_rsa.pub >> authorized_keys
```

3. 设置 SSH, 打开密钥登录功能 编辑 /etc/ssh/sshd_config 文件, 进行如下设置

vim /etc/ssh/sshd_config

下面三行取消注释 RSAAuthentication yes PubkeyAuthentication yes AuthorizedKeysFile .ssh/authorized_keys

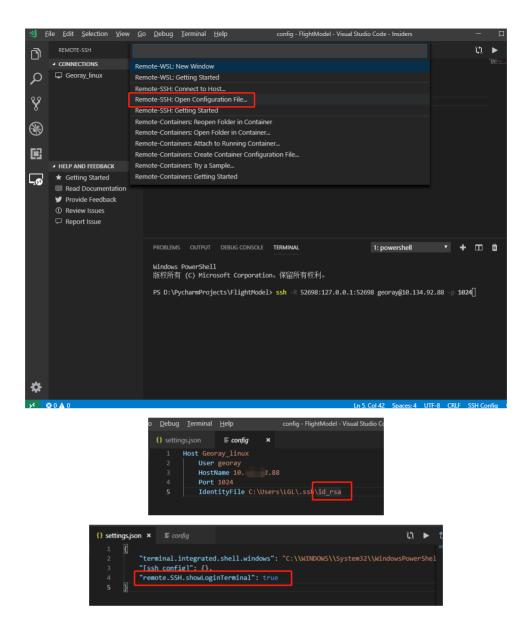
4.需要修改以下.ssh文件夹以及authorized_key文件的权限,否则是无法实现免密码登录的

chmod 700 .ssh

cd .ssh/
chmod 600 authorized_keys

5.install Remote Development插件

6.配置ssh config文件



7.完成界面

